

General-Purpose AC Servo MELSEVO-J3 Series SSCNET II interface MODEL MR-J3-DB SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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Safety Instructions

(Always read these instructions before using the equipment.)

Do not attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and servo motor until you have read through this Instruction Manual, Installation guide, Servo motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2) and appended documents carefully and can use the equipment correctly. Do not use the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and servo motor until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions.

In this Instruction Manual, the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury to personnel or may cause physical damage.

Note that the CAUTION level may lead to a serious consequence according to conditions. Please follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personnel safety.

What must not be done and what must be done are indicated by the following diagrammatic symbols.

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電話: 037-466333

): Indicates what must not be done. For example, "No Fire" is indicated by 🕟 .

): Indicates what must be done. For example, grounding is indicated by 🛄 .

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In this Instruction Manual, instructions at a lower level than the above, instructions for other functions, and so on are classified into "POINT".

After reading this installation guide, always keep it accessible to the operator.

1. To prevent electric shock, note the following

\land WARNING				
 Before wiring or inspection, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or for drive unit 30kW or more) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P(+) and N(-) (L+ and L- for drive unit 30kW or more) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier (converter unit), whether the charge lamp is off or not. 				
 Connect the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and servo motor to ground. Any person who is involved in wiring and inspection should be fully competent to do the work. Do not attempt to wire the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and servo motor until they have been installed. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock. Operate the switches with dry hand to prevent an electric shock. 				
 The cables should not be damaged, stressed loaded, or pinched. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock. 				
 During power-on or operation, do not open the front cover. You may get an electric shock. 				
 Do not operate the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) with the front cover removed. High-voltage terminals and charging area are exposed and you may get an electric shock. Except for wiring or periodic inspection, do not remove the front cover even if the power is off. The servo 				
amplifier (drive unit) is charged and you may get an electric shock.				

2. To prevent fire, note the following 、維修 此手冊零組件



- Install the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), servo motor and regenerative resistor on incombustible material. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to a fire.
- Always connect a magnetic contactor (MC) between the main circuit power supply and L1, L2, and L3 of the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), and configure the wiring to be able to shut down the power supply on the side of the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) power supply. If a magnetic contactor (MC) is not connected, continuous flow of a large current may cause a fire when the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) malfunctions.
- When a regenerative resistor is used, use an alarm signal to switch main power off. Otherwise, a regenerative transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing a fire.

3. To prevent injury, note the follow

- Only the voltage specified in the instruction manual should be applied to each terminal, Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- · Connect the terminals correctly to prevent a burst, damage, etc.
- Ensure that polarity (+,-) is correct. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Take safety measures, e.g. provide covers, to prevent accidental contact of hands and parts (cables, etc.) with the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) heat sink, regenerative resistor, servo motor, etc. since they may be hot while power is on or for some time after power-off. Their temperatures may be high and you may get burnt or a parts may damaged.
- During operation, never touch the rotating parts of the servo motor. Doing so can cause injury.

4. Additional instructions

The following instructions should also be fully noted. Incorrect handling may cause a fault, injury, electric shock, etc.

(1) Transportation and installation

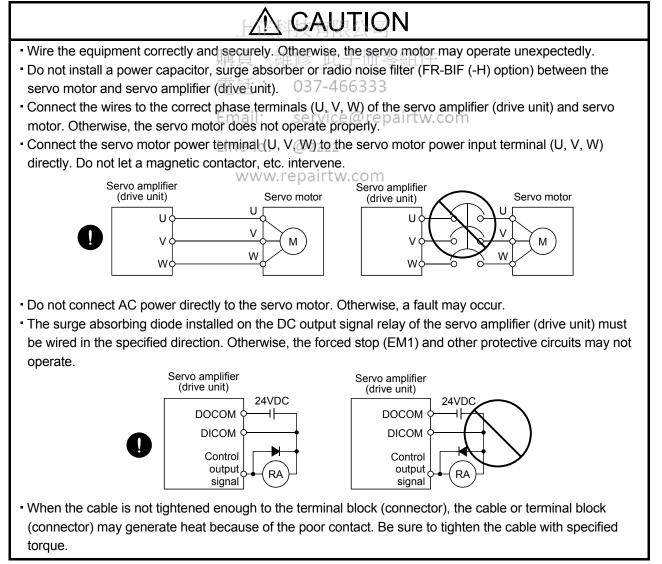
			\bigwedge	CAUTION		
 Transport the products correctly according to their weights. Stacking in excess of the specified number of products is not allowed. Do not carry the servo motor by the cables, shaft or encoder. Do not hold the front cover to transport the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit). The converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) may drop. Install the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) in a load-bearing place in accordance with the Instruction Manual. Do not climb or stand on servo equipment. Do not put heavy objects on equipment. The converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), and servo motor must be installed in the specified direction. Leave specified clearances between the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), and control enclosure walls or other equipment. Do not install or operate the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), and servo motor which has been damaged or has any parts missing. 						
		-7 1-	電話・	owing environmental		
Env	vironment		Converter unit • se	ervo amplifier (drive unit)	S	Servo motor
	In	[°C]	0 to +55 (non-freezing)	service@repair	0 to +40 (non-freezir	ng)
Ambient	operation	[°F]	32 to 131 (non-freezing)	07777	32 to 104 (non-freez	ing)
temperature	In storage	[°C]	-20 to +65 (non-freezi	ing)	-15 to +70 (non-fre	ezing)
	In storage	[°F]	-4 to 149 (non-freezing	apairtw.com	5 to 158 (non-freezin	ng)
Ambient	In operation		90%RH or less (non-co	ndensing)	80%RH or less (non	-condensing)
humidity	In storage		90%RH or less (non-co	ndensing)		
Ambience Indoors (no direct sunlight) Free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt						
Altitude Max. 1000m (3280 ft) above sea level						
				HF-MP series HF	-KP series	X, Y: 49 m/s ²

Environment		Converter unit <pre>servo amplifier (drive unit)</pre>		Servo motor		
	In	[°C]	0 to +55 (non-freezing	g)	0 to +40 (non-freezin	g)
Ambient operation temperature		[°F]	32 to 131 (non-freezing) a 7777		32 to 104 (non-freezing)	
		[°C]	-20 to +65 (non-freezing)		-15 to +70 (non-freezing)	
. In stora	in storage	[°F]	-4 to 149 (non-freezing) pairtw.com		5 to 158 (non-freezing)	
Ambient	In operation		90%RH or less (non-	condensing)	80%RH or less (non-	condensing)
humidity	In storage		90%RH or less (non-condensing)			
Ambience			Indoors (no direct sur	rs (no direct sunlight) Free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and di		
Altitude			Max. 1000m (3280 ft)	above sea level		
				HF-MP series HF-	KP series	X, Y: 49 m/s ²
(Note)				HF-SP51 81 HF-S HF-SP524 to 1524 H HC-UP72 1	C-RP Series	X, Y: 24.5 m/s ²
				HF-SP121 201 HF- HF-SP2024 3524 HC		X: 24.5 m/s ² Y: 49 m/s ²
	[m/s²]		5.9 or less	HF-SP301 421 HF- HF-SP5024 7		X: 24.5 m/s ² Y: 29.4 m/s ²
Vibration				HC-LP52 to 1	52	X: 9.8 m/s ² Y: 24.5 m/s ²
				HC-LP202 to	302	X: 19.6 m/s ² Y: 49 m/s ²
			HA-LP601 to 12K1 HA-LF HA-LP502 to 22K2 HA-L HA-LP701M4 • 15K1M4 HA-	_P6014 • 12K14	X: 11.7 m/s ² Y: 29.4 m/s ²	
				HA-LP15K1 to 37K1 HA-LF HA-LP30K2 • 37K2 HA-LF HA-LP22K1M4 to 50K1M4 HA	P15K14 to 37K14	X, Y: 9.8 m/s ²

Note. Except the servo motor with reduction gear.

- Provide adequate protection to prevent screws and other conductive matter, oil and other combustible matter from entering the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), and servo motor.
- Do not drop or strike converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit), or servo motor. Isolate from all impact loads.
- Securely attach the servo motor to the machine. If attach insecurely, the servo motor may come off during operation.
- The servo motor with reduction gear must be installed in the specified direction to prevent oil leakage.
- Take safety measures, e.g. provide covers, to prevent accidental access to the rotating parts of the servo motor during operation.
- Never hit the servo motor or shaft, especially when coupling the servo motor to the machine. The encoder may become faulty.
- Do not subject the servo motor shaft to more than the permissible load. Otherwise, the shaft may break.
- When the equipment has been stored for an extended period of time, consult Mitsubishi.

(2) Wiring



(3) Test run adjustment

▲ CAUTION

- Before operation, check the parameter settings. Improper settings may cause some machines to perform unexpected operation.
- The parameter settings must not be changed excessively. Operation will be insatiable.

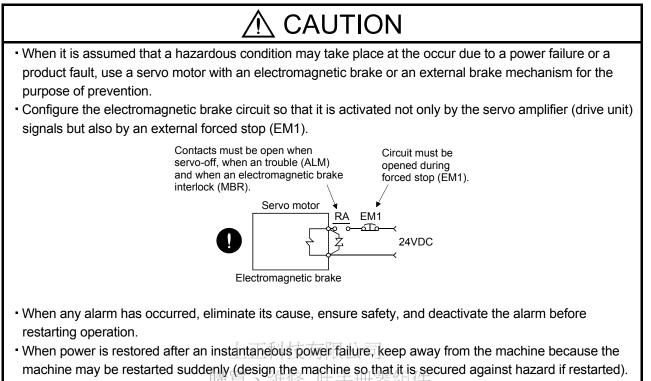
(4) Usage

▲ CAUTION
 Provide an external emergency stop circuit to ensure that operation can be stopped and power switched off immediately.
 Any person who is involved in disassembly and repair should be fully competent to do the work.
 Before resetting an alarm, make sure that the run signal of the servo amplifier (drive unit) is off to prevent an accident. A sudden restart is made if an alarm is reset with the run signal on.
Do not modify the equipment.
 Use a noise filter, etc. to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interference, which may be caused by electronic equipment used near the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit).
 Burning or breaking a converter unit and serve amplifier (drive unit) may cause a toxic gas. Do not burn or break a converter unit and serve amplifier (drive unit).
• Use the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) with the specified servo motor.
 The electromagnetic brake on the serve motor is designed to hold the motor shaft and should not be used for ordinary braking.
· For such reasons as service life and mechanical structure (e.g. where a ball screw and the servo motor
are coupled via a timing belt), the electromagnetic brake may not hold the motor shaft. To ensure safety,

install a stopper on the machine side.

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(5) Corrective actions



(6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement66333

With age, the electrolytic capacitor of the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) will deteriorate. To prevent a secondary accident due to a fault, it is recommended to replace the electrolytic capacitor every 10 years when used in general environment.
Please consult our sales representative.

(7) General instruction

 To illustrate details, the equipment in the diagrams of this Specifications and Instruction Manual may have been drawn without covers and safety guards. When the equipment is operated, the covers and safety guards must be installed as specified. Operation must be performed in accordance with this Specifications and Instruction Manual.

About processing of waste

When you discard converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit), a battery (primary battery), and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

riangle for maximum safety

- These products have been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and have not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
- Before using the products for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power, aerospace, medicine, passenger movement vehicles or under water relays, contact Mitsubishi.
- These products have been manufactured under strict quality control. However, when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate backup or failsafe functions in the system.

\land EEP-ROM life

The number of write times to the EEP-ROM, which stores parameter settings, etc., is limited to 100,000. If the total number of the following operations exceeds 100,000, the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and/or converter unit may fail when the EEP-ROM reaches the end of its useful life.

- Write to the EEP-ROM due to parameter setting changes
- Write to the EEP-ROM due to device changes037-466333

Precautions for Choosing the Products Precautions for Choosing the Products

Mitsubishi will not be held liable for damage caused by factors found not to be the cause of Mitsubishi; machine damage or lost profits caused by faults in the Mitsubishi products; damage, secondary damage, accident compensation caused by special factors unpredictable by Mitsubishi; damages to products other than Mitsubishi products; and to other duties.

COMPLIANCE WITH EC DIRECTIVES

1. WHAT ARE EC DIRECTIVES?

The EC directives were issued to standardize the regulations of the EU countries and ensure smooth distribution of safety-guaranteed products. In the EU countries, the machinery directive (effective in January, 1995), EMC directive (effective in January, 1996) and low voltage directive (effective in January, 1997) of the EC directives require that products to be sold should meet their fundamental safety requirements and carry the CE marks (CE marking). CE marking applies to machines and equipment into which servo have been installed.

(1) EMC directive

The EMC directive applies not to the servo units alone but to servo-incorporated machines and equipment. This requires the EMC filters to be used with the servo-incorporated machines and equipment to comply with the EMC directive. For specific EMC directive conforming methods, refer to the EMC Installation Guidelines (IB(NA)67310).

(2) Low voltage directive

The low voltage directive applies also to servo units alone. Hence, they are designed to comply with the low voltage directive.

This servo is certified by TUV, third-party assessment organization, to comply with the low voltage directive.

(3) Machine directive

Not being machines, the converter unit, serve amplifiers (drive unit) need not comply with this directive.

2. PRECAUTIONS FOR COMPLIANCE 、維修 此手冊零組件

(1) Converter unit, servo amplifiers (drive unit), and servo motors used Use the converter unit, servo amplifiers (drive unit), and servo motors which comply with the standard model. Email: service@repairtw.com

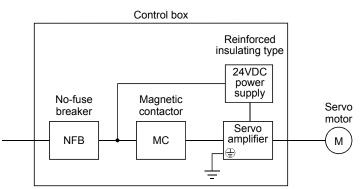
Converter unit series	:MR-J3-CR55K) ZZZZ MR-J3-CR55K4
Servo amplifier (drive unit) series	:MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-22KB MR-J3-10B1 to MR-J3-40B1 MR-J3-60B4 to MR-J3-22KB4 MR-J3-DU30KB to MR-J3-DU37KB MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4
Servo motor series	MR-J3-D030KB4 to MR-J3-D055KB4 :HF-MP□ HF-KP□ HF-SP□(Note) HF-SP□4(Note) HC-UP□ HC-LP□ HA-LP□(Note) HA-LP□4 (Note)

Note. For the latest information of compliance, contact Mitsubishi.

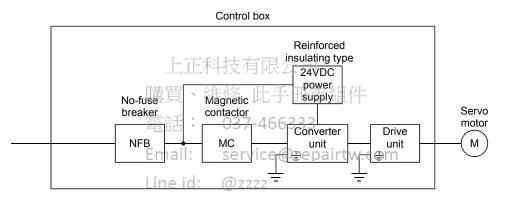
(2) Configuration

The control circuit provide safe separation to the main circuit in the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit).

(a) MR-J3-22KB(4) or less



(b) MR-J3-DU30KB(4) or more



(3) Environment

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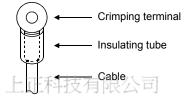
Operate the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) at or above the contamination level 2 set forth in IEC60664-1. For this purpose, install the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) in a control box which is protected against water, oil, carbon, dust, dirt, etc. (IP54).

- (4) Power supply
 - (a) This converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) can be supplied from star-connected supply with earthed neutral point of overvoltage category III set forth in IEC60664-1. However, when using the neutral point of 400V class for single-phase supply, a reinforced insulating transformer is required in the power input section.
 - (b) When supplying interface power from external, use a 24VDC power supply which has been insulationreinforced in I/O.
- (5) Grounding
 - (a) To prevent an electric shock, always connect the protective earth (PE) terminals (marked ⊕) of the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) to the protective earth (PE) of the control box.

(b) Do not connect two ground cables to the same protective earth (PE) terminal. Always connect the cables to the terminals one-to-one.



- (c) If a leakage current breaker is used to prevent an electric shock, the protective earth (PE) terminals of the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) must be connected to the corresponding earth terminals.
- (6) Wiring
 - (a) The cables to be connected to the terminal block of the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) must have crimping terminals provided with insulating tubes to prevent contact with adjacent terminals.



- (b) Use the servo motor side power connector which complies with the EN Standard. The EN Standard compliant power connector sets are available from us as options. (Refer to section 11.1)
- (7) Auxiliary equipment and options Email: service@repairtw.com
 - (a) The no-fuse breaker and magnetic contactor used should be the EN or IEC standard-compliant products of the models described in section 11.12 (Section 13.9.5 for 30kW or more).

Use a type B (Note) breaker. When it is not used, provide insulation between the converter unit, servo amplifier (drive unit) and other device by double insulation or reinforced insulation, or install a transformer between the main power supply, converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit).

Note. Type A: AC and pulse detectable

Type B: Both AC and DC detectable

- (b) The sizes of the cables described in section 11.8 meet the following requirements. To meet the other requirements, follow Table 5 and Appendix C in EN60204-1.
 - Ambient temperature: 40 (104) [°C (°F)]
 - Sheath: PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
 - Installed on wall surface or open table tray
- (c) Use the EMC filter for noise reduction.
- (8) Performing EMC tests

When EMC tests are run on a machine/device into which the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit) has been installed, it must conform to the electromagnetic compatibility (immunity/emission) standards after it has satisfied the operating environment/electrical equipment specifications.

For the other EMC directive guidelines on the converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the EMC Installation Guidelines(IB(NA)67310).

CONFORMANCE WITH UL/C-UL STANDARD

(1) Converter unit, servo amplifiers (drive unit) and servo motors used

Use the converter unit, servo amplifiers (drive unit) and servo motors which comply with the standard model.

Converter unit series	:MR-J3-CR55K
	MR-J3-CR55K4
Servo amplifier (drive unit) series	:MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-22KB
	MR-J3-10B1 to MR-J3-40B1
	MR-J3-60B4 to MR-J3-22KB4
	MR-J3-DU30KB to MR-J3-DU37KB
	MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4
Servo motor series	:HF-MP 🗆
	HF-KP 🗆
	HF-SP 🗆 (Note)
	HF-SP 🗆 4 (Note)
	HC-RP
	HC-UP 🗆
	HC-LP 🗆
	HA-LP 🗆 (Note)
	HA-LP口4(Note)有限公司

Note. For the latest information of compliance, contact Mitsubishi. 此手冊零組件

- (2) Installation
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Install a fan of 100CFM (2.8m³/min) air flow 4[in] (10.16[cm]) above the serve amplifier (drive unit) or provide cooling of at least equivalent capability to ensure that the ambient temperature conforms to the environment conditions (55°C or less).

(3) Short circuit rating: SCCR (Short Circuit Current Rating)

This servo amplifier (drive unit) conforms to the circuit whose peak current is limited to 100kA or less, 500Volts Maximum. Having been subjected to the short-circuit tests of the UL in the alternating-current circuit, the servo amplifier (drive unit) conforms to the above circuit.

(4) Capacitor discharge time

The capacitor discharge time is as listed below. To ensure safety, do not touch the charging section for 15 minutes (more than 20 minutes in case drive unit is 30kW or more) after power-off.

Servo amplifier	Discharge time [min]
MR-J3-10B • 20B	1
MR-J3-40B • 60B(4) • 10B1 • 20B1	2
MR-J3-70B	3
MR-J3-40B1	4
MR-J3-100B(4)	5
MR-J3-200B(4) • 350B	9
MR-J3-350B4 • 500B(4) • 700B(4)	10
MR-J3-11KB(4)	4
MR-J3-15KB(4)	6
MR-J3-22KB(4)	8

Converter unit	Drive unit	Discharge time [min]
	MR-J3-DU30KB	
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	FIL++
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	科技有限的公司
	MR-J3-DU45KB4	維修 此手冊零組件
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	
	电口口 *	057-400555

(5) Options and auxiliary equipment Email: service@repairtw.com Use UL/C-UL standard-compliant products. Line id: @zzzz

(6) Attachment of a servo motor

For the flange size of the machine side where the servo motor is installed, refer to "CONFORMANCE WITH UL/C-UL STANDARD" in the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2).

(7) About wiring protection

For installation in United States, branch circuit protection must be provided, in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable local codes.

For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided, in accordance with the Canada Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes.

<<About the manuals>>

This Instruction Manual and the MELSERVO Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2) are required if you use the General-Purpose AC servo MR-J3-B for the first time. Always purchase them and use the MR-J3-B safely.

Relevant manuals

Manual name	Manual No.	
MELSERVO-J3 Series Instructions and Cautions for Safe Use of AC Servos	ID(NA)0200077	
(Enclosed in converter unit and servo amplifier (drive unit).)	IB(NA)0300077	
MELSERVO Servo Motor Instruction Manual Vol.2	SH(NA)030041	
EMC Installation Guidelines	IB(NA)67310	

Details of MR-J3-CR55K(4) and MR-J3-DU30KB(4) to MR-J3-DU55KB4 are described in chapter 13 of this INSTRUCTION MANUAL.

For the products of 30kW or more, refer to chapter 13.

<<About the wires used for wiring>>

Wiring wires mentioned in this instruction manual are selected based on the ambient temperature of 40°C (104°F).

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MEMO

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1. FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATION

1.1 Introduction

The Mitsubishi MELSERVO-J3 series general-purpose AC servo has further higher performance and higher functions compared to the current MELSERVO-J2-Super series.

The MR-J3-B servo amplifier connects to servo system controller and others via high speed synchronous network and operates by directly reading position data. The rotation speed/direction control of servo motor and the high accuracy positioning are executed with the data from command module. SSCNETIII equipped by the MR-J3-B servo amplifier greatly improved its communication speed and noise tolerance by adopting optical communication system compared to the current SSCNET. For wiring distance, 50m of the maximum distance between electrodes is also offered.

The torque limit with clamping circuit is put on the servo amplifier in order to protect the power transistor of main circuit from the overcurrent caused by rapid acceleration/deceleration or overload. In addition, torque limit value can be changed to desired value in the controller.

As this new series has the USB communication function, a MR Configurator-installed personal computer or the like can be used to perform parameter setting, test operation, status display monitoring, gain adjustment, etc.

With real-time auto tuning, you can automatically adjust the servo gains according to the machine.

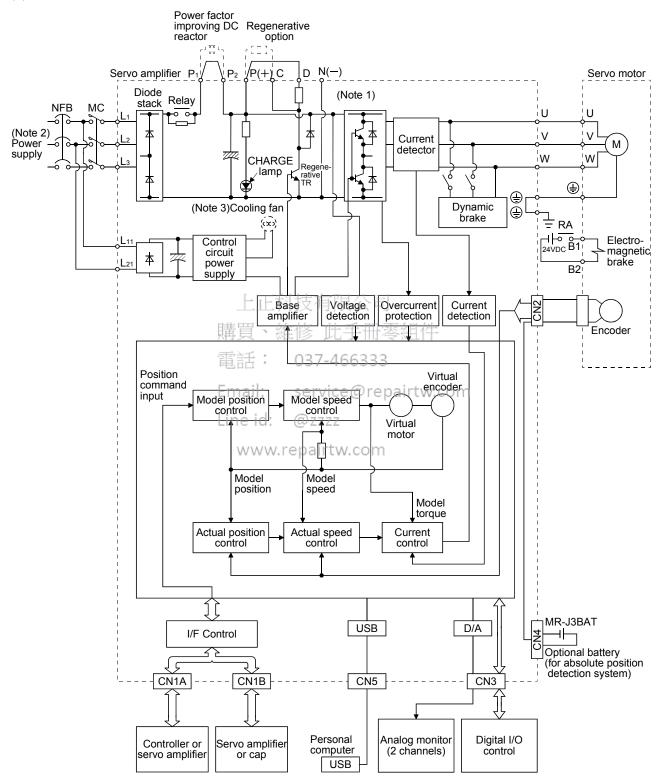
The MELSERVO-J3 series servo motor is with an absolute position encoder which has the resolution of 262144 pulses/rev to ensure more accurate control as compared to the MELSERVO-J2-Super series. Simply adding a battery to the servo amplifier makes up an absolute position detection system. This makes home position return unnecessary at power-on or alarm occurrence by setting a home position once.

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1.2 Function block diagram

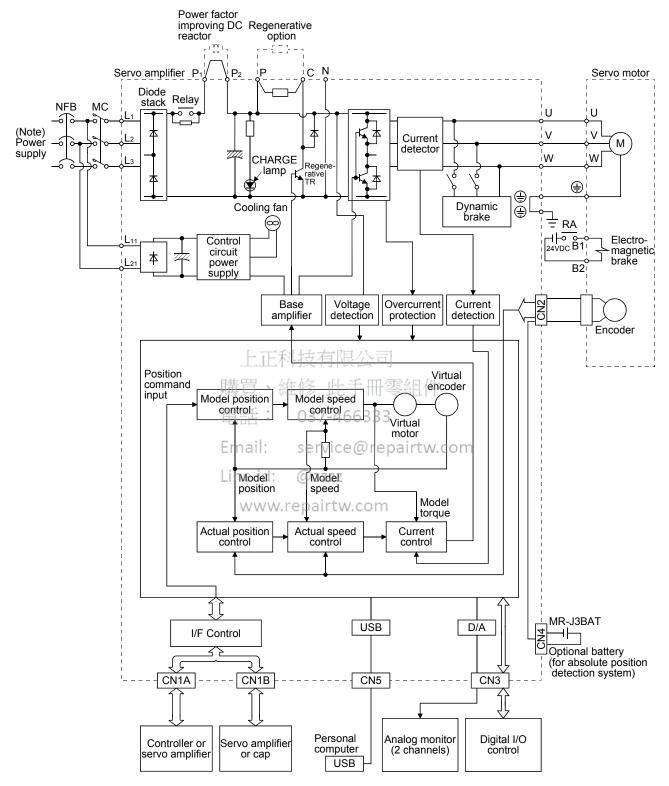
The function block diagram of this servo is shown below.

(1) MR-J3-350B or less • MR-J3-200B4 or less



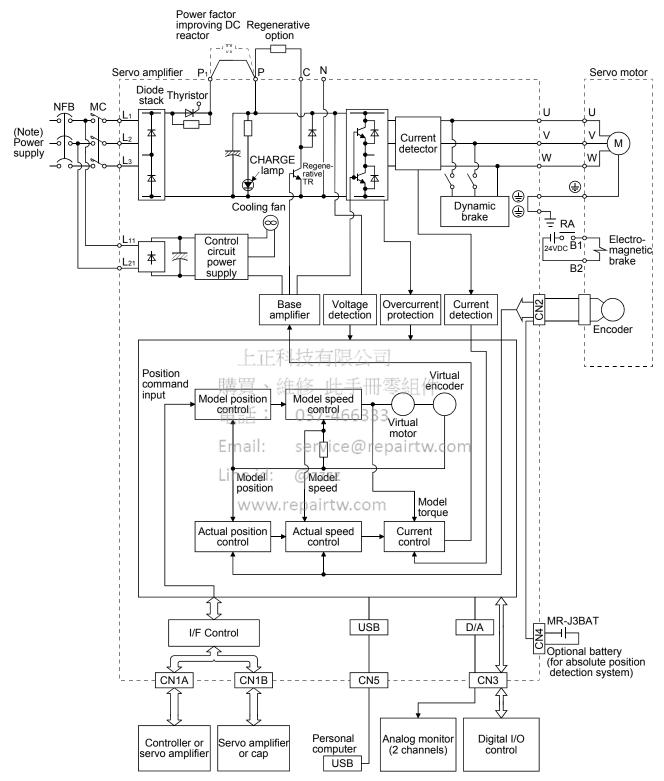
- Note 1. The built-in regenerative resistor is not provided for the MR-J3-10B (1).
 - 2. For 1-phase 200 to 230VAC, connect the power supply to L_1 , L_2 and leave L_3 open.
 - There is no L₃ for 1-phase 100 to 120VAC power supply. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.
 - 3. Servo amplifiers MR-J3-70B or greater have a cooling fan.

(2) MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4) • MR-J3-700B(4)



Note. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

(3) MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4)



Note. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

1.3 Servo amplifier standard specifications

(1) 200V class, 100V class

		Servo an	nplifier																
		MR	-J3-🗆	10B	20B	40B	60B	70B	100B	200B	350B	500B	700B	11KB	15KB	22KB	10B1	20B1	40B1
Ite	em																		
	Voltage/freque	ency		3-phase or 1-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz						3-pl	hase 2	00 to 2	30VA0	C, 50/6	0Hz		1-phase 100V to 120VAC, 50/60Hz		
supply				3-pł	phase or 1-phase 200									1 r	haco 8	5 to			
er sup	Permissible vo	oltage fluctua	tion	to	to 230VAC: 170 to 3-phase 170 to 253VAC 253VAC							1-phase 85 to 132VAC							
Power :	Permissible fr	equency fluct	tuation		Within ±5%														
	Power supply	capacity			Refer to section 10.2														
	Inrush current										Refer	to sec	tion 10	.5					
		Voltage,							•		00) (4 0	5 - 5 - 6					1-р	nase 10	10 to
		frequency						1-pr	hase 2	00 to 2	30VAC	, 50/60	JHZ				120V	AC, 50/	/60Hz
		Permissible															1 5	hoop 0	E to
		voltage							1-pha	ise 170) to 253	3VAC						hase 8 132VAC	
Сс	ontrol circuit	fluctuation																IJZVAC	,
ро	wer supply	Permissible																	
		frequency									V	Vithin ±	:5%						
		fluctuation																	
		Input			上正和wb有限公司 45W								30W						
		Inrush curre	nt		Refer to section 10.5														
Inf	terface power	Voltage		購頁、維修此手冊 24VDC ET0%															
	pply	Power supp capacity	ly	電話: 037-466 Note 1) 150mA or more															
Сс	ontrol System				Sine-wave PWM control, current control system														
Dy	/namic brake				Built-in External option Built-in														
			Overcurrent shut-off, regenerative overvoltage shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal relay),																
D -	ata ati ya ƙwa ati a			servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, regenerative error protection,															
Pr	otective function	ons		undervoltage, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, excessive error															
				prote	ection														
St	ructure	ucture Self-cooled, open (IP00) Force-cooling, open (IP00) Self-cooled, op (IP00)							open										
		In	[°C]		``	,				(Note	e 2) 0 t	0 +55	(non-fr	eezing)			. ,	
	Ambient	operation	[°F]							3	, 2 to +1	31 (no	n-freez	zing)	,				
	temperature		[°C]							_	20 to -	+65 (nc	on-free	zing)					
nt		In storage	[°F]									149 (no		•					
Jme	Ambient	In operation																	
Environme	humidity	In storage								90%F	RH or le	ess (no	n-cono	densing	g)				
Ē	Ambient						_					no dire		U ,			1		
	Altitude						F	ree ff			0 /		0	,	ist, aus	st and c	ui t		
	Altitude									IVIA		$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$							
	Vibration	<u> </u>	[]	0.0	0.0	10	10	4.4	1 4	24		[m/s ²]			10	10	0.0	0.0	10
Ma	ass		[kg]	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	2.1	2.3	4.6	6.2	18	18	19	0.8	0.8	1.0
		1	[lb]	1./6	1./6	Z.21	Z.Z 1	3.09	3.09	4.63	5.07	10.1	13.7	39.7	39.7	41.9	1.76	1.76	2.21

Note 1. 150mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.

2. When closely mounting the servo amplifier of 3.5kW or less, operate them at the ambient temperatures of 0 to 45°C or at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.

1. FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATION

(2) 400V class

(-)						•									
/		Servo am	plifier												
		MR-	J3-□	60B4	100B4	200B4	350B4	500B4	700B4	11KB4	15KB4	22KB4			
Ite	m														
	Voltage/frequency 3-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz														
ply	Permissible ve	oltage fluctuat	3-phase 323 to 528VAC												
supply	Permissible fr	equency													
	fluctuation			Within ±5%											
Ро	Power supply capacity Refer to section 10.2														
	Inrush current				Refer to section 10.5										
		Voltage,					1 mb and 20	0 to 400) (A							
		frequency					1-phase 38	U to 480VA	C, 50/60HZ						
		Permissible													
		voltage					1-phas	se 323 to 52	28VAC						
Сс	ntrol circuit	fluctuation													
ро	wer supply	Permissible													
		frequency						Within ±5%							
		fluctuation													
		Input			30W				45	SW					
		Inrush curre	nt		Refer to section 10.5										
المعا		Voltage		24VDC ±10%											
	erface power	Power suppl	ly	上正利坊右限八言(Note) 150mA											
Su	pply	capacity		上正科技有限公司(Note) 150mA											
Сс	ntrol System		目書 晋 、 公主 (Sine-wave PWM control, current control system												
Dy	namic brake			Built-in External option											
	Overcurrent shut-off, regenerative overvoltage shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal relay),									al relay),					
Pr	otective functio	ons		per la constante de			encoder en								
• •					-	aneous pow	er failure pr	otection, ov	erspeed pr	otection, ex	cessive erro	or			
				protection.		@zzzz									
St	ucture				ed, open)		Force-c	ooling, ope	n (IP00)					
				(IP	00) WWW. F	epairty				()					
		In	[°C]			I		55 (non-free							
	Ambient	operation	[°F]					131 (non-fre							
	temperature	In storage	[°C]					+65 (non-fr	0,						
onment			[°F]				-4 to -	-149 (non-fr	eezing)						
nuc	Ambient	In operation					90%RH or	less (non-c	ondensina)						
Enviro	humidity	In storage		90%RH or less (non-condensing)											
ш	Ambient			Indoors (no direct sunlight)											
					Fr	ee from cor	rosive gas,			t, dust and o	dirt				
	Altitude							00m above							
	Vibration					i	5.9) [m/s ²] or le		i	i				
M	ISS		[kg]	1.7	1.7	2.1	4.6	4.6	6.2	18	18	19			
IVIC	100		[lb]	3.75	3.75	4.63	10.14	10.14	13.67	39.68	39.68	41.88			

Note. 150mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.

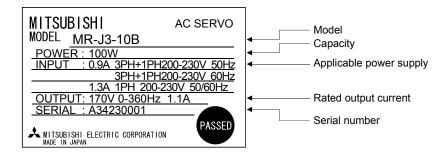
1.4 Function list

The following table lists the functions of this servo. For details of the functions, refer to the reference field.

Function	Description	Reference
High-resolution encoder	High-resolution encoder of 262144 pulses/rev is used as a servo motor encoder.	
Absolute position detection system	Merely setting a home position once makes home position return unnecessary at every power-on.	Chapter 12
Gain changing function	You can switch between gains during rotation and gains during stop or use an input device to change gains during operation.	Section 7.6
Advanced vibration suppression control	This function suppresses vibration at the arm end or residual vibration.	Section 7.4
Adaptive filter I	Servo amplifier detects mechanical resonance and sets filter characteristics automatically to suppress mechanical vibration.	Section 7.2
Low-pass filter	Suppresses high-frequency resonance which occurs as servo system response is increased.	Section 7.5
Machine analyzer function	Analyzes the frequency characteristic of the mechanical system by simply connecting a MR Configurator installed personal computer and servo amplifier. MR Configurator is necessary for this function.	
Machine simulation	Can simulate machine motions on a personal computer screen on the basis of the machine analyzer results. MR Configurator is necessary for this function.	
Gain search function	Personal computer changes gains automatically and searches for overshoot- free gains in a short time. MR Configurator is necessary for this function.	
Slight vibration suppression control	Suppresses vibration of ± 1 pulse produced at a servo motor stop.	Parameters No.PB24
Auto tuning	Automatically adjusts the gain to optimum value if load applied to the servo motor shaft varies. Higher in performance than MR-J2-Super series servo amplifier.	Chapter 6
Brake unit	Used when the regenerative option cannot provide enough regenerative power. Can be used the 5kW or more servo amplifier.	Section 11.3
Return converter	Used when the regenerative option cannot provide enough regenerative power. Can be used the 5kW or more servo amplifier.	Section 11.4
Regenerative option	Used when the built-in regenerative resistor of the servo amplifier does not have sufficient regenerative capability for the regenerative power generated.	Section 11.2
Alarm history clear	Alarm history is cleared.	Parameter No.PC21
Output signal (DO) forced output	Output signal can be forced on/off independently of the servo status. Use this function for output signal wiring check, etc.	Section 4.5.1 (1) (d)
Test operation mode	JOG operation • positioning operation • DO forced output. However, MR Configurator is necessary for positioning operation.	Section 4.5
Analog monitor output	Servo status is output in terms of voltage in real time.	Parameter No.PC09
MR Configurator	Using a personal computer, parameter setting, test operation, status display, etc. can be performed.	Section 11.8

1.5 Model code definition

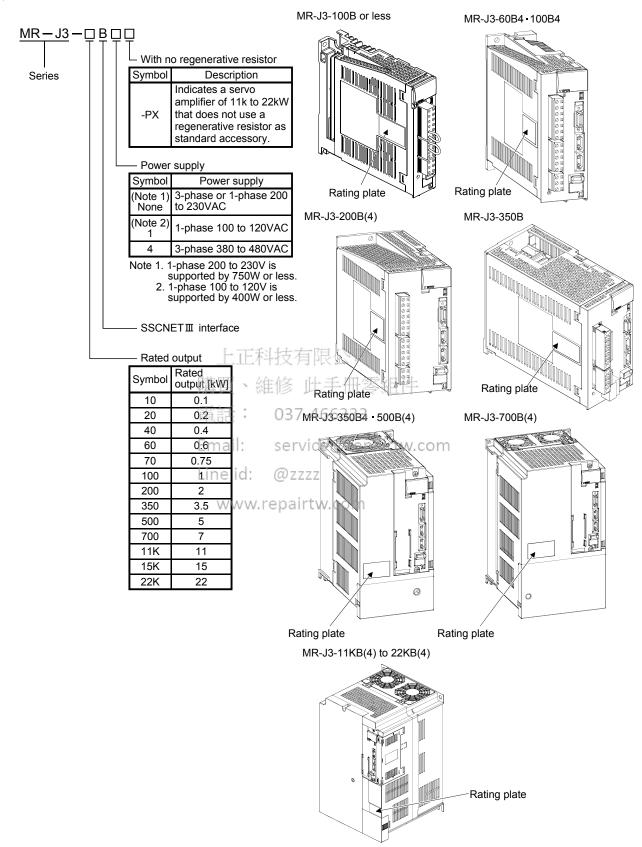
(1) Rating plate



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1. FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATION

(2) Model



1.6 Combination with servo motor

The following table lists combinations of servo amplifiers and servo motors. The same combinations apply to the models with an electromagnetic brake and the models with a reduction gear.

	Servo motors						
Servo amplifier	HF-MP□	HF-KP□	HF-SP□				
			1000r/min	2000r/min	HC-RP□	HC-UP□	HC-LP□
MR-J3-10B (1)	053 • 13	053 • 13					
MR-J3-20B (1)	23	23					
MR-J3-40B (1)	43	43					
MR-J3-60B			51	52			52
MR-J3-70B	73	73				72	
MR-J3-100B			81	102			102
MR-J3-200B			121 • 201	152 • 202	103 • 153	152	152
MR-J3-350B			301	352	203	202	202
MR-J3-500B			421	502	353 • 503	352 • 502	302
MR-J3-700B				702			
MR-J3-11KB							
MR-J3-15KB							
MR-J3-22KB							

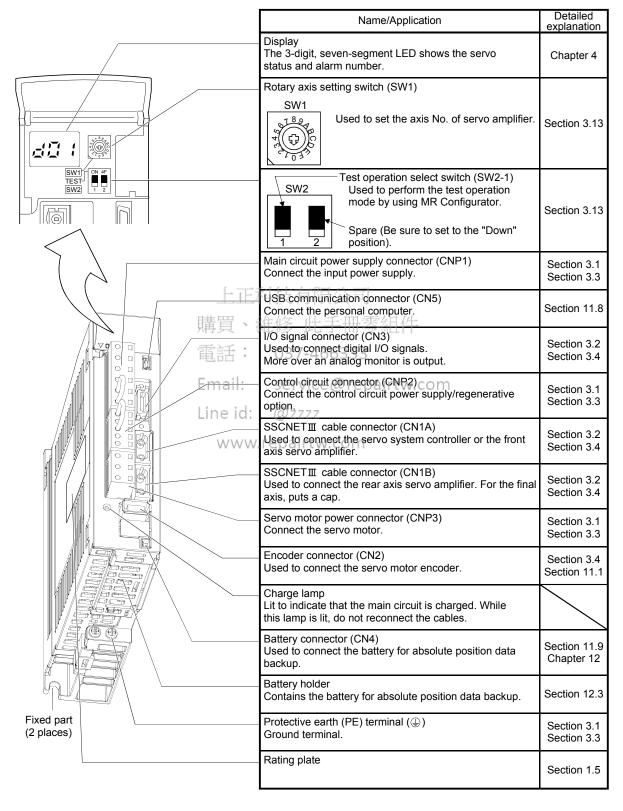
	Servo motors 科技有限公司			
Servo amplifier		HA-LPD	LALE IT -	
	1000r/min	1500r/min	2000r/min	手冊零組件
MR-J3-500B		雷兰	0502-46	6333
MR-J3-700B	601	701M	702	0000
MR-J3-11KB	801 • 12K1	11K1M	statk2/ice	@repairtw.com
MR-J3-15KB	15K1	15K1M	15K2	·•
MR-J3-22KB	20K1 • 25K1	22R fmid:	22K2ZZ	

	Servo motors				
Servo amplifier	HF-SP	HA-LPD			
	HE-SP	1000r/min	1500r/min	2000r/min	
MR-J3-60B4	524				
MR-J3-100B4	1024				
MR-J3-200B4	1524 • 2024				
MR-J3-350B4	3524				
MR-J3-500B4	5024				
MR-J3-700B4	7024	6014	701M4		
MR-J3-11KB4		8014 • 12K14	11K1M4	11K24	
MR-J3-15KB4		15K14	15K1M4	15K24	
MR-J3-22KB4		20K14	22K1M4	22K24	

1.7 Structure

1.7.1 Parts identification

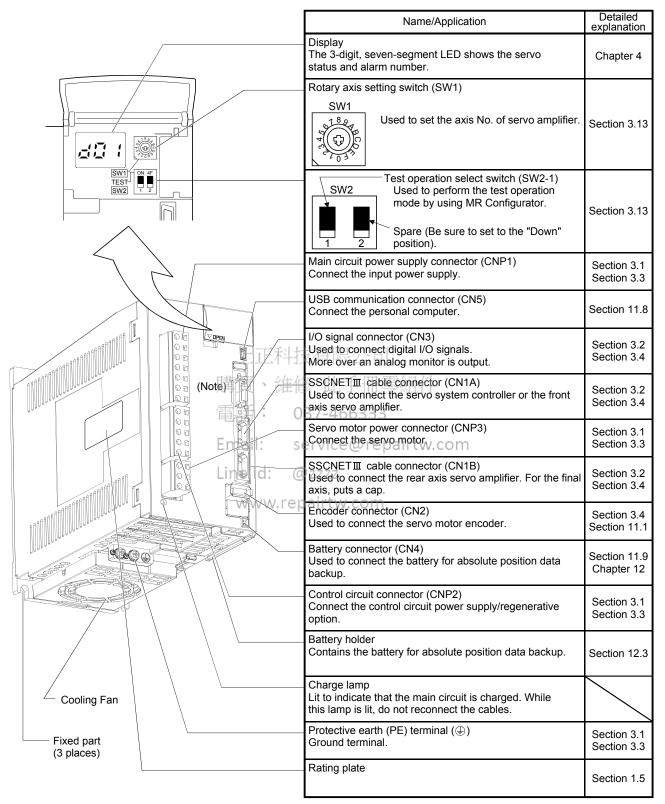
(1) MR-J3-100B or less



(2) MR-J3-60B4 • MR-J3-100B4

	Name/Application	Detailed explanation
	Display The 3-digit, seven-segment LED shows the servo status and alarm number.	Chapter 4
	Rotary axis setting switch (SW1) SW1	
	Used to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.	Section 3.13
	Test operation select switch (SW2-1) Used to perform the test operation mode by using MR Configurator. Spare (Be sure to set to the "Down"	Section 3.13
	position).	
	Main circuit power supply connector (CNP1) Connect the input power supply.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	USB communication connector (CN5) Connect the personal computer.	Section 11.8
	I/O signal connector (CN3) Used to connect digital I/O signals. More over an analog monitor is output.	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
	Control circuit connector (CNP2) Connect the control circuit power supply/regenerative option.66333	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	SSCNETII cable connector (CN1A) Used to connect the servo system controller or the front axis servo amplifier.	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
or o	SSCNET II cable connector (CN1B) Used to connect the rear axis servo amplifier. For the final axis, puts a cap	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
	Servo motor power connector (CNP3) Connect the servo motor.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	Encoder connector (CN2) Used to connect the servo motor encoder.	Section 3.4 Section 11.1
	Battery connector (CN4) Used to connect the battery for absolute position data backup.	Section 11.9 Chapter 12
Fixed part	Charge lamp Lit to indicate that the main circuit is charged. While this lamp is lit, do not reconnect the cables.	
(3 places)	Battery holder Contains the battery for absolute position data backup.	Section 12.3
	Protective earth (PE) terminal (⊕) Ground terminal.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	Rating plate	Section 1.5

(3) MR-J3-200B(4)



Note. Connectors (CNP1, CNP2, and CNP3) and appearance of MR-J3-200B servo amplifier have been changed from January 2008 production. Model name of the existing servo amplifier is changed to MR-J3-200B-RT. For MR-J3-200B-RT, refer to appendix 5.

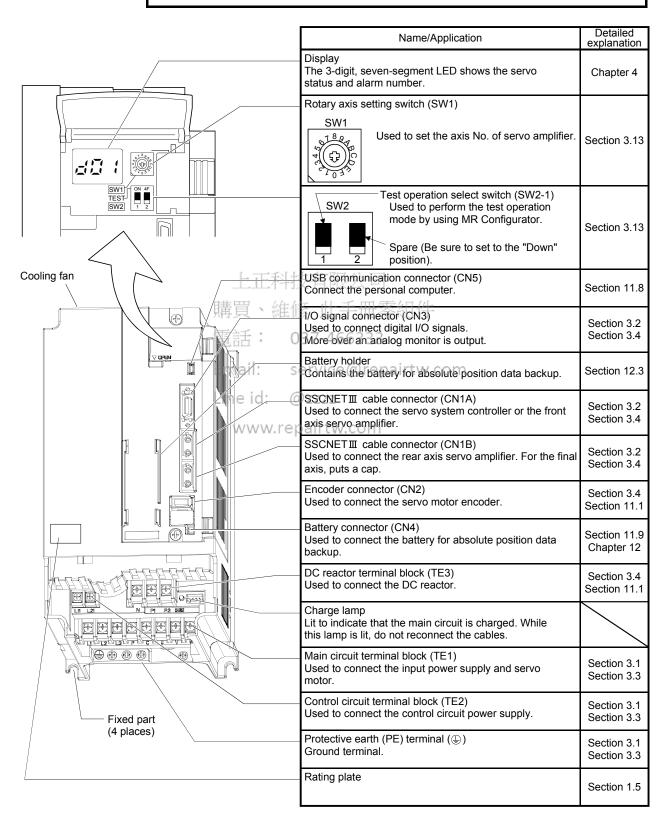
1. FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATION

(4) MR-J3-350B

	Name/Application	Detailed explanation
	Display The 3-digit, seven-segment LED shows the servo status and alarm number.	Chapter 4
	Rotary axis setting switch (SW1) SW1 Used to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.	Section 3.13
	SW2 Test operation select switch (SW2-1) Used to perform the test operation mode by using MR Configurator. Spare (Be sure to set to the "Down" position).	Section 3.13
	Main circuit power supply connector (CNP1) Connect the input power supply.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	USB communication connector (CN5) Connect the personal computer.	Section 11.8
正科技	I/O signal connector (CN3) Used to connect digital I/O signals. More over an analog monitor is output.	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
	SSCNETIL cable connector (CN1A) Used to connect the servo system controller or the front axis servo amplifier.	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
	Servo motor power connector (CNP3) Connect the servo motor, COM	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
id: @	SSCNETIL cable connector (CN1B) Used to connect the rear axis servo amplifier. For the final axis, puts a cap.	Section 3.2 Section 3.4
	Encoder connector (CN2) Used to connect the servo motor encoder.	Section 3.4 Section 11.1
	Battery connector (CN4) Used to connect the battery for absolute position data backup.	Section 11.9 Chapter 12
	Control circuit connector (CNP2) Connect the control circuit power supply/regenerative option.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
	Battery holder Contains the battery for absolute position data backup.	Section 12.3
	Charge lamp Lit to indicate that the main circuit is charged. While this lamp is lit, do not reconnect the cables.	
Cooling fan	Protective earth (PE) terminal (⊕) Ground terminal.	Section 3.1 Section 3.3
Fixed part (3 places)	Rating plate	Section 1.5

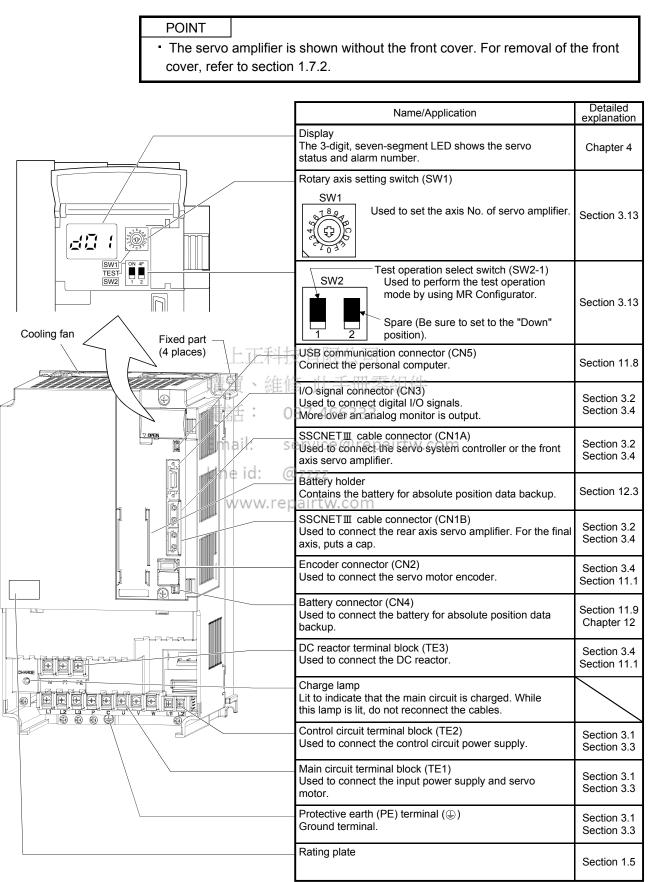
(5) MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4)

POINT
The servo amplifier is shown without the front cover. For removal of the front cover, refer to section 1.7.2.



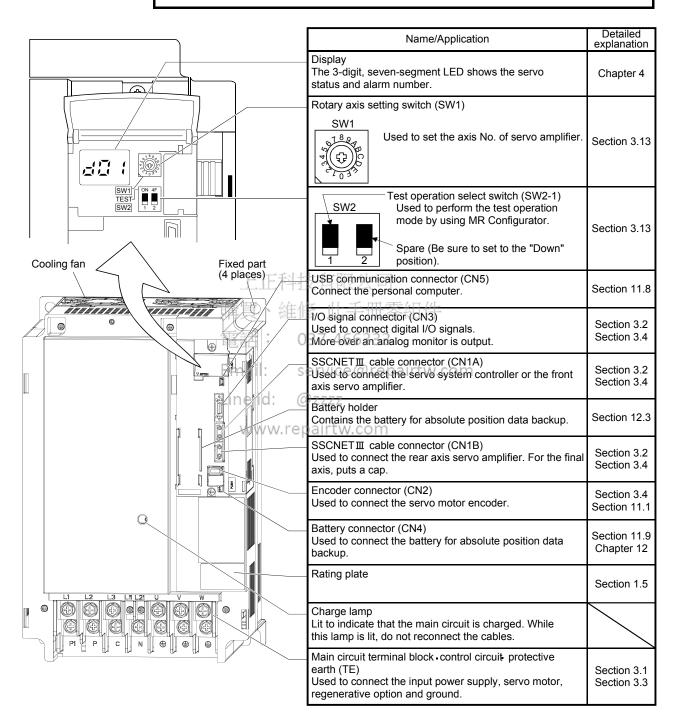
1. FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATION

(6) MR-J3-700B(4)

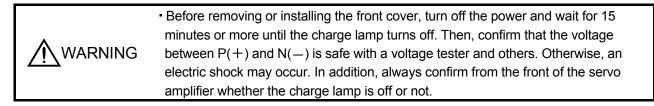


(7) MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4)

POINT
The servo amplifier is shown without the front cover. For removal of the front cover, refer to section 1.7.2.

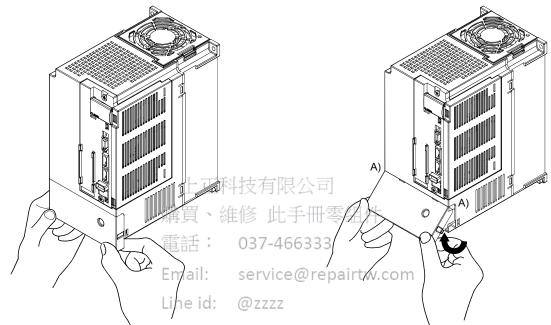


1.7.2 Removal and reinstallation of the front cover



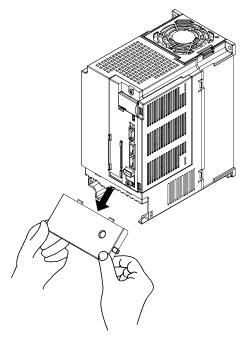
(1) For MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4) • MR-J3-700B(4)

Removal of the front cover



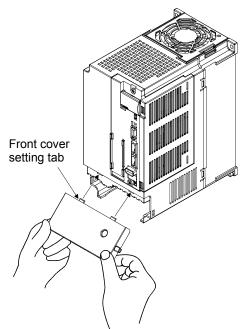
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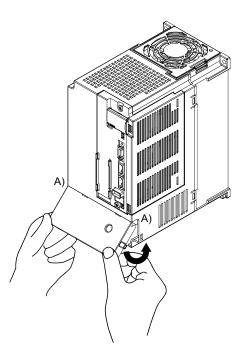
Hold the ends of lower side of the front cover with both hands. Pull up the cover, supporting at point A).



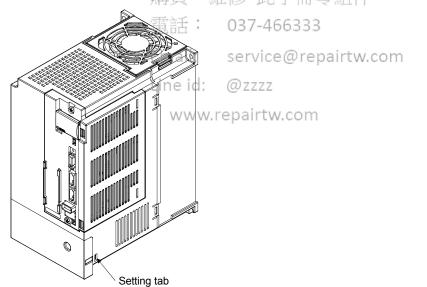
Pull out the front cover to remove.

Reinstallation of the front cover





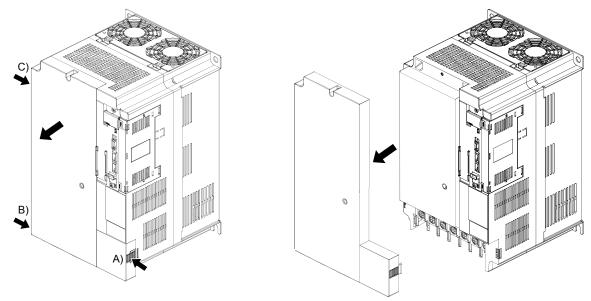
Insert the front cover setting tabs into the sockets of 有Pull/up the cover, supporting at point A). servo amplifier (2 places). 購買、維修此手冊零組件



Push the setting tabs until they click.

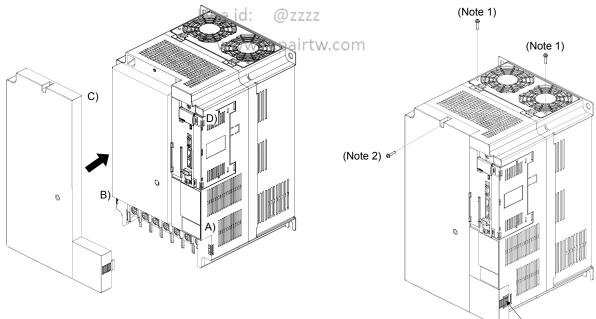
(2) For MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4)

Removal of the front cover



- 1) Press the removing knob on the lower side of the 3) Pull it to remove the front cover. front cover (A) and B)) and release the installation hook.
- 2) Press the removing knob of C) and release the 466333 external hook.

Email: service@repairtw.com Reinstallation of the front cover



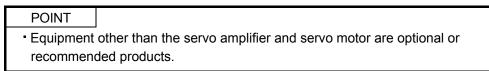
Installation hook

1) Fit the front cover installation hooks on the sockets 2) Push the front cover until you hear the clicking of body cover (A) to D)) to reinstall it.

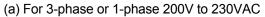
noise of the installation hook.

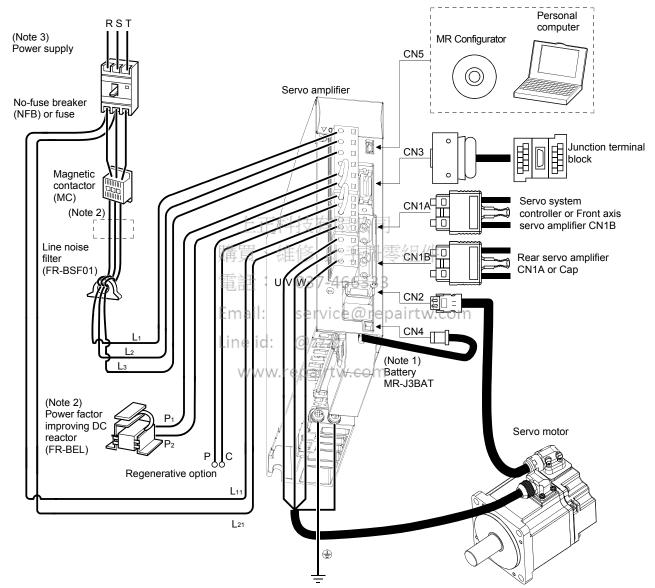
- Note 1. The cooling fan cover can be locked with enclosed screws (M4 imes 40).
 - 2. By drilling approximately \$\overline{4}\$ of a hole on the front cover, the front cover can be locked on the body with an enclosed screw (M4 × 14).

1.8 Configuration including auxiliary equipment

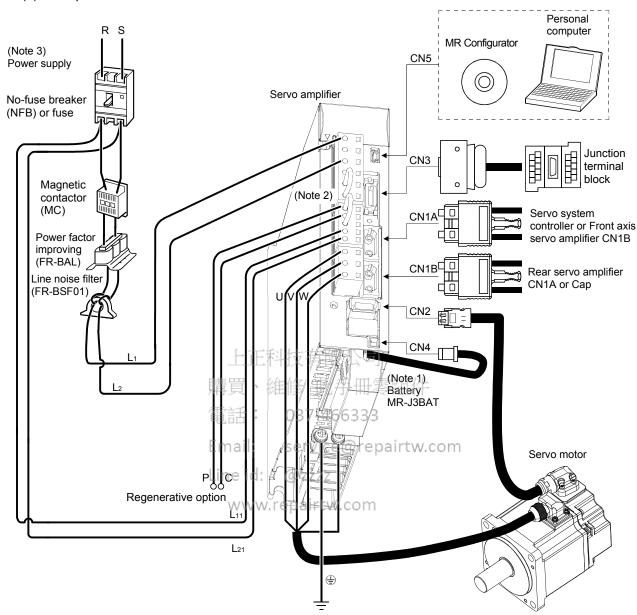


(1) MR-J3-100B or less





- Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.
 - 2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P2.
 - 3. A 1-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply may be used with the servo amplifier of MR-J3-70B or less.
 - For 1-phase 200V to 230VAC, connect the power supply to $L_1 \cdot L_2$ and leave L_3 open. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.



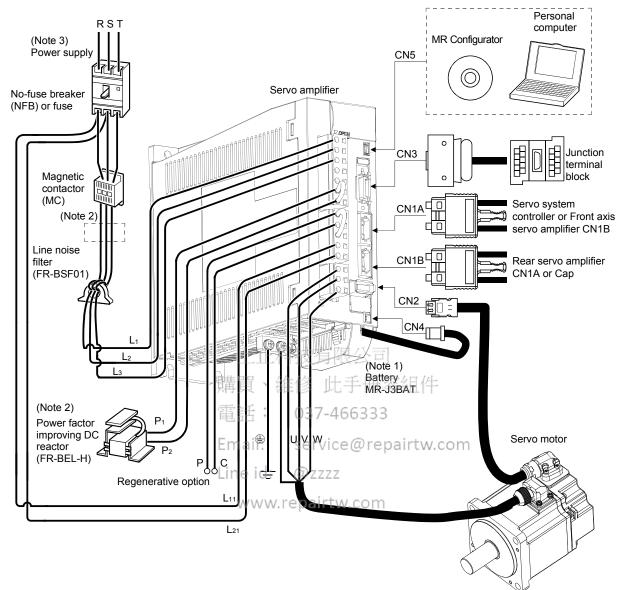
(b) For 1-phase 100V to 120VAC

Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

2. The power factor improving DC reactor cannot be used.

3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

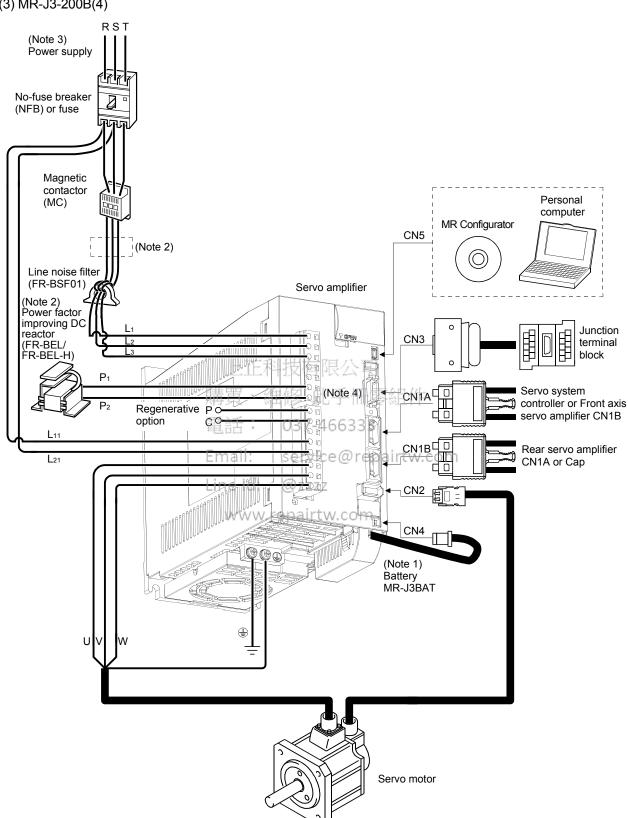
(2) MR-J3-60B4 • MR-J3-100B4



Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

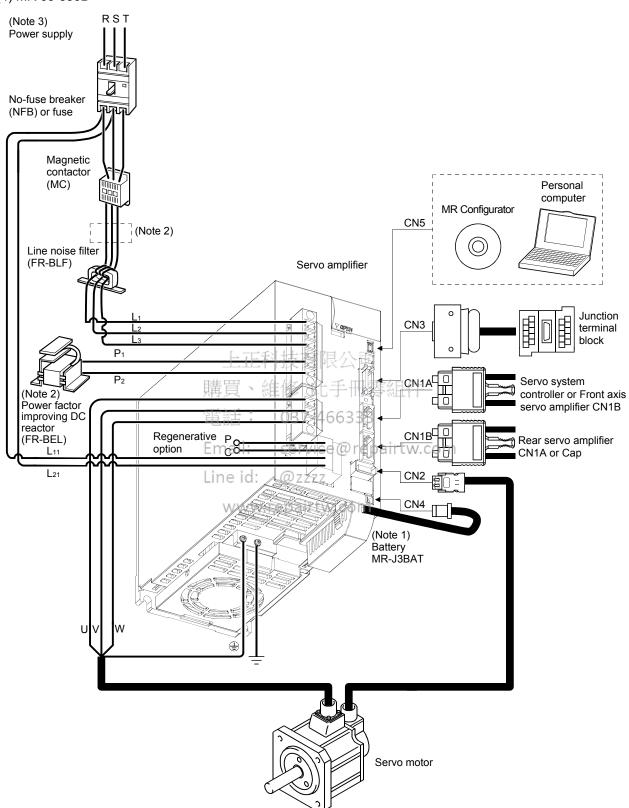
2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P_1 and P_2 . 3. A 1-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply may be used with the servo amplifier of MR-J3-70B or less.

For 1-phase 200V to 230VAC, connect the power supply to $L_1 \cdot L_2$ and leave L_3 open. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.



(3) MR-J3-200B(4)

- Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.
 - 2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P2.
 - 3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.
 - 4. Connectors (CNP1, CNP2, and CNP3) and appearance of MR-J3-200B servo amplifier have been changed from January 2008 production. Model name of the existing servo amplifier is changed to MR-J3-200B-RT. For MR-J3-200B-RT, refer to appendix 5.

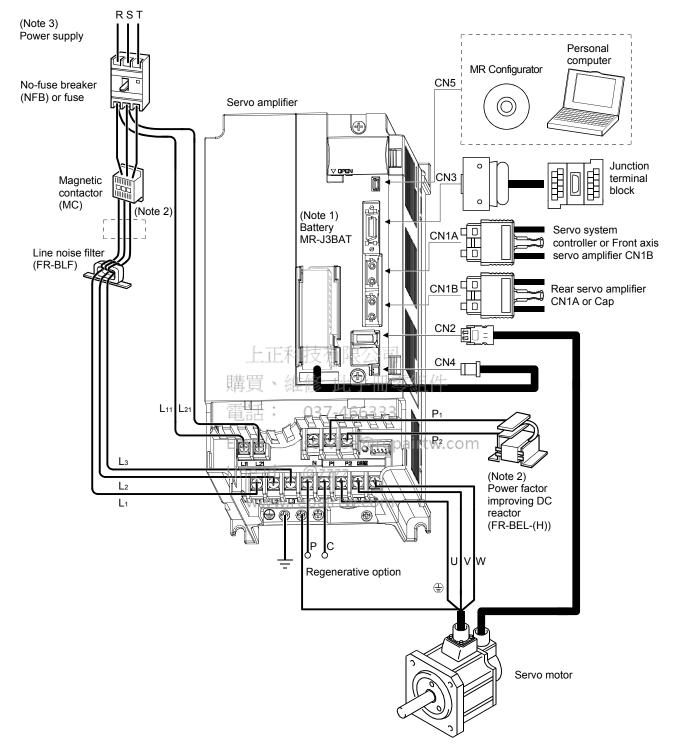


(4) MR-J3-350B

Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P2.

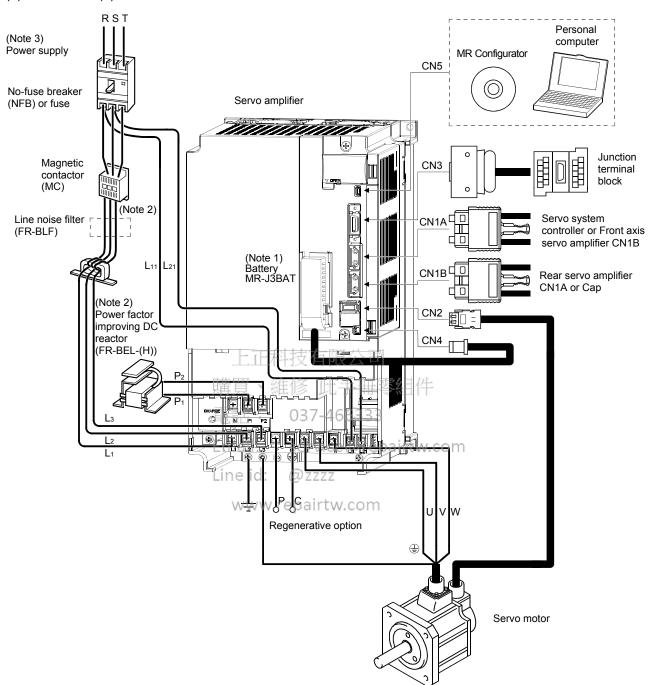
3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.



(5) MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4)

Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

- 2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P2.
- 3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

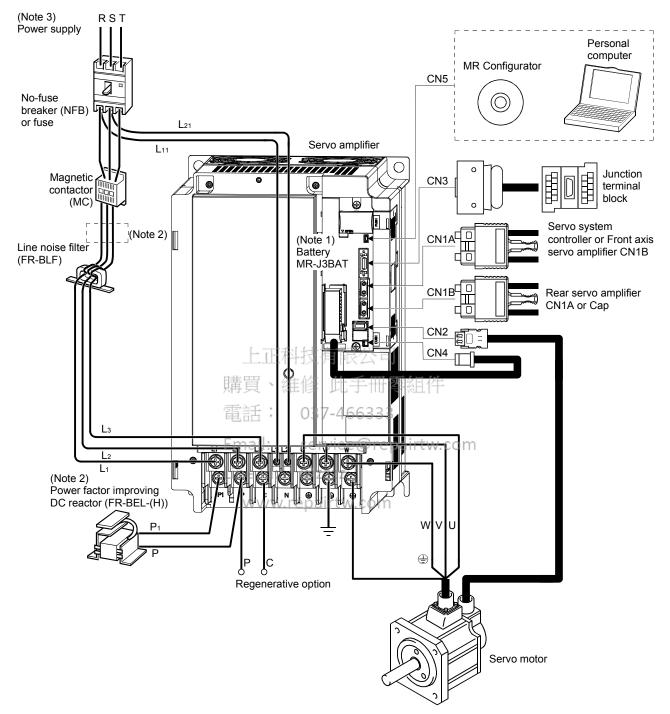


(6) MR-J3-700B(4)

Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P2.

3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.



(7) MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4)

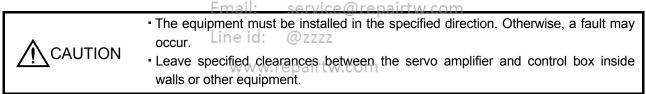
Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1 and P.
 Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

2. INSTALLATION

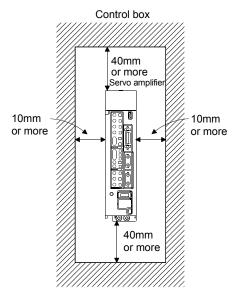
CAUTION	 Stacking in excess of the limited number of products is not allowed. Install the equipment on incombustible material. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to a fire. Install the equipment in a load-bearing place in accordance with this Instruction Manual. Do not get on or put heavy load on the equipment to prevent injury. Use the equipment within the specified environmental condition range. (For the environmental conditions, refer to section 1.3.) Provide an adequate protection to prevent screws, metallic detritus and other conductive matter or oil and other combustible matter from entering the servo amplifier. Do not subject the intake/exhaust ports of the servo amplifier. Otherwise, a fault may occur. Do not install or operate a faulty servo amplifier. When the product has been stored for an extended period of time, consult Mitsubishi. When treating the servo amplifier, be careful about the edged parts such as the

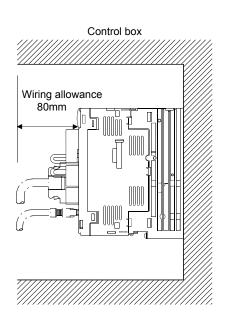
2.1 Installation direction and clearances



(1) 7kW or less

(a) Installation of one servo amplifier







(b) Installation of two or more servo amplifiers

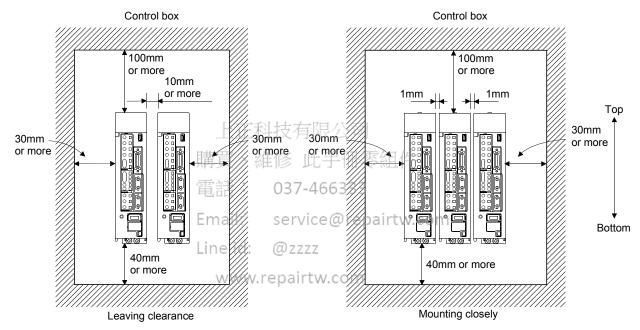
POINT

 Close mounting is available for the servo amplifier of under 3.5kW for 200V class and 400W for 100V class.

Leave a large clearance between the top of the servo amplifier and the internal surface of the control box, and install a cooling fan to prevent the internal temperature of the control box from exceeding the environmental conditions.

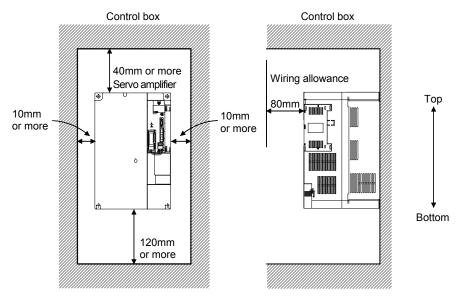
When installing the servo amplifiers closely, leave a clearance of 1mm between the adjacent servo amplifiers in consideration of mounting tolerances.

In this case, bring the ambient temperature within 0 to 45°C (32 to 113°F), or use it at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.



(2) 11k to 22kW

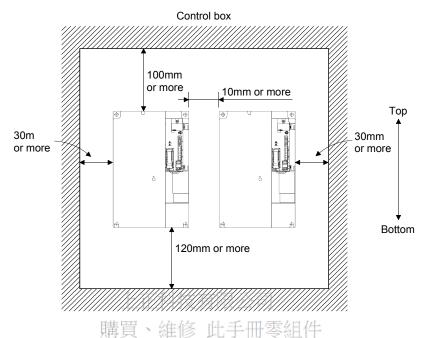
(a) Installation of one servo amplifier



2 - 2

(b) Installation of two or more servo amplifiers

Leave a large clearance between the top of the servo amplifier and the internal surface of the control box, and install a cooling fan to prevent the internal temperature of the control box from exceeding the environmental conditions.



(3) Others

When using heat generating equipment such as the regenerative option, install them with full consideration of heat generation so that the servo amplifier is not affected.

Install the servo amplifier on a perpendicular wall in the correct vertical direction.

Line id:

2.2 Keep out foreign materials

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- (1) When installing the unit in a control box, prevent drill chips and wire fragments from entering the servo amplifier.
- (2) Prevent oil, water, metallic dust, etc. from entering the servo amplifier through openings in the control box or a cooling fan installed on the ceiling.
- (3) When installing the control box in a place where there are much toxic gas, dirt and dust, conduct an air purge (force clean air into the control box from outside to make the internal pressure higher than the external pressure) to prevent such materials from entering the control box.
- 2.3 Cable stress
- (1) The way of clamping the cable must be fully examined so that flexing stress and cable's own weight stress are not applied to the cable connection.
- (2) For use in any application where the servo motor moves, fix the cables (encoder, power supply, brake) with having some slack from the connector connection part of the servo motor to avoid putting stress on the connector connection part. Use the optional encoder cable within the flexing life range. Use the power supply and brake wiring cables within the flexing life of the cables.

- (3) Avoid any probability that the cable sheath might be cut by sharp chips, rubbed by a machine corner or stamped by workers or vehicles.
- (4) For installation on a machine where the servo motor will move, the flexing radius should be made as large as possible. Refer to section 10.4 for the flexing life.

2.4 SSCNETI cable laying

SSCNETII cable is made from optical fiber. If optical fiber is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or breaks, and optical transmission will not be available. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUS \square M • MR-J3BUS \square M-A is made of synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not make it touched the part, which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier. Read described item of this section carefully and handle it with caution.

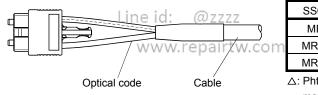
(1) Minimum bend radius

Make sure to lay the cable with greater radius than the minimum bend radius. Do not press the cable to edges of equipment or others. For SSCNETII cable, the appropriate length should be selected with due consideration for the dimensions and arrangement of servo amplifier. When closing the door of control box, pay careful attention for avoiding the case that SSCNETII cable is hold down by the door and the cable bend becomes smaller than the minimum bend radius.

For the minimum bend radius, refer to section 11.1.5. 購買、維修 此手冊零組件

(2) Prohibition of vinyl tape use

Migrating plasticizer is used for vinyl tape. Keep the MR-J3BUS
M, and MR-J3BUS M-A cables away from vinyl tape because the optical characteristic may be affected may be aff



SSCNETI cable	Code	Cable
MR-J3BUS□M	Δ	
MR-J3BUS⊡M-A	\triangle	Δ
MR-J3BUS□M-B	0	0

△: Phthalate ester plasticizer such as DBP and DOP may affect optical characteristic of cable.

O: Normally, cable is not affected by plasticizer.

(3) Precautions for migrating plasticizer added materials

Generally, soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene resin (PE) and fluorine resin contain non-migrating plasticizer and they do not affect the optical characteristic of SSCNETII cable.

However, some wire sheaths and cable ties, which contain migrating plasticizer (phthalate ester), may affect MR-J3BUS \Box M and MR-J3BUS \Box M-A cables (made of plastic).

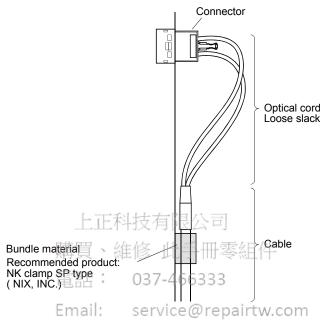
In addition, MR-J3BUS
M-B cable (made of quartz glass) is not affected by plasticizer.

(4) Bundle fixing

Fix the cable at the closest part to the connector with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETII cable from putting its own weight on CN1A · CN1B connector of servo amplifier. Optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted.

When bundling the cable, fix and hold it in position by using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain migratable plasticizers.

If using adhesive tape for bundling the cable, fire resistant acetate cloth adhesive tape 570F (Teraoka Seisakusho Co., Ltd) is recommended.



(5) Tension

ine

If tension is added on optical cable, the increase of transmission loss occurs because of external force which concentrates on the fixing part of optical fiber or the connecting part of optical connector. At worst, the breakage of optical fiber or damage of optical connector may occur. For cable laying, handle without putting forced tension. For the tension strength, refer to section 11.1.5.

(6) Lateral pressure

If lateral pressure is added on optical cable, the optical cable itself distorts, internal optical fiber gets stressed, and then transmission loss will increase. At worst, the breakage of optical cable may occur. As the same condition also occurs at cable laying, do not tighten up optical cable with a thing such as nylon band (TY-RAP).

Do not trample it down or tuck it down with the door of control box or others.

(7) Twisting

If optical fiber is twisted, it will become the same stress added condition as when local lateral pressure or bend is added. Consequently, transmission loss increases, and the breakage of optical fiber may occur at worst.

(8) Disposal

When incinerating optical cable (cord) used for SSCNETII, hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of optical fiber, request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.

2.5 Inspection items

WARNING	 Before starting maintenance and/or inspection, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P(+) and N(-) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not.
	 Any person who is involved in inspection should be fully competent to do the work. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock. For repair and parts replacement, contact your safes representative.

POINT

- Do not test the servo amplifier with a megger (measure insulation resistance), or it may become faulty.
- Do not disassemble and/or repair the equipment on customer side.

It is recommended to make the following checks periodically.

- (1) Check for loose terminal block screws. Retighten any loose screws.
- 上正科技有限公司
 (2) Check the cables and the like for scratches and cracks. Perform periodic inspection according to operating conditions.

2.6 Parts having service lives 電話: 037-466333

The following parts must be changed periodically as listed below. If any part is found faulty, it must be changed immediately even when it has not yet reached the end of its life, which depends on the operating method and environmental conditions. For parts replacement, please contact your sales representative.

Part name		Life guideline	
Servo amplifier	Smoothing capacitor	10 years	
	Relay	Number of power-on and number of emergency	
		stop times : 100,000 times	
	Cooling fan	10,000 to 30,000hours (2 to 3 years)	
	Absolute position battery	Refer to section 12.2	

(1) Smoothing capacitor

Affected by ripple currents, etc. and deteriorates in characteristic. The life of the capacitor greatly depends on ambient temperature and operating conditions. The capacitor will reach the end of its life in 10 years of continuous operation in normal air-conditioned environment.

(2) Relays

Their contacts will wear due to switching currents and contact faults occur. Relays reach the end of their life when the cumulative number of power-on and emergency stop times is 100,000, which depends on the power supply capacity.

(3) Servo amplifier cooling fan

The cooling fan bearings reach the end of their life in 10,000 to 30,000 hours. Normally, therefore, the cooling fan must be changed in a few years of continuous operation as a guideline. It must also be changed if unusual noise or vibration is found during inspection.

3. SIGNALS AND WIRING

WARNING	 Any person who is involved in wiring should be fully competent to do the work. Before wiring, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P(+) and N(-) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not. Ground the servo amplifier and the servo motor securely. Do not attempt to wire the servo amplifier and servo motor until they have been installed. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock. The cables should not be damaged, stressed excessively, loaded heavily, or pinched. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
CAUTION	 Wire the equipment correctly and securely. Otherwise, the servo motor may operate unexpectedly, resulting in injury. Connect cables to correct terminals to prevent a burst, fault, etc. Ensure that polarity (+, -) is correct. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur. The surge absorbing diode installed to the DC relay designed for control output should be fitted in the specified direction. Otherwise, the signal is not output due to a fault, disabling the forced stop (EM1) and other protective circuits. Servo amplifier Oar-466333 Servo amplifier Ocometer equipment (Control output signal) Use a noise filter, etc. to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interference, which may be given to electronic equipment used near the servo amplifier. Do not install a power capacitor, surge suppressor or radio noise filter (FR-BIF (-H) option) with the power line of the servo motor. When using the regenerative resistor, switch power off with the alarm signal. Otherwise, a transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing a fire. Do not modify the equipment. During power-on, do not open or close the motor power line. Otherwise, a malfunction or faulty may occur.

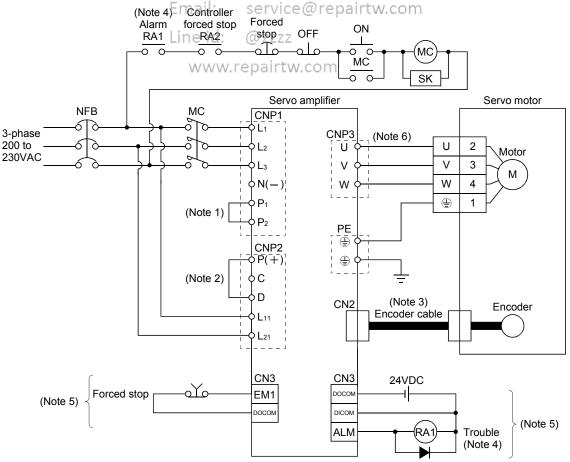
3.1 Input power supply circuit

 Always connect a magnetic contactor (MC) between the main circuit power supply and L₁, L₂, and L₃ of the servo amplifier, and configure the wiring to be able to shut down the power supply on the side of the servo amplifier's power supply. If a magnetic contactor (MC) is not connected, continuous flow of a large current may cause a fire when the servo amplifier malfunctions. 		
 Use the trouble signal to switch main circuit power supply off. Otherwise, a regenerative transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing a fire. 		
POINT		
 Even if alarm has occurred, do not switch off the control circuit power supply. When the control circuit power supply has been switched off, optical module does not operate, and optical transmission of SSCNETII communication is interrupted. Therefore, the serve amplifier on the rear axis displays "AA" at 		

interrupted. Therefore, the servo amplifier on the rear axis displays "AA" at the indicator and turns into base circuit shut-off. The servo amplifier stops with starting dynamic brake.

Wire the power supply/main circuit as shown below so that power is shut off and the servo-on command turned off as soon as an alarm occurs, a servo forced stop is made valid, or a controller forced stop is made valid. A no-fuse breaker (NFB) must be used with the input cables of the main circuit power supply.

(1) For 3-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply to MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-350B

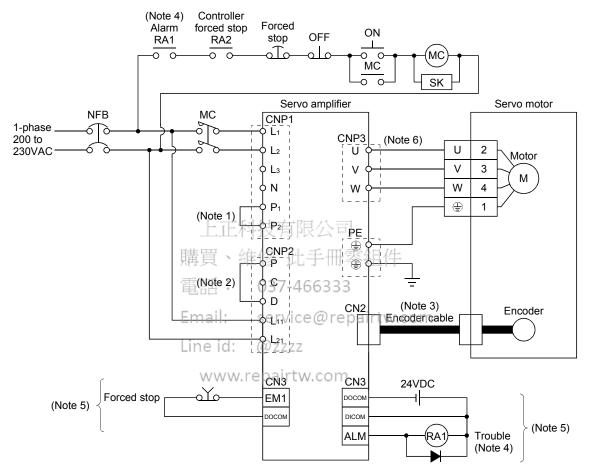


3. SIGNALS AND WIRING

Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

- 2. Always connect P(+) and D. (Factory-wired.) When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.
- 3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.
- 4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.
- 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 6. Refer to section 3.10.

(2) For 1-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply to MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-70B



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

2. Always connect P and D. (Factory-wired.) When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.

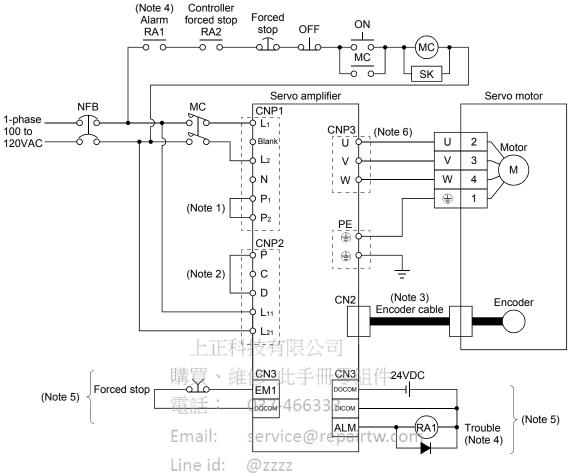
3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.

4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.

5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.

6. Refer to section 3.10.

(3) For MR-J3-10B1 to MR-J3-40B1



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) The power factor improving DC reactor cannot be used.

2. Always connect P and D. (Factory-wired.) When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.

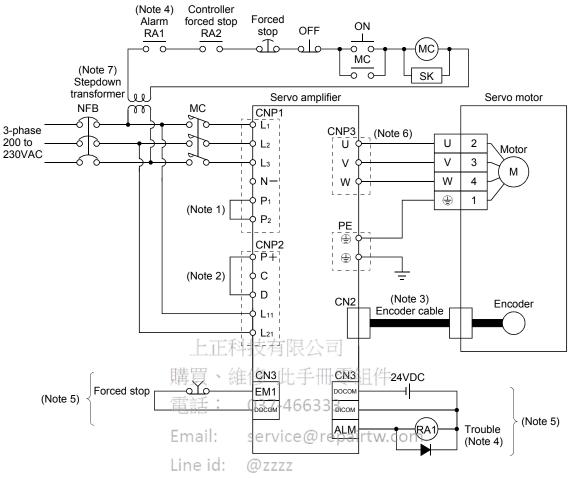
3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.

4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.

5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.

6. Refer to section 3.10.

(4) MR-J3-60B4 to MR-J3-200B4



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

2. Always connect P and D. (Factory-wired.) When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.

3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.

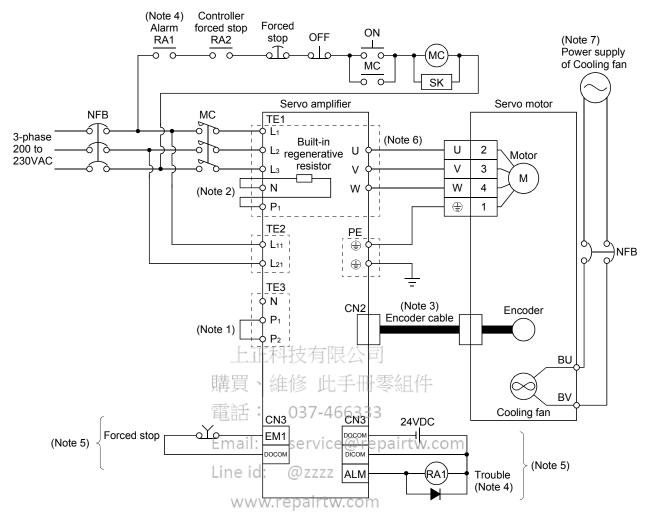
4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.

- 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 6. Refer to section 3.10.

7. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class.

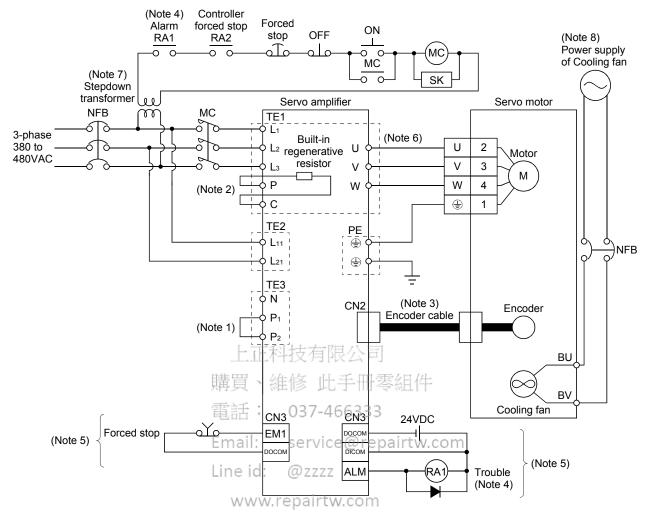
3. SIGNALS AND WIRING

(5) MR-J3-500B • MR-J3-700B



- Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.
 - 2. When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.
 - 3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.
 - 4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.
 - 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
 - 6. Refer to section 3.10.
 - 7. A cooling fan is attached to the HA-LP601 and the HA-LP701M servo motors. For power supply specification of the cooling fan, refer to section 3.10.2 (3) (b).

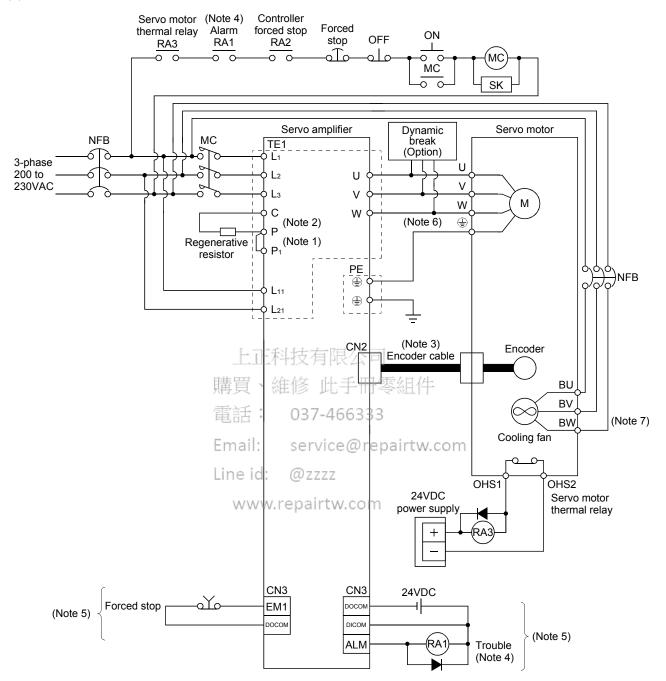
(6) MR-J3-350B4 to MR-J3-700B4



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

- 2. When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.
- 3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.
- 4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.
- 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 6. Refer to section 3.10.
- 7. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class.
- 8. A cooling fan is attached to the HA-LP6014 and the HA-LP701M4 servo motors. For power supply specification of the cooling fan, refer to section 3.10.2 (3) (b).

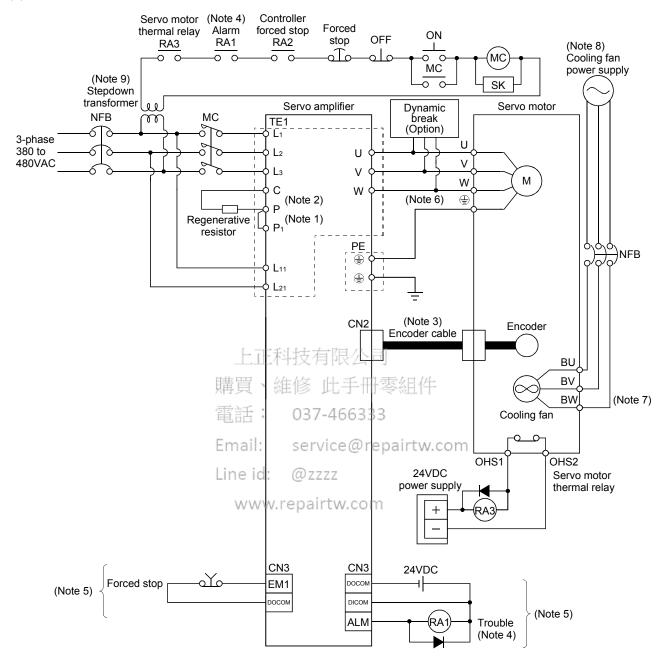
(7) MR-J3-11KB to MR-J3-22KB



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

- 2. When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.
- 3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.
- 4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.
- 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 6. Refer to section 3.10.
- 7. Cooling fan power supply of the HA-LP11K2 servo motor is 1-phase. Power supply specification of the cooling fan is different from that of the servo amplifier. Therefore, separate power supply is required.

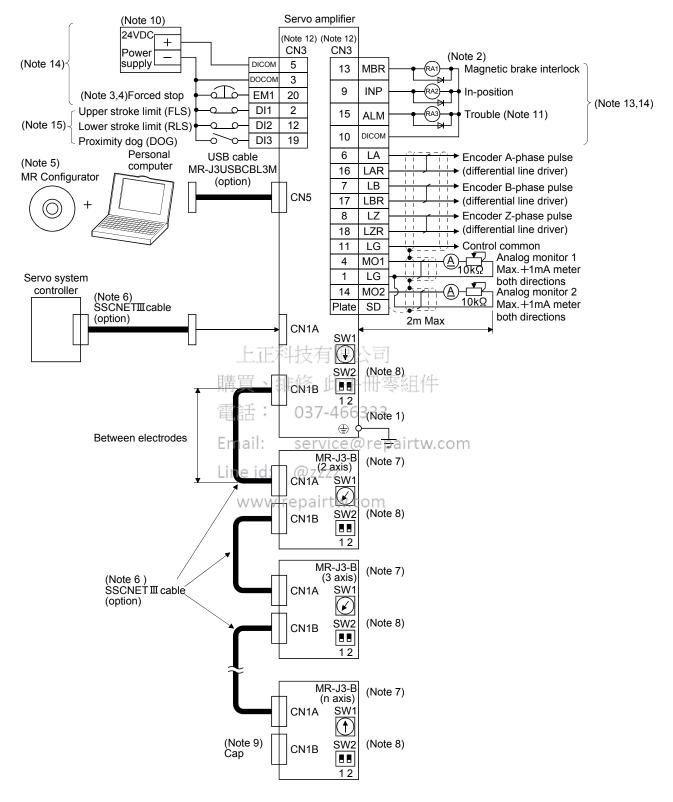
(8) MR-J3-11KB4 to MR-J3-22KB4



Note 1. Always connect P1 and P. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.

- 2. When using the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.
- 3. For the encoder cable, use of the option cable is recommended. Refer to section 11.1 for selection of the cable.
- 4. If deactivating output of trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the magnetic contactor after detection of alarm occurrence on the controller side.
- 5. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 6. Refer to section 3.10.
- 7. Servo amplifiers does not have BW when the cooling fan power supply is 1-phase.
- 8. For the cooling fan power supply, refer to section 3.10.2 (3) (b).
- 9. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class.

3.2 I/O signal connection example



- Note 1 To prevent an electric shock, always connect the protective earth (PE) terminal (terminal marked) of the servo amplifier to the protective earth (PE) of the control box.
 - 2. Connect the diode in the correct direction. If it is connected reversely, the servo amplifier will be faulty and will not output signals, disabling the forced stop (EM1) and other protective circuits.
 - 3. If the controller does not have an forced stop (EM1) function, always install a forced stop switch (Normally closed).
 - 4. When starting operation, always turn on the forced stop (EM1). (Normally closed contacts) By setting "□1□□ " in DRU parameter No.PA04 of the drive unit, the forced stop (EM1) can be made invalid.
 - 5. Use MRZJW3-SETUP 221E.
 - 6. For the distance between electrodes of SSCNETIII cable, refer to the following table.

Cable	Cable model name	Cable length	Distance between electrodes
Standard code inside panel	MR-J3BUS 🗆 M	0.15m to 3m	00
Standard cable outside panel	MR-J3BUS 🗆 M-A	5m to 20m	20m
Long-distance cable	MR-J3BUS 🗆 M-B	30m to 50m	50m

7. The wiring of the second and subsequent axes is omitted.

- 8. Up to eight axes (n = 1 to 8) may be connected. Refer to section 3.13 for setting of axis selection.
- 9. Make sure to put a cap on the unused CN1A CN1B.
- 10. Supply 24VDC±10% 150mA current for interfaces from the outside. 150mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points. Refer to section 3.7.2 (1) that gives the current value necessary for the interface.
- 11. Trouble (ALM) turns on in normal alarm-free condition. When this signal is switched off (at occurrence of an alarm), the output of the programmable controller should be stopped by the sequence program.
- 12. The pins with the same signal name are connected in the servo amplifier.
- 13. The signal can be changed by parameter No.PD07, PD08, PD09.
- 14. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.
- 15. Devices can be assigned for DI1 DI2 DI3 with controller setting. For devices that can be assigned, refer to the controller instruction manual. The assigned devices are for the Q173DCPU Q172DCPU Q173HCPU Q172HCPU and QD75MHD.

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3.3 Explanation of power supply system

3.3.1 Signal explanations

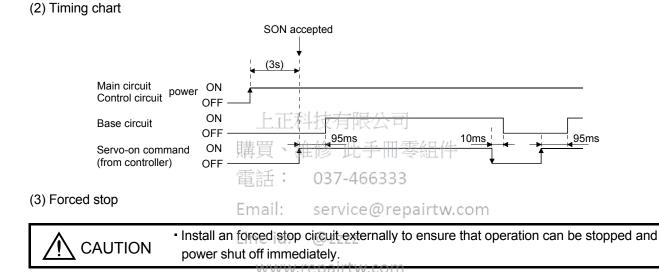
POINT
 For the layout of connector and terminal block, refer to outline drawings in chapter 9.

Abbreviation	Connection target (Application)	Description					
		Supply the following power to L_1 , L_2 , L_3 . For the 1-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply, connect the power supply to L_1 , L_2 , and keep L_3 open.					
		Servo amplifier Power supply	MR-J3- 10B to 70	100B to	MR-J3- 10B1 to 40B1		
		3-phase 200V to 230VAC, 50/60Hz	1	• L2 • L3			
L1	Main circuit power	1-phase 200V to 230VAC, 50/60Hz	L1 • L2				
L2 L3	supply	1-phase 100V to 120VAC, 50/60Hz			L1 • L2		
		Servo amplifier Power supply	MF	R-J3-60B4 to	22KB4		
		3-phase 380V to 480VAC, 50/60Hz		L1 • L2 • L	.3		
		上止科技有限公司					
P1 P2	Power factor improving DC reactor	 MR-J3-700B or less When not using the power factor improving DC reactor, connect P1 and P2. (Factory-wired.) When using the power factor improving DC reactor, disconnect P1 and P2, and connect the power factor improving DC reactor to P1 and P2. MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4) MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4) do not have P2. When not using the power factor improving reactor, connect P1 and P. (Factory-wired) When using the power factor improving reactor, connect it to P and P1. Refer to section 11.13. 					
P C D	Regenerative option	 MR-J3-350B or less · MR-J3-200B4 or less When using servo amplifier built-in regenerative resistor, connect P(+) and D. (Factory- wired) When using regenerative option, disconnect P(+) and D, and connect regenerative option to P and C. MR-J3-350B4 · 500B(4) · 700B(4) MR-J3-350B4 · 500B(4) · 700B(4) do not have D. When using servo amplifier built-in regenerative resistor, connect P and C. (Factory-wired) When using regenerative option, disconnect P and C, and connect regenerative option to P and C. MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4) MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4) do not have D. When not using the power regenerative converter and the brake unit, make sure to connect the regenerative option to P and C. Refer to section 11.2 to 11.5. 					
L11 L21	Control circuit power supply	Supply the following power to L11 · L21. Servo amplifier MR-J3-10B to 22KB MR-J3-10B1 to 40B1 MR-J3-60B4 to 22KB4 1-phase 200V to 230VAC, 50/60Hz L11 · L21 L11 · L21					
U V W	Servo motor power	Connect to the servo motor power supply terminals (U close the motor power line. Otherwise, a malfunction of			n, do not open or		
N	Return converter Brake unit	When using the power regenerative converter/brake unit, connect it to P and N. Do not connect to servo amplifier MR-J3-350B(4) or less. For details, refer to section 11.3 to 11.5.					
٤	Protective earth (PE)	Connect to the earth terminal of the servo motor and to the protective earth (PE) of the control box to perform grounding.					

3.3.2 Power-on sequence

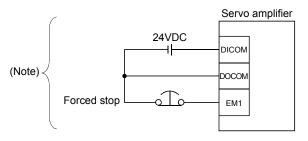
(1) Power-on procedure

- 1) Always wire the power supply as shown in above section 3.1 using the magnetic contactor with the main circuit power supply (three-phase: L₁, L₂, L₃, single-phase: L₁, L₂). Configure up an external sequence to switch off the magnetic contactor as soon as an alarm occurs.
- 2) Switch on the control circuit power supply L₁₁, L₂₁ simultaneously with the main circuit power supply or before switching on the main circuit power supply. If the main circuit power supply is not on, the display shows the corresponding warning. However, by switching on the main circuit power supply, the warning disappears and the servo amplifier will operate properly.
- 3) The servo amplifier can accept the servo-on command within 3s the main circuit power supply is switched on. (Refer to paragraph (2) of this section.)



If the controller does not have an forced stop function, make up a circuit that switches off main circuit power as soon as EM1 is turned off at a forced stop. When EM1 is turned off, the dynamic brake is operated to stop the servo motor. At this time, the display shows the servo forced stop warning (E6).

During ordinary operation, do not use forced stop (EM1) to alternate stop and run. The service life of the servo amplifier may be shortened.



Note. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.

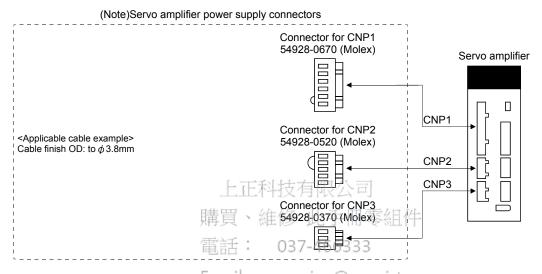
3.3.3 CNP1, CNP2, CNP3 wiring method

POINT	
 Refer to tak 	ble 11.1 in section 11.11 for the wire sizes used for wiring.
• MR-J3-500	B or more • MR-J3-350B4 or more does not have these connectors.

Use the supplied servo amplifier power supply connectors for wiring of CNP1, CNP2 and CNP3.

(1) MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-100B

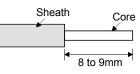
(a) Servo amplifier power supply connectors



Note. These connectors are of insert type. As the crimping type, the following connectors (Molex) are recommended. For CNP1: 51241-0600 (connector), 56125-0128 (terminal) For CNP2: 51240-0500 (connector), 56125-0128 (terminal) For CNP3: 51241-0300 (connector), 56125-0128 (terminal) Crimping tool: CNP57349-5300 <Connector applicable cable example> Cable finish OD: to ϕ 3.8mm

(b) Termination of the cables

Solid wire: After the sheath has been stripped, the cable can be used as it is.



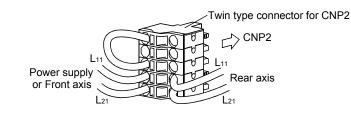
Twisted wire: Use the cable after stripping the sheath and twisting the core. At this time, take care to avoid a short caused by the loose wires of the core and the adjacent pole. Do not solder the core as it may cause a contact fault. Alternatively, a bar terminal may be used to put the wires together.

Cable size		Bar terminal type		Crimping tool (Nate 2)
[mm ²]	AWG	For 1 cable (Note 1) For 2 cable		Crimping tool (Note 2)
1.25/1.5	16	AI1.5-10BK	AI-TWIN2 $ imes$ 1.5-10BK	
2/2.5	14	AI2.5-10BU		Variocrimp 4 206-204

Note 1. Manufacturer: Phoenix Contact

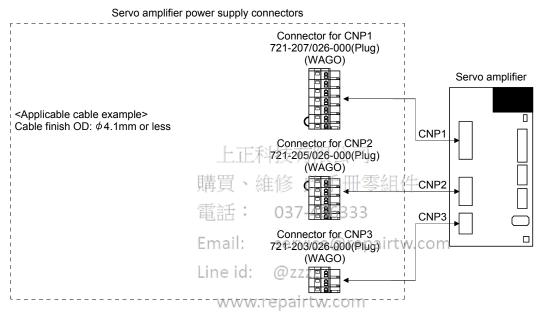
2. Manufacturer: WAGO

(c) The twin type connector for CNP2 (L₁₁ • L₂₁): 721-2105/026-000 (WAGO) Using this connector enables passing a wire of control circuit power supply. Refer to appendix 3 for details of connector.



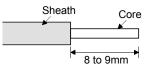
(2) MR-J3-200B • MR-J3-60B4 to MR-J3-200B4

(a) Servo amplifier power supply connectors



(b) Termination of the cables

Solid wire: After the sheath has been stripped, the cable can be used as it is.



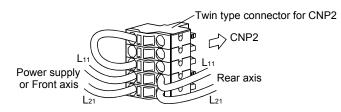
Twisted wire: Use the cable after stripping the sheath and twisting the core. At this time, take care to avoid a short caused by the loose wires of the core and the adjacent pole. Do not solder the core as it may cause a contact fault. Alternatively, a bar terminal may be used to put the wires together.

Cable size		Bar terminal type		Crimping tool (Noto 2)	
[mm ²]	AWG	For 1 cable (Note 1)	For 2 cable	Crimping tool (Note 2)	
1.25/1.5	16	AI1.5-10BK	AI-TWIN2 $ imes$ 1.5-10BK	Variaarima 4 206 204	
2/2.5	14	AI2.5-10BU		Variocrimp 4 206-204	

Note 1. Manufacturer: Phoenix Contact

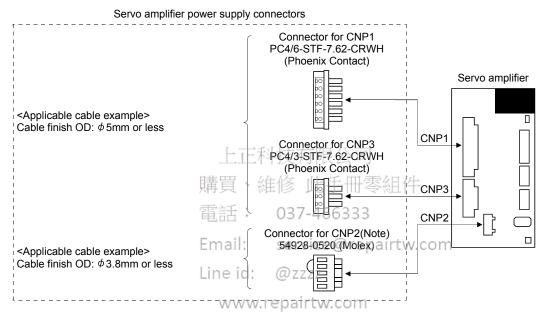
2. Manufacturer: WAGO

(c) The twin type connector for CNP2 (L₁₁ • L₂₁): 721-2205/026-000 (WAGO) Using this connector enables passing a wire of control circuit power supply. Refer to appendix 3 for details of connector.



(3) MR-J3-350B

(a) Servo amplifier power supply connectors

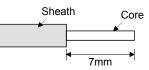


Note. As twin type connector for CNP2 (L11, L21) is the same as MR-J3-100B or smaller. Refer to (1) (c) of this section.

(b) Termination of the cables

1) CNP1 · CNP3

Solid wire: After the sheath has been stripped, the cable can be used as it is.



Twisted wire: Use the cable after stripping the sheath and twisting the core. At this time, take care to avoid a short caused by the loose wires of the core and the adjacent pole. Do not solder the core as it may cause a contact fault. Alternatively, a bar terminal may be used to put the wires together.

Cable	size	Bar term	inal type	Crimping tool	Monufacturar
[mm ²]	AWG	For 1 cable	For 2 cables	Crimping tool	Manufacturer
1.25/1.5	16	AI1.5-8BK	AI-TWIN2 $ imes$ 1.5-8BK		
2.0/2.5	14	AI2.5-8BU	AI-TWIN2 $ imes$ 2.5-10BU	CRIMPFOX-ZA3	Phoenix Contact
3.5	12	AI4-10GY			

2) CNP2

CNP2 is the same as MR-J3-100B or smaller capacities. Refer to (1) (b) of this section.

(4) Insertion of cable into Molex and WAGO connectors

Insertion of cable into 54928-0610, 54928-0520, 54928 (Molex) connectors and 721-207/026-000, 721-205/ 026-000 and 721-203/026-000 (WAGO) connectors are as follows.

The following explains for Molex, however use the same procedures for inserting WAGO connectors as well.

POINT

 It may be difficult for a cable to be inserted to the connector depending on wire size or bar terminal configuration. In this case, change the wire type or correct it in order to prevent the end of bar terminal from widening, and then insert it.

How to connect a cable to the servo amplifier power supply connector is shown below.

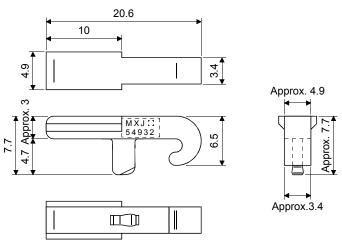
上正科技有限公司 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 電話: 037-466333 Email: service@repairtw.com Line id: @zzzz www.repairtw.com

(a) When using the supplied cable connection lever

1) The servo amplifier is packed with the cable connection lever.

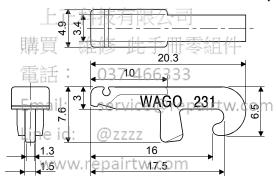
a) 54932-0000 (Molex)

[Unit: mm]

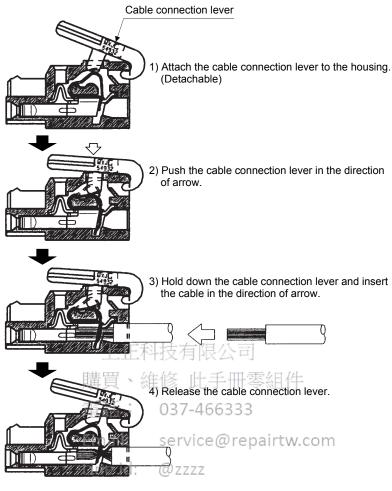


b) 231-131 (WAGO)

[Unit: mm]

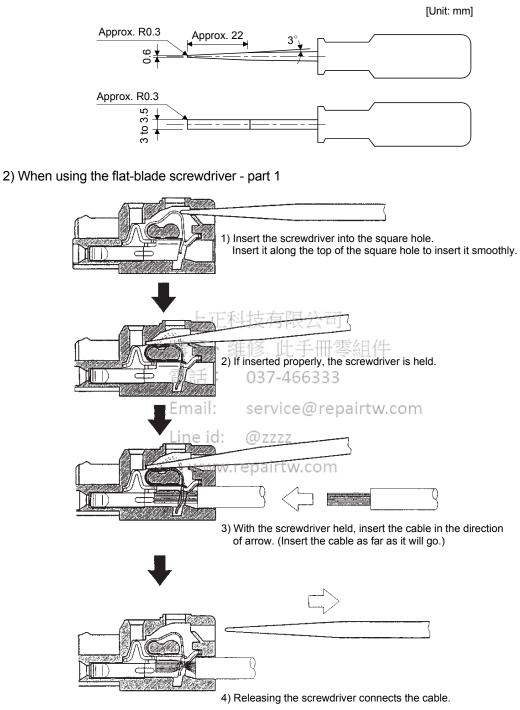


2) Cable connection procedure

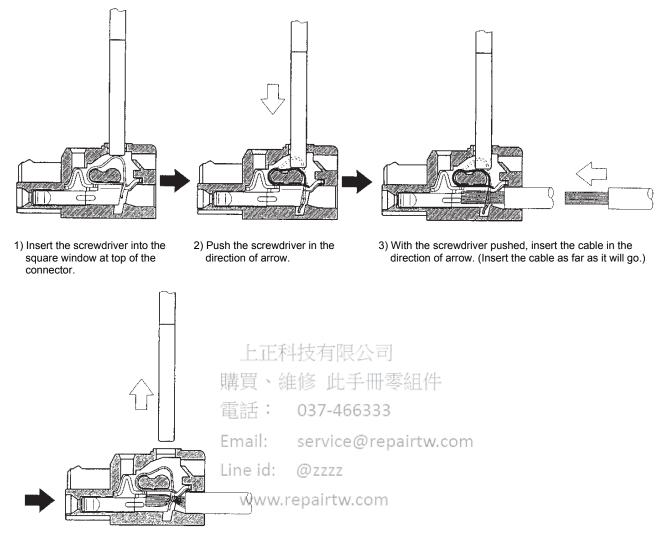


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- (b) Inserting the cable into the connector
 - 1) Applicable flat-blade screwdriver dimensions Always use the screwdriver shown here to do the work.



3) When using the flat-blade screwdriver - part 2



4) Releasing the screwdriver connects the cable.

(4) How to insert the cable into Phoenix Contact connector

POINT			
• Do not us	e a precision driver because the cable cannot be tightened with		
enough torque.			

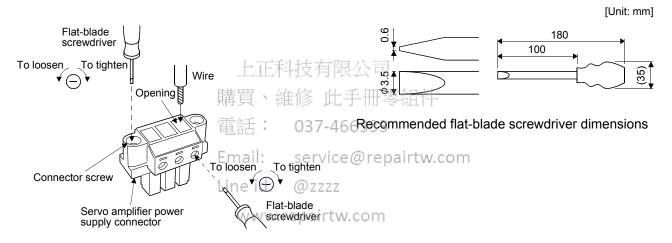
Insertion of cables into Phoenix Contact connector PC4/6-STF-7.62-CRWH or PC4/3-STF-7.62-CRWH is shown as follows.

Before inserting the cable into the opening, make sure that the screw of the terminal is fully loose. Insert the core of the cable into the opening and tighten the screw with a flat-blade screwdriver. When the cable is not tightened enough to the connector, the cable or connector may generate heat because of the poor contact.

(When using a cable of 1.5mm2 or less, two cables may be inserted into one opening.)

Secure the connector to the servo amplifier by tightening the connector screw.

For securing the cable and the connector, use a flat-blade driver with 0.6mm blade edge thickness and 3.5mm diameter (Recommended flat-blade screwdriver: Phoenix Contact SZS 0.6×3.5). Apply 0.5 to 0.6 N • m torque to screw.

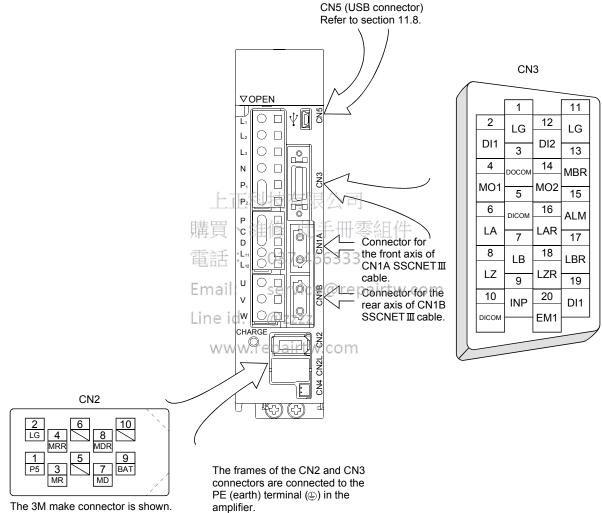


3.4 Connectors and signal arrangements

POINT	
• The pin configurations of the connectors are as viewed from the cable	
connector wiring section.	

(1) Signal arrangement

The servo amplifier front view shown is that of the MR-J3-20B or less. Refer to chapter 9 Outline Drawings for the appearances and connector layouts of the other servo amplifiers.



The 3M make connector is shown. When using any other connector, refer to section 11.1.2.

3.5 Signal (device) explanations

For the I/O interfaces (symbols in I/O division column in the table), refer to section 3.7.2. In the control mode field of the table

The pin No.s in the connector pin No. column are those in the initial status.

(1) Connector applications

Connector	Name	Function/Application
CN1A	Connector for bus cable from preceding axis.	Used for connection with the controller or preceding-axis servo amplifier.
CN1B	Connector for bus cable to next axis	Used for connection with the next-axis servo amplifier or for connection of the cap.
CN2	Encoder connector	Used for connection with the servo motor encoder.
CN4	Battery connection connector	When using as absolute position detection system, connect to battery (MR-J3BAT). Before installing a battery, turn off the main circuit power while keeping the control circuit power on. Wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or for drive unit 30kW or more) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between $P(+)$ and $N(-)$ (L+ and L- for drive unit 30kW or more) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not. Replace the battery with main circuit power OFF and with control circuit power ON. Replacing the battery with the control circuit power OFF results in loosing absolute position data.
CN5	Communication connector	The personal computer is connected.

Rector The personal computer is connected.

(2) I/O device

電話: 037-466333

(a) Input device

Device	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function/Application	I/O division
Forced stop	EM1	CN3-20 ^{∟∩∩}	Turn EM1 off (open between commons) to bring the motor to an forced stop state, in which the base circuit is shut off and the dynamic brake is operated. Partw.com Turn EM1 on (short between commons) in the forced stop state to reset that state. When parameter No.PA.04 is set to " □1□□ ", automatically ON (always ON) can be set inside.	DI-1
	DI1	CN3-2	Devices can be assigned for DI1 DI2 DI3 with controller setting.	DI-1
	DI2	CN3-12	For devices that can be assigned, refer to the controller instruction	DI-1
	DI3	CN3-19	manual. The following devices can be assigned for Q172HCPU Q173HCPU QD75MH. DI1: upper stroke limit (FLS) DI2: lower stroke limit (RLS) DI3: proximity dog (DOG)	DI-1

(b) Output device

Device	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function/Application	I/O division
Trouble	ALM	CN3-15	ALM turns off when power is switched off or the protective circuit is activated to shut off the base circuit. Without alarm occurring, ALM turns on within about 1s after power-on.	DO-1
Electromagnetic brake interlock	MBR	CN3-13	When using this signal, set operation delay time of the electromagnetic brake in parameter No.PC02. In the servo-off or alarm status, MBR turns off.	DO-1
In-position (Positioning completed)	INP	CN3-9	INP turns on when the number of droop pulses is in the preset in-position range. The in-position range can be changed using parameter No.PA10. When the in-position range is increased, INP may be on conductive status during low-speed rotation. INP turns on when servo on turns on. This signal cannot be used in the speed loop mode.	DO-1
Ready	RD		When using the signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. RD turns on when the servo is switched on and the servo amplifier is ready to operate.	DO-1
Dynamic brake interlock	DB		When using the signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. DB turns off simultaneously when the dynamic brake is operated. When using the external dynamic brake on the servo amplifier of 11 kW or more, this device is required. (Refer to section 11.6.) For the servo amplifier of 7kW or less, it is not necessary to use this device.	DO-1
Speed reached	SA	購	When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09 When the servo is off, SA will be turned OFF. When servo motor rotation speed becomes approximately setting speed, SA will be turned ON. When the preset speed is 20r/min or less, SA always turns on. This signal cannot be used in position loop mode.	DO-1
Limiting torque	TLC	En	When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. When torque is produced level of torque set with controller, TLC will be turned ON. When the servo is off, TLC will be turned OFF.	DO-1
Zero speed	ZSP		When using this zignal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. When the servo is off, SA will be turned OFF. ZSP turns on when the servo motor speed is zero speed (50r/min) or less. Zero speed can be changed using parameter No.PC07. Example Zero speed is 50r/min direction direction direction direction CFF level Sor/min OFF level ON level Sor/min OFF level ON level Sor/min direction direction CFF level ON level Sor/min OFF level OFF level OFF level OFF level Sor/min OFF level OFF level Sor/min OFF level OFF level OFF ZPS turns on 1) when the servo motor is decelerated to 50r/min, and ZPS turns off 2) when the servo motor is decelerated again to 50r/min, and turns off 4) when the servo motor speed has reached -70r/min.	DO-1
			-, · · · ·	

Device	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function/Application	I/O division
Warning	WNG		When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. When warning has occurred, WNG turns on. When there is no warning, WNG turns off within about 1.5s after power-on.	DO-1
Battery warning	BWNG		When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. BWNG turns on when battery cable disconnection warning (92) or battery warning (9F) has occurred. When there is no battery warning, BWNG turns off within about 1.5s after power-on.	DO-1
Variable gain selection	CDPS		When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. CDPS is on during variable gain.	DO-1
Absolute position erasing	ABSV		When using this signal, make it usable by the setting of parameter No.PD07 to PD09. ABSV turns on when the absolute position erased. This signal cannot be used in position loop mode.	DO-1

(c) Output signals

Signal name	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function/Application
Encoder A-phase	LA	CN3-6	Outputs pulses per servo motor revolution set in parameter No.PA15 in the differential
pulse	LAR	CN3-16	line driver system. In CCW rotation of the servo motor, the encoder B-phase pulse
(Differential line			lags the encoder A-phase pulse by a phase angle of $\pi/2$.
driver)			The relationships between rotation direction and phase difference of the A- and B-
Encoder B-phase	LB	CN3-7	phase pulses can be changed using parameter No.PC03.
pulse	LBR	CN3-17	Output pulse specification and dividing ratio setting can be set. (Refer to section
(Differential line		以再	5 19)維修 此于冊苓組件
driver)			
Encoder Z-phase	LZ	CN3-8	Outputs the zero-point signal in the differential line driver system of the encoder. One
pulse	LZR	CN3-18	pulse is output per servo motor revolution. turns on when the zero-point position is
(Differential line		Em	reached.service@repairtw.com
driver)			The minimum pulse width is about $400 \mu s.$ For home position return using this pulse,
		Lin	set the creep speed to 100r/min. or less.
Analog monitor 1	MO1	CN3-4	Used to output the data set in parameter No.PC09 to across MO1-LG in terms of
			voltage. Resolution 10 bits
Analog monitor 2	MO2	CN3-14	Used to output the data set in parameter No.PC10 to across MO2-LG in terms of
			voltage. Resolution 10 bits

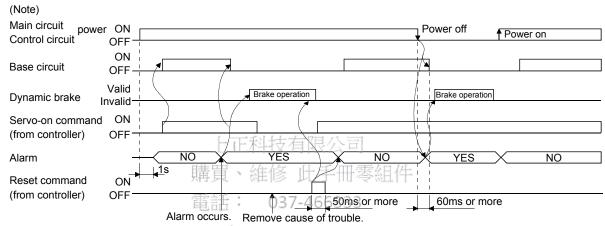
(d) Power supply

Signal name	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function/Application
Digital I/F power supply input	DICOM	CN3-5 CN3-10	Used to input 24VDC (24VDC 10% 150mA) for I/O interface of the servo amplifier. The power supply capacity changes depending on the number of I/O interface points to be used. Connect the positive terminal of the 24VDC external power supply for the sink interface.
Digital I/F common	DOCOM	CN3-3	Common terminal for input device such as EM1 of the servo amplifier. Pins are connected internally. Separated from LG. Connect the positive terminal of the 24VDC external power supply for the source interface.
Monitor common	LG	CN3-1 CN3-11	Common terminal of M01 • M02 Pins are connected internally.
Shield	SD	Plate	Connect the external conductor of the shield cable.

3.6 Alarm occurrence timing chart

	 When an alarm has occurred, remove its cause, make sure that the operation signal is not being input, ensure safety, and reset the alarm before restarting operation.
	 As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo off status and interrupt the main circuit power.

When an alarm occurs in the servo amplifier, the base circuit is shut off and the servo motor is coated to a stop. Switch off the main circuit power supply in the external sequence. To deactivate the alarm, power the control circuit off, then on or give the error reset or CPU reset command from the servo system controller. However, the alarm cannot be deactivated unless its cause is removed.



Note. Switch off the main circuit power as soon as an alarm occurs@repairtw.com

(1) Overcurrent, overload 1 or overload 2 @zzzz

If operation is repeated by switching control circuit power off, then on to reset the overcurrent (32), overload 1 (50) or overload 2 (51) alarm after its occurrence, without removing its cause, the servo amplifier and servo motor may become faulty due to temperature rise. Securely remove the cause of the alarm and also allow about 30 minutes for cooling before resuming operation.

(2) Regenerative alarm

If operation is repeated by switching control circuit power off, then on to reset the regenerative (30) alarm after its occurrence, the external regenerative resistor will generate heat, resulting in an accident.

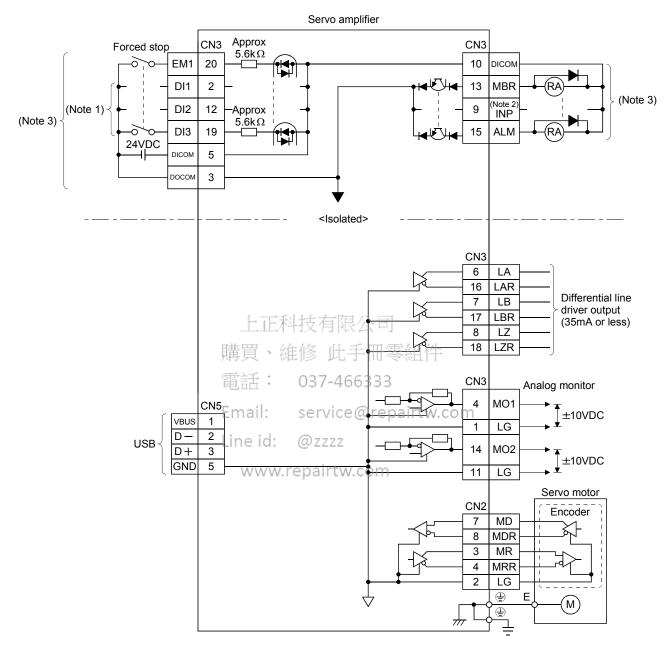
(3) Instantaneous power failure

Undervoltage (10) occurs when the input power is in either of the following statuses.

- A power failure of the control circuit power supply continues for 60ms or longer and the control circuit is not completely off.
- The bus voltage dropped to 200VDC or less for the MR-J3- \square B, to 158VDC or less for the MR-J3- \square B1, or to 380VDC or less for the MR-J3- \square B4.

3.7 Interfaces

3.7.1 Internal connection diagram



Note 1. Signal can be assigned for these pins with host controller setting.

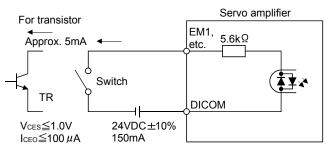
- For contents of signals, refer to the instruction manual of host controller.
- 2. This signal cannot be used with speed loop mode.
- 3. For the sink I/O interface. For the source I/O interface, refer to section 3.7.3.

3.7.2 Detailed description of interfaces

This section provides the details of the I/O signal interfaces (refer to the I/O division in the table) given in section 3.5. Refer to this section and make connection with the external equipment.

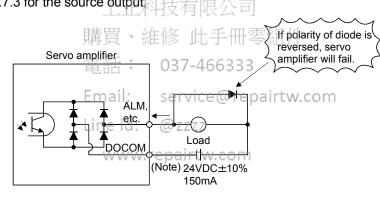
(1) Digital input interface DI-1

Give a signal with a relay or open collector transistor. Refer to section 3.7.3 for the source input.



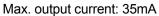
(2) Digital output interface DO-1

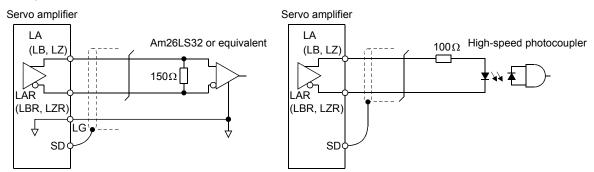
A lamp, relay or photocoupler can be driven. Install a diode (D) for an inductive load, or install an inrush current suppressing resistor (R) for a lamp load. (Rated current: 40mA or less, maximum current: 50mA or less, inrush current: 100mA or less) A maximum of 2.6V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier. Refer to section 3.7.3 for the source output $E_1 + E_2$ (E) $E_3 = 100$



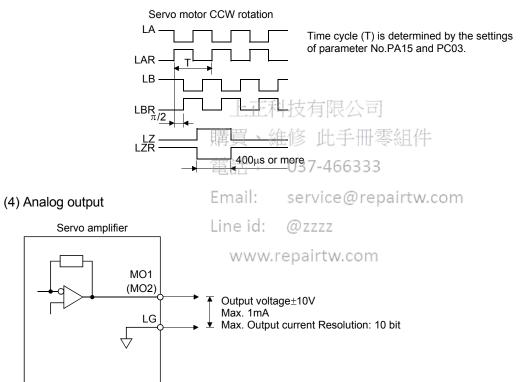
Note. If the voltage drop (maximum of 2.6V) interferes with the relay operation, apply high voltage (up to 26.4V) from external source.

- (3) Encoder output pulse DO-2 (Differential line driver system)
 - (a) Interface





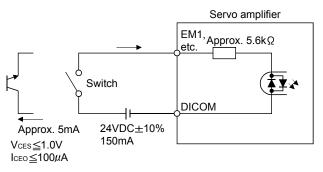
(b) Output pulse



3.7.3 Source I/O interfaces

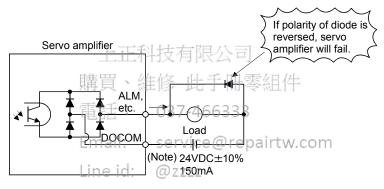
In this servo amplifier, source type I/O interfaces can be used. In this case, all DI-1 input signals and DO-1 output signals are of source type. Perform wiring according to the following interfaces.

(1) Digital input interface DI-1



(2) Digital output interface DO-1

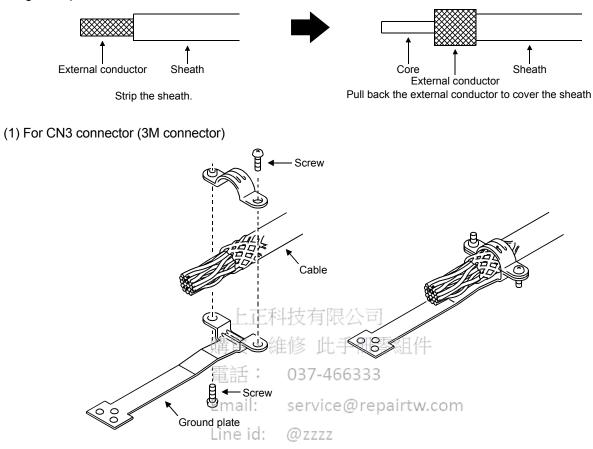
A maximum of 2.6V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier.



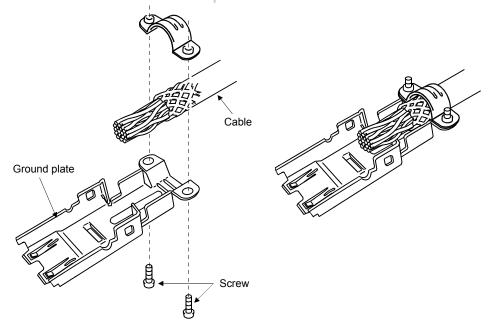
Note. If the voltage drop (maximum of 2.6V) interferes with the relay operation, apply high voltage (up to 26.4V) from external source.

3.8 Treatment of cable shield external conductor

In the case of the CN2 and CN3 connectors, securely connect the shielded external conductor of the cable to the ground plate as shown in this section and fix it to the connector shell.



(2) For CN2 connector (3M or Molex connector) epairtw.com

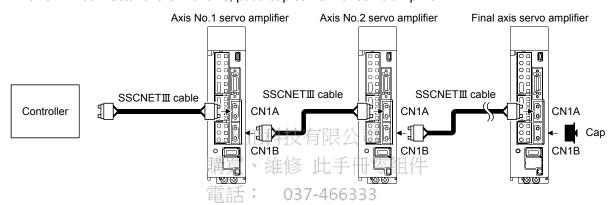


3.9 SSCNETII cable connection

POINT	
 Do not see directly the light generat 	ed from CN1A • CN1B connector of servo
amplifier or the end of SSCNETI ca	able.
When the light gets into eye, may fe	el something is wrong for eye.
(The light source of SSCNETⅢ com	plies with class1 defined in JIS C6802 or
IEC60825-1.)	

(1) SSCNETI cable connection

For CN1A connector, connect SSCNETII cable connected to controller in host side or servo amplifier. For CN1B connector, connect SSCNETII cable connected to servo amplifier in lower side. For CN1B connector of the final axis, put a cap came with servo amplifier.



- (2) How to connect/disconnect cable. Email: service@repairtw.com
 - POINT_{Line} id: @zzzz
 - CN1A
 CN1B connector is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust.WWW.repairtw.com

For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before mounting SSCNETIL cable.

Then, when removing SSCNETI cable, make sure to put a cap.

- Keep the cap for CN1A CN1B connector and the tube for protecting light code end of SSCNETII cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETII cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- When asking repair of servo amplifier for some troubles, make sure to put a cap on CN1A CN1B connector.

When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit.

In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.

(a) Mounting

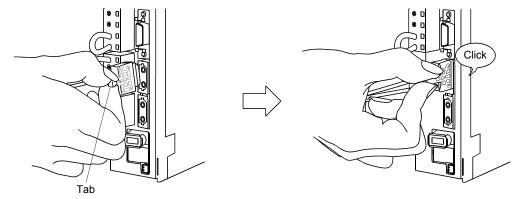
- 1) For SSCNETII cable in the shipping status, the tube for protect light code end is put on the end of connector. Remove this tube.
- 2) Remove the CN1A CN1B connector cap of servo amplifier.

3) With holding a tab of SSCNETII cable connector, make sure to insert it into CN1A • CN1B connector of servo amplifier until you hear the click.

If the end face of optical code tip is dirty, optical transmission is interrupted and it may cause malfunctions.

If it becomes dirty, wipe with a bonded textile, etc.

Do not use solvent such as alcohol.



(b) Removal

With holding a tab of SSCNETII cable connector, pull out the connector.

When pulling out the SSCNETII cable from servo amplifier, be sure to put the cap on the connector parts of servo amplifier to prevent it from becoming dirty

For SSCNETII cable, attach the tube for protection optical code's end face on the end of connector.

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3.10 Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor

	 During power-on, do not open or close the motor power line. Otherwise, a
	malfunction or faulty may occur.

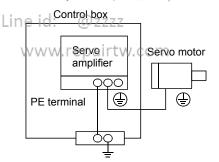
3.10.1 Connection instructions

 Insulate the connections of the power supply terminals to prevent an electric shock.
 Connect the wires to the correct phase terminals (U, V, W) of the servo amplifier and servo motor. Not doing so may cause unexpected operation. Do not connect AC power supply directly to the servo motor. Otherwise, a fault may occur.

POINT	
 Refer to se 	ction 11.1 for the selection of the encoder cable.

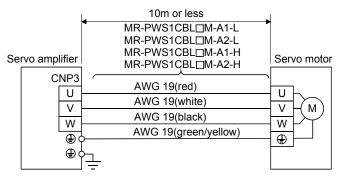
This section indicates the connection of the servo motor power (U, V, W). Use of the optional cable and connector set is recommended for connection between the servo amplifier and servo motor. When the options are not available, use the recommended products. Refer to section 11.1 for details of the options.

(1) For grounding, connect the earth cable of the serve motor to the protective earth (PE) terminal () of the serve amplifier and connect the ground cable of the serve amplifier to the earth via the protective earth of the control box. Do not connect them directly to the protective earth of the control panel.



(2) Do not share the 24VDC interface power supply between the interface and electromagnetic brake. Always use the power supply designed exclusively for the electromagnetic brake.

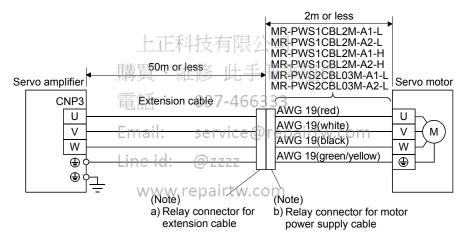
- 3.10.2 Power supply cable wiring diagrams
- (1) HF-MP service HF-KP series HF-KP series servo motor
 - (a) When cable length is 10m or less



(b) When cable length exceeds 10m

When the cable length exceeds 10m, fabricate an extension cable as shown below. In this case, the motor power supply cable should be within 2m long.

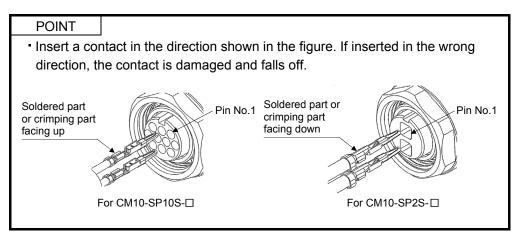
Refer to section 11.11 for the wire used for the extension cable.



Note. Use of the following connectors is recommended when ingress protection (IP65) is necessary.

Relay connector	Description	Protective structure
a) Relay connector for extension cable	Connector: RM15WTPZ-4P(71) Cord clamp: RM15WTP-CP(5)(71) (Hirose Electric)	IP65
		IP65

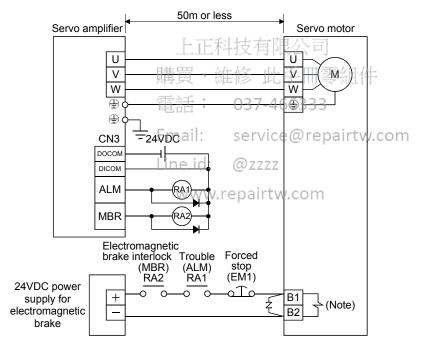
(2) HF-SP series • HC-RP series • HC-UP series • HC-LP series servo motor



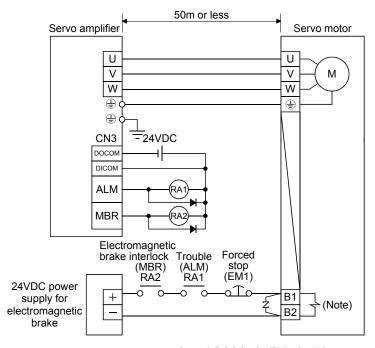
(a) Wiring diagrams

Refer to section 11.11 for the cables used for wiring.

1) When the power supply connector and the electromagnetic brake connector are separately supplied.



Note. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals B1 and B2.



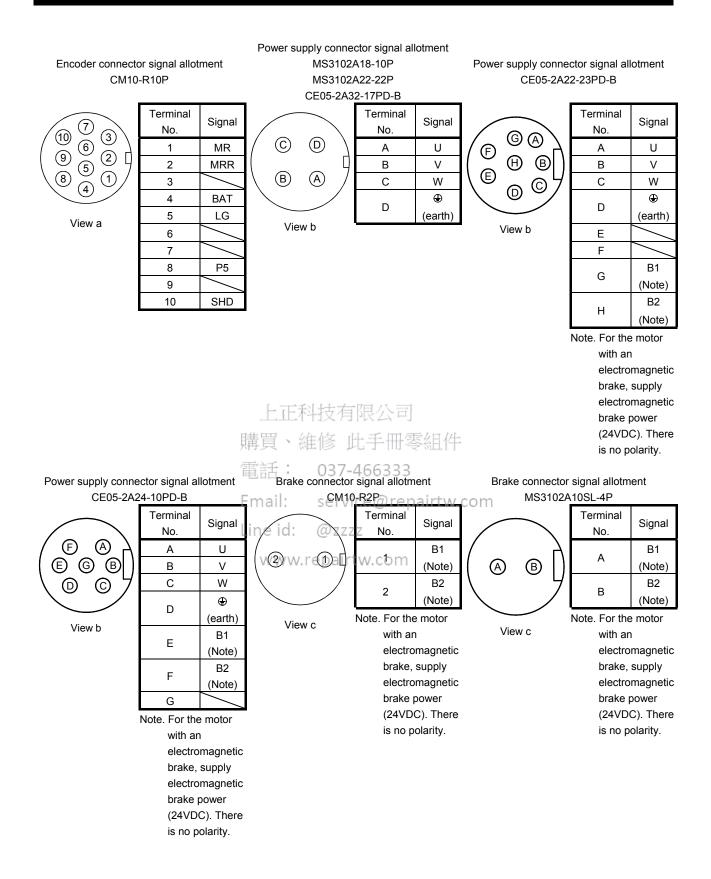
2) When the power supply connector and the electromagnetic brake connector are shared.

Note. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals B1 and B2.

(b) Connector and signal allotment^算)維修 此手冊零組件

The connector fitting the serve motor is prepared as optional equipment. Refer to section 11.1. For types other than those prepared as optional equipment, refer to chapter 3 in Serve Motor Instruction Manual, Vol. 2 to select.

	Line id: @zzzz	S S	ervo motor side connect	ors
	Servo motor WWW.repairt	W.C.Œncoder	Power supply	Electromagnetic brake
	HF-SP52(4) to 152(4) HF-SP51 • 81		MS3102A18-10P	
	HF-SP202 • 352 • 502(4) HF-SP121 to 301		MS3102A22-22P	CM10-R2P (DDK)
	HF-SP421 • 702(4)		CE05-2A32-17PD-B	
	HC-RP103 to 203	CM10-R10P	CE05-2A22-23PD-B	The second star for
b	HC-RP353 • 503	(DDK)	CE05-2A24-10PD-B	The connector for
	HC-UP72 • 152		CE05-2A22-23PD-B	power is shared
	HC-UP202 to 502		CE05-2A24-10PD-B	MS3102A10SL-4P
	HC-LP52 to 152		CE05-2A22-23PD-B	The connector for power is shared
	HC-LP202 • 302		CE05-2A24-10PD-B	MS3102A10SL-4P

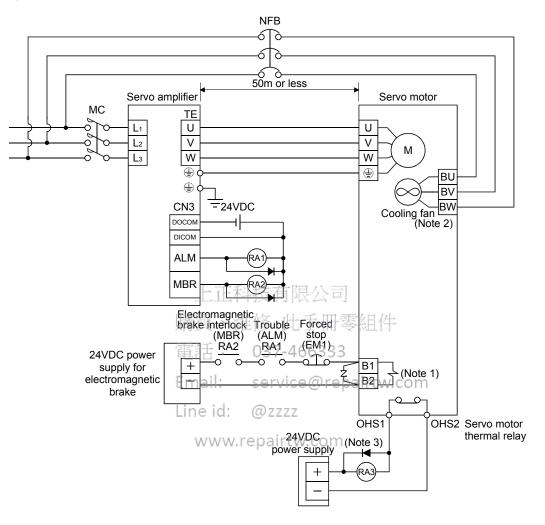


(3) HA-LP series servo motor

(a) Wiring diagrams

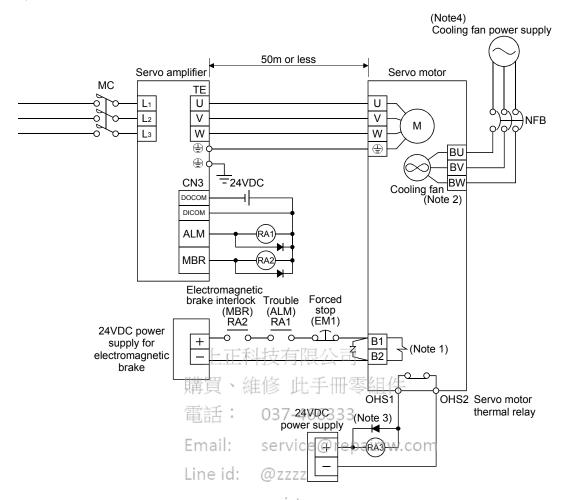
Refer to section 11.11 for the cables used for wiring.

1) 200V class



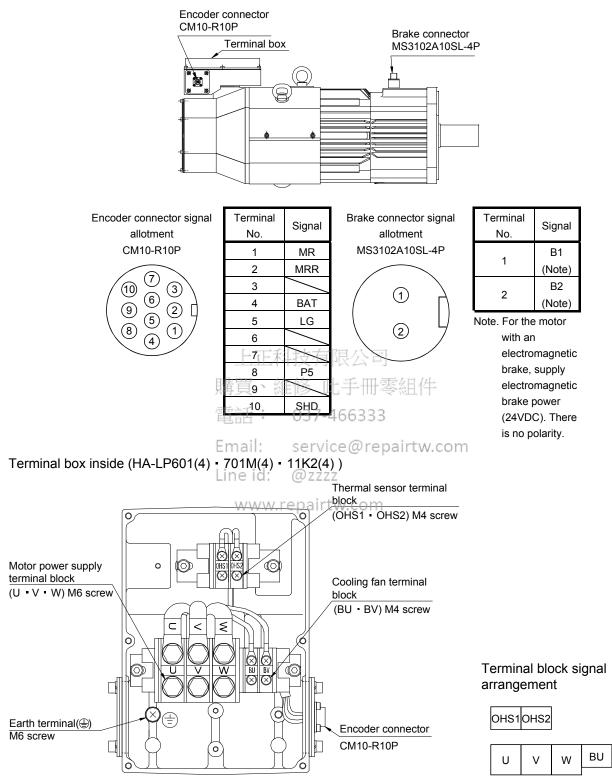
- Note 1. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals B1 and B2.
 - 2. Cooling fan power supply of the HA-LP601, the HA-LP701M and the HA-LP11K2 servo motor is 1-phase. Power supply specification of the cooling fan is different from that of the servo amplifier. Therefore, separate power supply is required.
 - 3. Configure the power supply circuit which turns off the magnetic contactor after detection of servo motor thermal.

2) 400V class

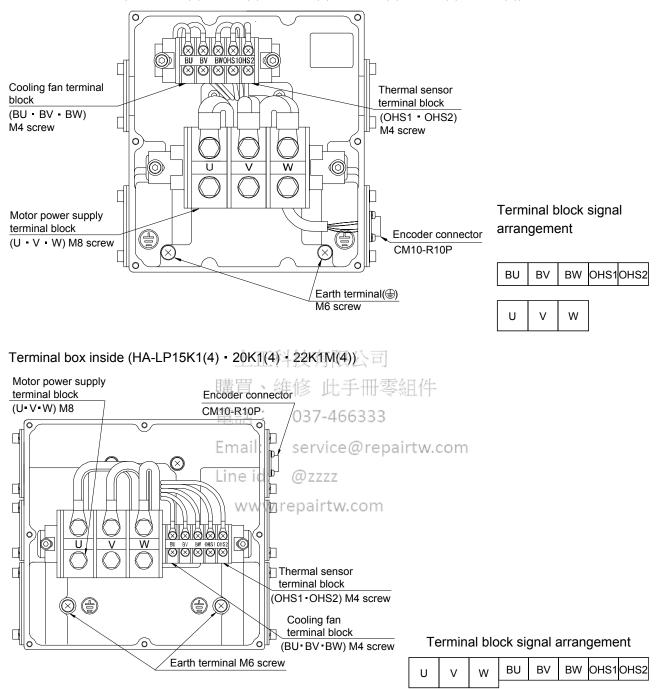


- Note 1. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals B1 and B2.
 - 2. There is no BW when the power supply of the cooling fan is a 1-phase.
 - 3. Configure the power supply circuit which turns off the magnetic contactor after detection of servo motor thermal.
 - 4. For the cooling fan power supply, refer to (3) (b) of this section.

(b) Servo motor terminals

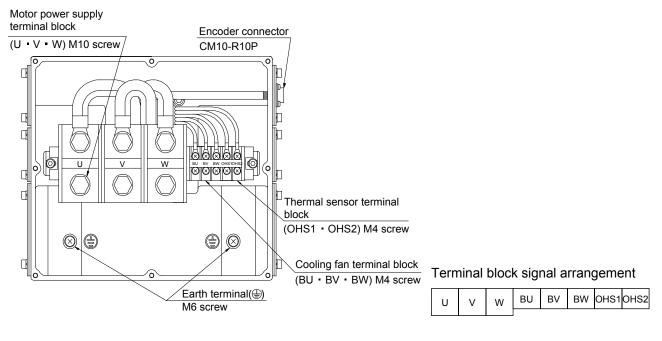


ΒV



Terminal box inside (HA-LP801(4) • 12K1(4) • 11K1M(4) • 15K1M(4) • 15K2(4) • 22K2(4))

Terminal box inside (HA-LP25K1)



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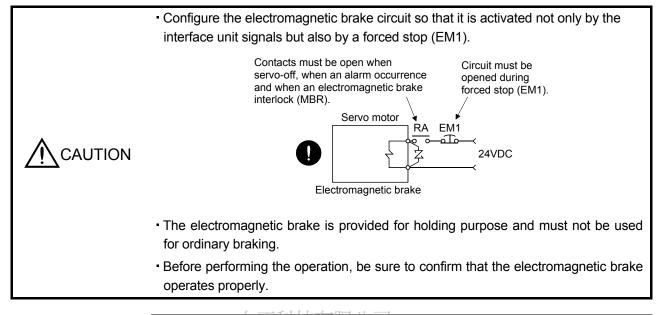
- 購買、維修 此手冊零組件
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- Line id: @zzzz
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Signal name	Abbreviation	Description			
Power supply	U·V·W	Connect to the motor output terminals (U, V, W) of the servo amplifier. During power-on, do not open or close the motor power line. Otherwise, a malfunction or faulty may occur. Supply power which satisfies the following specifications.			
		Voltage Voltage/ Power Rated division frequency [W] [A]			
	(Note) BU • BV • BW	HA-LP601, 701M, 200V 3-phase 200 to 220VAC 42(50Hz) 0.21(50Hz) 11K2 class 50Hz 54(60Hz) 0.25(60Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230VAC 60Hz			
		HA-LP801, 12K1, 3-phase 200 to 230VAC 62(50Hz) 0.18(50Hz) 11K1M, 15K1M, 50Hz/60Hz 76(60Hz) 0.17(60Hz) 15K2, 22K2 2 2 2 2			
Cooling fan		HA-LP15K1, 20K1, 65(50Hz) 0.20(50Hz) 22K1M 85(60Hz) 0.22(60Hz) HA-LP25K1 120(50Hz) 0.65(50Hz)			
		Image: Ha-LP6014, 701M4, 400V 1-phase 200 to 220VAC 42(50Hz) 0.21(50Hz)			
		11K24 class 50Hz 54(60hz) 0.25(60Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230VAC 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000			
		60Hz 60Hz HA-LP8014, 12K14, 3-phase 380 to 440VAC 62(50Hz) 0.14(50Hz) 11K1M4, 15K1M4, 50Hz 76(60Hz) 0.11(60Hz) 15K24, 22K24 3-phase 380 to 480VAC 0.11(60Hz)			
		15K24, 22K24 3-phase 380 to 480VAC 15 1 : 037-466333 60Hz 60Hz HA-LP15K14, 3-phase 380 to 460VAC 65(50Hz) 0.12(50Hz)			
		20k14,22k1M4erv ce@repairtw.com 50Hz 85(60Hz) 0.14(60Hz) HA-LP25K14 3-phase 380 to 480VAC 110(50Hz) 0.20(50Hz) IDE IDE IDE 202(50Hz) 0.20(50Hz) 0.20(50Hz)			
		www.repairtw.com			
Motor thermal relay	OHS1 · OHS2	OHS1—OHS2 are opened when heat is generated to an abnormal temperature. Maximum rating: 125V AC/DC, 3A or 250V AC/DC, 2A Minimum rating: 6V AC/DC, 0.15A			
Earth terminal	Ð	For grounding, connect to the earth of the control box via the earth terminal of the serve amplifier.			

Note. There is no BW when the power supply of the cooling fan is a 1-phase.

3.11 Servo motor with an electromagnetic brake

3.11.1 Safety precautions



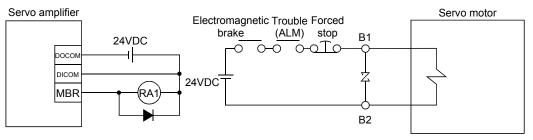
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- Refer to the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2) for specifications such as the power supply capacity and operation delay time of the electromagnetic brake.
 - Email: service@repairtw.com

Note the following when the servo motor with an electromagnetic brake is used.

- Line id: @zzzz
 Do not share the 24VDC interface power supply between the interface and electromagnetic brake. Always use the power supply designed exclusively for the electromagnetic brake.
- 2) The brake will operate when the power (24VDC) switches off.
- 3) Switch off the servo-on command after the servo motor has stopped.

(1) Connection diagram



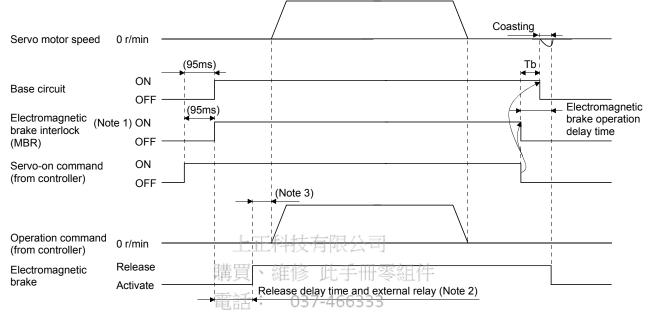
(2) Setting

In parameter No.PC02 (electromagnetic brake sequence output), set the time delay (Tb) from electromagnetic brake operation to base circuit shut-off at a servo off time as in the timing chart in section 3.11.2.

3.11.2 Timing charts

(1) Servo-on command (from controller) ON/OFF

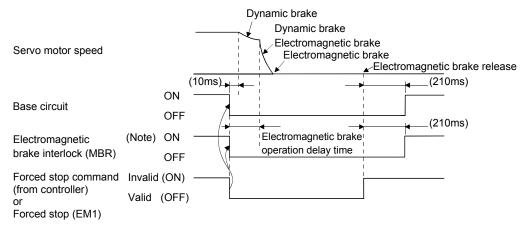
Tb [ms] after the servo-on is switched off, the servo lock is released and the servo motor coasts. If the electromagnetic brake is made valid in the servo lock status, the brake life may be shorter. Therefore, when using the electromagnetic brake in a vertical lift application or the like, set delay time (Tb) to about the same as the electromagnetic brake operation delay time to prevent a drop.



Note 1. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated. service@repairtw.com OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated.

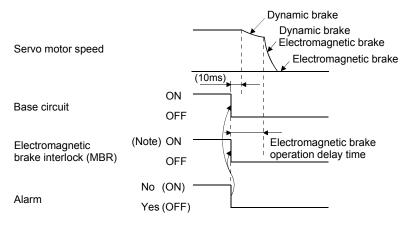
- 2. Electromagnetic brake is released after delaying for the release delay time of electromagnetic brake and operation time of external circuit relay. For the release delay time of electromagnetic brake, refer to the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2).
- 3. Give the operation command from the controller after the electromagnetic brake is released.

(2) Forced stop command (from controller) or forced stop (EM1) ON/OFF



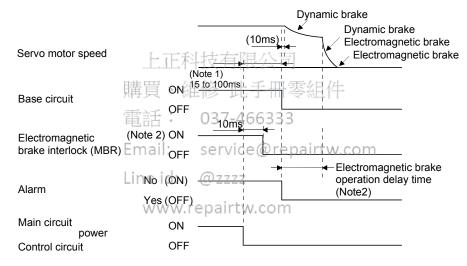
Note. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated. OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated.

(3) Alarm occurrence



Note. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated. OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated.

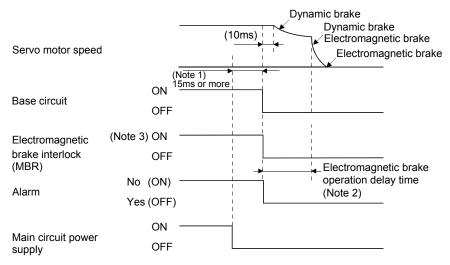
(4) Both main and control circuit power supplies off



Note 1. Changes with the operating status.

 ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated. OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated.

(5) Only main circuit power supply off (control circuit power supply remains on)



Note 1. Changes with the operating status.

- 2. When the main circuit power supply is off in a motor stop status, the main circuit off warning (E9) occurs and the alarm (ALM) does not turn off.
- 3. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated.
 - OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated.

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3.11.3 Wiring diagrams (HF-MP series • HF-KP series servo motor)

POINT • For HF-SP series • HC-RP series • HC-UP series • HC-LP series servo motors, refer to section 3.10.2 (2).

(1) When cable length is 10m or less

24VDC power	10m or less	
supply for electromagnetic brake	Electromagnetic Trouble Forced stop brake (MBR) (ALM) (EM1) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	MR-BKS1CBLDM-A1-L MR-BKS1CBLDM-A2-L MR-BKS1CBLDM-A1-H MR-BKS1CBLDM-A2-H (Note2) AWG20 B1 AWG20 B2 B2

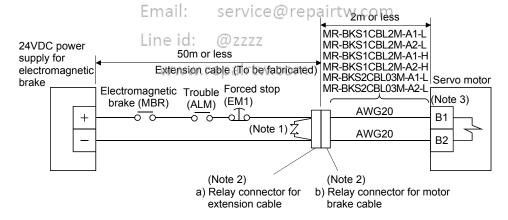
Note 1. Connect a surge absorber as close to the servo motor as possible. 2. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals (B1 and B2).

When fabricating the motor brake cable MR-BKS1CBL-DM-H, refer to section 11.1.4.

(2) When cable length exceeds 10m

When the cable length exceeds 10m, fabricate an extension cable as shown below on the customer side. In this case, the motor brake cable should be within 2m long 33 Refer to section 11.8 for the wire used for the extension cable.

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Note 1. Connect a surge absorber as close to the servo motor as possible.

2. Use of the following connectors is recommended when ingress protection (IP65) is necessary.

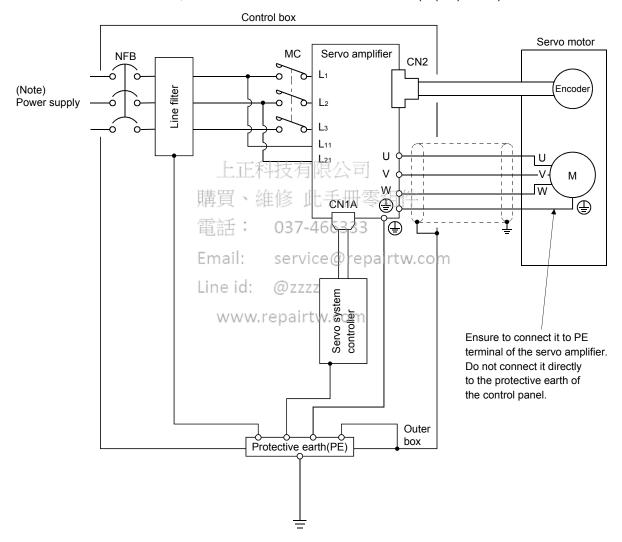
Relay connector	Description	Protective structure
a) Relay connector for extension cable	CM10-CR2P-* (DDK) ^T Wire size: S, M, L	IP65
b) Relay connector for motor brake cable	CM10-SP2S- * (DDK) ^T Wire size: S, M, L	IP65

3. There is no polarity in electromagnetic brake terminals (B1 and B2).

3.12 Grounding

 Ground the servo amplifier and servo motor securely.
 To prevent an electric shock, always connect the protective earth (PE) terminal (terminal marked) of the servo amplifier with the protective earth (PE) of the control box.

The servo amplifier switches the power transistor on-off to supply power to the servo motor. Depending on the wiring and ground cable routing, the servo amplifier may be affected by the switching noise (due to di/dt and dv/dt) of the transistor. To prevent such a fault, refer to the following diagram and always ground. To conform to the EMC Directive, refer to the EMC Installation Guidelines (IB(NA)67310).



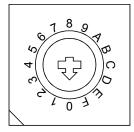
Note. For 1-phase 200V to 230VAC, connect the power supply to $L_1 \cdot L_2$ and leave L_3 open. There is no L_3 for 1-phase 100 to 120VAC power supply. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

3.13 Control axis selection

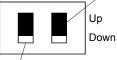
POINT	
 The control 	bl axis number set to rotary axis setting switch (SW1) should be the
same as th	e one set to the servo system controller.

Use the rotary axis setting switch (SW1) to set the control axis number for the servo. If the same numbers are set to different control axes in a single communication system, the system will not operate properly. The control axes may be set independently of the SSCNET III cable connection sequence.

Rotary axis setting switch (SW1)



(Note) SW2 Spare (Be sure to set to the "Down" position.)



Test operation select switch (SW2-1) Set the test operation select switch to the "Up" position, when performing the test operation mode by using MR Configurator.

Note. This table indicates the status when the switch is set to "Down". (Default)

Spare 🕞 📻	Rotary axis setting switch (SW1)	Description	Display
(ماللہ مللہ		Axis No.1	01
購買、約	£修 此手冊零組件	Axis No.2	02
and the state of t	2	Axis No.3	03
電話:	037-466333	Axis No.4	04
Email:	4	Axis No.5	05
EIIIdil.	service@repairtw.com	Axis No.6	06
Down eid:	@ 7.7.7.7 6	Axis No.7	07
	7	Axis No.8	08
(Be sure to set to the "Down" position.)	epairtw.com	Axis No.9	09
Down position.)	9	Axis No.10	10
	А	Axis No.11	11
	В	Axis No.12	12
	С	Axis No.13	13
	D	Axis No.14	14
	E	Axis No.15	15
	F	Axis No.16	16

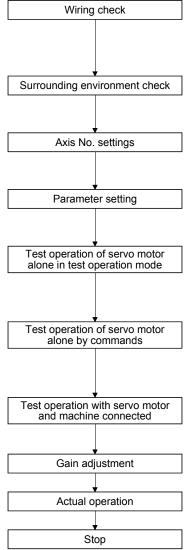
4. STARTUP

	 Do not operate the switches with wet hands. You may get an electric shock. 		
	 Before starting operation, check the parameters. Some machines may perform unexpected operation. 		
	 Take safety measures, e.g. provide covers, to prevent accidental contact of hands and parts (cables, etc.) with the servo amplifier heat sink, regenerative resistor, servo motor, etc. since they may be hot while power is on or for some time after power-off. Their temperatures may be high and you may get burnt or a parts may damaged. 		
	 During operation, never touch the rotating parts of the servo motor. Doing so can cause injury. 		

4.1 Switching power on for the first time

When switching power on for the first time, follow this section to make a startup.

4.1.1 Startup procedure



Check whether the servo amplifier and servo motor are wired correctly using visual inspection, DO forced output function (section 4.5.1), etc. (Refer to section 4.1.2.)

Check the surrounding environment of the servo amplifier and servo motor. (Refer to section 41.3;) e@repairtw.com

Confirm that the axis No. settings for rotary axis setting switch (SW1) and servo system controller are consistent. (Refer to section 3.12)

Set the parameters as necessary, such as the used control mode and regenerative option selection. (Refer to chapter 5)

For the test operation, with the servo motor disconnected from the machine and operated at the speed as low as possible, check whether the servo motor rotates correctly. (Refer to sections 4.5)

For the test operation with the servo motor disconnected from the machine and operated at the speed as low as possible, give commands to the servo amplifier and check whether the servo motor rotates correctly.

Connect the servo motor with the machine, give operation commands from the host command device, and check machine motions.

Make gain adjustment to optimize the machine motions. (Refer to chapter 6.)

Stop giving commands and stop operation.

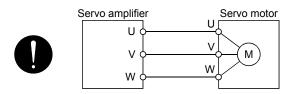
4. STARTUP

4.1.2 Wiring check

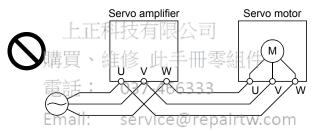
(1) Power supply system wiring

Before switching on the main circuit and control circuit power supplies, check the following items.

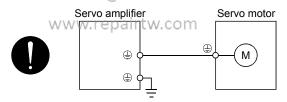
- (a) Power supply system wiring The power supplied to the power input terminals (L1, L2, L3, L11, L21) of the servo amplifier should satisfy the defined specifications. (Refer to section 1.3.)
- (b) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor
 - 1) The servo motor power supply terminals (U, V, W) of the servo amplifier match in phase with the power input terminals (U, V, W) of the servo motor.



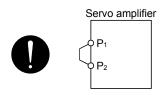
2) The power supplied to the servo amplifier should not be connected to the servo motor power supply terminals (U, V, W). To do so will fail the connected servo amplifier and servo motor.



3) The earth terminal of the serve motor is connected to the PE terminal of the serve amplifier.



4) P1-P2 (For 11kW or more, P1-P) should be connected.

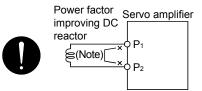


- (c) When option and auxiliary equipment are used
 - 1) When regenerative option is used under 3.5kW for 200V class and 2kW for 400V class
 - The lead between P terminal and D terminal of CNP2 connector should not be connected.
 - The generative brake option should be connected to P terminal and C terminal.
 - A twisted cable should be used. (Refer to section 11.2)

- 2) When regenerative option is used over 5kW for 200V class and 3.5kW for 400V class
- The lead of built-in regenerative resistor connected to P terminal and C terminal of TE1 terminal block should not be connected.
- The generative brake option should be connected to P terminal and C terminal.
- A twisted cable should be used when wiring is over 5m and under 10m. (Refer to section 11.2)

3) When brake unit and power regenerative converter are used over 5kW

- The lead of built-in regenerative resistor connected to P terminal and C terminal of TE1 terminal block should not be connected.
- Brake unit, power regenerative converter or power regeneration converter should be connected to P terminal and N terminal. (Refer to section 11.3 to 11.5)
- 4) The power factor improving DC reactor should be connected P1 and P2 (For 11k to 22kW, P1 and P). (Refer to section 11.13.)



Note, Always disconnect P1 and P2. (For 11k to 22kW P1 and P) 角回

(2) I/O signal wiring

- 此手冊零組件 (a) The I/O signals should be connected correctly. Use DO forced output to forcibly turn on/off the pins of the CN3 connector. This function can be used to perform a wiring check. In this case, switch on the control circuit power supply only.
- (b) 24VDC or higher voltage is not applied to the pins of connectors CN3.
- (c) SD and DOCOM of connector CN3 is not shorted.



4.1.3 Surrounding environment

- (1) Cable routing
 - (a) The wiring cables are free from excessive force.
 - (b) The encoder cable should not be used in excess of its flex life. (Refer to section 10.4.)
 - (c) The connector part of the servo motor should not be strained.
- (2) Environment

Signal cables and power cables are not shorted by wire offcuts, metallic dust or the like.

4. STARTUP

4.2 Start up

Connect the servo motor with a machine after confirming that the servo motor operates properly alone.

(1) Power on

When the main and control circuit power supplies are switched on, "b01" (for the first axis) appears on the servo amplifier display.

In the absolute position detection system, first power-on results in the absolute position lost (25) alarm and the servo system cannot be switched on.

The alarm can be deactivated by then switching power off once and on again.

Also in the absolute position detection system, if power is switched on at the servo motor speed of 500r/min or higher, position mismatch may occur due to external force or the like. Power must therefore be switched on when the servo motor is at a stop.

(2) Parameter setting

Set the parameters according to the structure and specifications of the machine. Refer to chapter 5 for the parameter definitions.

Parameter No.	Name	Setting	Description
PA14	Rotation direction setting	0	Increase in positioning address rotates the motor in the CCW direction.
PA08	Auto tuning mode 上正科技	有眼山司	Used.
PA09	Auto tuning response	12 mm	Slow response (initial value) is selected.

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After setting the above parameters, switch power off4once. Then switch power on again to make the set parameter values valid.

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(3) Servo-on

Switch the servo-on in the following procedure

- 1) Switch on main circuit/control circuit/powersupply.com
- 2) The controller transmits the servo-on command.

When placed in the servo-on status, the servo amplifier is ready to operate and the servo motor is locked.

(4) Home position return

Always perform home position return before starting positioning operation.

(5) Stop

If any of the following situations occurs, the servo amplifier suspends the running of the servo motor and brings it to a stop.

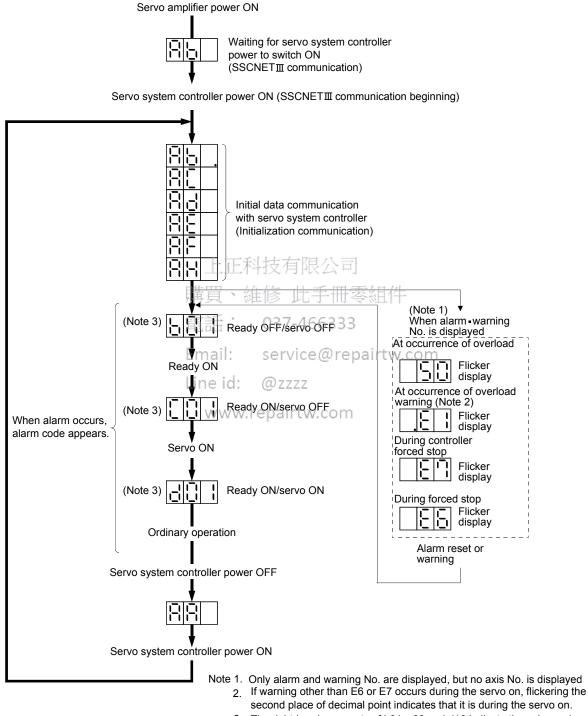
When the servo motor is with an electromagnetic brake, refer to section 3.11.

	Operation/command	Stopping condition
	Servo off command	The base circuit is shut off and the servo motor coasts.
Servo system controller	Forced stop command	The base circuit is shut off and the dynamic brake operates to bring the servo motor to stop. The controller forced stop warning (E7) occurs.
Servo amplifier	Alarm occurrence	The base circuit is shut off and the dynamic brake operates to bring the servo motor to stop.
	Forced stop (EM1) OFF	The base circuit is shut off and the dynamic brake operates to bring the servo motor to stop. The servo forced stop warning (E6) occurs.

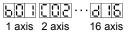
4.3 Servo amplifier display

On the servo amplifier display (three-digit, seven-segment display), check the status of communication with the servo system controller at power-on, check the axis number, and diagnose a fault at occurrence of an alarm.

(1) Display sequence



3. The right-hand segments of b01, c02 and d16 indicate the axis number. (Below example indicates Axis1)



(2) Indication list

Indication	Status	Description
Ab	Initializing	 Power of the servo amplifier was switched on at the condition that the power of servo system controller is OFF. The axis No. set to the servo system controller does not match the axis No. set with the rotary axis setting switch (SW1) of the servo amplifier. A servo amplifier fault occurred or an error took place in communication with the servo system controller. In this case, the indication changes. "Ab " → "AC " → "Ad " → "Ab " The servo system controller is faulty.
Ab.	Initializing	During initial setting for communication specifications
AC	Initializing	Initial setting for communication specifications completed, and then it synchronized with servo system controller.
Ad	Initializing	During initial parameter setting communication with servo system controller
AE	Initializing	During motor • encoder information and telecommunication with servo system controller
AF	Initializing	During initial signal data communication with servo system controller
AH	Initializing completion	During the completion process for initial data communication with servo system controller
AA	Initializing standby	The power supply of servo system controller is turned off during the power supply of servo amplifier is on.
(Note 1) b # #	Ready OFF	The ready off signal from the servo system controller was received.
(Note 1) d # #	Servo ON	The ready off signal from the servo system controller was received.
(Note 1) C # #	Servo OFF	The ready off signal from the servo system controller was received.
(Note 2) **	Alarm · Warning	The alarm No.7warning No. that occurred is displayed. (Refer to section 9.1.)
888	CPU Error Emai	CPU watchdog error has occurred
(Note 3) b 0 0. (Note 1) b # #. d # #. C # #.	(Note 3) Test operation mode	JOG operation, positioning operation, programmed operation, DO forced output.

Note 1. ## denotes any of numerals 00 to 16 and what it means is listed below.

#	Description
0	Set to the test operation mode.
1	First axis
2	Second axis
3	Third axis
4	Fourth axis
5	Fifth axis
6	Sixth axis
7	Seventh axis
8	Eighth axis
9	Ninth axis
10	Tenth axis
11	Eleventh axis
12	Twelfth axis
13	Thirteenth axis
14	Fourteenth axis
15	Fifteenth axis
16	Sixteenth axis

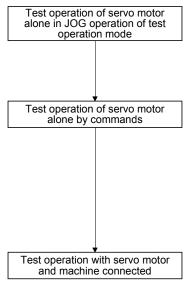
2. ** indicates the warning/alarm No.

3. Requires the MR Configurator.

4.4 Test operation

Before starting actual operation, perform test operation to make sure that the machine operates normally. Refer to section 4.2 for the power on and off methods of the servo amplifier.

POINT
 If necessary, verify controller program by using motorless operation.
 Refer to section 4.5.2 for the motorless operation.



In this step, confirm that the servo amplifier and servo motor operate normally. With the servo motor disconnected from the machine, use the test operation mode and check whether the servo motor rotates correctly. Refer to section 4.5 for the test operation mode.

In this step, confirm that the servo motor rotates correctly under the commands from the controller.

Make sure that the servo motor rotates in the following procedure.

Give a low speed command at first and check the rotation direction, etc. of the servo motor.

If the servo motor does not operate in the intended direction, check the input signal.

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In this step, connect the servo motor with the machine and confirm that the machine operates normally under the commands from the command device.

Make sure that the servo motor rotates in the following procedure.

Give a low speed command at first and check the operation direction, etc. of the machine. If the machine does not operate in the intended direction, check the input signal. In the status display, check for any problems of the servo motor speed, command pulse frequency, load ratio, etc.

Then, check automatic operation with the program of the command device.

4.5 Test operation mode

 The test operation mode is designed for servo operation confirmation and not for machine operation confirmation. Do not use this mode with the machine. Always use the servo motor alone. If an operation fault occurred, use the forced stop (EM1) to make a stop.
--

POINT

The content described in this section indicates the environment that servo amplifier and personal computer are directly connected.

By using a personal computer and the MR Configurator, you can execute jog operation, positioning operation, DO forced output program operation without connecting the servo system controller.

- 4.5.1 Test operation mode in MR Configurator
- (1) Test operation mode
 - (a) Jog operation

Jog operation can be performed without using the servo system controller. Use this operation with the forced stop reset. This operation may be used independently of whether the servo is on or off and whether the servo system controller is connected or not.

007 400000

Exercise control on the jog operation screen of the MR Configurator.

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1) Operation pattern

		U3/-4	466333	
	Item		Initial value	Setting range
Speed [r/min]	Email:	servi	ce@2000pairt	W. Otd max. speed
Acceleration/deceleration time constant [ms]		1000	0 to 50000	
	Line id:	@ZZZ	Z	

2) Operation method

Operation method	www.repairtw.com	
Operation	Screen control	
Forward rotation start	Click the "Forward" button.	
Reverse rotation start	Click the "Reverse" button.	
Stop	Click the "Stop" button.	

(b) Positioning operation

Positioning operation can be performed without using the servo system controller. Use this operation with the forced stop reset. This operation may be used independently of whether the servo is on or off and whether the servo system controller is connected or not.

Exercise control on the positioning operation screen of the MR Configurator.

1) Operation pattern

Item	Initial value	Setting range
Travel [pulse]	4000	0 to 99999999
Speed [r/min]	200	0 to max. speed
Acceleration/deceleration time constant [ms]	1000	0 to 50000

2) Operation method

Operation	Screen control
Forward rotation start	Click the "Forward" button.
Reverse rotation start	Click the "Reverse" button.
Pause	Click the "Pause" button.

(c) Program operation

Positioning operation can be performed in two or more operation patterns combined, without using the servo system controller. Use this operation with the forced stop reset. This operation may be used independently of whether the servo is on or off and whether the servo system controller is connected or not.

Exercise control on the programmed operation screen of the MR Configurator. For full information, refer to the MR Configurator Installation Guide.

Operation	Screen control
Start	Click the "Start" button.
Stop	Click the "Reset" button.

(d) Output signal (DO) forced output

Output signals can be switched on/off forcibly independently of the servo status. Use this function for output signal wiring check, etc.

Exercise control on the DO forced output screen of the MR Configurator.

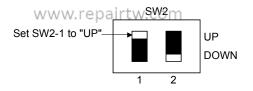
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(2) Operation procedure

(a) Jog operation, positioning operation, program operation, DO forced output.

- 1) Switch power off. Email: service@repairtw.com
- 2) Set SW2-1 to "UP".

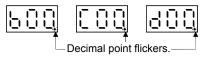
Line id: @zzzz



When SW1 and SW2-1 is set to the axis number and operation is performed by the servo system controller, the test operation mode screen is displayed on the personal computer, but no function is performed.

3) Switch servo amplifier power on.

When initialization is over, the display shows the following screen.



4) Perform operation with the personal computer.

4.5.2 Motorless operation in controller

 Use motor-less operation which is available by making the servo system controller parameter setting.

- Motorless operation is done while connected with the servo system controller.

(1) Motorless operation

Without connecting the servo motor, output signals or status displays can be provided in response to the servo system controller commands as if the servo motor is actually running. This operation may be used to check the servo system controller sequence. Use this operation with the forced stop reset. Use this operation with the servo amplifier connected to the servo system controller.

For stopping the motorless operation, set the selection of motorless operation to [Invalid] in servo parameter setting of servo system controller. Motorless operation will be invalid condition after switching on power supply next time.

(a) Load conditions

Load item	Condition	
Load torque	0	
Load inertia moment ratio	Same as servo motor inertia moment	
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(b) Alarms

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The following alarms and warning do not occur. However, the other alarms and warnings occur as when the servo motor is connected. 037-466333

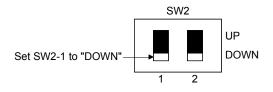
- Converter error (1B) (Note 1) Encoder error 1 (16) Email:
- Encoder error 2 (20)
- service@repairtw.com Converter warning (9C) (Note 1)
- Absolute position erasure (25)
 - Main circuit off warning (E9) (Note 2) @zzzz
- Battery cable disconnection warning (92)
- www.repairtw.com Battery warning (9F)

Note 1. Alarm and warning for the drive units of 30kW or more. For details, refer to section 13.6.2.

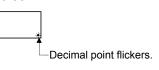
2. Main circuit off warning (E9) does not occur only when the forced stop of the converter unit is enabled as the cause of occurrence with the drive unit of 30kW or more. Main circuit of warning, otherwise, occurs when the cause of occurrence with the drive unit of 30kW or more is other than above, or with the servo amplifier of 22 kW or less.

(2) Operating procedure

- 1) Switch off servo amplifier
- 2) Set parameter No.PC05 to "1", change test operation mode switch (SW2-1) to normal condition side "Down", and then turn on the power supply.



- 3) Perform motor-less operation with the personal computer.
 - The display shows the following screen.



5. PARAMETERS

 Never adjust or change the parameter values extremely as it will make operation instable.
POINT

- When the servo amplifier is connected with the servo system controller, the parameters are set to the values of the servo system controller. Switching power off, then on makes the values set on the MR Configurator (servo configuration software) invalid and the servo system controller values valid.
- Setting may not be made to some parameters and ranges depending on the model or version of the servo system controller. For details, refer to the servo system controller user's manual.

In this servo amplifier, the parameters are classified into the following groups on a function basis.

Parameter group	Main description
Basic setting parameters	Make basic setting with these parameters. Generally, the operation is possible only with these
(No.PA □ □)	parameter settings.
Gain/filter parameters	Use these parameters when making gain adjustment manually.
(No.PB □ □)	
Extension setting parameters	When changing settings such as analog monitor output signal or encoder electromagnetic brake
(No.PC □ □)	sequence output, use these parameters
I/O setting parameters	Use these parameters when changing the I/O signals of the servo amplifier.
(No.PD □ □)	露迁: 037-466333

Mainly setting the basic setting parameters (No.PA III) allows the setting of the basic parameters at the time of introduction.

Line id: @zzzz

5.1 Basic setting parameters (No.PADD)

POINT

- Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.
 - * : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.
 - **: Set the parameter value, switch power off once, and then switch it on again.

• Never change parameters for manufacturer setting.

5.1.1 Parameter list

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit		
PA01		For manufacturer setting	0000h			
PA02	**REG	Regenerative option	0000h			
PA03	*ABS	Absolute position detection system 0000h				
PA04	*AOP1	Function selection A-1	0000h			
PA05	\setminus	For manufacturer setting	0			
PA06			1			
PA07			1			
PA08	ATU	Auto tuning mode	0001h			
PA09	RSP	Auto tuning response	12			
PA10	INP	In-position range	100	pulse		
PA11	\setminus	For manufacturer setting	1000.0	%		
PA12			1000.0	%		
PA13			0000h			
PA14	*POL	Rotation direction selection	0			
PA15	*ENR	Encoder output pulses	4000	pulse/rev		
PA16		For manufacturer setting	0			
PA17	\square		0000h			
PA18			0000h			
PA19	*BLK	Parameter write inhibit	000Bh	\backslash		

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- Email: service@repairtw.com
- Line id: @zzzz

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5.1.2 Parameter write inhibit

		Parameter	Initial value	1.1	Catting parage
No.	Symbol	Name	miliar value	Unit	Setting range
PA19	*BLK	*BLK Parameter write inhibit			Refer to the text.

POINT

 When setting the parameter values from the servo system controller, the parameter No.PA19 setting need not be changed.

• This parameter is made valid when power is switched off, then on after setting, or when the controller reset has been performed.

In the factory setting, this servo amplifier allows changes to the basic setting parameter, gain/filter parameter and extension setting parameter settings. With the setting of parameter No.PA19, write can be disabled to prevent accidental changes.

The following table indicates the parameters which are enabled for reference and write by the setting of parameter No.PA19. Operation can be performed for the parameters marked \bigcirc .

Parameter No.PA19 setting	Setting operation	Basic setting parameters	Gain/filter parameters ∕Nq.PB □ □	Extension setting parameters No.PC □ □	I/O setting parameters No.PD □ □
00001	Reference				
0000h	Write	・ 維修 止=	白冊零組件		
000Bh	Reference	0	0	0	
(initial value)	Write	i 637-46	6333 _O	0	
000Ch	Reference	0	0	0	0
000Ch	Write	n. şervice	wrepantw.co	0	0
	Reference	id: @7777			
100Bh	Write	Parameter	com		
	Reference	Ö	0	0	0
100Ch	Write	Parameter No.PA19 only			

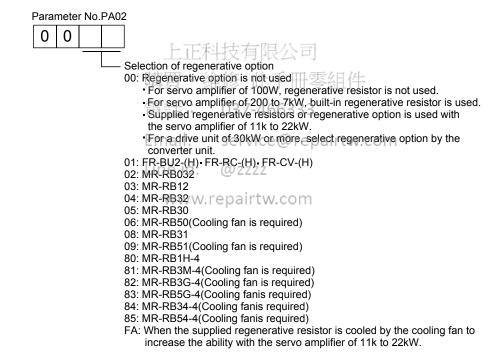
5.1.3 Selection of regenerative option

		Parameter	Initial value	1.1	
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PA02	**REG	Regenerative option	0000h		Refer to the text.

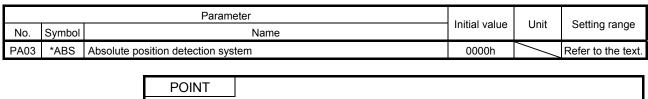
POINT

- This parameter value and switch power off once, then switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.
- Wrong setting may cause the regenerative option to burn.
- If the regenerative option selected is not for use with the servo amplifier, parameter error (37) occurs.
- For a drive unit of 30kW or more, always set the parameter to "□□00" since selecting regenerative option is carried out by the converter unit.

Set this parameter when using the regenerative option, brake unit, power regeneration converter, or power regeneration common converter.



5.1.4 Using absolute position detection system



 This parameter is made valid when power is switched off, then on after setting, or when the controller reset has been performed.

• This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode.

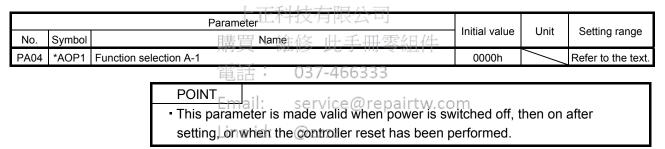
Set this parameter when using the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.



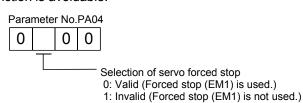
Selection of absolute position detection system (refer to chapter 12)
 0: Used in incremental system

1: Used in absolute position detection system

5.1.5 Forced stop input selection



The servo forced stop function is avoidable.



When not using the forced stop (EM1) of servo amplifier, set the selection of servo forced stop to Invalid ($\Box 1 \Box$ \Box). At this time, the forced stop (EM1) automatically turns on inside the servo amplifier.

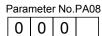
5.1.6 Auto tuning

		Parameter	Initial value	l lucit	
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PA08	ATU	Auto tuning mode	0001h		Refer to the text.
PA09	RSP	Auto tuning response	12	/	1 to 32

Make gain adjustment using auto tuning. Refer to section 6.2 for details.

(1) Auto tuning mode (parameter No.PA08)

Select the gain adjustment mode.



- Gain adjustment mode setting

Setting	Gain adjustment mode	Automatically set parameter No. (Note)
0	Interpolation mode	PB06 • PB08 • PB09 • PB10
1	Auto tuning mode 1	PB06 • PB07 • PB08 • PB09 • PB10
2	Auto tuning mode 2	PB07 • PB08 • PB09 • PB10
3	Manual mode	

Note. The parameters have the following names.

仲毛冊雯組件 **腊**晋、维修

Name
Ratio of load inertia moment to serve motor inertia moment
Model loop gain
Position loop gain service@repairtw.con
Speed loop gain id.
Speed integral compensation

www.repairtw.com

(2) Auto tuning response (parameter No.PA09)

If the machine hunts or generates large gear sound, decrease the set value. To improve performance, e.g. shorten the settling time, increase the set value.

Setting	Response	Guideline for machine resonance frequency [Hz]	Setting	Response	Guideline for machine resonance frequency [Hz]
1	Low response	10.0	17	Low response	67.1
2	↑	11.3	18	↑	75.6
3		12.7	19		85.2
4		14.3	20		95.9
5		16.1	21		108.0
6		18.1	22		121.7
7		20.4	23		137.1
8		23.0	24		154.4
9		25.9	25		173.9
10		29.2	26		195.9
11		32.9	27		220.6
12		37.0	28		248.5
13		41.7	29		279.9
14		47.0	30		315.3
15] ↓	52.9	31] ↓ [355.1
16	Middle response	59.6	32	Middle response	400.0

5.1.7 In-position range

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	Parameter : 037-466333				Initial value	Linit	Cotting range
No.	Symbol	Name			miliar value	Unit	Setting range
PA10	INP	In-position range	Email:	service@repairtv	N.CO100	pulse	0 to 65535

POINT • This parameter/cannot:betused@nthe speed control mode.

Set the range, where in position (INP) is output, in the command pulse unit.

Command pulse Droop pulse		Command pulse
In position (IND)	ON	
In position (INP)	OFF —	

5.1.8 Selection of servo motor rotation direction

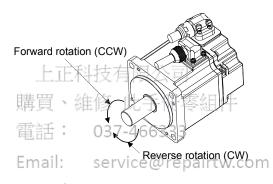
No. Symbol Name Initial v	alue Unit	
No. Symbol		Setting range
PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection 0		0•1

POINT

 This parameter is made valid when power is switched off, then on after setting, or when the controller reset has been performed.

Select servo motor rotation direction relative.

Parameter No.PA14	Servo motor rotation direction				
setting	When positioning address	When positioning address			
setting	increases	decreases			
0	CCW	CW			
1	CW	CCW			



5.1.9 Encoder output pulse

Line id: @zzzz

		Parameter/WW.repairtw.com	Initial value	Linit	Cotting range
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PA15	*ENR	Encoder output pulse	4000	pulse/rev	1 to 65535

POINT					
 This parameter is made valid when power is switched off, then on after 					
setting, or v	when the controller reset has been performed.				

Used to set the encoder pulses (A-phase, B-phase) output by the servo amplifier.

Set the value 4 times greater than the A-phase or B-phase pulses.

You can use parameter No.PC03 to choose the output pulse setting or output division ratio setting. The number of A/B-phase pulses actually output is 1/4 times greater than the preset number of pulses. The maximum output frequency is 4.6Mpps (after multiplication by 4). Use this parameter within this range.

(1) For output pulse designation

Set " □ □ 0 □ " (initial value) in parameter No.PC03. Set the number of pulses per servo motor revolution. Output pulse = set value [pulses/rev] For instance, set "5600" to Parameter No.PA15, the actually output A/B-phase pulses are as indicated below.

A·B-phase output pulses = $\frac{5600}{4}$ = 1400[pulse]

(2) For output division ratio setting

Set " \Box \Box 1 \Box " in parameter No.PC03.

The number of pulses per servo motor revolution is divided by the set value.

Output pulse = Resolution per servo motor revolution [pulses/rev]

For instance, set "8" to Parameter No.PA15, the actually output A/B-phase pulses are as indicated below.

A·B-phase output pulses = $\frac{262144}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$ = 8192[pulse] 上正科技有限公司 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 電話: 037-466333 Email: service@repairtw.com Line id: @zzzz www.repairtw.com

5.2 Gain/filter parameters (No.PB

POINT

 Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.

* : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.

5.2.1 Parameter list

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit
PB01	FILT	Adaptive tuning mode (Adaptive filter II)	0000h	
	VDET	Vibration suppression control tuning mode	00001	
PB02	VRFT	(advanced vibration suppression control)	0000h	
PB03		For manufacturer setting	0	
PB04	FFC	Feed forward gain	0	%
PB05		For manufacturer setting	500	
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	7.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain	24	rad/s
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain	37	rad/s
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain 上止科技有限公司	823	rad/s
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation 一、维修此手册委组件	33.7	ms
PB11	VDC	Speed differential compensation	980	
PB12		For manufacturer setting 雷話: 037-466333	0	
PB13	NH1	Machine resonance suppression filter 1	4500	Hz
PB14	NHQ1	Notch shape selection 1 Email: service@repairtw.com	0000h	
PB15	NH2	Machine resonance suppression filter 2	4500	Hz
PB16	NHQ2	Notch shape selection 2 LINE Id: @ZZZZ	0000h	
PB17	/	Automatic setting parameter <u>www.repairtw.com</u>		\square
PB18	LPF	Low-pass filter setting	3141	rad/s
PB19	VRF1	Vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting	100.0	Hz
PB20	VRF2	Vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting	100.0	Hz
PB21	\searrow	For manufacturer setting	0.00	\square
PB22			0.00]
PB23	VFBF	Low-pass filter selection	0000h	
PB24	*MVS	Slight vibration suppression control selection	0000h	
PB25		For manufacturer setting	0000h	
PB26	*CDP	Gain changing selection	0000h	
PB27	CDL	Gain changing condition	10	
PB28	CDT	Gain changing time constant	1	ms
PB29	GD2B	Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	7.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB30	PG2B	Gain changing position loop gain	37	rad/s
PB31	VG2B	Gain changing speed loop gain	823	rad/s
PB32	VICB	Gain changing speed integral compensation	33.7	ms
PB33	VRF1B	Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting	100.0	Hz
PB34	VRF2B	Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting	100.0	Hz
PB35	\setminus	For manufacturer setting	0.00	Ν
PB36	\backslash	-	0.00	1\
PB37			100	1 \
PB38			0.0	1
PB39			0.0	$1 \setminus$

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit
PB40	Ν	For manufacturer setting	0.0	\setminus
PB41			1125	\backslash
PB42			1125	\backslash
PB43			0004h	
PB44			0.0	
PB45			0000h	\setminus

5.2.2 Detail list

No.	Symbol		1	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB01	FILT	Select the tuning mo	de 1) automatically chang	er II) uning. Setting this parameter to " □ □ □ 1" (filter ges the machine resonance suppression filter 1 ape selection (parameter No.PB14).	0000h		
			Response of mechanical system	Machine resonance point Frequency			
			勝買 Taility Taility Email	、維修 此手冊零組件 : ↓037-466333 Notch fréquéncice@Fréquency			
				id: @zzzz WW.repairtw.com Filter tuning mode selection			
		Setting	Filter adjustment mode	Automatically set parameter			
		0	Filter OFF	(Note)			
		1	Filter tuning mode	Parameter No.PB13 Parameter No.PB14			
		2	Manual mode				
		When this done the p setting cha changes to to the made	parameter is set to " oredetermined number or anges to " 0 " 0 . When this particular the par	4 are fixed to the initial values. □□ 1", the tuning is completed after positioning is times for the predetermined period of time, and the n the filter tuning is not necessary, the setting arameter is set to "□□□0", the initial values are set sion filter 1 and notch shape selection. However, this			

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB02	VRFT	Vibration suppression control tuning mode (advanced vibration suppression control) This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. The vibration suppression is valid when the parameter No.PA08 (auto tuning) setting is """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	0000h		
PB03	\searrow	For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0	\searrow	\backslash
PB04	FFC	Feed forward gain This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the feed forward gain. When the setting is 100%, the droop pulses during operation	0	%	0 to 100
		at constant speed are nearly zero. However, sudden acceleration/deceleration will increase the overshoot. As a guideline, when the feed forward gain setting is 100%, set 1s or more as the acceleration/deceleration time constant up to the rated speed.			
PB05	\searrow	For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	500	$\left \right\rangle$	$\left \right\rangle$

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment Used to set the ratio of the load inertia moment to the servo motor shaft inertia moment. When auto tuning mode 1 and interpolation mode is selected, the result of auto tuning is automatically used. (Refer to section 6.1.1) In this case, it varies between 0 and 100.0. When parameter No.PA08 is set to " □ □ □ 2" or " □ □ □ 3", this parameter can be set manually.	7.0	Multiplier (×1)	0 to 300.0
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain Set the response gain up to the target position. Increase the gain to improve track ability in response to the command. When auto turning mode 1,2 is selected, the result of auto turning is automatically used. When parameter No.PA08 is set to " □ □ □ 1" or " □ □ □ 3", this parameter can be set manually.	24	rad/s	1 to 2000
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Used to set the gain of the position loop. Set this parameter to increase the position response to level load disturbance. Higher setting increases the response level but is liable to generate vibration and/or noise. When auto tuning mode 1,2 and interpolation mode is selected, the result of auto tuning is automatically used. When parameter No.PA08 is set to "DDD 3", this parameter can be set manually.	37	rad/s	1 to 1000
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain Set this parameter when vibration occurs on machines of low rigidity or large backlash. Higher setting increases the response level but is liable to generate vibration and/or noise. When auto tuning mode 1 • 2, manual mode and interpolation mode is selected, the result of auto tuning is automatically used. When parameter No.PA08 is set to "	823	rad/s	20 to 50000
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation Used to set the integral time constant of the speed loop. Lower setting increases the response level but is liable to generate vibration and/or noise. When auto tuning mode 1 • 2 and interpolation mode is selected, the result of auto tuning is automatically used. When parameter No.PA08 is set to " □ □ □ 3", this parameter can be set manually.	33.7	ms	0.1 to 1000.0
PB11	VDC	Speed differential compensation Used to set the differential compensation. When parameter No.PB24 is set to " □ □ 3 □ ", this parameter is made valid. When parameter No.PA08 is set to " □ □ 0 □ ", this parameter is made valid by instructions of controller.	980		0 to 1000
PB12		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0	\square	
PB13	NH1	Machine resonance suppression filter 1 Set the notch frequency of the machine resonance suppression filter 1. Setting parameter No.PB01 (filter tuning mode 1) to " □ □ □ 1" automatically changes this parameter. When the parameter No.PB01 setting is " □ □ □ 0", the setting of this parameter is ignored.	4500	Hz	100 to 4500

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB14	NHQ1	Notch shape selection 1 Used to selection the machine resonance suppression filter 1. 0 0 Notch depth selection Setting value Deep 1 to -8dB 3 Shallow Notch width Setting value Width α 0 Standard 2 1 to 2 0 Vide 5	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PB15	NH2	In the machine resonance suppression filter 2 Set the notch frequency of the machine resonance suppression filter 2. Set parameter No.PB16 (notch shape selection 2) to "COD 1" to make this parameter valid.	4500	Hz	100 to 4500
PB16	NHQ2	Notch shape selection 2 Email: service@repairtw.com Select the shape of the machine resonance suppression filter 2. Line id: @zzzz WWW.repairtw.com Machine resonance suppression filter 2 selection 0: Invalid 1: Valid Notch depth selection Setting value Depth Gain 0 Deep -40dB 1 to -14dB 2 to -8dB 3 Shallow -4dB Notch width Setting value Width α 0 Standard 2 1 to 4 3 Wide 5	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PB17		Automatic setting parameter The value of this parameter is set according to a set value of parameter No.PB06 (Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment).			

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB18	LPF	Low-pass filter setting Set the low-pass filter. Setting parameter No.PB23 (low-pass filter selection) to " □ □ 0 □ " automatically changes this parameter. When parameter No.PB23 is set to " □ □ 1 □ ", this parameter can be set manually.	3141	rad/s	100 to 18000
PB19	VRF1	Vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the vibration frequency for vibration suppression control to suppress low-frequency machine vibration, such as enclosure vibration. (Refer to section 7.4.(4)) Setting parameter No.PB02 (vibration suppression control tuning mode) to " □ □ □ 1" automatically changes this parameter. When parameter No.PB02 is set to " □ □ □ 2", this parameter can be set manually.	100.0	Hz	0.1 to 100.0
PB20	VRF2	Vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the resonance frequency for vibration suppression control to suppress low- frequency machine vibration, such as enclosure vibration. (Refer to section 7.4.(4)) Setting parameter No.PB02 (vibration suppression control tuning mode) to " □ □ □ 1" automatically changes this parameter. When parameter No.PB02 is set to " □ □ □ 2", this parameter can be set manually.	100.0	Hz	0.1 to 100.0
PB21		For manufacturer setting	0.00		
PB22		Do not change this value by any means	0.00		
		Select the low-pass filter. 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 00000 電話: 037-466333 Low-pass filter selection service@repairtw.com 0: Automatic setting 1: Manual setting (parameter No.PB18 setting) Line Id: @ZZZZ When automatic setting has been selected, select the filter that has the band width close to the one calculated with <u>WG2 +10</u> [rad/s]			Name and function column.
PB24	*MVS	Slight vibration suppression control selection Select the slight vibration suppression control and PI-PID change. When parameter No.PA08 (auto tuning mode) is set to " □□□ 3", this parameter is made valid. (Slight vibration suppression control cannot be used in the speed control mode.) Slight vibration suppression control selection 0: Invalid 1: Valid PI-PID control switch over selection 0: PI control is valid. (Switching to PID control is possible with instructions of controller.) 3: PID control is always valid.	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PB25		For manufacturer setting	0000h		
	\	· ····································	00000		

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB26	*CDP	Gain changing selection Select the gain changing condition. (Refer to section 7.6.) Gain changing selection Under any of the following conditions, the gains change on the basis of the parameter No.PB29 to PB32 settings. O: Invalid 1: Control instructions from a controller. 2: Command frequency (Parameter No.PB27 setting) 3: Droop pulse value (Parameter No.PB27 setting) 4: Servo motor speed (Parameter No.PB27 setting) Gain changing condition O: Valid at more than condition (For control instructions from a controller, valid with ON) 1: Valid at less than condition (For control instructions from a controller, valid with OFF)	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PB27	CDL	Gain changing condition Used to set the value of gain changing condition (command frequency, droop pulses, servo motor speed) selected in parameter No PB26. The set value unit changes with the changing condition item. (Refer to section 7.6.)	10	kpps pulse r/min	0 to 9999
PB28	CDT	Gain changing time constant Used to set the time constant at which the gains will change in response to the conditions set in parameters No.PB26 and PB27. (Refer to section 7.6.)	1	ms	0 to 100
PB29	GD2B	Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment Used to set the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment when gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the auto tuning is invalid (parameter No.PA08: 3).	7.0	Multiplier (×1)	0 to 300.0
PB30	PG2B	Gain changing position loop gain This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the position loop gain when the gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the auto tuning is invalid (parameter No.PA08: 3).	37	rad/s	1 to 2000
PB31	VG2B	Gain changing speed loop gain Set the speed loop gain when the gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the auto tuning is invalid (parameter No.PA08: 3).	823	rad/s	20 to 20000
PB32	VICB	Gain changing speed integral compensation Set the speed integral compensation when the gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the auto tuning is invalid (parameter No.PA08: 3).	33.7	ms	0.1 to 5000.0
PB33	VRF1B	Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the vibration frequency for vibration suppression control when the gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the parameter No.PB02 setting is " □ □ □ 2" and the parameter No.PB26 setting is " □ □ □ 1". When using the vibration suppression control gain changing, always execute the changing after the servo motor has stopped.	100.0	Hz	0.1 to 100.0

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PB34	VRF2B	Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set the resonance frequency for vibration suppression control when the gain changing is valid. This parameter is made valid when the parameter No.PB02 setting is " □ □ □ 2" and the parameter No.PB26 setting is " □ □ □ 1". When using the vibration suppression control gain changing, always execute the changing after the servo motor has stopped.	100.0	Hz	0.1 to 100.0
PB35 PB36 PB37 PB38 PB39 PB40 PB41 PB42 PB43 PB44 PB45		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0.00 0.00 100 0.0 0.0 1125 1125 0004h 0.0		

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Line id: @zzzz

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5.3 Extension setting parameters (No.PC

POINT
Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.

- * : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.
- **: Set the parameter value, switch power off once, and then switch it on again.

5.3.1 Parameter list

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit
PC01	ERZ	Error excessive alarm level	3	rev
PC02	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence output	0	ms
PC03	*ENRS	Encoder output pulses selection	0000h	
PC04	**COP1	Function selection C-1	0000h	
PC05	**COP2	Function selection C-2	0000h	
PC06	*COP3	Function selection C-3	0000h	
PC07	ZSP	Zero speed	50	r/min
PC08		For manufacturer setting 上正私技有限公司	0	
PC09	MOD1	Analog monitor 1 output	0000h	
PC10	MOD2	Analog monitor 2 output 購買、維修 此手冊零組件	0001h	
PC11	MO1	Analog monitor 1 offset	0	mV
PC12	MO2	Analog monitor 2 offset 电声台 · 057-466555	0	mV
		Analog monitor feedback position output standard data Low	0	pulse
PC14	MOSDH	Analog monitor feedback position output standard data High	0	10000
		Line id: @zzzz		pulse
PC15	\searrow	For manufacturer setting	0	
PC16		www.repairtw.com	0000h	
PC17	**COP4	Function selection C-4	0000h	
PC18	\backslash	For manufacturer setting	0000h	\mathbf{n}
PC19	\backslash		0000h	
PC20			0000h	
PC21	*BPS	Alarm history clear	0000h	
PC22	\setminus	For manufacturer setting	0000h	Λ
PC23	\setminus		0000h	
PC24	\setminus		0000h	
PC25	\setminus		0000h	
PC26			0000h	
PC27			0000h	
PC28			0000h	
PC29			0000h	
PC30			0000h	\
PC31			0000h	\
PC32			0000h	1 \

5.3.2 List of details

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PC01	ERZ (Note 2)	Error excessive alarm level This parameter cannot be used in the speed control mode. Set error excessive alarm level with rotation amount of servo motor. Note 1. Setting can be changed in parameter No.PC06. 2. For a servo amplifier with software version of B2 or later, reactivating the power supply to enable the setting value is not necessary. For a servo amplifier with software version of earlier than B2, reactivating the power supply is required to enable the setting value.	3	rev (Note 1)	1 to 200
PC02	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence output Used to set the delay time (Tb) between electronic brake interlock (MBR) and the base drive circuit is shut-off.	0	ms	0 to 1000
PC03	*ENRS	Encoder output pulse selection Use to select the, encoder output pulse direction and encoder output pulse setting. O O Encoder output pulse phase changing Changes the phases of A, B-phase encoder pulses output . Set value Servo motor rotation direction CCW O A-phase B-phase A-phase B-phase A-phase B-phase B-phase CCW A-phase B-phase	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PC04	**COP1	Function selection C-1 Select the encoder cable communication system selection.	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PC05	**COP2	Function selection C-2 Motor-less operation select. Motor-less operation select. 0: Valid 1: Invalid	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PC06 PC07 PC08 PC09	-	Function as letted and threaded Function selection C-3 Select the error excessive alarm level setting for parameter No.PC01. O O C [rev]unit 1: 0.1 [rev]unit 2: 0.001[rev]unit 3: 0.001[rev]unit This parameter is available to software version B1 or later. Zero speed Used to set the output range of the zero speed (ZSP). Zero speed signal detection has hysteresis width of 20r/min (Refer to section 3.5 (2) (b)) For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means. Analog monitor 1 output Used to selection the signal provided to the analog monitor 1 (MO1) output. (Refer to section 5.3.3) O O Analog monitor 1 (MO1) output selection: Setting Item 0 Servo motor speed (±8V/max.speed) 1 Torque (±8V/max.torque) (Note 2) 2 Servo motor speed (±8V/max.current command) 3 Torque (±8V/max.current command) 4 Current command (±8V/max.current command) 5 Speed command (±8V/max.current command) 6 Droop pulses (±10V/1000 pulses) (Note 1) <td>value 0000h 50 0 0000h</td> <td>r/min</td> <td>range Refer to Name and function column.</td>	value 0000h 50 0 0000h	r/min	range Refer to Name and function column.
		 2. 8V is outputted at the maximum torque. 3. It can be used by the absolute position detection system. 4. For 400V class servo amplifier, the bus voltage becomes +8V/800V. 			
PC10	MOD2	Analog monitor 2 output Used to selection the signal provided to the analog monitor 2 (MO2) output. (Refer to section 5.3.3)	0001h		Refer to Name and function column.
PC11	MO1	Analog monitor 1 offset Used to set the offset voltage of the analog monitor 1 (MO1) output.	0	mV	-999 to 999

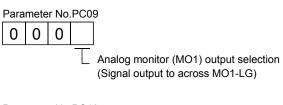
No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PC12	MO2	Analog monitor 2 offset Used to set the offset voltage of the analog monitor 2 (MO2) output.	0	mV	-999 to 999
PC13	MOSDL	Analog monitor feedback position output standard data Low Used to set the standard position of feedback output with analog monitor 1 (M01) or 2 (M02). For this parameter, the lower-order four digits of standard position in decimal numbers are set.	0	pulse	-9999 to 9999
PC14	MOSDH	Analog monitor feedback position output standard data High Used to set the standard position of feedback output with analog monitor 1 (M01) or 2 (M02). For this parameter, the higher-order four digits of standard position in decimal numbers are set.	0	10000 pulse	-9999 to 9999
PC15		For manufacturer setting	0		
PC16 PC17	**COP4	Do not change this value by any means. Function Selection C-4	0000h 0000h		Refer to
		Home position setting condition in the absolute position detection system can be selected.			Name and function column.
PC18		For manufacturer setting Email: service@repairtw.com	0000h		
PC19		Do not change this value by any means. Line id: @zzzz	0000h		
PC20 PC21	*BPS		0000h 0000h		Refer to
		Used to clear the alarm history. Alarm history clear O O O Alarm history clear O: Invalid 1: Valid When alarm history clear is made valid, the alarm history is cleared at next power-on. After the alarm history is cleared, the setting is automatically made invalid (reset to 0).			Name and function column.
PC22		For manufacturer setting	0000h	N	
PC23 PC24 PC25 PC26 PC27 PC28 PC29 PC30 PC31 PC32		Do not change this value by any means.	0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h		

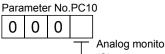
5.3.3 Analog monitor

The servo status can be output to two channels in terms of voltage. The servo status can be monitored using an ammeter.

(1) Setting

Change the following digits of parameter No.PC09, PC10.





Analog monitor (MO2) output selection (Signal output to across MO2-LG)

Parameters No.PC11 and PC12 can be used to set the offset voltages to the analog output voltages. The setting range is between -999 and 999mV.

Parameter No.	Description	Setting range [mV]
PC11	Used to set the offset voltage for the analog monitor 1 (MO1).	000 to 000
PC12	Used to set the offset voltage for the analog monitor 2 (MO2).	-999 to 999
	烟泉 《阳》 此于四令知开	

(2) Set content

電話: 037-466333

The servo amplifier is factory-set to output the servo motor speed to analog monitor 1 (MO1) and the torque to analog monitor (MO2). The setting can be changed as listed below by changing the parameter No.PC14 and PC12 value. @zzzz

Refer to (3) for the measurement point.

Setting	Output item	Description repairs	Setting	Output item	Description
0	Servo motor speed	Max. speed 0 Max. speed CW direction 0 Max. speed	1	Torque (Note 3)	Driving in CCW 8[V] Max. torque 0 Max. torque 0 Max. torque 0 Max. torque 0 Max. torque
2	Servo motor speed	CW direction 8[M] CCW direction Max. speed 0 Max. speed	3	Torque (Note 3)	Driving in CW 8[V] Driving in CCW direction Max. torque 0 Max. torque
4	Current command	8[V] CW direction	5	Speed command	Max. speed

Setting	Output item	Description	Setting	Output item	Description
6	Droop pulses (Note 1) (±10V/100 pulses)	10[v] ▲ CCW direction 100[pulse] 0 100[pulse] CW direction -10[V]	7	Droop pulses (Note 1) (±10V/1000 pulses)	10[V] CW direction
8	Droop pulses (Note 1) (±10V/10000 pulses)	10[V] ▲ CCW direction 10000[pulse] 0 10000[pulse] CW direction	9	Droop pulses (Note 1) (±10V/100000 pulses)	10[V] ▲ <u>CCW</u> direction 100000[pulse] 0 100000[pulse] CW direction -10[V]
A	Feedback position (Note 1,2) (±10V/1 Mpulses)	10[V] ▲CCW_direction 1M[pulse] 0 1M[pulse] CW direction -10[V] 0 0 1M[pulse]	B 限公 七手f	Feedback position (Note 1,2) (±10V/10 Mpulses) 百]	10[V] CW direction
С	Feedback position (Note 1,2) (±10V/100 Mpulses)	10M CCW direction	4663 ce@i z	Bus voltage (Note 4) 33 repairtw.com m	

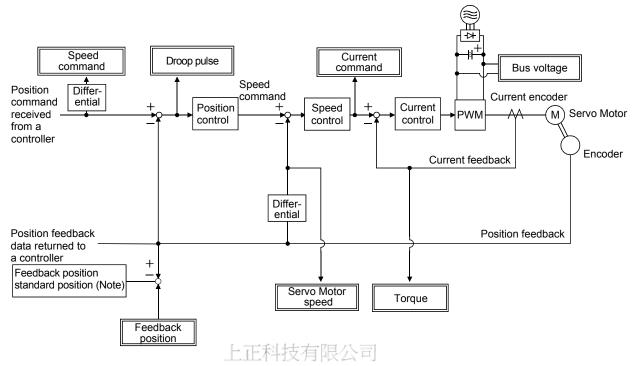
Note 1. Encoder pulse unit.

2. Available in position control mode

3. Outputs $8\ensuremath{\mathsf{V}}$ at the maximum torque.

4. For 400V class servo amplifier, the bus voltage becomes +8V/800V.

(3) Analog monitor block diagram



Note. The feedback position is output based on the position data passed between servo system controller and servo amplifier. The parameter number No.PC13/PC14 can set up the standard position of feedback position that is output to analog monitor in order to adjust the output range of feedback position. The setting range is between – 99999999 and 99999999 pulses.

Standard position of feedback position = Parameter No.PC14 setting value × 10000 + Parameter No.PC13 setting value

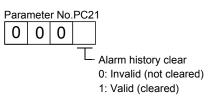
Parameter No.	Description	Setting range
PC13	Sets the lower-order four digits of the standard position	-9999 to 9999 [pulse]
PCIS	of feedback position/w.repairtw.com	
DC14	Sets the higher-order four digits of the standard position	-9999 to 9999 [10000pulses]
PC14	of feedback position	

5.3.4 Alarm history clear

The servo amplifier stores one current alarm and five past alarms from when its power is switched on first. To control alarms which will occur during operation, clear the alarm history using parameter No.PC21 before starting operation.

Clearing the alarm history automatically returns to "DDD0".

After setting, this parameter is made valid by switch power from OFF to ON.



5.4 I/O setting parameters (No.PDDD)

POINT
 Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.

* : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.

5.4.1 Parameter list

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit
PD01	Ν	For manufacturer setting	0000h	\backslash
PD02	$\langle \rangle$		0000h	\backslash
PD03			0000h	
PD04			0000h	
PD05			0000h	
PD06			0000h	
PD07	*D01	Output signal device selection 1 (CN3-13)	0005h	
PD08	*DO2	Output signal device selection 2 (CN3-9)	0004h	
PD09	*DO3	Output signal device selection 3 (CN3-15)	0003h	\sim
PD10	\backslash	For manufacturer setting 上正科技有限公司	0000h	$\langle \rangle$
PD11 PD12			0004h	
PD12 PD13		購買、維修 此手冊零組件	0000h 0000h	
PD14	*DOP3	Function selection D-3 宿話: 037-466333	0000h	\sim
PD15		For manufacturer setting	0000h	
PD16	\	Email: service@repairtw.com	0000h	
PD17]\	Line id: @zzzz	0000h	$\left \right\rangle$
PD18		Liffe Id. @2222	0000h	
PD19		www.repairtw.com	0000h	
PD20			0000h	
PD21			0000h	
PD22			0000h	
PD23			0000h	
PD24			0000h	
PD25			0000h	
PD26			0000h	
PD27			0000h	
PD28			0000h	
PD29			0000h	
PD30			0000h	
PD31	\		0000h	
PD32			0000h	

5.4.2 List of details

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PD01 PD02 PD03 PD04 PD05 PD06		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h		
PD07	*D01	Output signal device selection 1 (CN3-13) Any input signal can be assigned to the CN3-13 pin. 0 0 Select the output device of the CN3-13 pin. The devices that can be assigned in each control mode are those that have the symbols indicated in the following table.	0005h		Refer to Name and function column.
		Setting Device 00 Always OFF 01 For manufacturer setting (Note 3) 02 RD 03 ALM 04 INP (Note 1) 05 MBR 06 DB 07 TLC 08 WNG 09 BWNG 09 BWNG 09 BWNG 00 astronautacturer setting (Note 3) 20 to 3F For manufacturer setting (Note 3) 20 to 3F For manufacturer s			
PD08	*DO2	Output signal device selection 2 (CN3-9) Any input signal can be assigned to the CN3-9 pin. The devices that can be assigned and the setting method are the same as in parameter No.PD07. 0 0 Select the output device of the CN3-9 pin.	0004h		Refer to Name and function column.
PD09	*DO3	Output signal device selection 3 (CN3-15) Any input signal can be assigned to the CN3-15 pin. The devices that can be assigned and the setting method are the same as in parameter No.PD07. 0 0	0003h		Refer to Name and function column.

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial	Unit	Setting
PD10 PD11 PD12		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	value 0000h 0004h 0000h		range
PD13 PD14	*DOP3	Function selection D-3 Set the ALM output signal at warning occurrence. 0 0 Selection of output device at warning occurrence Select the warning (WNG) and trouble (ALM) output status at warning occurrence. Output of Servo amplifier Setting (Note) Device status 0 ALM 0	0000h 0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PD15 PD16 PD17 PD18 PD20 PD21 PD22 PD23 PD24 PD25 PD26 PD26 PD27 PD28 PD29 PD20 PD30 PD31 PD31		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means. service @repairtw.com Line id: @zzzz www.repairtw.com	0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h		

MEMO

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6. GENERAL GAIN ADJUSTMENT

6.1 Different adjustment methods

6.1.1 Adjustment on a single servo amplifier

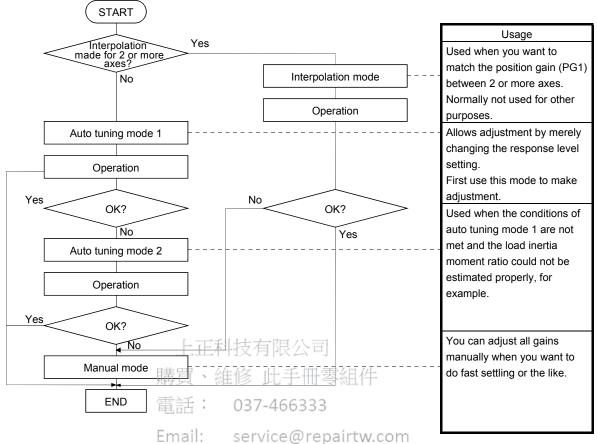
The gain adjustment in this section can be made on a single servo amplifier. For gain adjustment, first execute auto tuning mode 1. If you are not satisfied with the results, execute auto tuning mode 2 and manual mode in this order.

(1) Gain adjustment mode explanation	I
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Gain adjustment mode	Parameter No.PA08 setting	Estimation of load inertia moment ratio	Automatically set parameters	Manually set parameters
Auto tuning mode 1 (initial value)	0001	Always estimated	GD2 (parameter No.PB06) PG2 (parameter No.PB08) PG1 (parameter No.PB07) VG2 (parameter No.PB09) VIC (parameter No.PB10)	Response level setting of parameter No.2
Auto tuning mode 2	0002	Fixed to parameter No. PB06 value	PG2 (parameter No.PB08) PG1 (parameter No.PB07) VG2 (parameter No.PB09) VIC (parameter No.PB10)	GD2 (parameter No.PB06) Response level setting of parameter No.PA09
Manual mode	0003 購 電	上正科技有限公 買、維修 此手 話: 037-4663		PG1 (parameter No.PB07) GD2 (parameter No.PB06) VG2 (parameter No.PB09) VIC (parameter No.PB10)
Interpolation mode	0000 Em	Always estimated nail: service@ e id: @zzzz	GD2 (parameter No.PB06) IPG2 (parameter No.PB08) VG2 (parameter No.PB09) VIC (parameter No.PB10)	PG1 (parameter No.PB07)

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(2) Adjustment sequence and mode usage



6.1.2 Adjustment using MR Configurator

This section gives the functions and adjustment that may be performed by using the servo amplifier with the MR Configurator which operates on a personal computer com

Function	Description	Adjustment
Machine analyzer	With the machine and servo motor coupled, the characteristic of the mechanical system can be measured by giving a random vibration command from the personal computer to the servo and measuring the machine response.	 You can grasp the machine resonance frequency and determine the notch frequency of the machine resonance suppression filter. You can automatically set the optimum gains in response to the machine characteristic. This simple adjustment is suitable for a machine which has large machine resonance and does not require much settling time.
Gain search	Executing gain search under to-and-fro positioning command measures settling characteristic while simultaneously changing gains, and automatically searches for gains which make settling time shortest.	 You can automatically set gains which make positioning settling time shortest.
Machine simulation	Response at positioning settling of a machine can be simulated from machine analyzer results on personal computer.	 You can optimize gain adjustment and command pattern on personal computer.

6.2 Auto tuning

6.2.1 Auto tuning mode

The servo amplifier has a real-time auto tuning function which estimates the machine characteristic (load inertia moment ratio) in real time and automatically sets the optimum gains according to that value. This function permits ease of gain adjustment of the servo amplifier.

(1) Auto tuning mode 1

The servo amplifier is factory-set to the auto tuning mode 1.

In this mode, the load inertia moment ratio of a machine is always estimated to set the optimum gains automatically.

The following parameters are automatically adjusted in the auto tuning mode 1.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation

POINT 上正科技有限公司

- The auto tuning mode 1 may not be performed properly if the following conditions are not satisfied.
- Time to reach 2000r/min is the acceleration/deceleration time constant of 5s or less.
- Speed is 150r/min or higher. @repairtw.com
- The ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment is 100 times or less.
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- The acceleration/deceleration torque is 10% or more of the rated torque.
- Under operating conditions which will impose sudden disturbance torque during acceleration/deceleration or on a machine which is extremely loose, auto tuning may not function properly, either. In such cases, use the auto tuning mode 2 or manual mode to make gain adjustment.

(2) Auto tuning mode 2

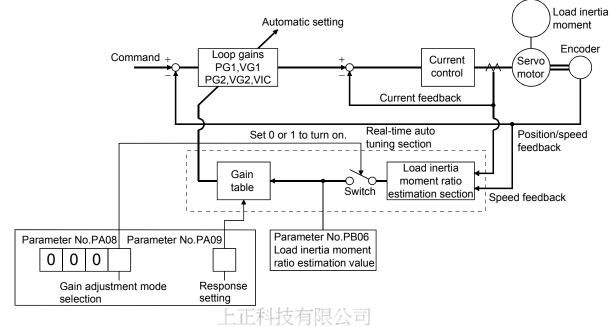
Use the auto tuning mode 2 when proper gain adjustment cannot be made by auto tuning mode 1. Since the load inertia moment ratio is not estimated in this mode, set the value of a correct load inertia moment ratio (parameter No.PB06).

The following parameters are automatically adjusted in the auto tuning mode 2.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation

6.2.2 Auto tuning mode operation

The block diagram of real-time auto tuning is shown below.



When a servo motor is accelerated/decelerated, the load inertia moment ratio estimation section always estimates the load inertia moment ratio from the current and speed of the servo motor. The results of estimation are written to parameter No.PB06 (the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor). These results can be confirmed on the status display screen of the MR Configurator.

If the value of the load inertia moment ratio is already known or if estimation cannot be made properly, chose the "auto tuning mode 2" (parameter No.PA08: 0002) to stop the estimation of the load inertia moment ratio (Switch in above diagram turned off), and set the load inertia moment ratio (parameter No.34) manually.

From the preset load inertia moment/ratio (parameter No.PB06) value and response level (parameter No.PA09), the optimum loop gains are automatically set on the basis of the internal gain tale.

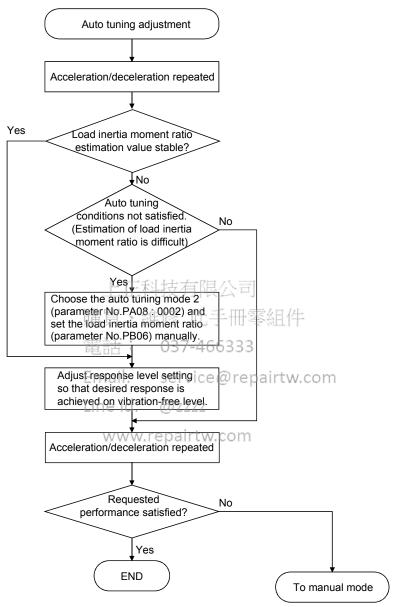
The auto tuning results are saved in the EEP-ROM of the servo amplifier every 60 minutes since power-on. At power-on, auto tuning is performed with the value of each loop gain saved in the EEP-ROM being used as an initial value.

POINT

- If sudden disturbance torque is imposed during operation, the estimation of the inertia moment ratio may malfunction temporarily. In such a case, choose the "auto tuning mode 2" (parameter No.PA08: 0002) and set the correct load inertia moment ratio in parameter No.PB06.
- When any of the auto tuning mode 1 and auto tuning mode settings is changed to the manual mode 2 setting, the current loop gains and load inertia moment ratio estimation value are saved in the EEP-ROM.

6.2.3 Adjustment procedure by auto tuning

Since auto tuning is made valid before shipment from the factory, simply running the servo motor automatically sets the optimum gains that match the machine. Merely changing the response level setting value as required completes the adjustment. The adjustment procedure is as follows.



6.2.4 Response level setting in auto tuning mode

Set the response (The first digit of parameter No.PA09) of the whole servo system. As the response level setting is increased, the track ability and settling time for a command decreases, but a too high response level will generate vibration. Hence, make setting until desired response is obtained within the vibration-free range. If the response level setting cannot be increased up to the desired response because of machine resonance beyond 100Hz, filter tuning mode (parameter No.PB01) or machine resonance suppression filter (parameter No.PB13 to PB16) may be used to suppress machine resonance. Suppressing machine resonance may allow the response level setting to increase. Refer to section 7.3 for filter tuning mode and machine resonance suppression filter.

Setting of parameter No.PA09

	Machine characteristic		
Response level setting	Machine rigidity	Machine resonance frequency guideline	Guideline of corresponding machine
1	Low	10.0	
2		11.3	
3	Î Î	12.7	
4		14.3	
5		16.1	
6		- 下科技8 有限公司	
7		20.4	
8	購買	1、維修 <u>3.0</u> 比于冊	零組件
9	電音	£: 0 2579 -46633	
10		29.2	
11	Ema	il: sezevice@re	pairtw.com Large conveyor
12	Line	37.0	
13	Line	41.7	
14	+ v	ww.rep4a9rtw.con	Arm robot
15		52.9	
16	Middle	59.6	General machine
17		67.1	tool conveyor
18	▲	75.6	Precision working
19		85.2	machine
20		95.9	Inserter
21		108.0	Mounter
22		121.7	Bonder
23		137.1	
24		154.4	
25		173.9	
26		195.9	
27		220.6	
28		248.5	
29		279.9	
30	+	315.3	
31		355.1	
32	High	400.0	

6.3 Manual mode 1 (simple manual adjustment)

If you are not satisfied with the adjustment of auto tuning, you can make simple manual adjustment with three parameters.

 If machine resonance occurs, filter tuning mode (parameter No.PB01) or machine resonance suppression filter (parameter No.PB13 to PB16) may be used to suppress machine resonance. (Refer to section 7.3.)

(1) For speed control

(a) Parameters

The following parameters are used for gain adjustment.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation

(b) Adjustment procedure

Step	Operation科技有限公司	Description
1	Brief-adjust with auto tuning. Refer to section 6.2.3.	
2	Change the setting of auto tuning to the manual mode (Parameter No.PA08: 0003).	
3	Set an estimated value to the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment. (If the estimate value with auto tuning is correct, setting change is not required.)	
4	Set a slightly smaller value to the model loop gainZZZZ Set a slightly larger value to the speed integral compensation.	
5	Increase the speed loop gain within the vibration- and unusual noise-free range, and return slightly if vibration takes place.	Increase the speed loop gain.
6	Decrease the speed integral compensation within the vibration-free range, and return slightly if vibration takes place.	Decrease the time constant of the speed integral compensation.
7	Increase the model loop gain, and return slightly if overshooting takes place.	Increase the model loop gain.
8	If the gains cannot be increased due to mechanical system resonance or the like and the desired response cannot be achieved, response may be increased by suppressing resonance with filter tuning mode or machine resonance suppression filter and then executing steps 2 and 3.	
9	While checking the settling characteristic and rotational status, fine-adjust each gain.	Fine adjustment

(c)Adjustment description

1) Speed loop gain (parameter No.PB09)

This parameter determines the response level of the speed control loop. Increasing this value enhances response but a too high value will make the mechanical system liable to vibrate. The actual response frequency of the speed loop is as indicated in the following expression.

Speed loop response _	Speed loop gain setting
frequency(Hz)	(1+ ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment) $\times 2\pi$

2) Speed integral compensation (VIC: parameter No.PB10)

To eliminate stationary deviation against a command, the speed control loop is under proportional integral control. For the speed integral compensation, set the time constant of this integral control. Increasing the setting lowers the response level. However, if the load inertia moment ratio is large or the mechanical system has any vibratory element, the mechanical system is liable to vibrate unless the setting is increased to some degree. The guideline is as indicated in the following expression.

3) Model loop gain (PG1: Parameter No.PB07)

This parameter determines the response level to a position command. Increasing the model loop gain improves track ability to a position command, but a too high value will make overshooting liable to occur at the time of setting.

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(2) For position control

(a) Parameters

The following parameters are used for gain adjustment.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation

(b) Adjustment procedure

Step	Operation	Description
1	Brief-adjust with auto tuning. Refer to section 6.2.3.	
2	Change the setting of auto tuning to the manual mode (Parameter No.PA08: 0003).	
3	Set an estimated value to the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment. (If the estimate value with auto tuning is correct, setting change is not required.)	
4	Set a slightly smaller value to the model loop gain and the position loop gain. Set a slightly larger value to the speed integral compensation.	
5	Increase the speed loop gain within the vibration- and unusual noise-free range, and return slightly if vibration takes place.	Increase the speed loop gain.
6	Decrease the speed integral compensation within the vibration-free range, and return slightly if vibration takes place. 037-466333	Decrease the time constant of the speed integral compensation.
7	Increase the position loop gain, and return slightly if vibration takes place.	Increase the position loop gain.
8	Increase the model loop gain, and return slightly if overshooting takes place.	Increase the position loop gain.
9	If the gains cannot be increased due to mechanical system resonance or the like and the desired response cannot be achieved, response may be increased by suppressing resonance with filter tuning mode or machine resonance suppression filter and then executing steps 3 to 5.	Suppression of machine resonance. Refer to section 7.2 • 7.3.
10	While checking the settling characteristic and rotational status, fine-adjust each gain.	Fine adjustment

(c) Adjustment description

Model loop gain

guideline

1) Speed loop gain (VG2: parameter No.PB09)

This parameter determines the response level of the speed control loop. Increasing this value enhances response but a too high value will make the mechanical system liable to vibrate. The actual response frequency of the speed loop is as indicated in the following expression.

Speed loop response _	Speed loop gain 2 setting
frequency(Hz)	(1+ ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment) $\times 2\pi$

2) Speed integral compensation (VIC: parameter No.PB10)

To eliminate stationary deviation against a command, the speed control loop is under proportional integral control. For the speed integral compensation, set the time constant of this integral control. Increasing the setting lowers the response level. However, if the load inertia moment ratio is large or the mechanical system has any vibratory element, the mechanical system is liable to vibrate unless the setting is increased to some degree. The guideline is as indicated in the following expression.

3) Model loop gain (PG1: Parameter No.PB07)

This parameter determines the response level to a position command. Increasing the model loop gain improves track ability to a position command, but a too high value will make overshooting liable to occur at the time of setting.

Email: service@repairtw.com Speed loop gain setting

 \sim (1+ ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment) \times $\left(\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{8}\right)$

4) Model loop gain (PG1: parameter No.PB07)

This parameter determines the response level to a position command. Increasing position loop gain 1 improves track ability to a position command but a too high value will make overshooting liable to occur at the time of settling.

Model loop gain	_	Speed loop gain 2 setting	\sim	11	1)	•
guideline	2-	(1+ ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment)	~	$\sqrt{4}$	<u>8</u>	1

6.4 Interpolation mode

The interpolation mode is used to match the position loop gains of the axes when performing the interpolation operation of servo motors of two or more axes for an X-Y table or the like. In this mode, manually set the model loop gain that determines command track ability. Other parameters for gain adjustment are set automatically.

(1) Parameter

(a) Automatically adjusted parameters

The following parameters are automatically adjusted by auto tuning.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation

(b) Manually adjusted parameters

The following parameters are adjustable manually.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain

(2) Adjustment procedure

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Step	peration 維修 此手冊零組化	Description
1	Set to the auto tuning mode.	Select the auto tuning mode 1.
2	During operation, increase the response level setting (parameter No.PA09), and return the setting if vibration occurs.	Adjustment in auto tuning mode 1.
3	Check the values of model loop gain.	Check the upper setting limits.
4	Set the interpolation mode (parameter No PA08; 0000), 7	Select the interpolation mode.
5	Set the model loop gain of all the axes to be interpolated to the same value. At that time, adjust to the setting value of the axis, which has the smallest model loop gain.	
6	Looking at the interpolation characteristic and rotation status, fine-adjust the gains and response level setting.	Fine adjustment.

(3) Adjustment description

(a) Model loop gain (parameter No.PB07)

This parameter determines the response level of the position control loop. Increasing model loop gain improves track ability to a position command but a too high value will make overshooting liable to occur at the time of settling. The droop pulse value is determined by the following expression.

Droop pulse value (pulse) = $\frac{\frac{\text{Rotation speed (r/min)}}{60} \times 262144(\text{pulse})}{\text{Model loop gain setting}}$

6.5 Differences between MELSERVO-J2-Super and MELSERVO-J3 in auto tuning

To meet higher response demands, the MELSERVO-J3 series has been changed in response level setting range from the MELSERVO-J2S-Super series. The following table lists comparison of the response level setting.

MELSE	RVO-J2-Super	MEL	SERVO-J3
Parameter No.9 setting	Guideline for machine resonance frequency [Hz]	Parameter No.PA09 setting	Guideline for machine resonance frequency [Hz]
		1	10.0
		2	11.3
		3	12.7
1	15	4	14.3
		5	16.1
		6	18.1
2	20	7	20.4
		8	23.0
3	25	9	25.9
4	30	10	29.2
		11	32.9
5	35	12	37.0
		百八三 13	41.7
6	_45 ¹¹¹¹¹¹ X751	区公门 14	47.0
7	11番音55、维修 旧	- 毛冊 雯烟 件	52.9
		16	59.6
8	電話 7 0: 037-4	66333 17	67.1
		18	75.6
9	Ema ₈₅ : servio	e@repai <mark>g</mark> tw.com	85.2
	Lino id: @	20	95.9
Α	105	21	108.0
	www.repairt	w.com 22	121.7
В	130	23	137.1
С	160	24	154.4
		25	173.9
D	200	26	195.9
		27	220.6
E	240	28	248.5
		29	279.9
F	300	30	315.3
		31	355.1
		32	400.0

Note that because of a slight difference in gain adjustment pattern, response may not be the same if the resonance frequency is set to the same value.

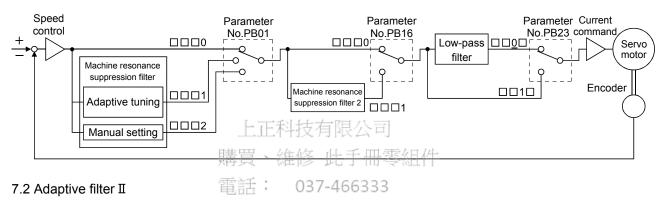
7. SPECIAL ADJUSTMENT FUNCTIONS

POINT

• The functions given in this chapter need not be used generally. Use them if you are not satisfied with the machine status after making adjustment in the methods in chapter 7.

If a mechanical system has a natural resonance point, increasing the servo system response level may cause the mechanical system to produce resonance (vibration or unusual noise) at that resonance frequency. Using the machine resonance suppression filter and adaptive tuning can suppress the resonance of the mechanical system.

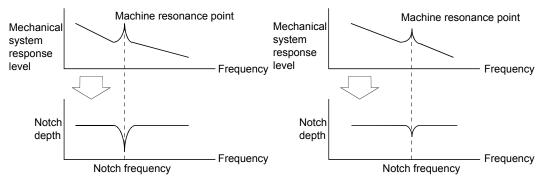
7.1 Function block diagram



(1) Function

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Adaptive filter II (adaptive tuning) is a function in which the servo amplifier detects machine vibration for a predetermined period of time and sets the filter characteristics automatically to suppress mechanical system vibration. Since the filter characteristics (frequency, depth) are set automatically, you need not be conscious of the resonance frequency of a mechanical system.



When machine resonance is large and frequency is low When machine resonance is small and frequency is high

POINT

- The machine resonance frequency which adaptive tuning mode can respond to is about 100 to 2.25kHz. Adaptive vibration suppression control has no effect on the resonance frequency outside this range.
- Adaptive vibration suppression control may provide no effect on a mechanical system which has complex resonance characteristics.

(2) Parameters

The operation of adaptive tuning mode (parameter No.PB01).



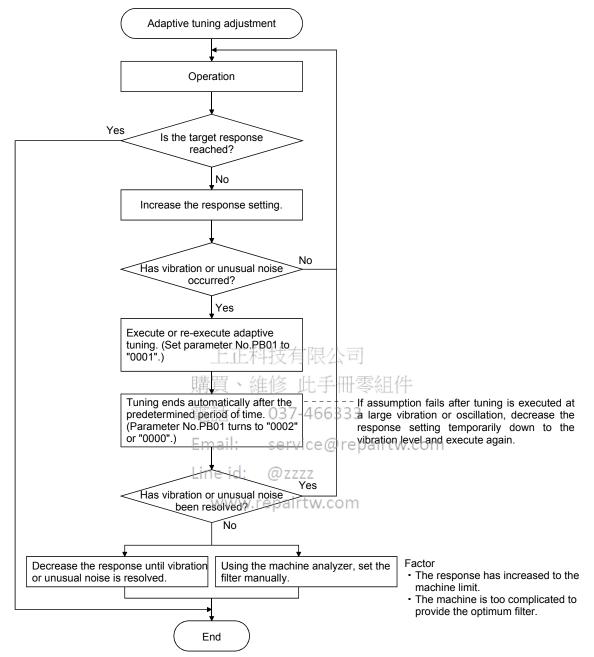
Filter tuning mode selection

Setting	Filter adjustment mode	Automatically set parameter
0	Filter OFF	(Note)
1	Filter tuning mode	Parameter No.PB13
		Parameter No.PB14
2	Manual mode	

Note. Parameter No.PB19 and PB20 are fixed to the initial values.

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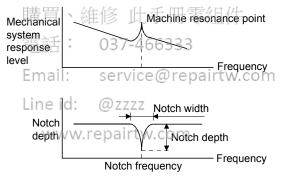
(3) Adaptive tuning mode procedure



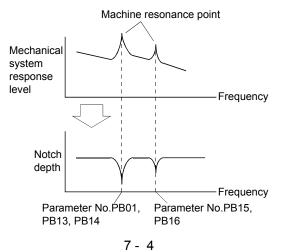
POINT

- · "Filter OFF" enables a return to the factory-set initial value.
- When adaptive tuning is executed, vibration sound increases as an excitation signal is forcibly applied for several seconds.
- When adaptive tuning is executed, machine resonance is detected for a maximum of 10 seconds and a filter is generated. After filter generation, the adaptive tuning mode automatically shifts to the manual mode.
- Adaptive tuning generates the optimum filter with the currently set control gains. If vibration occurs when the response setting is increased, execute adaptive tuning again.
- During adaptive tuning, a filter having the best notch depth at the set control gain is generated. To allow a filter margin against machine resonance, increase the notch depth in the manual mode.
- 7.3 Machine resonance suppression filter
- (1) Function

The machine resonance suppression filter is a filter function (notch filter) which decreases the gain of the specific frequency to suppress the resonance of the mechanical system. You can set the gain decreasing frequency (notch frequency), gain decreasing depth and width.



You can use the machine resonance suppression filter 1 (parameter No.PB13, PB14) and machine resonance suppression filter 2 (parameter No.PB15, PB16) to suppress the vibration of two resonance frequencies. Execution of adaptive tuning in the filter tuning mode automatically adjusts the machine resonance suppression filter. When adaptive tuning is ON, the adaptive tuning mode shifts to the manual mode after the predetermined period of time. The manual mode enables manual setting using the machine resonance suppression filter 1.



(2) Parameters

(a) Machine resonance suppression filter 1 (parameter No.PB13, PB14)

Set the notch frequency, notch depth and notch width of the machine resonance suppression filter 1 (parameter No.PB13, PB14)

When you have made adaptive filter tuning mode (parameter No.PB01) "manual mode", set up the machine resonance suppression filter 1 becomes effective.

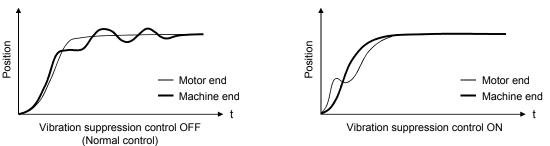
POINT

- The machine resonance suppression filter is a delay factor for the servo system. Hence, vibration may increase if you set a wrong resonance frequency or a too deep notch.
- If the frequency of machine resonance is unknown, decrease the notch frequency from higher to lower ones in order. The optimum notch frequency is set at the point where vibration is minimal.
- A deeper notch has a higher effect on machine resonance suppression but increases a phase delay and may increase vibration.
- A deeper notch has a higher effect on machine resonance suppression but increases a phase delay and may increase vibration.
- The machine characteristic can be grasped beforehand by the machine analyzer on the MR Configurator. This allows the required notch frequency and depth to be determined.

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- 7.4 Advanced vibration suppression control
- (1) Operation

Vibration suppression control is used to further suppress machine end vibration, such as workpiece end vibration and base shake. The motor side operation is adjusted for positioning so that the machine does not shake.

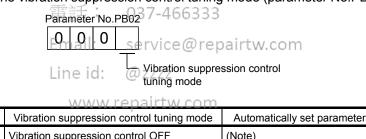


When the advanced vibration suppression control (vibration suppression control tuning mode parameter No.PB02) is executed, the vibration frequency at machine end can automatically be estimated to suppress machine end vibration.

In the vibration suppression control tuning mode, this mode shifts to the manual mode after operation is performed the predetermined number of times. The manual mode enables manual setting using the vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting (parameter No.PB19) and vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting (parameter No.PB20).

(2) Parameter

Select the operation of the vibration suppression control tuning mode (parameter No.PB02).



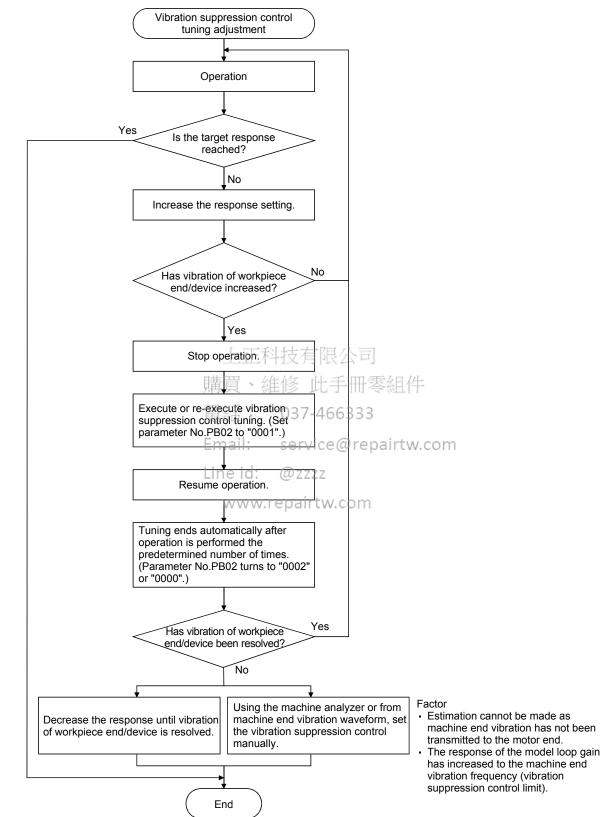
0	Vibration suppression control OFF	(Note)
1	Vibration suppression control tuning mode	Parameter No.PB19
1	(Advanced vibration suppression control)	Parameter No.PB20
2	Manual mode	

Note. Parameter No.PB19 and PB20 are fixed to the initial values.

POINT

Setting

- The function is made valid when the auto tuning mode (parameter No.PA08) is the auto tuning mode 2 ("0002") or manual mode ("0003").
- The machine resonance frequency supported in the vibration suppression control tuning mode is 1.0Hz to 100.0Hz. The function is not effective for vibration outside this range.
- Stop the motor before changing the vibration suppression control-related parameters (parameter No.PB02, PB19, PB20, PB33, PB34). A failure to do so will cause a shock.
- For positioning operation during execution of vibration suppression control tuning, provide a stop time to ensure a stop after full vibration damping.
- Vibration suppression control tuning may not make normal estimation if the residual vibration at the motor end is small.
- Vibration suppression control tuning sets the optimum parameter with the currently set control gains. When the response setting is increased, set vibration suppression control tuning again.

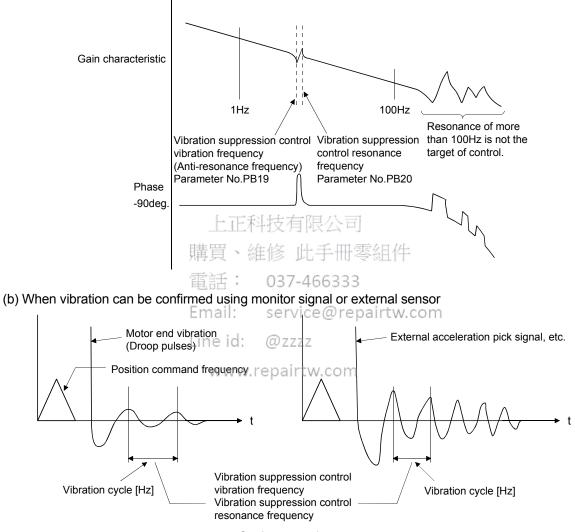


(3) Vibration suppression control tuning mode procedure

(4) Vibration suppression control manual mode

Measure work end vibration and device shake with the machine analyzer or external measuring instrument, and set the vibration suppression control vibration frequency (parameter No.PB19) and vibration suppression control resonance frequency (parameter No.PB20) to set vibration suppression control manually.

(a) When a vibration peak can be confirmed using MR Configurator, machine analyzer or external FFT equipment



Set the same value.

POINT

- When machine end vibration does not show up in motor end vibration, the setting of the motor end vibration frequency does not produce an effect.
- When the anti-resonance frequency and resonance frequency can be confirmed using the machine analyzer or external FFT device, do not set the same value but set different values to improve the vibration suppression performance.
- A vibration suppression control effect is not produced if the relationship between the model loop gain (parameter No.PB07) value and vibration frequency is as indicated below. Make setting after decreasing PG1, e.g. reduce the response setting.

 $\frac{1}{2\pi}$ (1.5×PG1) > vibration frequency

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- 7.5 Low-pass filter
- (1) Function

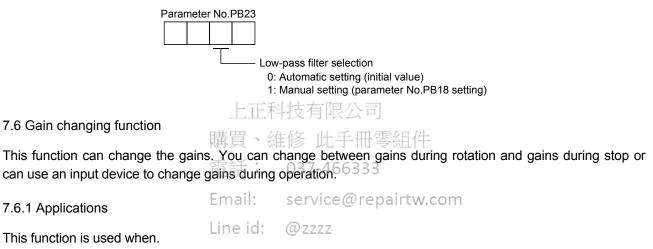
When a ball screw or the like is used, resonance of high frequency may occur as the response level of the servo system is increased. To prevent this, the low-pass filter is factory-set to be valid for a torque command. The filter frequency of this low-pass filter is automatically adjusted to the value in the following expression.

Filter frequency(rad/s) =
$$\frac{VG2}{1 + GD2} \times 10$$

When parameter No.PB23 is set to "
□ □ 1 □ ", manual setting can be made with parameter No.PB18.

(2) Parameter

Set the operation of the low-pass filter selection (parameter No.PB23.)



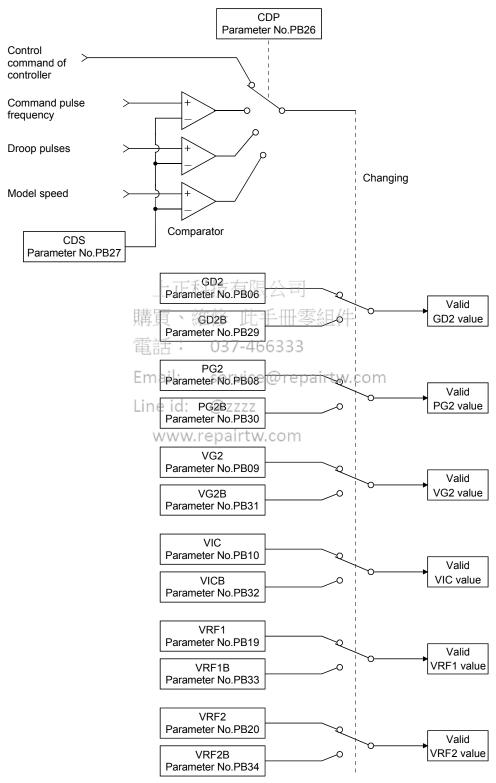
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(1) You want to increase the gains during servo lock but decrease the gains to reduce noise during rotation.

- (2) You want to increase the gains during settling to shorten the stop settling time.
- (3) You want to change the gains using an input device to ensure stability of the servo system since the load inertia moment ratio varies greatly during a stop (e.g. a large load is mounted on a carrier).

7.6.2 Function block diagram

The valid loop gains PG2, VG2, VIC and GD2 of the actual loop are changed according to the conditions selected by gain changing selection CDP (parameter No.PB26) and gain changing condition CDS (parameter No.PB27).



7.6.3 Parameters

When using the gain changing function, always set "DDD3" in parameter No.PA08 (auto tuning) to choose the manual mode of the gain adjustment modes. The gain changing function cannot be used in the auto tuning mode.

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name	Unit	Description
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	Multi- plier (×1)	Control parameters before changing
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain	rad/s	Position and speed gains of a model used to set the response level to a command. Always valid.
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain	rad/s	
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain	rad/s	
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation	ms	
PB29	GD2B	Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	Multi- plier (×1)	Used to set the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment after changing.
PB30	PG2B	Gain changing position loop gain 2	rad/s	Used to set the value of the after-changing position loop gain 2.
PB31	VG2B	Gain changing speed loop gain 2	rad/s	Used to set the value of the after-changing speed loop gain.
PB32	VICB	Gain changing speed integral 127	ms	Used to set the value of the after-changing speed integral compensation.
PB26	CDP	Gain changing selection	×7	Used to select the changing condition.
PB27	CDS	電話: 037- Gain changing condition	kpps pulse r/min	Used to set the changing condition values.
PB28	CDT	Gain changing time constant	ms ZZ	You can set the filter time constant for a gain change at changing.
PB33	VRF1B	Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting	t₩c	Used to set the value of the after-changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting.
PB34	VRF2B	Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting	Hz	Used to set the value of the after-changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting.

(1) Parameters No.PB06 to PB10

These parameters are the same as in ordinary manual adjustment. Gain changing allows the values of ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment, position loop gain, speed loop gain and speed integral compensation to be changed.

- (2) Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment (GD2B: parameter No.PB29) Set the ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment after changing. If the load inertia moment ratio does not change, set it to the same value as ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment (parameter No.PB06).
- (3) Gain changing position loop gain (parameter No.PB30), Gain changing speed loop gain (parameter No.PB31), Gain changing speed integral compensation (parameter No.PB32) Set the values of after-changing position loop gain, speed loop gain and speed integral compensation.
- (4) Gain changing selection (parameter No.PB26)

Used to set the gain changing condition. Choose the changing condition in the first digit and second digit. If you set "1" in the first digit here, you can use the control command from controller is valid for gain changing.



(5) Gain changing condition (parameter No.PB27)

When you selected "command frequency", "droop pulses" or "servo motor speed" in gain changing selection (parameter No.PB26), set the gain changing level. The setting unit is as follows.

Gain changing condition	Unit
Command frequency	kpps
Droop pulses	pulse
Servo motor speed	r/min

(6) Gain changing time constant (parameter No.PB28)

You can set the primary delay filter to each gain at gain changing. This parameter is used to suppress shock given to the machine if the gain difference is large at gain changing, for example.

7.6.4 Gain changing operation

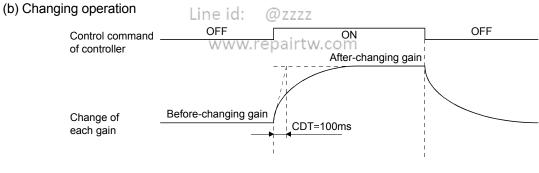
This operation will be described by way of setting examples.

(1) When you choose changing by input device

(a) Setting

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name	Setting	Unit
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain	100	rad/s
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	4.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain	120	rad/s
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain	3000	rad/s
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation	20	Ms
PB29	GD2B	Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	10.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB30	PG2B	Gain changing position loop gain	84	rad/s
PB31	VG2B	Gain changing speed loop gain	4000	rad/s
PB32	VICB	Gain changing speed integral compensation	50	ms
PB26	CDP	Gain changing selection	0001 (Changed by ON/OFF of input device)	
PB28	CDT	Gain changing time constant	100	ms
PB33	VRF1B	Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting	Used to set the value of the after-changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting.	Hz
PB34	VRF2B	Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting	Used to set the value of the after-changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting.	Hz

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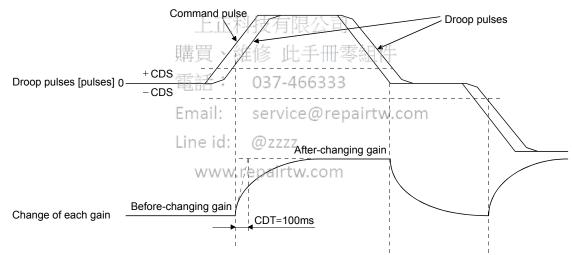
Model loop gain 1			100		
Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	4.0	\rightarrow	10.0	\rightarrow	4.0
Position loop gain	120	\rightarrow	84	\rightarrow	120
Speed loop gain	3000	\rightarrow	4000	\rightarrow	3000
Speed integral compensation	20	\rightarrow	50	\rightarrow	20

Parameter No.	Abbreviation	Name	Setting	Unit
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain	100	rad/s
PB06	GD2	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	4.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain	120	rad/s
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain	3000	rad/s
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation	20	ms
PB29	GD2B	Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	10.0	Multiplier (×1)
PB30	PG2B	Gain changing position loop gain	84	rad/s
PB31	VG2B	Gain changing speed loop gain	4000	rad/s
PB32	VICB	Gain changing speed integral compensation	50	ms
PB26	CDP	Gain changing selection	0003 (Changed by droop pulses)	
PB27	CDS	Gain changing condition	50	pulse
PB28	CDT	Gain changing time constant	100	ms

(2) When you choose changing by droop pulses

(a) Setting

(b) Changing operation



Model loop gain	100						
Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment	4.0	\rightarrow	10.0	\rightarrow	4.0	\rightarrow	10.0
Position loop gain	120	\rightarrow	84	\rightarrow	120	\rightarrow	84
Speed loop gain	3000	\rightarrow	4000	\rightarrow	3000	\rightarrow	4000
Speed integral compensation	20	\rightarrow	50	\rightarrow	20	\rightarrow	50

MEMO

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POINT

 As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo off status and interrupt the main circuit power.

If an alarm/warning has occurred, refer to this chapter and remove its cause.

8.1 Alarms and warning list

When a fault occurs during operation, the corresponding alarm or warning is displayed. If any alarm or warning has occurred, refer to section 8.2 or 8.3 and take the appropriate action. When an alarm occurs, the ALM turns OFF.

After its cause has been removed, the alarm can be deactivated in any of the methods marked \bigcirc in the alarm deactivation column. The alarm is automatically canceled after removing the cause of occurrence.

\setminus			Alarm deactivation			\sum	Display	Name
$ \rangle$	Display	Name	Power	Error	CPU		92	Battery cable disconnection warning
			OFF→ON	reset	reset		96	Home position setting warning
	10	Undervoltage	0	0	0		9F	Battery warning
	12	Memory error 1 (RAM)	-1-9-1-	+			E0	Excessive regeneration warning
	13	Clock error	15941				E1	Overload warning 1
	15	Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM)	、 ② 在 化	12 52		Warnings	- E3	Absolute position counter warning
	16	Encoder error 1 (At power on) ^{州中,只}	ot ∎				E4	Parameter warning
	17	Board error	:00	37-46	6333	Ň	E6	Servo forced stop warning
1	19	Memory error 3 (Flash-ROM)	0				E7	Controller forced stop warning
	1A	Motor combination error Emai	. 0 _s	ervice	Ørepa	irtw	LCE8m	Cooling fan speed reduction warning
	20	Encoder error 2	0				E9	Main circuit off warning
	24	Main circuit error Line	id:0 @)zzQz	0		EC	Overload warning 2
1	25	Absolute position erase	0				ED	Output watt excess warning
1	30	Regenerative error	∧(Note €)	(Note \1).	(Note 1)			
1		-	0	0	0			
	31	Overspeed	0	$^{\circ}$	\sim			
1	32	Overcurrent	0	/				
SU	33	Overvoltage	0		0			
Alarms	34	Receive error 1	0	(Note 2)	0			
	35	Command frequency error	0	0	0			
1	36	Receive error 2	0	0	0			
	37	Parameter error	0					
1	45	Main circuit device overheat	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)			
1			(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)			
	46	Servo motor overheat	с ́о́	ÒÓ				
	47	Cooling fan error	0					
1	50	Overload 1	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)			
	51	Overload 2	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)			
1	51		0	0	0			
	52	Error excessive	0	0	0			
	8A	USB communication time-out error	0	0	0			
	8E	USB communication error	0	0	0			
	888	Watchdog	0					

Note 1. Deactivate the alarm about 30 minutes of cooling time after removing the cause of occurrence.

2. In some controller communication status, the alarm factor may not be removed.

8.2 Remedies for alarms

 When any alarm has occurred, eliminate its cause, ensure safety, then reset the alarm, and restart operation. Otherwise, injury may occur.
 As soon as an alarm occurs, mark Servo-off and power off the main circuit and control circuit.

POINT

- When any of the following alarms has occurred, do not deactivate the alarm and resume operation repeatedly. To do so will cause the servo amplifier/servo motor to fail. Remove the cause of occurrence, and leave a cooling time of more than 30 minutes before resuming operation. To protect the main circuit elements, any of these servo alarms cannot be deactivated from the servo system controller until the specified time elapses after its occurrence. Judging the load changing condition until the alarm occurs, the servo amplifier calculates this specified time automatically.
- Regenerative error (30)
- · Overload 1 (50)
- Overload 2751) 維修 此手冊零組件
- . The alarm can be deactivated by switching power off, then on or by the error reset command - CPU reset from the servo system controller. For details, refer service@repairtw.com to section 8.1.

Line id: @zzzz

When an alarm occurs, the trouble (ALM) switches off and the dynamic brake is operated to stop the servo motor. At this time, the display indicates the alarm No.

The servo motor comes to a stop. Remove the cause of the alarm in accordance with this section. Use the MR Configurator to refer to a factor of alarm occurrence.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
10	Undervoltage	dropped. MR-J3-⊟B:	 Power supply voltage is low. There was an instantaneous control power failure of 60ms or longer. Shortage of power supply capacity caused the power supply voltage to drop at start, etc. The bus voltage dropped to the following value or less. MR-J3-□B1: 200VDC MR-J3-□B1: 158VDC 	Check the power supply.
			MR-J3-□B4: 380VDC 5. Faulty parts in the servo amplifier Checking method Alarm (10) occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables.	Change the servo amplifier.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
12		RAM, memory fault	Faulty parts in the servo amplifier	Change the servo amplifier.
13	(RAM) Clock error	Printed board fault	Checking method Alarm (any of 12 and 13) occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables.	
		Clock error transmitted from the controller	Faulty controller Checking method Alarm (13) occurs, if servo controller is used in multiple CPU system.	Change the servo system controller.
15	Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM)	EEP-ROM fault	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier Checking method Alarm (15) occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. The number of write times to EEP- 	Change the servo amplifier.
16	Encoder error 1	Communication error	ROM exceeded 100,000. 1. Encoder connector (CN2)	Connect correctly.
-	(At power on)	occurred between	disconnected.	-
			2. Encoder fault	Change the servo motor. Repair or change the cable.
		購買 電話	(Wire breakage or shorted) 4. Encoder cable type (2-wire, 4-wire) selection was wrong in parameter setting.037-466333	Correct the setting in the fourth digit of parameter No.PC04.
17	Board error 2	CPU/parts fault	Faulty parts in the servo amplifier	Change the servo amplifier.
19	Memory error 3 (Flash ROM)	ROM memory faulth a Line	Checking method pairtw. Alarm (17 or 19) occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cable.	com
1A	Motor combination error	Wrong combination of servo amplifier and servo motor.	Wrong combination of servo amplifier and servo motor connected.	Use correct combination.
20	Encoder error 2		1. Encoder connector (CN2) disconnected.	Connect correctly.
			 Encoder cable faulty (Wire breakage or shorted) 	Repair or change the cable.
24	Main circuit error	Ground fault	 Encoder fault Power input wires and servo motor 	Change the servo motor. Connect correctly.
24		occurred at the servo		Change the cable.
			Alarm (24) occurs if the servo is switched on after disconnecting the U, V, W power cables from the servo amplifier.	Change the servo amplifier.
25	Absolute position erase	Absolute position data in error	1. Voltage drop in encoder (Battery disconnected.)	After leaving the alarm occurring for a few minutes, switch power off, then on again. Always make home position setting again.
			2. Battery voltage low	Change the battery.
		Power was switched on for the first time in the absolute position detection system.	 Battery cable or battery is faulty. Home position not set. 	Always make home position setting again. After leaving the alarm occurring for a few minutes, switch power off, then on again. Always make home position setting again.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
30	Regenerative	Permissible	1. Wrong setting of parameter No.	Set correctly.
	error	of the built-in regenerative resistor	PA02 2. Built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative option is not	Connect correctly.
		or regenerative option is exceeded.	 connected. High-duty operation or continuous regenerative operation caused the permissible regenerative power of the regenerative option to be exceeded. Checking method 	 Reduce the frequency of positioning. Use the regenerative option of larger capacity. Reduce the load.
			Call the status display and check the regenerative load ratio. 4. Power supply voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
			MR-J3-⊟B:260VAC or more MR-J3-⊟B1:More than 135VAC MR-J3-⊟B4: 535VAC or more	
		Descention	5. Built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative option faulty.	Change the servo amplifier or regenerative option.
		Regenerative transistor fault	 6. Regenerative transistor faulty. Checking method 1) The regenerative option has overheated abnormally. 2) The alarm occurs even after removal of the built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative option. 	Change the servo amplifier.
		日本日		
31	Overspeed	Speed has exceeded the instantaneous permissible speed.	 Small acceleration/deceleration time constant caused overshoot to be large. 	Increase acceleration/deceleration time constant.
		Line	2 Servo system is instable to cause w. overshoot. id: @zzzz ww.repairtw.com	 Re-set servo gain to proper value. If servo gain cannot be set to proper value. Reduce load inertia moment ratio; or Reexamine acceleration/
			2. Encoder foulty	deceleration time constant.
32	Overcurrent	Current that flew is higher than the	 Encoder faulty. Short occurred in servo motor power (U, V, W). 	Change the servo motor. Correct the wiring.
		permissible current of the servo amplifier. (If the alarm (32) occurs again when turning ON the servo after resetting the	2. Transistor (IPM • IGBT) of the servo amplifier faulty. Checking method Alarm (32) occurs if power is switched on after U,V and W are disconnected.	Change the servo amplifier.
		alarm by turning OFF/ON the power when the alarm (32)	 Ground fault occurred in servo motor power (U, V, W). 	Correct the wiring.
		()	 External noise caused the overcurrent detection circuit to misoperate. 	Take noise suppression measures.
		method of "Cause 2".)		

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
33	Overvoltage	The following shows	1. Regenerative option is not used.	Use the regenerative option.
	, end	the input value of converter bus voltage.	2. Though the regenerative option is used, the parameter No.PA02 setting is " □ □ 00 (not used)".	Set correctly.
		MR-J3-⊟B(1):	3. Lead of built-in regenerative resistor	1. Change the lead.
		400VDC or more MR-J3-⊟B4:	or regenerative option is open or disconnected.	2. Connect correctly.
		800VDC or more	4. Regenerative transistor faulty.	Change the servo amplifier.
			 Wire breakage of built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative option 	 For wire breakage of built-in regenerative resistor, change the servo amplifier. For wire breakage of regenerative option, change the regenerative option.
			 Capacity of built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative option is insufficient. 	Add regenerative option or increase capacity.
			7. Power supply voltage high.	Check the power supply.
			 B. Ground fault occurred in servo motor power (U, V, W). 	Correct the wiring.
			9. The jumper across BUE-SD of the FR-BU2 brake unit is removed.	Fit the jumper across BUE-SD.
34	Receive error 1	SSCNETI	1. The SSCNETI cable is	Connect it after turning off the control circuit
		communication error	disconnected. 因人人言	power supply for servo amplifier.
		(Continuously communication error	2. The surface at the end of SSCNETII cable got dirty	Wipe dirt at the surface away. (Refer to section 3.9)
		with about 3.5ms interval.)	3. The SSCNETIL cable is broken or severed.	Change the cable.
		E inc. o	4. Noise entered the servo amplifier.	Take noise suppression measures.
		Ema Line	cable deteriorated because vinyl	Remove the vinyl tape and/or wire sheath, which contains migrating plasticizer, and exchange the cable.
		\sim	wcontains migrating plasticizer, adhered to the cable.	
35	Command frequency error	Input pulse frequency of command pulse is	1. Command given is greater than the maximum speed of the servo motor.	Check operation program.
		too high.	2. Servo system controller failure.	Change the servo system controller.
			3. Noise entered the servo amplifier.	Take noise of I/O signal suppression measures.
			4. Noise entered the controller.	Take noise from the controller suppression measures.
36	Receive error 2	SSCNETIII communication error	1. The SSCNETI cable is disconnected.	Connect it after turning off the control circuit power supply for servo amplifier.
		(Intermittently communication error	 The surface at the end of SSCNETIL cable got dirty. 	
			 The SSCNETII cable is broken or severed. 	Change the cable.
			4. Noise entered the servo amplifier.	Take noise suppression measures.
				Remove the vinyl tape and/or wire sheath,
				which contains migrating plasticizer, and exchange the cable.
			contains migrating plasticizer, adhered to the cable.	

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
37	Parameter error	Parameter setting is	1. Servo amplifier fault caused the	Change the servo amplifier.
		wrong.	parameter setting to be rewritten.	
			2. There is a parameter whose value	Change the parameter value to within the
			was set to outside the setting range	setting range.
			by the controller.	
			3. The number of write times to EEP-	Change the servo amplifier.
			ROM exceeded 100,000 due to	
			parameter write, etc.	
45	Main circuit device overheat		 Servo amplifier faulty. The power supply was turned on 	Change the servo amplifier. The drive method is reviewed.
			and off continuously by overloaded status.	
			3. Ambient temperature of servo motor is over 55°C.	Check environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to 55°C.
- 10			4. Used beyond the specifications of close mounting.	Use within the range of specifications.
46	Servo motor overheat	Servo motor temperature rise	1. Ambient temperature of servo motor is over 40°C.	Check environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to 40°C.
		actuated the thermal	2. Servo motor is overloaded.	1. Reduce load.
		sensor.		 Check operation pattern. Use servo motor that provides larger
				output.
	a		3. Thermal sensor in encoder is faulty.	Change the servo motor.
47	Cooling fan error	The cooling fan of the servo amplifier	 Cooling fan life expiration (Refer to section 2.5.) 	Change the cooling fan of the servo amplifier.
		stopped, or its speed	• 正利技有限公司	Remove the foreign matter.
		decreased to or below the alarm level.	fan stopped rotation.	
		ievei.	3. The power supply of the cooling fan failed. 037-466333	Change the servo amplifier.
50	Overload 1	Load exceeded overload protection	1. Servo amplifier is used in excess of its continuous output current: W	1. Reduce load. 2. Check operation pattern.
		characteristic of		 Use servo motor that provides larger output.
		Line	2. Servo system is instable and	1. Repeat acceleration/
			hunting. ww.repairtw.com	deceleration to execute auto tuning.
		VV	ww.repairtw.com	 Change the auto tuning response setting. Set auto tuning to OFF and make gain adjustment manually.
			3. Machine struck something.	1. Check operation pattern.
				2. Install limit switches.
			4. Wrong connection of servo motor.	Connect correctly.
			Servo amplifier's output terminals U, V, W do not match servo motor's	
			input terminals U, V, W.	
			5. Encoder faulty.	Change the servo motor.
			Checking method When the servo motor shaft is	
			rotated with the servo off, the	
			cumulative feedback pulses do not	
			vary in proportion to the rotary angle of the shaft but the indication skips	
			or returns midway.	
			6. After Overload 2 (51) occurred, turn	1. Reduce load.
			OFF/ON the power supply to clear	2. Check operation pattern.
			the alarm. Then the overload	3. Use servo motor that provides larger
			operation is repeated.	output.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
51	Overload 2	Machine collision or	1. Machine struck something.	1. Check operation pattern.
-		the like caused max.	3	2. Install limit switches.
		For the time of the alarm occurrence,	2. Wrong connection of servo motor.	Connect correctly.
		refer to the section	Servo amplifier's output terminals U,	
		10.1.	V, W do not match servo motor's input terminals U, V, W.	
			3. Servo system is instable and	1. Repeat acceleration/deceleration to
			hunting.	execute auto tuning.
				 Change the auto tuning response setting. Set auto tuning to OFF and make gain
				adjustment manually.
			4. Encoder faulty.	Change the servo motor.
			Checking method	
			When the servo motor shaft is rotated with the servo off, the	
			cumulative feedback pulses do not	
			vary in proportion to the rotary angle	
			of the shaft but the indication skips or returns midway.	
52	Error excessive	The deviation	1. Acceleration/deceleration time	Increase the acceleration/deceleration time
1		between the model	constant is too small.	constant.
1		position and the	2. Torque limit value set with controller	Increase the torque limit value.
		actual servo motor	is too small.	
		1	3. Motor cannot be started due to	1. Check the power supply capacity.
		parameter No.PC01 setting value (initial	torque shortage caused by power	2. Use servo motor which provides larger
		and the second sec	supply voltage drop. 4. Position loop gain 1 (parameter	output.
				Increase set value and adjust to ensure
		電話	No.PB08) value is small. 5. Servo motor shaft was rotated by	proper operation. 1. When torque is limited, increase the limit
			-	value.
		Ema	il external force ice @repairtw.	2. Reduce load.
		Line	id: @zzzz	3. Use servo motor that provides larger
				output.
		W	6./Machine struck something.	1. Check operation pattern.
				2. Install limit switches.
			7. Encoder faulty	Change the servo motor.
			8. Wrong connection of servo motor.	Connect correctly.
			Servo amplifier's output terminals U,	
			V, W do not match servo motor's	
			input terminals U, V, W.	
			9. SSCNETI cable fault	Change the SSCNETIII cable.
			10. Optical characteristic of SSCNETIII cable deteriorated because vinyl	Remove the vinyl tape and/or wire sheath,
			tape and/or wire sheath, which	which contains migrating plasticizer, and exchange the cable.
			contains migrating plasticizer,	
			adhered to the cable.	
8A	USB	Communication with	1. USB cable breakage.	Change the USB cable.
	communication	MR Configurator in	-	
	time-out error	test operation mode		
		stopped for longer		
		than the specified		
		time.		
8E	USB	Serial communication error occurred		Change the USB cable.
	communication	between servo	(Open cable or short circuit)	
	error	amplifier and	2. Communication device (e.g.	Change the communication device (e.g.
		communication	personal computer) faulty	personal computer).
		device (e.g. personal computer).		
	1			

8. TROUBLESHOOTING

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
(Note)	Watchdog	CPU, parts faulty	Fault of parts in servo amplifier	Change the servo amplifier.
888			Checking method Alarm (888) occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cable.	

Note. At power-on, "888" appears instantaneously, but it is not an error.

8.3 Remedies for warnings

- If an absolute position counter warning (E3) occurred, always make home position setting again. Not doing so may cause unexpected operation.

POINT

- When any of the following alarms has occurred, do not resume operation by switching power of the servo amplifier OFF/ON repeatedly. The servo amplifier and servo motor may become faulty. If the power of the servo amplifier is switched OFF/ON during the alarms, allow more than 30 minutes for cooling before resuming operation.
 - Excessive regenerative warning (E0)
 - · Overload warning 1 (E1)十手 冊 委 组 件

If E6, E7 or E9 occurs, the servo off status is established. If any other warning occurs, operation can be continued but an alarm may take place or proper operation may not be performed.

Remove the cause of warning according to this section. Use the MR Configurator to refer to a factor of warning Line id: $(\omega) Z Z Z Z$ occurrence.

Display	Name	Definition WWW	/.repairtw.coause	Action
92	Battery cable	Absolute position detection	1. Battery cable is open.	Repair cable or changed.
	disconnection	system battery voltage is	2. Battery voltage supplied from the servo	Change the battery.
	warning	low.	amplifier to the encoder fell to about 3V or	
			less.	
			(Detected with the encoder)	
96	Home position	Home position setting	1. Droop pulses remaining are greater than	Remove the cause of droop pulse
	setting warning	could not be made.	the in-position range setting.	occurrence
			2. Command pulse entered after clearing of	Do not enter command pulse
			droop pulses.	after clearing of droop pulses.
			3. Creep speed high.	Reduce creep speed.
9F	Battery warning	Voltage of battery for	Battery voltage fell to 3.2V or less.	Change the battery.
		absolute position detection	(Detected with the servo amplifier)	
		system reduced.		
E0	Excessive	There is a possibility that	Regenerative power increased to 85% or	1. Reduce frequency of
	regeneration	regenerative power may	more of permissible regenerative power of	positioning.
	warning	exceed permissible	built-in regenerative resistor or regenerative	2. Change the regenerative
		regenerative power of	option.	option for the one with larger
		built-in regenerative	Checking method	capacity.
		resistor or regenerative		3. Reduce load.
		option.	regenerative load ratio.	

8. TROUBLESHOOTING

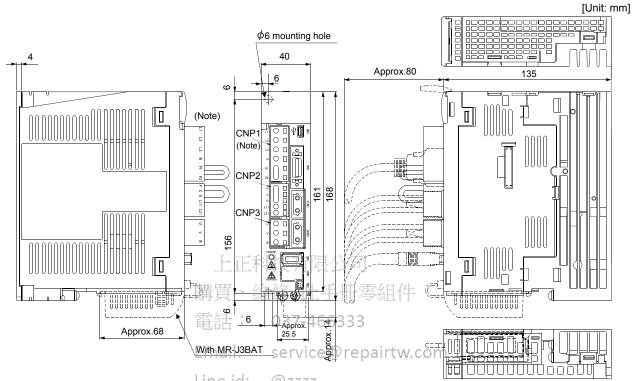
Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
E1	Overload warning 1	There is a possibility that overload alarm 1 or 2 may occur.	Load increased to 85% or more of overload alarm 1 or 2 occurrence level. Cause, checking method Refer to 50,51.	Refer to 50, 51.
E3	Absolute position counter warning	Absolute position encoder pulses faulty.	1. Noise entered the encoder.	Take noise suppression measures.
		The multi-revolution counter value of the absolute position encoder exceeded the maximum revolution range.	 Encoder faulty. The movement amount from the home position exceeded a 32767 rotation or 37268 rotation in succession. 	Change the servo motor. Make home position setting again.
E4	Parameter warning	Parameter outside setting range	Parameter value set from servo system controller is outside setting range	Set it correctly.
E6	Servo forced stop warning	EM1 is off.	External forced stop was made valid. (EM1 was turned off.)	Ensure safety and deactivate forced stop.
E7	Controller forced stop warning		Forced stop signal was entered into the servo system controller.	Ensure safety and deactivate forced stop.
E8		below the warning level.	Cooling fan life expiration (Refer to section 2.5.) 私坊有限2次司	Change the cooling fan of the servo amplifier.
		This warning is not displayed with MR-J3- 70B/100B among servo amplifiers equipped with a cooling fan.	The power supply of the cooling fan is broken. 此于册零组件 037-466333	Change the servo amplifier.
E9	Main circuit off warning	Servo-on command was issued with main circuit power off.	ser vice @repairtw.com @zzzz	Switch on main circuit power.
EC	Overload warning 2	Operation, in which a	During a stop, the status in which a current flew intensively in any of the U, V and W phases of the servo motor occurred repeatedly, exceeding the warning level.	 Reduce the positioning frequency at the specific positioning address. Reduce the load. Replace the servo amplifier/ servo motor with the one of larger capacity.
ED	Output watt excess warning		Continuous operation was performed with the output wattage (speed \times torque) of the servo motor exceeding 150% of the rated output.	 Reduce the servo motor speed. Reduce the load.

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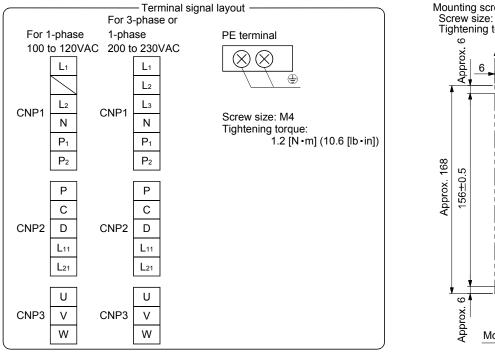
9. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

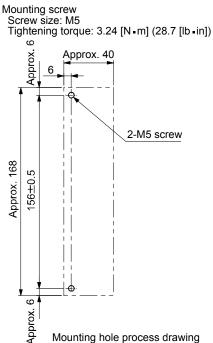
- 9.1 Servo amplifier
- (1) MR-J3-10B MR-J3-20B MR-J3-10B1 • MR-J3-20B1



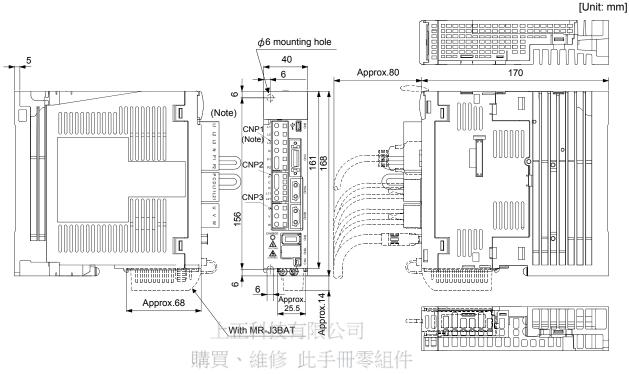
Note. This data applies to the 3-phase or 1-phase 200 to 230VAC power supply models. For a single-phase, 100 to 120VAC power supply, refer to the terminal signal layout.

Mass: 0.8 [kg] (1.76 [lb])





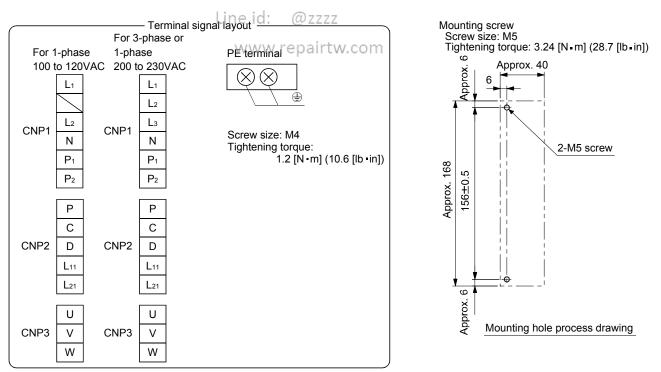
(2) MR-J3-40B • MR-J3-60B MR-J3-40B1



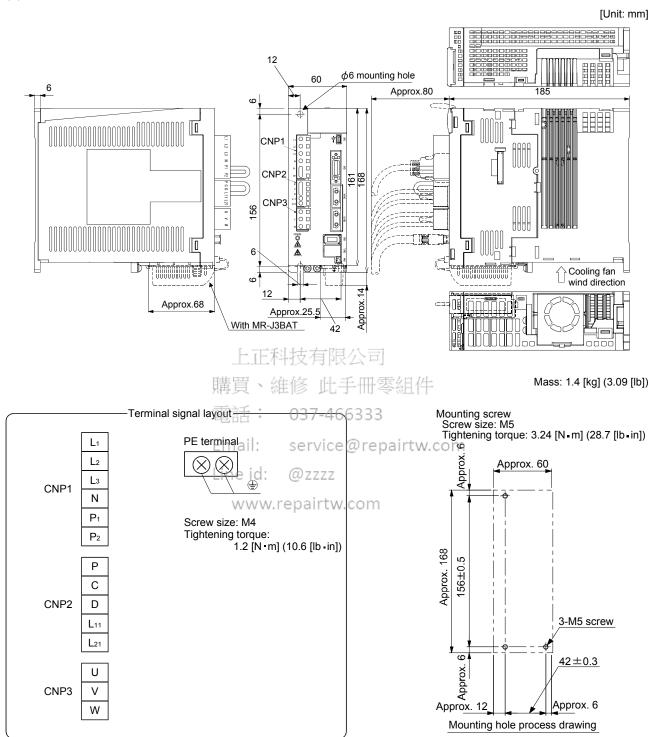
Note. This data applies to the 3-phase or 1-phase 200 to 230VAC power supply models. For a single-phase, 100 to 120VAC power supply, refer to the terminal signal layout.

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Mass: 1.0 [kg] (2.21 [lb])

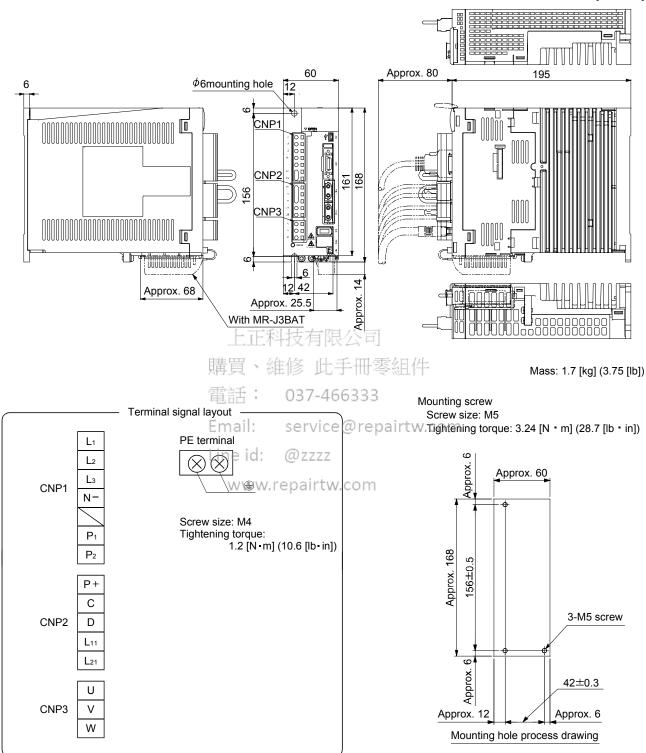


(3) MR-J3-70B • MR-J3-100B



(4) MR-J3-60B4 • MR-J3-100B4

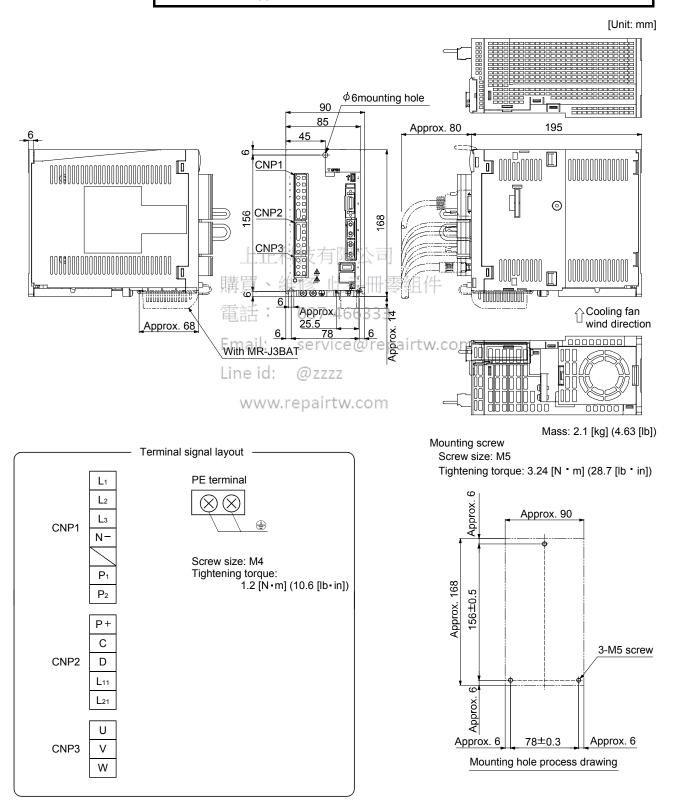
[Unit: mm]



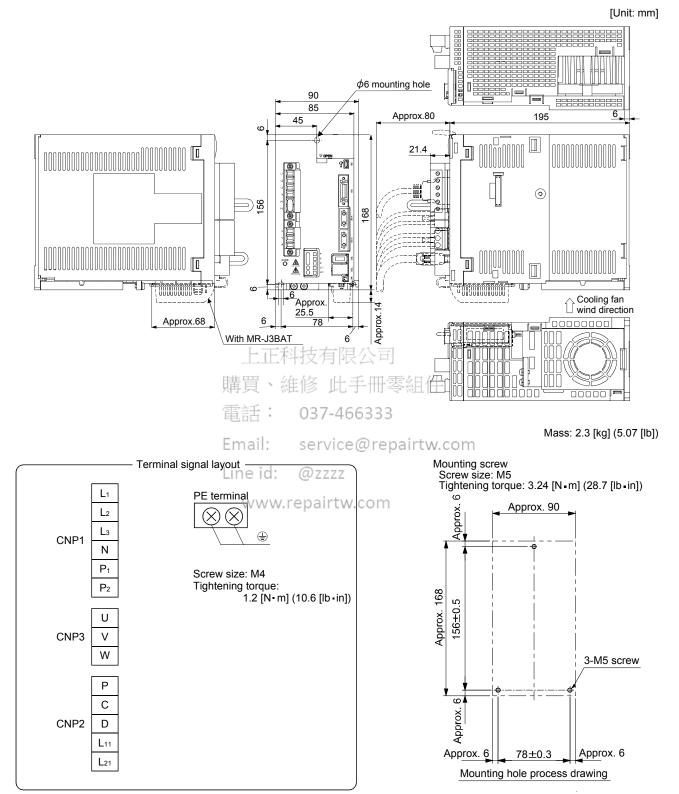
(5) MR-J3-200B(4)

POINT

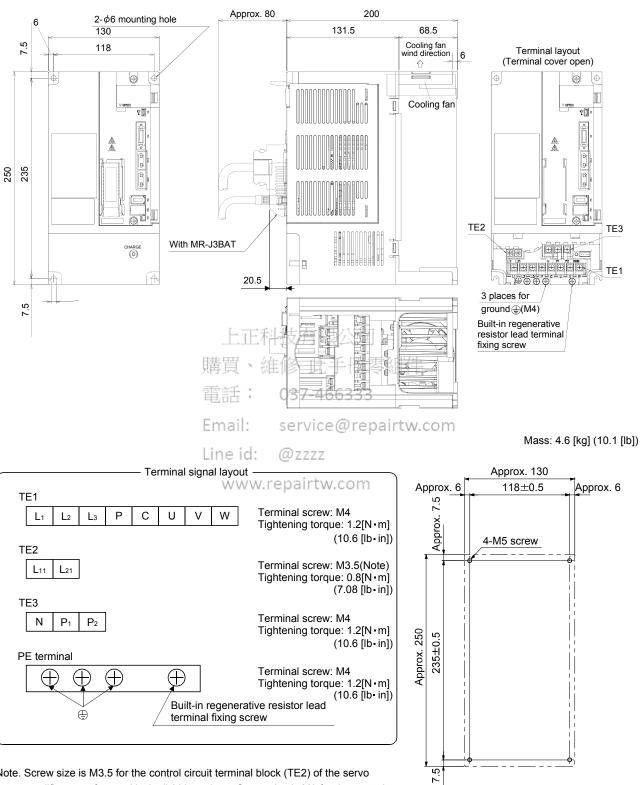
 Connectors (CNP1, CNP2, and CNP3) and appearance of MR-J3-200B servo amplifier have been changed from January 2008 production. Model name of the existing servo amplifier is changed to MR-J3-200B-RT. For MR-J3-200B-RT, refer to appendix 5.



(6) MR-J3-350B



(7) MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4)



[Unit: mm]

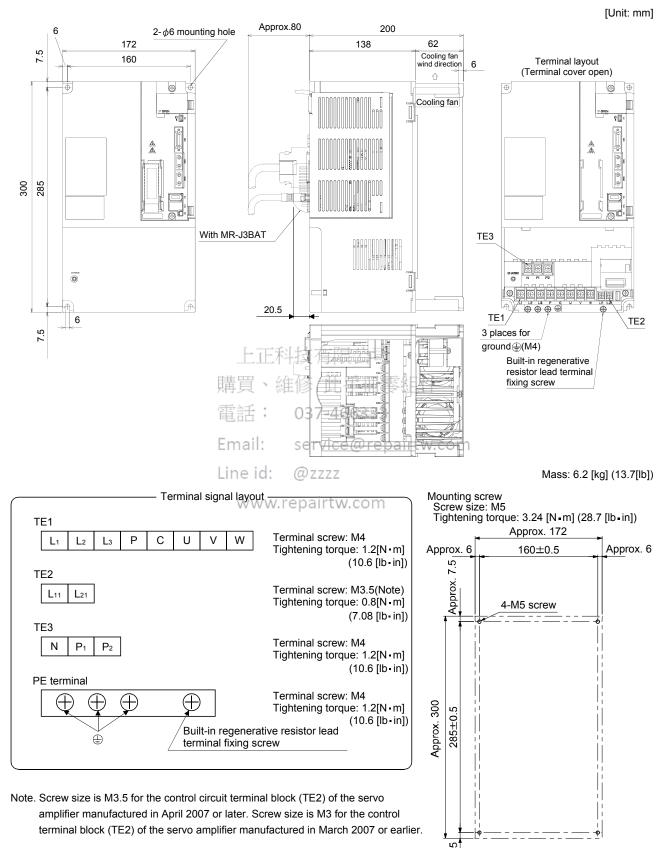
Note. Screw size is M3.5 for the control circuit terminal block (TE2) of the servo amplifier manufactured in April 2007 or later. Screw size is M3 for the control terminal block (TE2) of the servo amplifier manufactured in March 2007 or earlier.

9-7

Approx.

Mounting hole process drawing

(8) MR-J3-700B(4)



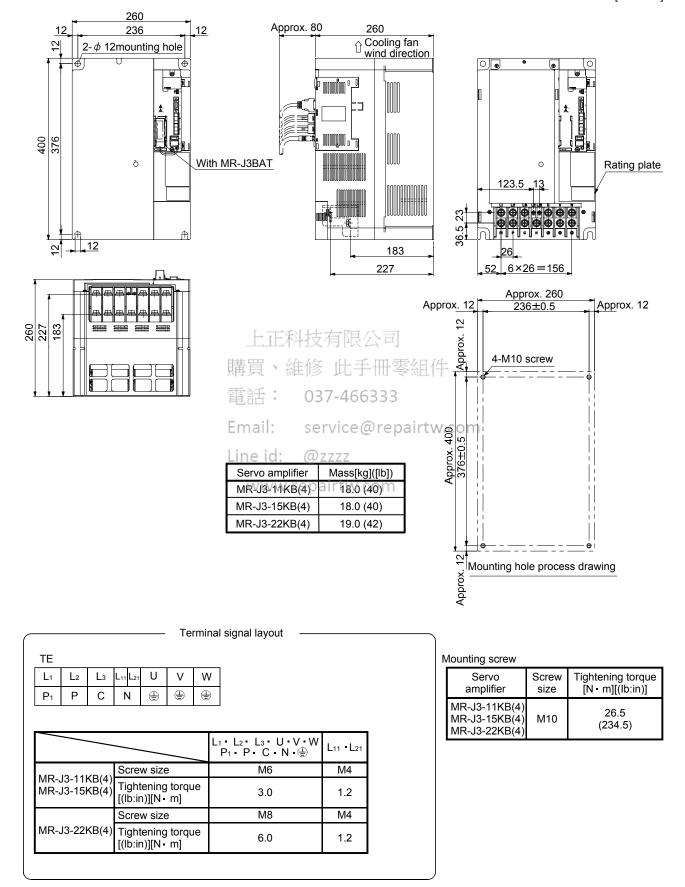
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Approx.

Mounting hole process drawing

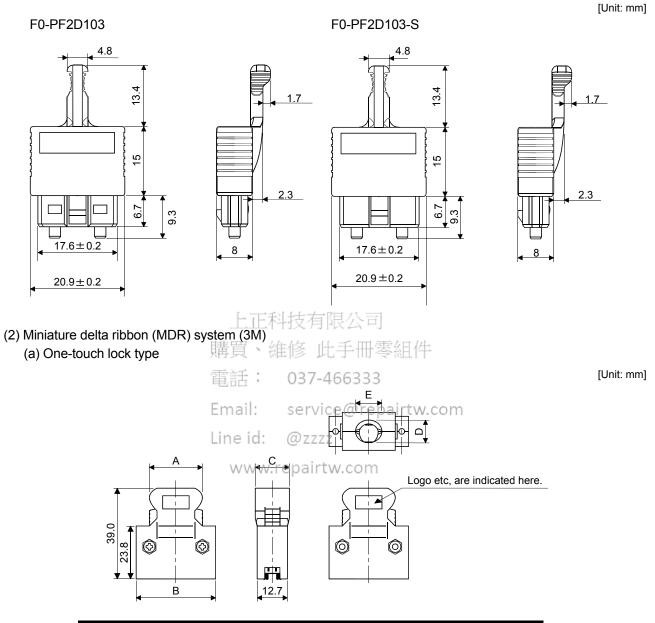
(9) MR-J3-11KB(4) to 22KB(4)

[Unit: mm]



9.2 Connector

(1) CN1A - CN1B connector

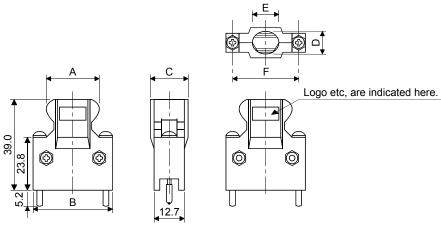


Compositor	Chall kit		Each type of dimension					
Connector	Shell kit	А	В	С	D	Е		
10120-3000F	E 10320-52F0-00	08 22.0	33.3	14.0	10.0	12.0		

(b) Jack screw M2.6 type

This is not available as option.

[Unit: mm]



Connector	Shell kit		E	ach type o	f dimensio	on		
Connector	Shell Kit	А	В	С	D	Е	F	
10120-3000PE	10320-52F0-008	22.0	33.3	14.0	10.0	12.0	27.4	
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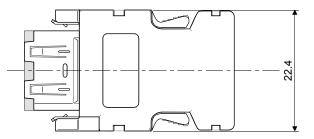
(3) SCR connector system (3M) Receptacle : 36210-0100PL Shell kit : 36310-3200-008

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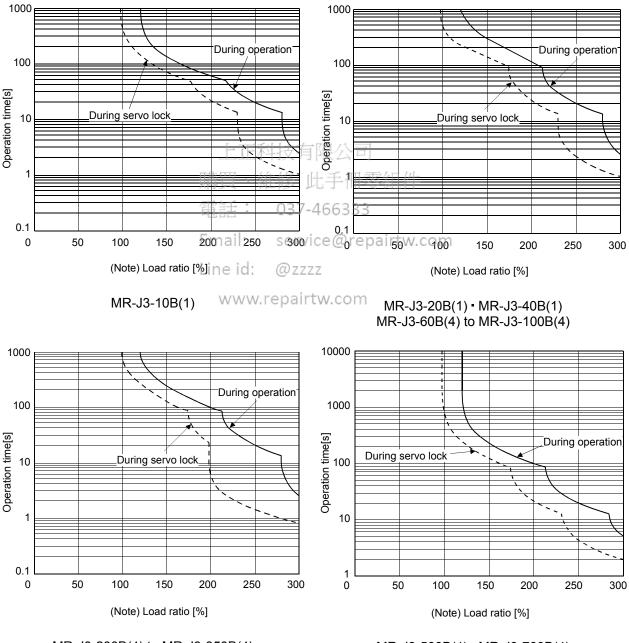
10. CHARACTERISTICS

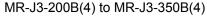
10.1 Overload protection characteristics

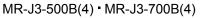
An electronic thermal relay is built in the servo amplifier to protect the servo motor and servo amplifier from overloads. Overload 1 alarm (50) occurs if overload operation performed is above the electronic thermal relay protection curve shown in any of Figs 10.1. Overload 2 alarm (51) occurs if the maximum current flew continuously for several seconds due to machine collision, etc. Use the equipment on the left-hand side area of the continuous or broken line in the graph.

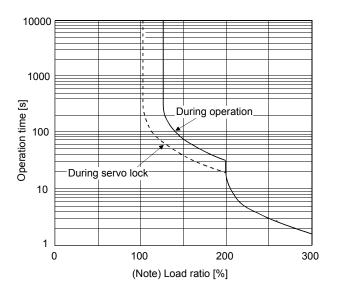
In a machine like the one for vertical lift application where unbalanced torque will be produced, it is recommended to use the machine so that the unbalanced torque is 70% or less of the rated torque.

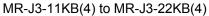
When you carry out adhesion mounting of the servo amplifier, make circumference temperature into 0 to 45°C, or use it at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.











Fig

Note. If operation that generates torque more than 100% of the rating is performed with an abnormally high frequency in a servo motor stop status (servo lock status) or in a 30r/min or less low-speed operation status, the servo amplifier may fail even when the electronic thermal relay protection is not activated.

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10.1 Electronic thermal relay protection characteristics							
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10.2 Power supply equipment capacity and generated loss

(1) Amount of heat generated by the servo amplifier

Table 10.1 indicates servo amplifiers' power supply capacities and losses generated under rated load. For thermal design of an enclosure, use the values in Table 10.1 in consideration for the worst operating conditions. The actual amount of generated heat will be intermediate between values at rated torque and servo off according to the duty used during operation. When the servo motor is run at less than the maximum speed, the power supply capacity will be smaller than the value in the table, but the servo amplifier's generated heat will not change.

Table 10.1 Power supply capacity and generated heat per servo amplifier at rated output

Servo amplifier	Servo motor	(Note 1) Power supply	(No Servo amplifier-g	Area required for heat dissipation		
		capacity[kVA]	At rated torque	With servo off	[m ²]	
	HF-MP053	0.3	25	15	0.5	
MR-J3-10B (1)	HF-MP13	0.3	25	15	0.5	
	HF-KP053 13	0.3	25	15	0.5	
	HF-MP23	0.5	25	15	0.5	
MR-J3-20B (1)	HF-KP23	0.5	25	15	0.5	
	HF-MP43	0.9	35	15	0.7	
MR-J3-40B (1)	HF-KP43	0.9	35	15	0.7	
	HF-SP52 (4)	上山种技有	限公司	15	0.8	
MR-J3-60B (4)	HF-SP51	# 10 10 IV		15	0.8	
	HC-LP52	再〔10年◎□	七十冊40念組行	15	0.8	
	HF-MP73	宮託 : 1.3 027_	1663350	15	1.0	
MR-J3-70B	HF-KP73	1.3	50	15	1.0	
	HC-UP72	mail: 1.3 servi	ce@re9airtw.	com 15	1.0	
	HF-SP102 (4)	1.7	50	15	1.0	
MR-J3-100B (4)	HF-SP81	ine id: _{1.5} @zzz	Z 50	15	1.0	
	HC-LP102	1.7	50	15	1.0	
	HF-SP152 (4)	2.5	.w.com 90	20	1.8	
	HF-SP202 (4)	3.5	90	20	1.8	
	HF-SP121	2.1	90	20	1.8	
	HF-SP201	3.5	90	20	1.8	
MR-J3-200B (4)	HC-RP103	1.8	50	15	1.0	
	HC-RP153	2.5	90	20	1.8	
	HC-UP152	2.5	90	20	1.8	
	HC-LP152	2.5	90	20	1.8	
	HF-SP352 (4)	5.5	130	20 (25) (Note 3)	2.7	
	HC-RP203	3.5	90	20	1.8	
MR-J3-350B (4)	HC-UP202	3.5	90	20	1.8	
	HC-LP202	3.5	90	20	1.8	
	HF-SP301	4.8	120	20	2.4	
	HF-SP502 (4)	7.5	195	25	3.9	
	HC-RP353	5.5	135	25	2.7	
	HC-RP503	7.5	195	25	3.9	
	HC-UP352	5.5	195	25	3.9	
MR-J3-500B (4)	HC-UP502	7.5	195	25	3.9	
	HC-LP302	4.5	120	25	2.4	
	HA-LP502	7.5	195	25	3.9	
	HF-SP421	6.7	160	25	3.2	

10. CHARACTERISTICS

Servo amplifier	Servo motor	(Note 1) Power supply	(No Servo amplifier-g	Area required for heat dissipation	
		capacity[kVA]	At rated torque	With servo off	[m²]
	HF-SP702 (4)	10.0	300	25	6.0
MD 10 700D (4)	HA-LP702	10.6	300	25	6.0
MR-J3-700B (4)	HA-LP601 (4)	10.0	260	25	5.2
	HA-LP701M (4)	11.0	300	25	6.0
	HC-LP11K2 (4)	16.0	530	45	11.0
	HC-LP801 (4)	12.0	390	45	7.8
MR-J3-11KB	HC-LP12K1 (4)	18.0	580	45	11.6
	HC-LP11K1M (4)	16.0	530	45	11.0
	HC-LP15K2 (4)	22.0	640	45	13.0
MR-J3-15KB	HC-LP15K1 (4)	22.0	640	45	13.0
	HC-LP15K1M (4)	22.0	640	45	13.0
	HC-LP22K2 (4)	33.0	850	55	17.0
	HC-LP20K1 (4)	30.1	775	55	15.5
MR-J3-22KB	HC-LP25K1	37.6	970	55	19.4
	HC-LP22K1M (4)	33.0	850	55	17.0

Note 1. Note that the power supply capacity will vary according to the power supply impedance. This value is applicable when the power factor improving reactor is not used.

2. Heat generated during regeneration is not included in the servo amplifier-generated heat. To calculate heat generated by the regenerative option, refer to section 11.2.

3. For 400V class, the value is within the ()上正科技有限公司

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(2) Heat dissipation area for enclosed servo amplifier

The enclosed control box (hereafter called the control box) which will contain the servo amplifier should be designed to ensure that its temperature rise is within $+10^{\circ}$ C at the ambient temperature of 40° C. (With a 5°C (41°F) safety margin, the system should operate within a maximum 55°C (131°F) limit.) The necessary enclosure heat dissipation area can be calculated by Equation 10.1.

 $A = \frac{P}{K \cdot \Delta T}$ (10.1)

- where, A : Heat dissipation area [m²]
 - P : Loss generated in the control box [W]
 - ΔT $\;$: Difference between internal and ambient temperatures [°C]
 - K : Heat dissipation coefficient [5 to 6]

When calculating the heat dissipation area with Equation 10.1, assume that P is the sum of all losses generated in the enclosure. Refer to Table 10.1 for heat generated by the servo amplifier. "A" indicates the effective area for heat dissipation, but if the enclosure is directly installed on an insulated wall, that extra amount must be added to the enclosure's surface area.

The required heat dissipation area will vary wit the conditions in the enclosure. If convection in the enclosure is poor and heat builds up, effective heat dissipation will not be possible. Therefore, arrangement of the equipment in the enclosure and the use of a cooling fan should be considered.

Table 10.1 lists the enclosure dissipation area for each servo amplifier when the servo amplifier is operated at the ambient temperature of 40° C (104° F) under rated load.

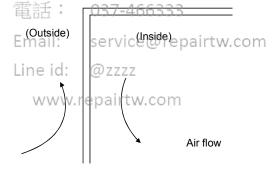
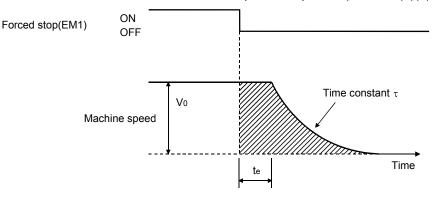


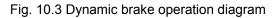
Fig. 10.2 Temperature distribution in enclosure

When air flows along the outer wall of the enclosure, effective heat exchange will be possible, because the temperature slope inside and outside the enclosure will be steeper.

- 10.3 Dynamic brake characteristics
- 10.3.1 Dynamic brake operation
- (1) Calculation of coasting distance

Fig. 10.3 shows the pattern in which the servo motor comes to a stop when the dynamic brake is operated. Use Equation 10.2 to calculate an approximate coasting distance to a stop. The dynamic brake time constant τ varies with the servo motor and machine operation speeds. (Refer to (2)(a), (b) of this section.)

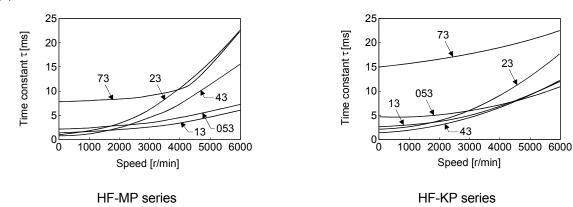




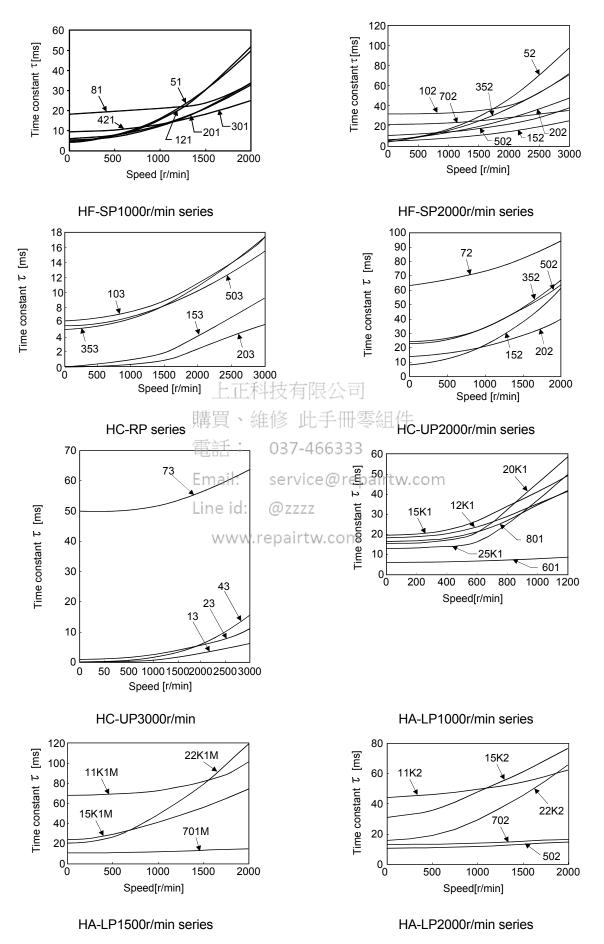
l may	= V₀ · {te +τ[1+ J⊥]} 上正科技有限公司 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 : Maximum coasting distance : Machine rapid feed rate電話: 037-466333	
Linax	60 ["···[] J _M]] 購買、維修 此手冊零組件	
Lmax	: Maximum coasting distance	[mm][in]
Vo	: Machine rapid feed rate	[mm/min][in/min]
J_M	: Servo motor inertial moment : Load inertia moment converted into equivalent value on servo motor shaft	[kg • cm²][oz • in²]
J_{L}	: Load inertia moment converted into equivalent value on servo motor shaft	[kg • cm ²][oz • in ²]
τ	: Brake time constantLine.id:@zzzz	[s]
te	: Delay time of control section	
	For 7kW or less servo, there is internal relay delay time of about 30ms. For 11	k to 22kW servo,
	there is delay time of about 100ms caused by a delay of the external relay and	a delay of the
	magnetic contactor built in the external dynamic brake.	

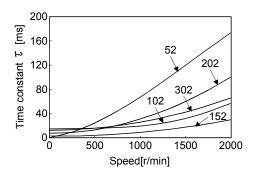
(2) Dynamic brake time constant

The following shows necessary dynamic brake time constant τ for the equations (10.2).

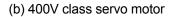


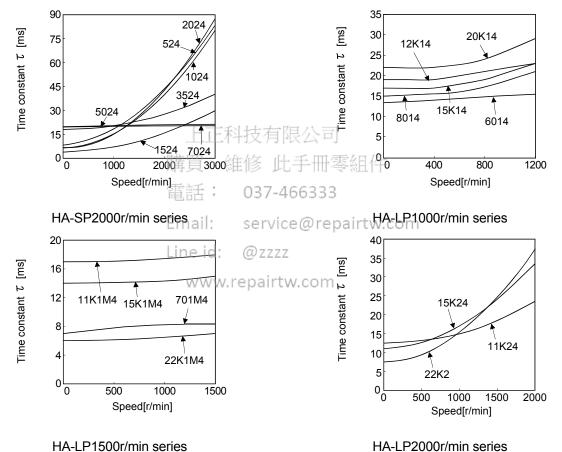
(a) 200V class servo motor











10.3.2 The dynamic brake at the load inertia moment

Use the dynamic brake under the load inertia moment ratio indicated in the following table. If the load inertia moment is higher than this value, the built-in dynamic brake may burn. If there is a possibility that the load inertia moment may exceed the value, contact Mitsubishi.

The values of the load inertia moment ratio in the table are the values at the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor.

Comu					Servo	motor				
Servo amplifier	НҒ-КР□	HF-MP□	HF-SP□1	HF-SP□2	HC-RP	HC-UP	HC-LP□	HA-LP□1	HA- LP□1M	HA-LP□2
MR-J3-10B(1)	30	30			\setminus	\backslash		\setminus	Ν	\setminus
MR-J3-20B(1)	30	30			\backslash			\setminus	\backslash	$ \rangle$
MR-J3-40B(1)	30	30			\backslash					
MR-J3-60B			30	30			30			
MR-J3-70B	30	30				30				
MR-J3-100B	\setminus	\land	30	30			30			
MR-J3-200B	\backslash	\setminus	30	30	30	30	30			
MR-J3-350B	\backslash	\backslash	16	16	16	16	16	\setminus		
MR-J3-500B			15	15	15	15	15			15
MR-J3-700B			\setminus	5 (Note 1)	\setminus	Ν	Ν	5 (Note 1)	5 (Note 1)	5 (Note 1)
MR-J3-11KB (Note 2)				正科技	有限公	- À	\backslash	30	30	30
MR-J3-15KB (Note 2)			購買	、維修	此手	田零組	4	30	30	30
MR-J3-22KB (Note 2)			電話	EQ :	7-4663	33 repairt		30	30	30

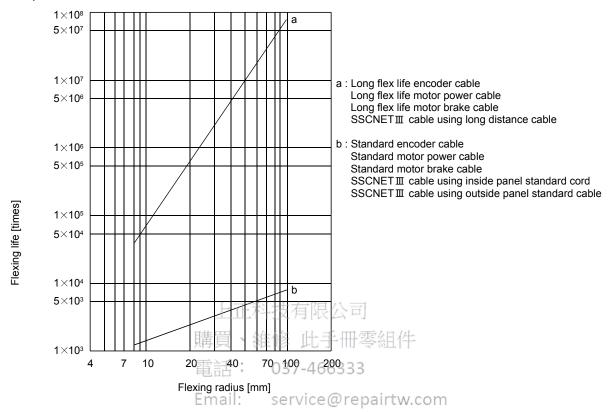
Servo		Servo	motorne i	d: @;	ZZZ
amplifier	HF-SP□4	HA-LP⊡14	HA-LP□ 1M4₩V	HA-LP⊟24 W.Tepa	irtw.com
MR-J3-60B4	5 (Note 1)	\backslash		\setminus	
MR-J3-100B4	5 (Note 1)		\backslash	\backslash	
MR-J3-200B4	5 (Note 1)			\backslash	
MR-J3-350B4	5 (Note 1)				
MR-J3-500B4	5 (Note 1)			\setminus	
MR-J3-700B4	5 (Note 1)	10	10	\backslash	
MR-J3-11KB4 (Note 2)		30	30	30	
MR-J3-15KB4 (Note 2)		30	30	30	
MR-J3-22KB4 (Note 2)		30	30	30	

Note 1. The load inertia moment ratio is 15 at the rated rotation speed.

2. When the external dynamic brake is used.

10.4 Cable flexing life

The flexing life of the cables is shown below. This graph calculated values. Since they are not guaranteed values, provide a little allowance for these values.



10.5 Inrush currents at power-on of main circuit and control circuit

The following table indicates the inrush currents (reference data) that will flow when the maximum permissible voltage (200V class: 253VAC, 400V class: 528VAC) is applied at the power supply capacity of 2500kVA and the wiring length of 1m (3.28ft).

Convo operlifion	Inrush currents (A _{0^{-p}})					
Servo amplifier	Main circuit power supply (L ₁ , L ₂ , L ₃)	Control circuit power supply (L ₁₁ , L ₂₁)				
MR-J3-10B1 to 40B1	38A (Attenuated to approx. 14A in 10ms)					
MR-J3-10B to 60B	30A (Attenuated to approx. 5A in 10ms)	20 to 30A				
MR-J3-70B • 100B	54A (Attenuated to approx. 12A in 10ms)	(Attenuated to approx. 0A in 1 to 2ms)				
MR-J3-200B • 350B	120A (Attenuated to approx. 12A in 20ms)					
MR-J3-500B	44A (Attenuated to approx. 20A in 20ms)					
MR-J3-700B	88A (Attenuated to approx. 20A in 20ms)					
MR-J3-11KB		30A (Attenuated to approx. 0A in 3ms)				
MR-J3-15KB	235A (Attenuated to approx. 20A in 20ms)					
MR-J3-22KB						
MR-J3-60B4 • 100B4	100A (Attenuated to approx. 5A in 10ms)	40 to 50A				
MR-J3-200B4	120A (Attenuated to approx. 12A in 20ms)	(Attenuated to approx. 0A in 2ms)				
MR-J3-350B4 • 500B4	66A (Attenuated to approx. 10A in 20ms)	41A (Attenuated to approx. 0A in 3ms)				
MR-J3-700B4	67A (Attenuated to approx. 34A in 20ms)	4 TA (Alternated to approx. OA III SITIS)				
MR-J3-11KB4						
MR-J3-15KB4	325A (Attenuated to approx. 20A in 20ms)	45A (Attenuated to approx. 0A in 3ms)				
MR-J3-22KB4						

Since large inrush currents flow in the power supplies, always use no-fuse breakers and magnetic contactors. (Refer to section 11.12.)

When circuit protectors are used, it is recommended to use the inertia delay type that will not be tripped by an inrush current.

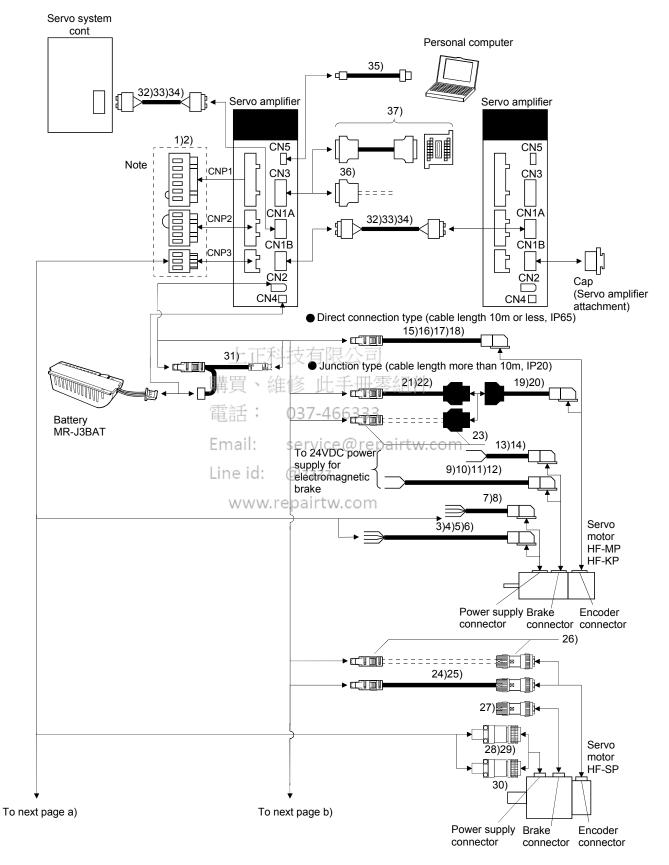
 Before connecting any option or peripheral equipment, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P(+) and N(-) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not. 				
 Use the specified auxiliary equipment and options. Unspecified ones may lead to a fault or fire. 				

11.1 Cable/connector sets

POINT
 Protective structure indicated for cables and connecters is for a cable or
connector alone. When the cables and connectors are used to connect the
servo amplifier and servo motor, and if protective structures of the servo
amplifier and servo motor are lower than that of the cable and connector,
specifications of the servo amplifier and servo motor apply.

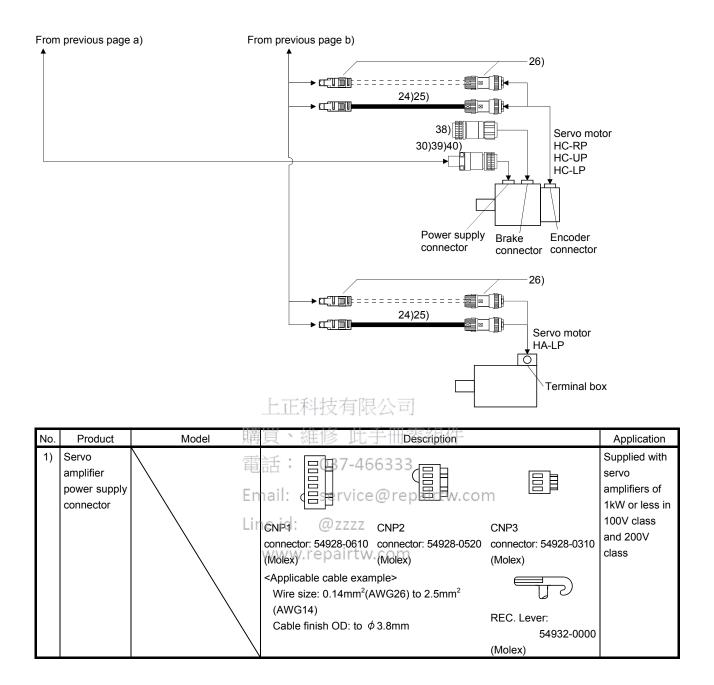
As the cables and connectors used with this serve, purchase the options indicated in this section.

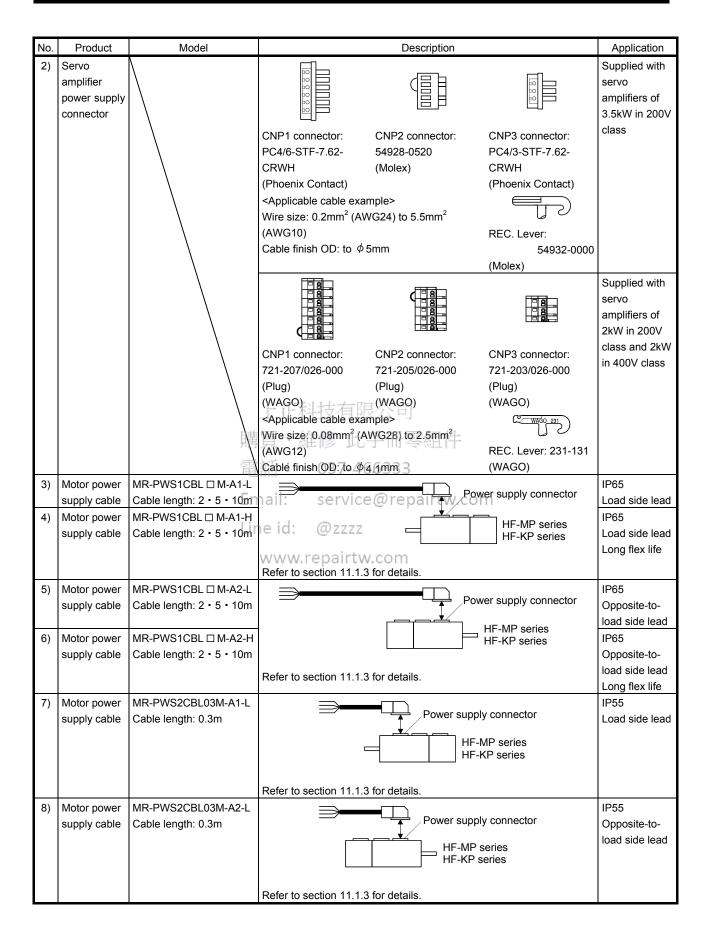
購買、維	診 此手冊零組件
電話:	037-466333
Email:	service@repairtw.com
Line id:	@zzzz
www.r	epairtw.com



11.1.1 Combinations of cable/connector sets

Note. Connectors for 3.5kW or less. For 5kW or more, terminal blocks.





No.	Product	Model	Description	Application
9)	Motor brake	MR-BKS1CBL M-A1-L		IP65
9)	cable	Cable length: 2 • 5 • 10m		Load side lead
10)	Motor brake	MR-BKS1CBL M-A1-H		IP65
10)	cable	Cable length: 2 • 5 • 10m	HF-MP series	Load side lead
	Gable			Long flex life
				Long liok life
			Refer to section 11.1.4 for details.	
11)	Motor brake	MR-BKS1CBL I M-A2-L	Brake connector	IP65
	cable	Cable length: 2 • 5 • 10m		Opposite-to-
10)			HF-MP series	load side lead
12)	Motor brake cable	MR-BKS1CBL □ M-A2-H Cable length: 2 5 10m	HF-KP series	IP65 Opposite to
	Cable			Opposite-to- load side lead
			Refer to section 11.1.4 for details.	Long flex life
13)	Motor brake	MR-BKS2CBL03M-A1-L		IP55
13)	cable	Cable length: 0.3m	Brake connector	Load side lead
	Gable			
			HF-MP series	
			Refer to section 11.1.4 for details.	1055
14)	Motor brake cable	MR-BKS2CBL03M-A2-L	Brake connector	IP55 Opposite-to-
	Cable	Cable length: 0.3m	上止科技有限公 <u>可/</u>	load side lead
		1 the	買、維修 此手冊零組 中HF-MP series	
		人内	具 · 維修 肌 <u>干肌 令組</u> 干 HF-KP series	
		1	Refer to section 11.1.4 for details.	
15)	Encoder	MR-J3ENCBL DM-A1-	ail: 4.1.2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	IP65
	cable	Cable length: 2 · 5 · 10m		Load side lead
16)	Encoder	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A1-H	ne id: @zzzz	IP65
	cable	Cable length: 2 · 5 · 10m	HF-KP series	Opposite-to-
			www.repairtw.com	load side lead
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (1) for details.	Long flex life
17)	Encoder	MR-J3ENCBL M-A2-L		IP65
	cable	Cable length: 2 • 5 • 10m		Opposite-to-
			HF-MP series	load side lead
18)	Encoder	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A2-H	HF-KP series	IP65
	cable	Cable length: 2 · 5 · 10m		Opposite-to-
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (1) for details.	load side lead
				Long flex life
19)	Encoder	MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L		IP20
	cable	Cable length: 0.3m	Encoder connector	Load side lead
			HF-MP series	
			HF-KP series	
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (3) for details.	
20)	Encoder	MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L		IP20
- /	cable	Cable length: 0.3m	Encoder connector	Opposite-to-
1		Ĩ		load side lead
1			HF-MP series	
1			HF-KP series	
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (3) for details.	

No	Product	Model	Description		Application
21)	Encoder	MR-EKCBL 🗆 M-L			IP20
	cable	Cable length: 20 · 30m			
22)	Encoder	MR-EKCBL M-H			IP20
	cable	Cable length:	For HF-MP • HF-KP series		Long flex life
		20 · 30 · 40 · 50m	Refer to section 11.1.2 (2) for details.		
23)	Encoder connector set	MR-ECNM		•	IP20
	Sel		For HF-MP • HF-KP series		
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (2) for details.		
24)	Encoder	MR-J3ENSCBL M-L			IP67
24)	cable	Cable length:			Standard flex
	Cable	2 • 5 • 10 • 20 • 30m			life
25)	Encoder	MR-J3ENSCBL II M-H	For HF-SP HC-UP HC-LP HC-RP HA-L	P series	IP67
23)	cable	Cable length:	Refer to section 11.1.2 (4) for details.		Long flex life
	Cabic	2 • 5 • 10 • 20 • 30 • 40			Long lick life
		• 50m			
26)	Encoder	MR-J3SCNS			IP67
20)	connector				
	set				
	001		For HF-SP • HC-UP • HC-LP • HC-RP • HA-L	P series	
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (4) for details.		
27)	Brake	MR-BKCNS1	Straight plug: CM10-SP2S-L		IP67
,	connector		Socket contact: CM10-#22SC(S2)-100		
	set	714	אסס)		
			詰・ 037-466333	For HF-SP series	
28)	Power	MR-PWCNS4	Plug: CE05-6A18-10SD-D-BSS		IP67
	supply	En	Cable clamp: CE3057-10A-1-Doairtw.co		
	connector	Lir			
	set		Example of applicable cable	For HF-SP51 • 81	
			Applicable wire size: 2mm ² (AWG14) to	For HF-SP52 • 152	
			3.5mm ² (AWG12)		
			Cable finish ϕ D: ϕ 10.5 to 14.1mm		
29)	Power	MR-PWCNS5	Plug: CE05-6A22-22SD-D-BSS		IP67
	supply		Cable clamp: CE3057-12A-1-D		
	connector		(DDK)	For HF-SP121 to 301	
	set		Example of applicable cable	For HF-SP202 to 502	
			Applicable wire size: 5.5 mm ² (AWG10) to	101111-0120210302	
			8mm ² (AWG8)		
30)	Power	MR-PWCNS3	Cable finish ¢D: ¢12.5 to 16mm Plug: CE05-6A32-17SD-D-BSS		IP67
30)	supply		Cable clamp: CE3057-20A-1-D		Be sure to use
	connector		(DDK)		this when
	set		Example of applicable cable	For HF-SP421	corresponding
			Applicable wire size: 14mm ² (AWG6) to	For HF-SP702 For HA-LP702	to EN
			22mm ² (AWG4)		Standard.
6 11	0.11.1		Cable finish ϕ D: ϕ 22 to 23.8mm		
31)	Cable for	MR-J3BTCBL03M			For connection
	connecting battery				of battery
			Refer to section 11.1.2 (5) for details.		
		1			L

No.	Product	Model	Descrip	otion	Application
32)	SSCNETⅢ	MR-J3BUS 🗆 M		Connector: PF-2D103	Inside panel
	cable	Cable length: 0.15 to 3m	(Japan Aviation Electronics (Japan Aviation Electronics	standard cord
		(Refer to section 11.1.5.)	Industry, Ltd.) Ir	ndustry, Ltd.)	
33)	SSCNETⅢ	MR-J3BUS □ M-A	د آ کــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		Outside panel
	cable	Cable length: 5 to 20m			standard cable
		(Refer to section 11.1.5.)			
34)	SSCNETI	MR-J3BUS IM-B		Connector: PF-2D103	Long distance
	cable	Cable length: 30 to 50m		Japan Aviation Electronics	cable
		(Refer to section 11.1.5.)	Industry, Ltd.) Ir	ndustry, Ltd.)	
			<u>ا</u> ا		
			ч <u></u>		
35)	USB cable	MR-J3USBCBL3M	For CN5 connector F	or personal computer connector	For connection
-		Cable length: 3m	minB connector (5 pins) A	connector	with PC-AT
				_	compatible
					personal
					computer
36)	Connector set	MR-CCN1		Connector: 10120-3000PE	
			ц ц ч	Shell kit: 10320-52F0-008	
27)	lun etiene	<u></u>	(•	3M or similar product)	
37)	Junction terminal block	\mathbf{X}		PS7DW-20V14B-F (YOSHIDA ELECTRIC	\backslash
	(Recommend			INDUSTRY CO., LTD.)	\backslash
	ed)		⊢ TIT	Ъ │ ╔╈┓	
	00)		上山村技有限公司上		\backslash
		只再	Junction terminal block PS7DW-20V option. For using the junction te		\backslash
		X	J2HBUS Mis necessary. Refer to s	•	
38)	Break	MR-BKCN	Plug: D/MS3106A10SL-4S(D190) (DI		EN standard
,	connector set		For cable connector YS010-5-8(Dai		compliant
		im 1 1	Example of applicable cable		IP65
		Lir	Applicable wire size 0.3mm ² (AWG2	2) to 1.25mm ² For HA-LP	
			(AWG16)	For HC-UP	
			Cable finish: \$5 to 8.3mm m	For HC-LP	
39)	Power supply	MR-PWCNS1	Plug: CE05-6A22-23SD-D-BSS		Be sure to use
,	connector set		Cable clamp: CE3057-12A-2-D (DDK		this when
			Example of applicable cable	E 110 115	corresponding
			Applicable wire size: 2mm ² (AWG14)	to 3.5mm ² For HC-UP	to EN standard
			(AWG12)	For HC-LP	IP65
			Cable finish: ϕ 9.5 to 13mm	For HC-RP	
40)		MR-PWCNS2	Plug: CE05-6A24-10SD-D-BSS		
	connector set		Cable clamp: CE3057-16A-2-D (DDK		
			Example of applicable cable	0) to 9mm ² For HA-LP	
			Applicable wire size: 5.5mm ² (AWG10	0) to 8mm ² For HC-UP	
			(AWG8) Cable finish: ¢13 to 15.5mm	For HC-LP	
			Cable IIIISII. ψ is to 15.5mm	For HC-RP	

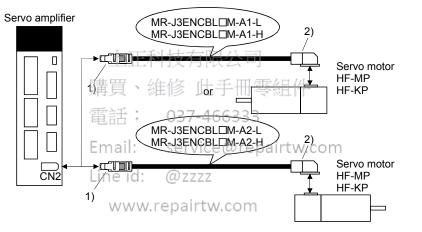
11.1.2 Encoder cable/connector sets

(1) MR-J3ENCBL I M-A1-L/H • MR-J3ENCBL I M-A2-L/H

These cables are encoder cables for the HF-MP \cdot HF-KP series servo motors. The numerals in the Cable Length field of the table are the symbols entered in the \Box part of the cable model. The cables of the lengths with the symbols are available.

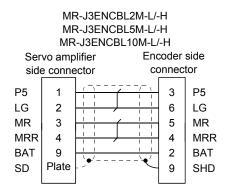
Cable model			Ca	able leng	gth			Protective	Application	
Cable model	2m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	structure	Flex life	Application
MR-J3ENCBL □ M-A1-L	2	5	10			\searrow		IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo
MR-J3ENCBL □ M-A1-H	2	5	10			\searrow		IP65	Long flex life	motor Load side lead
MR-J3ENCBL □ M-A2-L	2	5	10			\searrow		IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo
MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A2-H	2	5	10			\backslash		IP65	Long flex life	motor Opposite-to-load side lead

(a) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor



Cable model	1) For CN2 c	connector	2) For encoder connector
MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M- A1-L	Receptacle: 36210-0100PL C Shell kit: 36310-3200-008 (3M)	onnector set: 54599-1019(Molex)	Connector: 1674320-1 Crimping tool for ground clip: 1596970-1
MR-J3ENCBL MR-J3ENCBL MR-J3ENCBL MR-J3ENCBL MR-J3ENCBL M-	(Note) Signal layout 26 B 10 RR 9 BAT MR S 7 BAT View seen from wiring side.	(Note) Signal layout	Crimping tool for receptacle contact: 1596847-1 (Tyco Electronics) (Note) Signal layout 9SHD 7 8 5MR 6P56 3P5 4MRR 1 2BAT
MR-J3ENCBL □ M- A2-H	Note. Keep open the pins shown with	. Especially, pin 10 is provided is connected with any other pin, the	View seen from wiring side. Note. Keep open the pin shown with an .

(b) Cable internal wiring diagram



(2) MR-EKCBL I M-L/H

POINT	
 The followi 	ng encoder cables are of four-wire type. When using any of these
encoder ca	bles, set parameter No.PC04 to "1
type.	
MR-EKCBI	_30M-L
MR-EKCBI	
MR-EKCBI	40M-科技有限公司
MR-EKCBI	50M- 推修 此手冊零組件

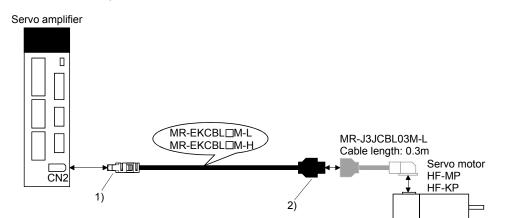
The servo amplifier and servo motor cannot be connected with these cables only. The servo motor side encoder cable (MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L or MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L) is required.

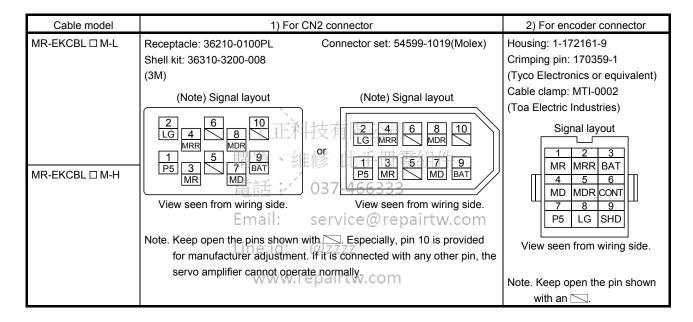
The numerals in the Cable Length field of the table are the symbols entered in the □ part of the cable model. The cables of the lengths with the symbols are available.

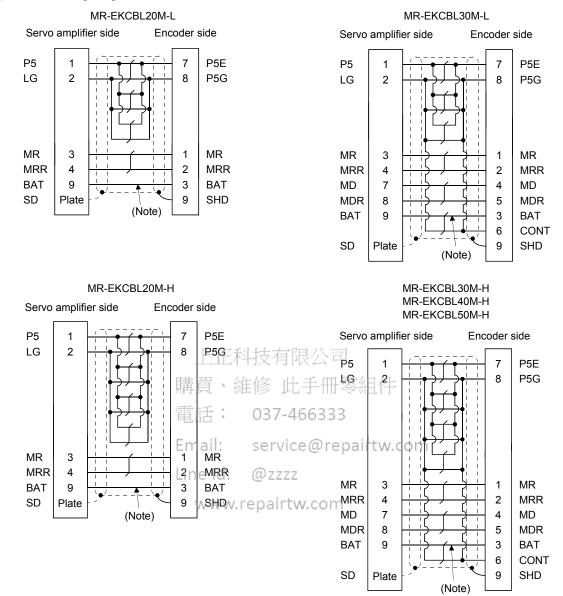
Cable model	\Cable\lengthpairtw.com							Protective	Elevelife	Application
Cable model	2m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	structure	Flex life	Application
MR-EKCBL 🗆 M-L				20	(Note) 30			IP20	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Use in combination with MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L or MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L.
MR-EKCBL 🗆 M-H				20	(Note) 30	(Note) 40	(Note) 50	IP20	Long flex life	

Note. Four-wire type cable.

(a) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor







(b) Internal wiring diagram

Note. Always make connection for use in an absolute position detection system. Wiring is not necessary for use in an incremental system.

When fabricating the cable, use the wiring diagram corresponding to the length indicated below.

Cable flev life	Applicable wiring diagram					
Cable flex life	Less than 10m	30m to 50m				
Standard	MR-EKCBL20M-L					
Long flex life	MR-EKCBL20M-H	MR-EKCBL30M-H				
		MR-EKCBL40M-H				
		MR-EKCBL50M-H				

(c) When fabricating the encoder cable

When fabricating the cable, prepare the following parts and tool, and fabricate it according to the wiring diagram in (b). Refer to section 11.8 for the specifications of the used cable.

Parts/tool	Description						
Connector set	MR-ECNM						
		•					
	Servo amplifier side connector	Encoder side connector					
	Receptacle: 36210-0100PL	Housing: 1-172161-9					
	Shell kit: 536310-3200-008	Connector pin: 170359-1					
	(3M)	(Tyco Electronics or equivalent)					
	Or	Cable clamp: MTI-0002					
	Connector set: 54599-1019(Molex)	(Toa Electric Industries)					

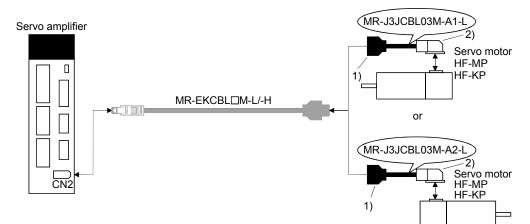
(3) MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L • MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L

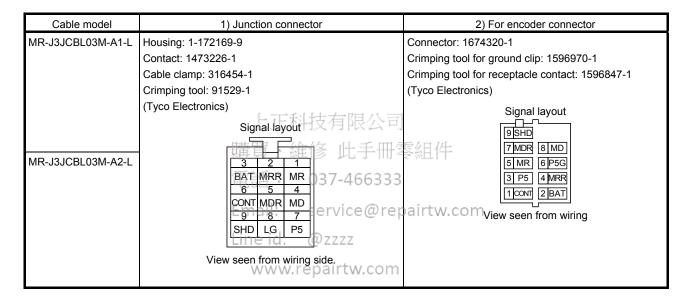
The servo amplifier and servo motor cannot be connected with these cables only. The servo motor side encoder cable (MR-EKCBL \square M-L/H) is required.

Cable model	Cable length	Protective structure	Flex life	Application
MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L	正科技有	限公司		For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor
購買	、維修」	北手冊零	組件	Load side lead Use in combination with MR-EKCBL
	: 0.3mg 7_	466 P20 3	Standard	□ M-L/H.
MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L	. 007	100000		For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead
Email	: servi	ce@repa	irtw.com	Use in combination with MR-EKCBL
Line-i	d : @zzz	2		□ M-L/H.

www.repairtw.com

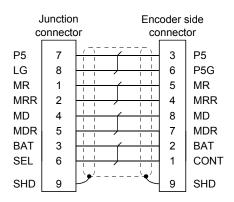
(a) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor





(b) Internal wiring diagram

MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L

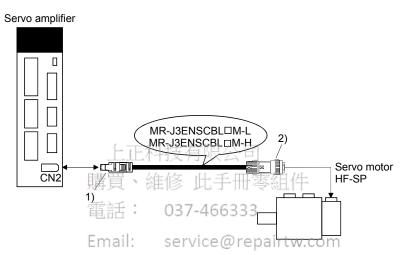


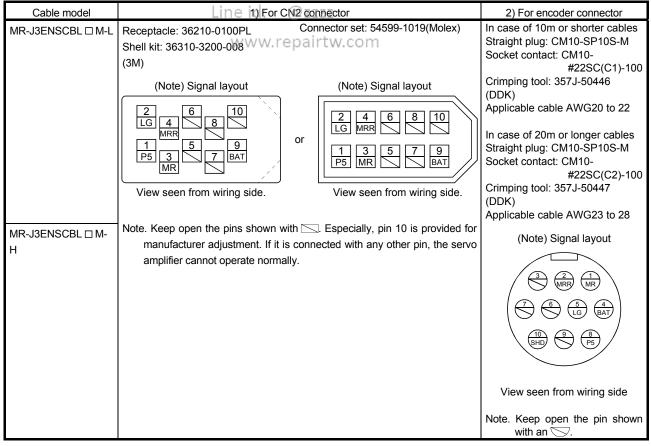
(4) MR-J3ENSCBL I M-L • MR-J3ENSCBL I M-H

These cables are detector cables for HF-SP \cdot HA-LP \cdot HC-RP \cdot HC-UP \cdot HC-LP Series servo motors. The number in the cable length column of the table indicates the symbol filling the square \Box in the cable model. Cable lengths corresponding to the specified symbols are prepared.

Cable model	Cable length P								Flex life	Application
Cable model	2m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	structure	Flex life	Application
MR-J3ENSCBL	2	5	10	20	30			IP67	Standard	For HF-SP · HA-LP · HC-RP · HC-UP ·
MR- J3ENSCBL	2	5	10	20	30	40	50	IP67	Long flex life	HC-LP servo motor

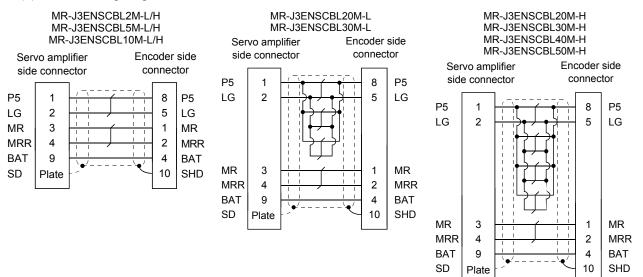
(a) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor





11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

(b) Internal wiring diagram



(c) When fabricating the encoder cable

When fabricating the cable, prepare the following parts and tool, and fabricate it according to the wiring diagram in (b). Refer to section 11.8 for the specifications of the used cable.

Parts/Too		escription
Connector set	MR- J3SCNS (Option)	
電言	舌: 037-466333	
Ema	ail: service@repairtw Servo amplifier side connector	.com Encoder side connector
Line	Receptacle: 36210-0100PL	Straight plug: CM10-SP10S-M
	Shell kit: 536310-3200-008	Socket contact: CM10-#22SC(S1)-100
V	((3M)v.repairtw.com	Applicable wire size: AWG20 or less
	Or	Recommended tightening jig: 357J-51456T
	Connector set: 54599-1019	(DDK)
	(Molex)	

(5) MR-J3BTCBL03M

This cable is a battery connection cable. Use this cable to retain the current position even if the detector cable is disconnected from the servo amplifier.

Cable model	Cable length	Application
MR-J3BTCBL03M	0.3m	For HF-MP • HF-KP • HF-SP • HA-LP • HC-RP • HC-UP • HC-LP
		servo motor

(a) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor

Servo amplif		(Note) Encoder cable 支有限公司 修 此手冊零組件 d (4) of this section.	Servo motor
Cable model	1) For CN2 connector	2) Junction connector	3) For battery connector
MR-J3BTCBL03M	Receptacle: 36210-0100PL S Shell kit: 536310-3200-008 (3M) Or Connector set: 54599-1019 (Molex)	Plug: 36110-3000FD TW.COM Shell kit: 36310-F200-008 (3M) pairtw.com	Connector: DF3-2EP-2C Contact: DF3-EP2428PCA (Hirose Denki)

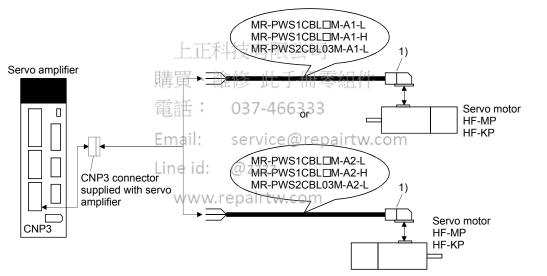
11.1.3 Motor power supply cables

These cables are motor power supply cables for the HF-MP \cdot HF-KP series servo motors. The numerals in the Cable length field of the table are the symbols entered in the \Box part of the cable model. The cables of the lengths with the symbols are available.

Refer to section 3.10 when wiring.

Cable model	J.				Protective	Flex life	Application
Cable model	0.3m	2m	5m	10m	structure	T lex life	Application
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A1-L	/	2	5	10	IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A2-L		2	5	10	IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A1-H		2	5	10	IP65	Long flex life	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A2-H		2	5	10	IP65	Long flex life	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead
MR-PWS2CBL □ M-A1-L	03				IP55	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS2CBL □ M-A2-L	03				IP55	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead

(1) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor



Cable model	1) For motor power supply connector				
MR-PWS1CBL M-A1-L	Connector: JN4FT04SJ1-R Hood, socket insulator	Signal layout			
MR-PWS1CBL M-A2-L	Bushing, ground nut				
MR-PWS1CBL M-A1-H	Contact: ST-TMH-S-C1B-100-(A534G) Crimping tool: CT160-3-TMH5B				
MR-PWS1CBL M-A2-H	(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry)				
MR-PWS2CBL03M-A1-L	Connector: JN4FT04SJ2-R Hood, socket insulator Bushing, ground nut				
MR-PWS2CBL03M-A2-L	Contact: ST-TMH-Š-Č1B-100-(A534G) Crimping tool: CT160-3-TMH5B (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry)	View seen from wiring side.			

(2) Internal wiring diagram

MR-PWS1CBL□M-A1-H MR-PWS1CBL□M-A2-H MR-PWS2CBL03M-A1-L MR-PWS2CBL03M-A2-L

AWG 19 (Red) (Note)	<u> </u>	
AWG 19 (White)		2
AWG 19 (Black)		v,
AWG 19 (Green/yellow)		N ⊕
		J

Note. These are not shielded cables.

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

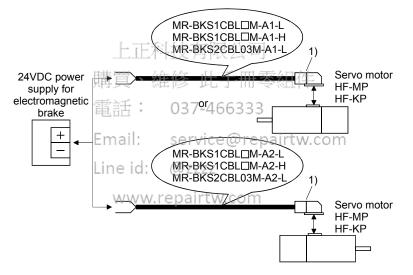
11.1.4 Motor brake cables

These cables are motor brake cables for the HF-MP \cdot HF-KP series servo motors. The numerals in the Cable length field of the table are the symbols entered in the \Box part of the cable model. The cables of the lengths with the symbols are available.

Refer to section 3.11 when wiring.

Cable model	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Protective	Flex life	Application	
	0.3m	2m	5m	10m	structure	T ICX IIIC	Application
MR-PWS1CBL M-A1-L	\backslash	2	5	10	IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A2-L		2	5	10	IP65	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL □ M-A1-H	\square	2	5	10	IP65	Long flex life	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS1CBL M-A2-H	\frown	2	5	10	IP65	Long flex life	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead
MR-PWS2CBL □ M-A1-L	03				IP55	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Load side lead
MR-PWS2CBL M-A2-L	03	$\overline{\ }$	$\overline{\ }$		IP55	Standard	For HF-MP • HF-KP servo motor Opposite-to-load side lead

(1) Connection of servo amplifier and servo motor



Cable model	1) For motor brake connector				
MR-BKS1CBL M-A1-L	Connector: JN4FT02SJ1-R	Signal layout			
MR-BKS1CBL M-A2-L	 Hood, socket insulator Bushing, ground nut 				
MR-BKS1CBL M-A1-H	Contact: ST-TMH-Š-Č1B-100-(A534G) Crimping tool: CT160-3-TMH5B				
MR-BKS1CBL M-A2-H	(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry)				
MR-BKS2CBL03M-A1-L	Connector: JN4FT02SJ2-R Hood, socket insulator Bushing, ground nut	View seen from wiring side.			
MR-BKS2CBL03M-A2-L	Contact: ST-TMH-Š-Č1B-100-(A534G) Crimping tool: CT160-3-TMH5B (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry)				

(2) Internal wiring diagram

MR-BKS1CBL⊟M-A1-H MR-BKS2CBL03M-A1-L		CBL⊟M-A2-H CBL03M-A2-L
AWG 20	(Note)	B1
AWG 20		- B2

Note. These are not shielded cables.

11.1.5 SSCNETI cable

POINT

• Do not see directly the light generated from CN1A • CN1B connector of servo amplifier or the end of SSCNETII cable. When the light gets into eye, you may feel something is wrong for eye. (The light source of SSCNETII complies with class1 defined in JIS C6802 or IEC60825-1.)

(1) Model explanations

Numeral in the column of cable length on the table is a symbol put in the \Box part of cable model. Cables of which symbol exists are available.

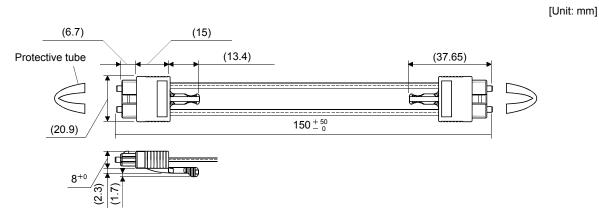
Cable model				Cable length							Flex life	Application -	
	0.15m	0.3m	0.5m	1m	3m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	Flex life	remark
MR-J3BUS⊡M	015	03	05	1	3							Standard	Using inside panel standard cord
MR-J3BUS⊡M-A						5	10	20				Standard	Using outside panel standard cable
(Note) MR-J3BUS⊡M-B	\searrow				TEX.	to k			30	40	50	Long flex life	Using long distance cable
Note. For cable of 30m or less, contact our company. 購買、維修 此手冊零組件													
(2) Specification	2) Specifications 雷話: 037-466333												
	Description												

		Description						
SSCNETI cable model		MR-J3BU	<u>s</u> ⊐м service	@remaij3buscmaa	MR-J3BUS⊡M-B			
SSCNE	ETⅢ cable length	0.15m	0.3 to 3m	5 to 20m	30 to 50m			
Optical cable	Minimum bend radius	25mn	Enforced covering cord		Enforced covering cord: 50mm Cord: 30mm			
(cord)	Tension strength	70N	140N	420N (Enforced covering cord)	980N (Enforced covering cord)			
Temperature range for use (Note)			-20 to 70°C					
	Ambient	Indoors (no direct sunlight) No solvent or oil						
	External appearance [mm]	2.2±0.07	20 00 4.4±0.1	4.4±0.1 6.0±0.2	4.4±0.4 NO H			

Note. This temperature range for use is the value for optical cable (cord) only. Temperature condition for the connector is the same as that for servo amplifier.

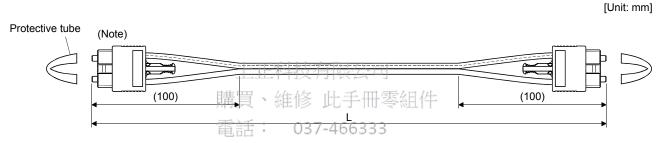
(3) Outline drawings

(a) MR-J3BUS015M



(b) MR-J3BUS03M to MR-J3BUS3M

Refer to the table shown in (1) of this section for cable length (L).



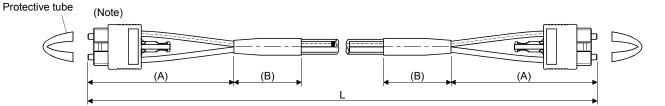
Note. Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015Mpairtw.com

(c) MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A: MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B

Refer to the table shown in (1) of this section for cable length (L).

2 2 2 2	THI SPOTT STILL	<u>vv111</u>	
	Distortion dimension [mm]		
SSCNETII cable	А	В	
MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A	100	30	
MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B	150	50	

[Unit: mm]



Note. Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

11.2 Regenerative options

 The specified combinations of regenerative options and servo amplifiers may only
be used. Otherwise, a fire may occur.

(1) Combination and regenerative power

The power values in the table are resistor-generated powers and not rated powers.

				Regenerativ	e power[W]			
Servo amplifier r	Built-in regenerative resistor	MR-RB032 [40Ω]	MR-RB12 [40Ω]	MR-RB30 [13Ω]	MR-RB31 [6.7Ω]	MR-RB32 [40Ω]	(Note 1) MR-RB50 [13Ω]	(Note 1) MR-MB51 [6.7Ω]
MR-J3-10B (1)		30						
MR-J3-20B (1)	10	30	100					
MR-J3-40B (1)	10	30	100					
MR-J3-60B	10	30	100					
MR-J3-70B	20	30	100			300		
MR-J3-100B	20	30	100			300		
MR-J3-200B	100			300	/		500	
MR-J3-350B	100			300			500	
MR-J3-500B	130				300			500
MR-J3-700B	170		し 計 変 な	古旧大司	300			500

		睛	頁 · Reg	enerative powe	w客組件	a.	
Servo amplifier	Built-in	MR-RB1H-4	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
	regenerative	[82 <u>Ω]</u>	MR-RB3M-4	MR-RB3G-4	MR-RB5G-4	MR-RB34-4	MR-RB54-4
	resistor	[0232]	[120Ω]	[47Ω]	[47Ω]	[26 Ω]	[26 Ω]
MR-J3-60B4	15	100	300	ervice@	repairtw		
MR-J3-100B4	15	100	ne 300 (07777			
MR-J3-200B4	100			300	500		
MR-J3-350B4	100		www.re	painshow.co)m 500		
MR-J3-500B4	130					300	500
MR-J3-700B4	170					300	500

			(Note 2) Reg	enerative powe	er[W]		
Servo amplifier	External regenerative	MR-RB5E	MR-RB9P	MR-RB9F	MR-RB6B-4	MR-RB60-4	MR-RB6K-4
	resistor (Accessory)	[6Ω]	[4.5Ω]	[3Ω]	[20Ω]	[12.5Ω]	[10Ω]
MR-J3-11KB	500 (800)	500 (800)					
MR-J3-15KB	850 (1300)		850 (1300)				
MR-J3-22KB	850 (1300)			850 (1300)			
MR-J3-11KB4	500 (800)				500 (800)		
MR-J3-15KB4	850 (1300)					850 (1300)	
MR-J3-22KB4	850 (1300)						850 (1300)

Note 1. Always install a cooling fan.

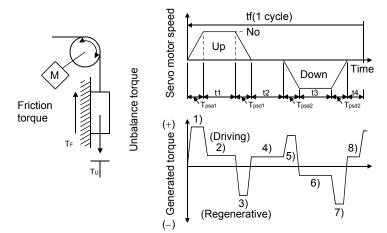
2. Values in parentheses assume the installation of a cooling fan.

(2) Selection of the regenerative option

Use the following method when regeneration occurs continuously in vertical motion applications or when it is desired to make an in-depth selection of the regenerative option.

(a) Regenerative energy calculation

Use the following table to calculate the regenerative energy.



Formulas for calculating torque and energy in operation

Regenerative power	Torque applied to servo motor [N · m]	Energy [J]
1)	$T_{1} = \frac{(J_{L} + J_{M}) \cdot N_{0}}{9.55 \times 10^{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{7 \text{ psa1}} + T_{U} + T_{E}$	E1= 0.1047 •N0 •T1• Tpsa1
2)	T ₂ =T _U +T _{适注} , 037-466333	$E_2 = 0.1047 \cdot N_0 \cdot T_2 \cdot t_1$
3)	$T_{3} = \frac{-(JL + JM) \cdot N_{0}}{9.55 \times 10^{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{T_{psd1}} + T_{U} + T_{F}$	$E_3 = \frac{0.1047}{2} \cdot N_0 \cdot T_3 \cdot T_{psd1}$
4), 8)	$T_4 = T_U$	E₄≥0 (No regeneration)
5)	$T_5 = \frac{(J_L + J_M) \cdot N_0}{9.55 \times 10^4} G \cdot \frac{1}{T_{psa2}} Z_T U_T^2 + T_F$	$E_5 = \frac{0.1047}{2} \cdot N_0 \cdot T_5 \cdot T_{psa2}$
6)	T ₆ =-T _U +T _F www.repairtw.com	$E_6 = 0.1047 \cdot N_0 \cdot T_6 \cdot t_3$
7)	$T_7 = \frac{-(J_L + J_M) \cdot N_0}{9.55 \times 10^4} \cdot \frac{1}{T_{Psd2}} - T_U + T_F$	$E_7 = \frac{0.1047}{2} \cdot N_0 \cdot T_7 \cdot T_{psd_2}$

From the calculation results in 1) to 8), find the absolute value (Es) of the sum total of negative energies.

(b) Losses of servo motor and servo amplifier in regenerative mode The following table lists the efficiencies and other data of the servo motor and servo amplifier in the regenerative mode.

Servo amplifier	Inverse efficiency[%]	Capacitor charging[J]	Servo amplifier	Inverse efficiency[%]	Capacitor charging[
MR-J3-10B	55	9	MR-J3-200B	85	40
MR-J3-10B1	55	4	MR-J3-200B4	85	25
MR-J3-20B	70	9	MR-J3-350B	85	40
MR-J3-20B1	70	4	MR-J3-350B4	85	36
MR-J3-40B	85	11	MR-J3-500B(4)	90	45
MR-J3-40B1	85	10	MR-J3-700B(4)	90	70
MR-J3-60B(4)	85	11	MR-J3-11KB(4)	90	120
MR-J3-70B	80	18	MR-J3-15KB(4)	90	170
MR-J3-100B	80	18	MR-J3-22KB(4)	90	250
MR-J3-100B4	80	12			

Inverse efficiency (η)

: Efficiency including some efficiencies of the servo motor and servo amplifier when rated (regenerative) torque is generated at rated speed. Since the efficiency varies with the speed and generated torque, allow for about 10%.

Capacitor charging (Ec) : Energy charged into the electrolytic capacitor in the servo amplifier.

Subtract the capacitor charging from the result of multiplying the sum total of regenerative energies by the inverse efficiency to calculate the energy consumed by the regenerative option.

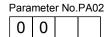
www.repairtw.com

Calculate the power consumption of the regenerative option on the basis of single-cycle operation period tf [s] to select the necessary regenerative option.epairtw.com

PR-IWI=ER/tf @ZZZZ

(3) Parameter setting

Set parameter No.PA02 according to the option to be used.



Selection of regenerative option

00: Regenerative option is not used

- · For servo amplifier of 100W, regenerative resistor is not used.
- For servo amplifier of 200 to 7kW, built-in regenerative resistor is used.
- Supplied regenerative resistors or regenerative option is used with
- the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW.
- · For a drive unit of 30kW or more, select regenerative option by the
- converter unit.
- 01: FR-BU2-(H) FR-RC-(H) FR-CV-(H)
- 02: MR-RB032
- 03: MR-RB12
- 04: MR-RB32
- 05: MR-RB30
- 06: MR-RB50(Cooling fan is required)
- 08. MR-RB31
- 09: MR-RB51(Cooling fan is required)
- 80: MR-RB1H-4
- 81: MR-RB3M-4(Cooling fan is required)
- 82: MR-RB3G-4(Cooling fan is required) 83: MR-RB5G-4(Cooling fanis required)
- 84: MR-RB34-4(Cooling fanis required) 85: MR-RB54-4(Cooling fanis required)
- FA: Whenhe supplied regenerative resistor is cooled by the cooling fan to increase the ability with the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW.

The following are setting values for regenerative resistor and regenerative option which are used with a servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW.

Regenerative resistor, regenerative option	Setting value
Standard supplied regenerative resistor	00
Standard supplied regenerative resistor	FA
(with a cooling fan to cool it)	
MR-RB5E	00
MR-RB5E (with a cooling fan to cool it)	FA
MR-RB9P	00
MR-RB9P (with a cooling fan to cool it)	FA
MR-RB9F	00
MR-RB9F (with a cooling fan to cool it)	FA
MR-RB6B-4	00
MR-RB6B-4 (with a cooling fan to cool it)	00
MR-RB60-4	FA
MR-RB60-4 (with a cooling fan to cool it)	00
MR-RB6K-4	FA
MR-RB6K-4 (with a cooling fan to cool it)	00

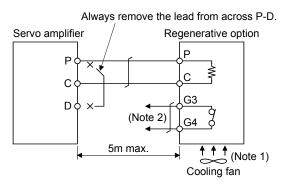
(4) Connection of the regenerative option上正科技有限公司

POINT購買、維修 此手冊零組件
• When the MR-RB50 • MR-RB51 • MR-RB3M-4 • MR-RB3G-4 • MR-RB5G-4
MR-RB34-4 • MR-RB54-4 is used, a cooling fan is required to cool it.
The cooling fan should be prepared by the customer.
 For the sizes of wires used for wiring, refer to section 11.11.

The regenerative option will cause a temperature rise of $+100^{\circ}$ C relative to the ambient temperature. Fully examine heat dissipation, installation position, used cables, etc. before installing the option. For wiring, use flame-resistant wires and keep them clear of the regenerative option body. Always use twisted cables of max. 5m length for connection with the servo amplifier.

(a) MR-J3-350B or less • MR-J3-200B4 or less

Always remove the wiring from across P-D and fit the regenerative option across P-C. The G3 and G4 terminals act as a thermal sensor. G3-G4 is disconnected when the regenerative option overheats abnormally.

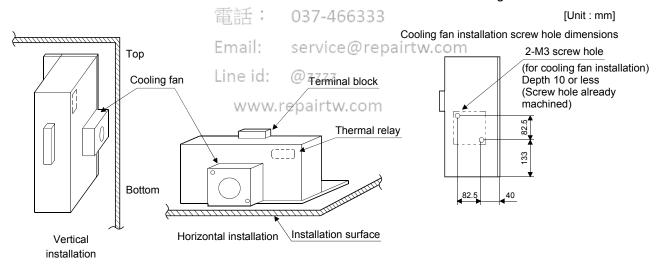


- Note 1. When using the MR-RB50 MR-RB3M-4 MR-RB3G-4 MR-RB5G-4, forcibly cool it with a cooling fan (92 × 92, minimum air flow : 1.0m³).
 - 2. Make up a sequence which will switch off the magnetic contactor (MC) when abnormal heating occurs.

G3-G4 contact specifications Maximum voltage: 120V AC/DC Maximum current: 0.5A/4.8VDC Maximum capacity: 2.4VA

上正科技有限公司

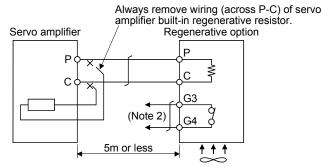
For the MR-RB50 • MR-RB3M-4 • MR-RB3G-4 • MR-RB5G-4 install the cooling fan as shown.



(b) MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4) • MR-J3-700B(4)

Always remove the wiring (across P-C) of the servo amplifier built-in regenerative resistor and fit the regenerative option across P-C.

The G3 and G4 terminals act as a thermal sensor. G3-G4 is opened when the regenerative option overheats abnormally.



Cooling fan(Note 1)

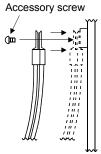
- Note 1. When using the MR-RB51 MR-RB3G-4 MR-RB5G-4 MR-RB34-4 MR-RB54-4, forcibly cool it with a cooling fan $(92 \times 92, \text{ minimum air flow} : 1.0\text{m}^3)$.
 - 2. Make up a sequence which will switch off the magnetic contactor (MC) when abnormal heating occurs.

```
G3-G4 contact specifications
Maximum voltage: 120V AC/DC
Maximum capacity: 2.4VA
         037-466333
 電話:
```

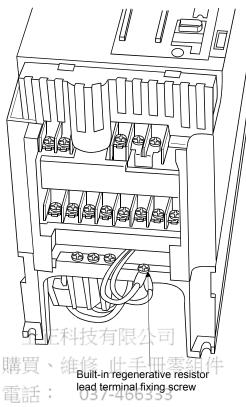
When using the regenerative resistor option, remove the servo amplifier's built-in regenerative resistor terminals (across P-C), fit them back to back, and secure them to the frame with the accessory screw as shown below. Line id: @zzzz

Mounting method

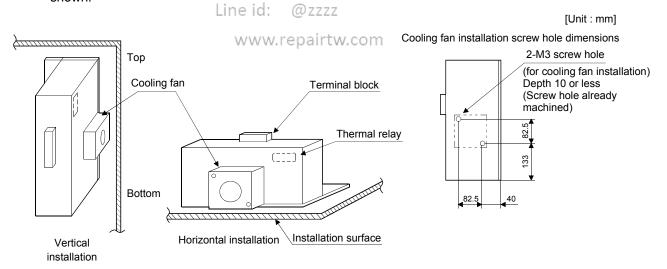
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The drawing below shows the MR-J3-350B4 • MR-J3-500B(4). Refer to section 9.1 (6) outline drawings for the position of the fixing screw for MR-J3-700B(4).



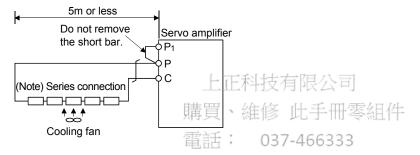
For the MR-RB51, MR-RB3G 4, MR-RB5G 4, MR-RB34 4 or MR-RB54-4 install the cooling fan as shown.



(c) MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4) (when using the supplied regenerative resistor)

 The regenerative resistor supplied with 11 kW to 22 kW servo amplifiers does not have a protect cover. Touching the resistor (including wiring/screw hole area) may cause a burn injury and electric shock. Even if the power was shut-off, be careful until the bus voltage discharged and the temperature decreased because of the following reasons.
 It may cause a burn injury due to very high temperature without cooling. It may cause an electric shock due to charged capacitor of the servo amplifier.

When using the regenerative resistors supplied to the servo amplifier, the specified number of resistors (4 or 5 resistors) must be connected in series. If they are connected in parallel or in less than the specified number, the servo amplifier may become faulty and/or the regenerative resistors burn. Install the resistors at intervals of about 70mm. Cooling the resistors with two cooling fans (92×92 , minimum air flow : $1.0m^3$) improves the regeneration capability. In this case, set " \Box \Box FA" in parameter No.PA02.



Note. The number of resistors connected in series depends on the resistor type. The thermal sensor is not mounted on the attached regenerative resistor. An abnormal heating of resistor may be generated at a regenerative circuit failure. Install a thermal sensor near the resistor and establish a protective circuit to shut off the main circuit power supply when abnormal heating occurs. The detection level of the thermal sensor varies according to the settings of the resistor. Set the thermal sensor in the most appropriate position on your design basis or use the thermal sensor built-in regenerative option (MR-RB5E, 9P, 9F, 6B-4, 60-4 and 6K-4) provided by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation.

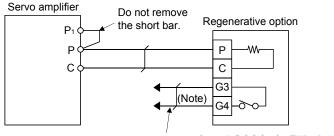
Serve emplifier Regenerative		Regenerativ	Regenerative power [W]		Number of
Servo amplifier	resistor	Normal	Cooling	[Ω]	resistors
MR-J3-11KB	GRZG400-1.5Ω	500	800	6	4
MR-J3-15KB	GRZG400-0.9Ω	850	1300	4.5	5
MR-J3-22KB	GRZG400-0.6Ω	850	1300	3	5
MR-J3-11KB4	GRZG400-5.0Ω	500	800	20	4
MR-J3-15KB4	GRZG400-2.5Ω	850	1300	12.5	5
MR-J3-22KB4	GRZG400-2.0Ω	850	1300	10	5

(d) MR-J3-11KB(4)-PX to MR-J3-22KB(4)-PX (when using the regenerative option)

The MR-J3-11KB(4)-PX to MR-J3-22KB(4)-PX servo amplifiers are not supplied with regenerative resistors. When using any of these servo amplifiers, always use the MR-RB5E, 9P, 9F, 6B-4, 60-4 and 6K-4 regenerative option.

The MR-RB5E, 9P, 9F, 6B-4, 60-4 and 6K-4 are regenerative options that have encased the GRZG400-1.5Ω, GRZG400-0.9Ω, GRZG400-0.6Ω, GRZG400-5.0Ω, GRZG400-2.5Ω, GRZG400-2.0Ω respectively. When using any of these regenerative options, make the same parameter setting as when using the GRZG400-1.5Ω, GRZG400-0.9Ω, GRZG400-0.6Ω, GRZG400-5.0Ω, GRZG400-2.5Ω, GRZG400-2.0Ω (supplied regenerative resistors or regenerative option is used with 11kW or more servo amplifier). Cooling the regenerative option with cooling fans improves regenerative capability.

The G3 and G4 terminals are for the thermal protector. G3-G4 is opened when the regenerative option overheats abnormally.



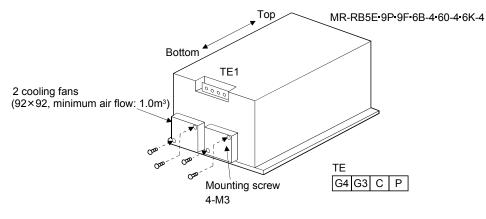
Configure up a circuit whichshuts off main circuit power when thermal protector operates. 此手冊零組件

Note. Specifications of contact across G3-G4 037-466333 Maximum voltage : 120V AC/DC Maximum current : 0.5A/4.8VDC Email: Maximum capacity : 2.4VA Line id. @7777

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	Deserveretive ention		Regenerative power [W]		
Servo amplifier	Regenerative option model	Resistance [Ω]	Without cooling fans	With cooling fans	
MR-J3-11KB-PX	MR-RB5E	6	500	800	
MR-J3-15KB-PX	MR-RB9P	4.5	850	1300	
MR-J3-22KB-PX	MR-RB9F	3	850	1300	
MR-J3-11KB4-PX	MR-RB6B-4	20	500	800	
MR-J3-15KB4-PX	MR-RB60-4	12.5	850	1300	
MR-J3-22KB4-PX	MR-RB6K-4	10	850	1300	

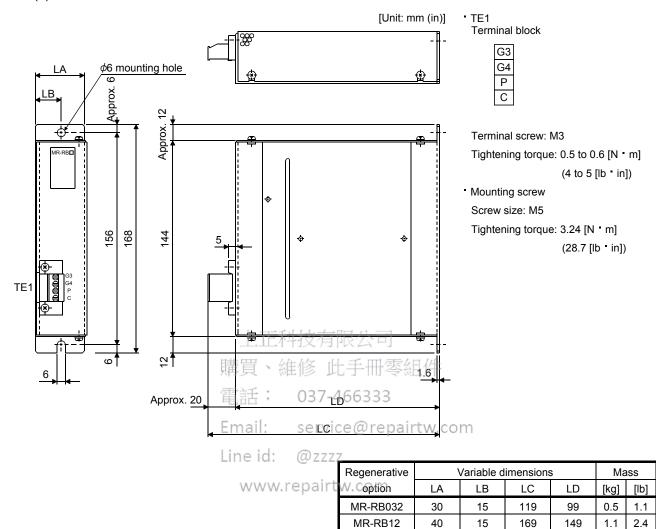
When using cooling fans, install them using the mounting holes provided in the bottom of the regenerative option. In this case, set "



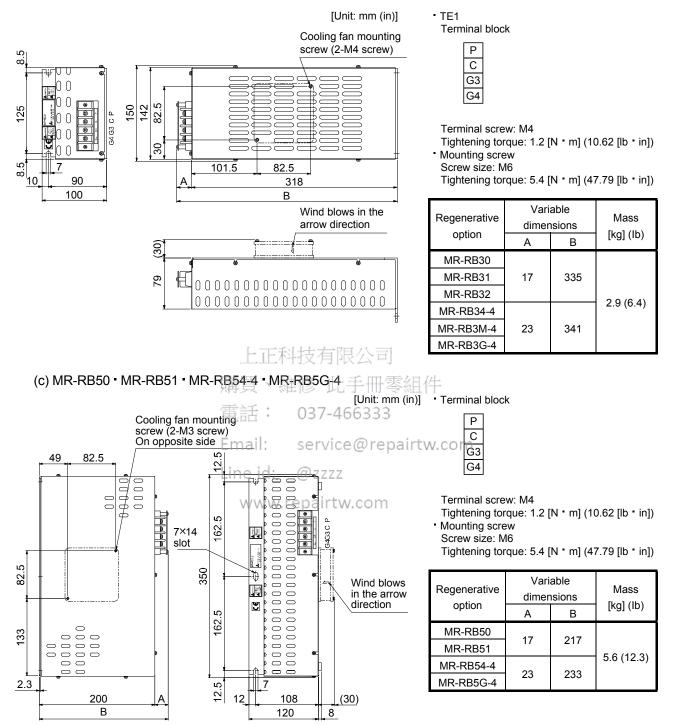
11 - 29

(5) Outline drawing

(a) MR-RB032 · MR-RB12



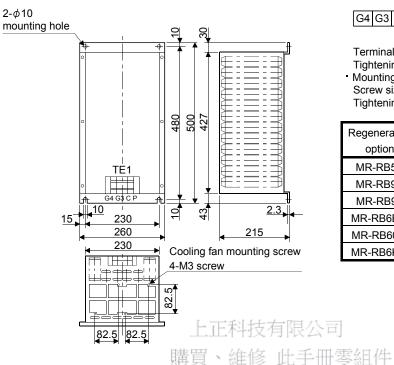
(b) MR-RB30 · MR-RB31 · MR-RB32 · MR-RB34-4 · MR-RB3M-4 · MR-RB3G-4



(d) MR-RB5E • MR-RB9P • MR-RB9F • MR-RB6B-4 • MR-RB60-4 • MR-RB6K-4

[Unit: mm (in)]

Terminal block



G4 G3 C P

Terminal screw: M5 Tightening torque: 2.0 [N m] (17.70 [lb in]) Mounting screw

Screw size: M8

Tightening torque: 13.2 [N m] (116.83 [lb in])

Regenerative	Mass		
option	[kg]	[lb]	
MR-RB5E	10	22.0	
MR-RB9P	11	24.3	
MR-RB9F	11	24.3	
MR-RB6B-4	10	22.0	
MR-RB60-4	11	24.3	
MR-RB6K-4	11	24.3	

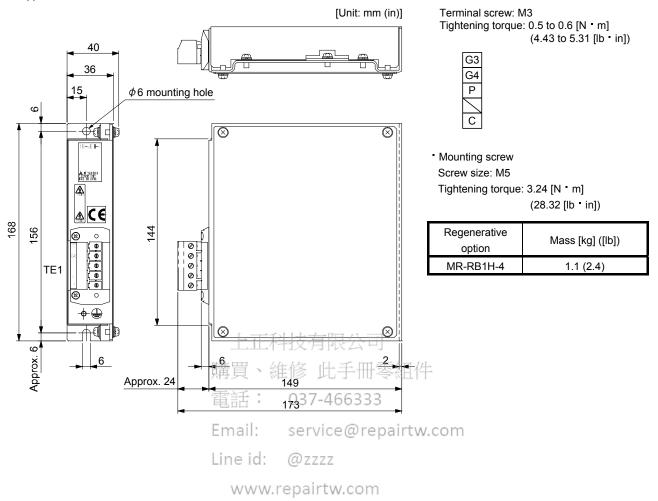
(e) GRZG400-1.5Ω • GRZG400-0.9Ω • GRZG400-0.6Ω • GRZG400-5.0Ω • GRZG400-2.5Ω • GRZG400-2.0Ω

(standard accessories)

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Approx. ϕ C 10 Approx. A Approx. 2.4 ϕ he ic	Regenerative		Variable		Mounting	Tightening torque	Mass [kg]
	w.repaketw.c	A	С	к	screw size	[N · m] ([lb ·in])	([lb])
	GRZG400-1.5Ω	10	5.5	39			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	GRZG400-0.9Ω	10	5.5	39			
<u>385</u> 411 ↓	GRZG400-0.6Ω	16	8.2	46	M8	13.2	0.8
▲ → ▲ Approx. φ47	GRZG400-5.0Ω				IVIO	(116.83)	(1.76)
γ.φρίολ. φτι	GRZG400-2.5Ω	10	5.5	39			
	GRZG400-2.0Ω						

(f) MR-RB1H-4



11.3 FR-BU2-(H) Brake unit

POINT	
amplifier, and	lass brake unit and a resistor unit with a 200V class servo a 400V class brake unit and a resistor unit with a 400V class er. Combination of different voltage class units and servo not be used.
	e unit and a resistor unit on a flat surface vertically. When the Ind horizontally or diagonally, the heat dissipation effect
·	of the resistor unit case rises to higher than 100°C. Keep cables le materials away from the case.
+50°C (122°F	perature condition of the brake unit is between -10° C (14°F) and ^F). Note that the condition is different from the ambient condition of the servo amplifier (between 0°C (32°F) and +55°C
° °	circuit to shut down the power-supply with the alarm output of tand resistor unit under abnormal condition.
- Use the brake	e unit with a combination indicated in section 11.3.1.
int TT, burnet	a continuous regenerative operation, use FR-RC-(H) power converter or FR-CV-(H) power regeneration common converter.
 Brake unit and simultaneous 	d regenerative options (Regenerative resistor) cannot be used ly.
Emai	i: service@repairtw.com

Connect the brake unit to the bus of the servo amplifier. As compared to the MR-RB regenerative option, the brake unit can return larger power. Use the brake unit when the regenerative option cannot provide sufficient regenerative capability.

When using the brake unit, set the parameter No.PA02 of the servo amplifier to " $\Box \Box 01$ ". When using the brake unit, always refer to the FR-BU2-(H) Brake Unit Instruction Manual.

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

11.3.1 Selection

Use a combination of servo amplifier, brake unit and resistor unit listed below.

	Brake unit	Resistor unit	Number of connected units	Permissible continuous power [kW]	Total resistance [Ω]	Applicable servo amplifier
200V	FR-BU2-15K	FR-BR-15K	1	0.99	8	MR-J3-500B (Note)
class			2 (parallel)	1.98	4	MR-J3-500B
						MR-J3-700B
						MR-J3-11KB
						MR-J3-15KB
	FR-BU2-30K	FR-BR-30K	1	1.99	4	MR-J3-500B
						MR-J3-700B
						MR-J3-11KB
						MR-J3-15KB
	FR-BU2-55K	FR-BR-55K	1	3.91	2	MR-J3-11KB
						MR-J3-15KB
						MR-J3-22KB
		MT-BR5-55K	1	5.5	2	MR-J3-22KB
400V	FR-BU2-H30K	FR-BR-H30K	1	1.99	16	MR-J3-500B4
class						MR-J3-700B4
						MR-J3-11KB4
	FR-BU2-H55K	FR-BR-H55K	即农公司	3.91	8	MR-J3-11KB4
		購買、維修	此手冊零	站日在上		MR-J3-15KB4
		211年7 月17日				MR-J3-22KB4
	FR-BU2-H75K	MT-BR5-H75K 037	-466333	7.5	6.5	MR-J3-22KB4

11.3.2 Brake unit parameter settingEmail: service@repairtw.com

Normally, when using the FR-BU2-(H), changing parameters is not necessary. Whether a parameter can be changed or not is listed below.

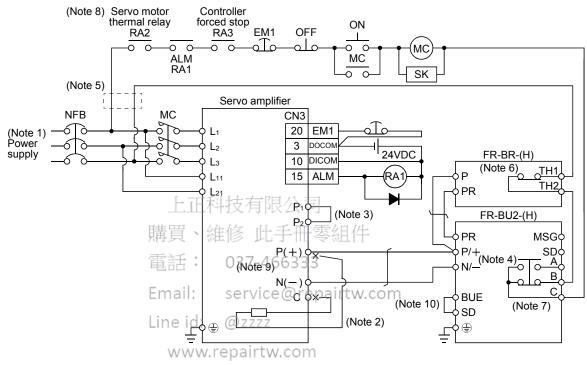
-	in mini e pan eme		1
	Parameter	Change	
No.	Name	possible/ impossible	Remarks
0	Brake mode switchover	Impossible	Do not change the parameter.
1	Monitor display data selection	Possible	Refer to the FR-BU2-(H) Brake Unit Instruction Manual.
2	Input terminal function selection 1	Impossible	Do not change the parameter.
3	Input terminal function selection 2		
77	Parameter write selection		
78	Cumulative energization time carrying-over times		
CLr	Parameter clear		
ECL	Alarm history clear		
C1	For manufacturer setting		

11.3.3 Connection example

POINT	
 Connecting 	PR terminal of the brake unit to P terminal of the servo amplifier
results in b	rake unit malfunction. Always connect the PR terminal of the brake
unit to the I	PR terminal of the resistor unit.

(1) Combination with FR-BR-(H) resistor unit

(a) When connecting a brake unit to a servo amplifier



Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 1.3.

- For the servo amplifier of 5k and 7kW, always disconnect the lead of built-in regenerative resistor, which is connected to the P and C terminals. For the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW, do not connect a supplied regenerative resistor to the P and C terminals.
- 3. Always connect P₁ and P₂ terminals (P₁ and P for the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW) (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.
- 4. Connect the P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in servo amplifier and brake unit malfunction.
- 5. For 400VAC class, a step-down transformer is required.

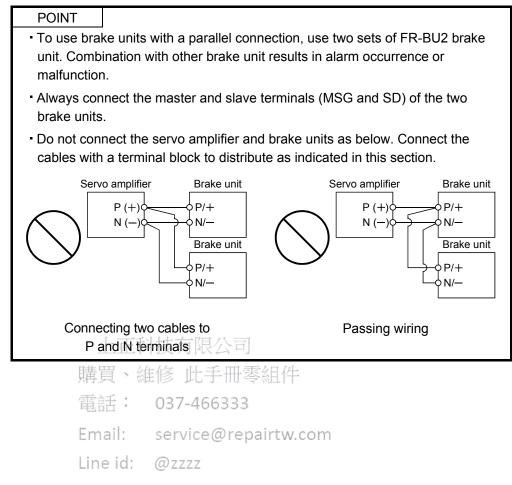
Contact rating: 1b contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
 Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting.

7. Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A

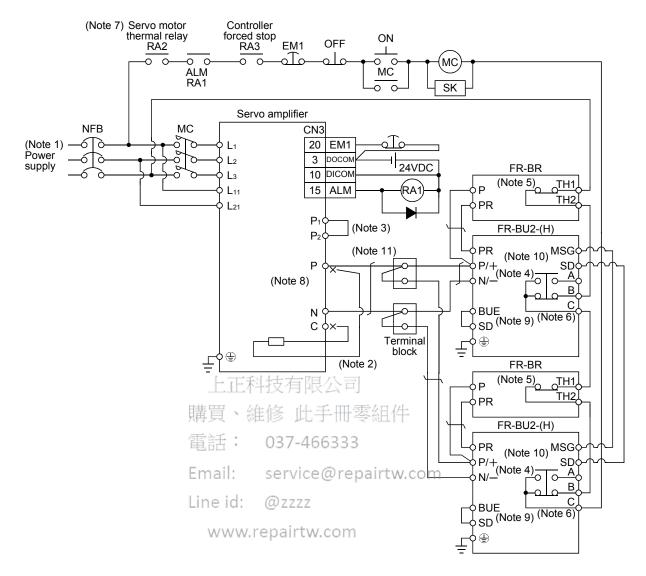
Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.

- 8. For the servo amplifier of 11kW or more, connect the thermal relay censor of the servo amplifier.
- 9. Do not connect more than one cable to each P(+) to N(-) terminals of the servo amplifier.
- 10. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).

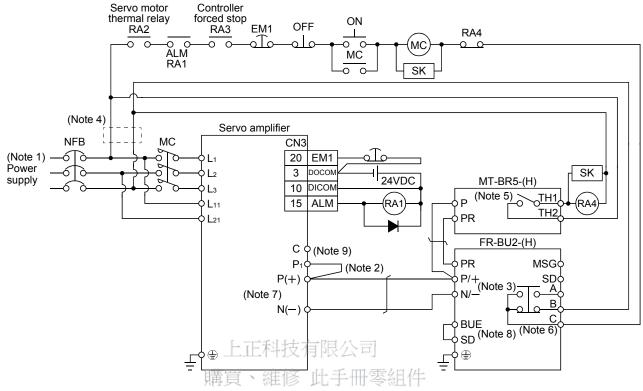
(b) When connecting two brake units to a servo amplifier



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- Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 1.3.
 - For the servo amplifier of 5k and 7kW, always disconnect the lead of built-in regenerative resistor, which is connected to the P and C terminals. For the servo amplifier of 11k and 15kW, do not connect a supplied regenerative resistor to the P and C terminals.
 - 3. Always connect P₁ and P₂ terminals (P₁ and P for the servo amplifier of 11k and 15kW) (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.
 - 4. Connect the P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in servo amplifier and brake unit malfunction.
 - 5. Contact rating: 1b contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
 - Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting.
 - Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A
 Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.
 - 7. For the servo amplifier of 11kW or more, connect the thermal relay censor of the servo amplifier.
 - 8. Do not connect more than one cable to each P and N terminals of the servo amplifier.
 - 9. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).
 - 10. Connect the MSG and SD terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in servo amplifier and brake unit malfunction.
 - 11. For the cable to connect the terminal block and the P and N terminals of the servo amplifier, use the cable indicated in (4) (b) of this section.



(2) Combination with MT-BR5-(H) resistor unit

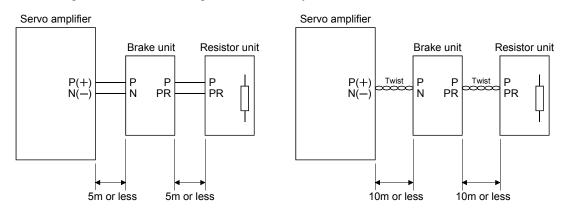
- Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 1.3.
 - 2. Always connect P1 P(+) terminals (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.
 - 3. Connect the P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in servo amplifier and brake unit malfunction.
 - 4. For the servo amplifier of 400V class, a step-down transformer is required.
 - 5. Contact rating: 1a contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
 - Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting.
 - 6. Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A

Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.

- 7. Do not connect more than one cable to each P and N terminals of the servo amplifier.
- 8. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).
- 9. For the servo amplifier of 22kW, do not connect a supplied regenerative resistor to the P and C terminals.

(3) Precautions for wiring

The cables between the servo amplifier and the brake unit, and between the resistor unit and the brake unit should be as short as possible. Always twist the cable longer than 5m (twist five times or more per one meter). Even when the cable is twisted, the cable should be less than 10m. Using cables longer than 5m without twisting or twisted cables longer than 10m, may result in the brake unit malfunction.



(4) Cables

(a) Cables for the brake unit

For the brake unit, HIV wire (600V Grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire) is recommended.

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1) Main circuit terminal

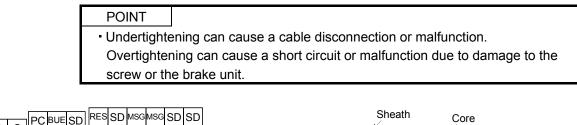
FF						n
		١r	Z		R	
	(\mathbb{X})		(\mathbf{X})		(\mathbb{X})	
	Y		Y		Y	
١ſ				11		11
ш	N/—		P/+	ш	PR	ш

Terminal block

ai	714			d & ATT			
	Ē	話: 037	-40033	3 Crimping		Wire	
	Гю	Brake unit serv	circuit	terminal	Tightening	N/—, P/+	-, PR, 🕏
	EII	Brake unit ser	screw	e <u>nai</u> rtyy;co	torque	HIV wire [mm ²]	AWG
	Lin	neid: @zz	ZZsize	PR, 🕀			7
뵈다.	200V	FR-BU2-15K	M4	5.5-4	1.5	3.5	12
	class	FR-BU2-30K	rtw _{M5} col	m 5.5-5	2.5	5.5	10
		FR-BU2-55K	M6	14-6	4.4	14	6
	400V	FR-BU2-H30K	M4	5.5-4	1.5	3.5	12
	class	FR-BU2-H55K	M5	5.5-5	2.5	5.5	10
		FR-BU2-H75K	M6	14-6	4.4	14	6

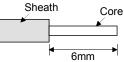
2) Control circuit terminal

A B C





Jumper



Wire the stripped cable after twisting to prevent the cable from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it. Screw size: M3 Tightening torque: 0.5N • m to 0.6N • m Wire size: 0.3mm² to 0.75 mm² Screw driver: Small flat-blade screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm/Tip width 2.5mm)

(b) Cables for connecting the servo amplifier and a distribution terminal block when connecting two sets of the brake unit

購買	、維修山		size
THE A	Brake unit	HIV wire [mm ²]	AWG
FR	-BU2-15K	8	8
Email	: servio	ce@repair	tw.com

Line id: @zzzz

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(5) Crimping terminals for P and N terminals of servo amplifier

(a) Recommended crimping terminals

POINT	

• Always use recommended crimping terminals or equivalent since some crimping terminals cannot be installed depending on the size.

	Servo amplifier	Brake unit	Number of connected units	Crimping terminal (Manufacturer)	(Note 1) Applicable tool
200V	MR-J3-500B	FR-BU2-15K	1	FVD5.5-S4(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
class			2	8-4NS(Japan Solderless Terminal) (Note 2)	d
		FR-BU2-30K	1	FVD5.5-S4(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
	MR-J3-700B	FR-BU2-15K	2	8-4NS(Japan Solderless Terminal) (Note 2)	d
		FR-BU2-30K	1	FVD5.5-S4(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
	MR-J3-11KB	FR-BU2-15K	2	FVD8-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	а
		FR-BU2-30K	1	FVD5.5-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
		FR-BU2-55K	1	FVD14-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	b
	MR-J3-15KB	FR-BU2-15K	2	FVD8-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	а
		FR-BU2-30K	依公司	FVD5.5-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
		FR-BU2-55K	- 壬卯 褒	FVD14-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	b
	MR-J3-22KB	FR-BU2-55K		FVD14-8(Japan Solderless Terminal)	b
400V	MR-J3-500B4	FR-BU2-H308 7-4	66333	FVD5.5-S4(Japan Solderless Terminal)	с
class	MR-J3-700B4	FR-BU2-H30K	1	FVD5.5-S4(Japan Solderless Terminal)	С
	MR-J3-11KB4 Em	FR-BU2-H30K VIC	e@repa	FVD6.5-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	с
	Lin	FR-BU2-H55K	1	FVD5.5-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	с
	MR-J3-15KB4	FR-BU2-H55K	1	FVD5.5-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	с
	MR-J3-22KB4	FR-BU2-H55K	w.cdm	FVD5.5-8(Japan Solderless Terminal)	с
		FR-BU2-H75K	1	FVD14-8(Japan Solderless Terminal)	b

Note 1. Symbols in the applicable tool field indicate applicable tools in (5)(b) of this section.

2. Coat the crimping part with an insulation tube.

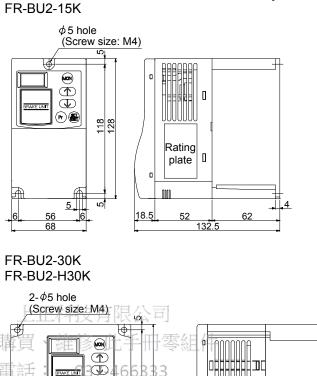
(b) Applicable tool

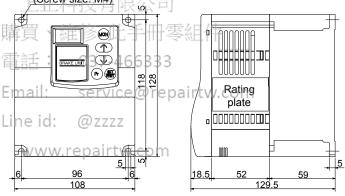
	Servo amplifier side crimping terminals									
Symbol	Crimping	Manufacturan								
	terminal	Body	Head	Dice	Manufacturer					
а	FVD8-6	YF-1 • E-4	YNE-38	DH-111 · DH121						
b	FVD14-6	YF-1 • E-4	YNE-38	DH-112 • DH122						
U	FVD14-8	1⊢-1 • ⊑-4	TINE-30		Japan Solderless					
	FDV5.5-S4	YNT-1210S			Terminal					
С	FDV5.5-6	111-12105								
d	8-4NS	YHT-8S								

11.3.4 Outline dimension drawings

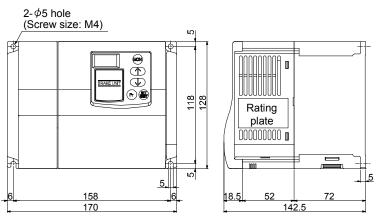
(1) FR-BU2- (H) brake unit

[Unit: mm]

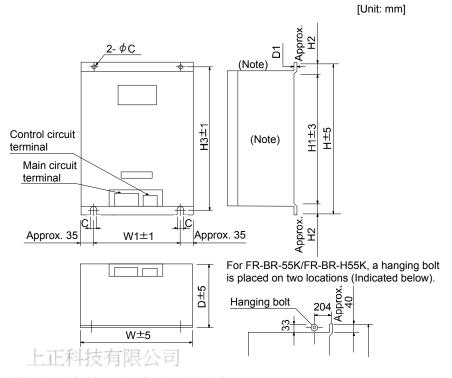




FR-BU2-55K FR-BU2-H55K, H75K



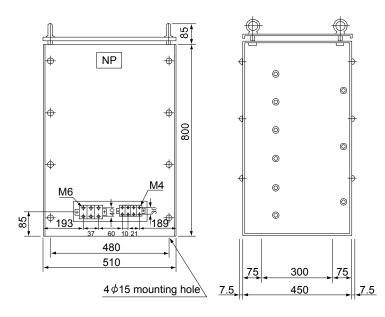
(2) FR-BR- (H) resistor unit



Note. Ventilation ports are provided on both sides and the top. The bottom is open.

	電話: 0 Resistor unit Email: se	87-2 w ervio	663 W1	IЗЗ н repa	H1 airtv	H2 V.CO	H3 M	D	D1	С	Approximate mass [kg]
200V	FR ₁ BR-15K	170	, 100	450	410	20	432	220	3.2	6	15
class	FR-BR-30K	340	270	600	560	20	582	220	4	10	30
Class	FR-BR+55K/W.rep	480	v 4 10 c	700	620	40	670	450	3.2	12	70
400V	FR-BR-H30K	340	270	600	560	20	582	220	4	10	30
class	FR-BR-H55K	480	410	700	620	40	670	450	3.2	12	70

(3) MT-BR5- (H) resistor unit



			[Unit: mm]
	Resistor unit	Resistance value	Approximate mass [kg]
200V class	MT-BR5-55K	2.0Ω	50
400V class	MT-BR5-H75K	6.5Ω	70

11.4 Power regeneration converter

POINT	
 When using 	the FR-RC-(H) power regenerative converter, refer to "Power
Regenerati	on Converter FR-RC Instruction Manual (IB(NA)66330)".

When using the power regeneration converter, set "DD 01" in parameter No.PA02.

(1) Selection

The converters can continuously return 75% of the nominal regenerative power. They are applied to the servo amplifiers of the 5k to 22kW.

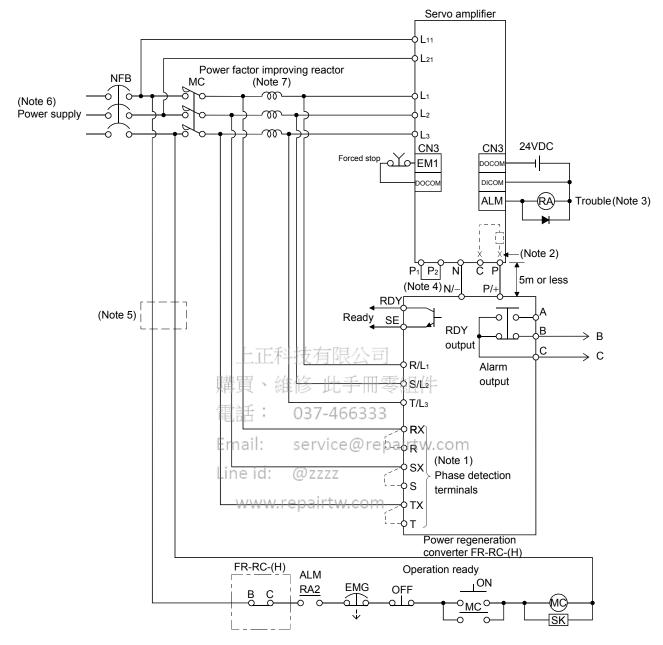
Power regeneration converter	Nominal regenerative power (kW)	Servo amplifier	9 500 1 1 1 1
FR-RC-15K	15	MR-J3-500B MR-J3-700B	
FR-RC-30K	30	MR-J3-11KB MR-J3-15KB	200 and a construction of the construction of
FR-RC-55K	55	MR-J3-22KB	sg 50
FR-RC-H15K	15	MR-J3-500B4 MR-J3-700B4	章 30 有限公费 20
FR-RC-H30K	30	MR-J3-11KB4 MR-J3-15KB4	0 50 75 100 150 此手冊零組代Nominal regenerative power (%)
FR-RC-H55K	55	MR-J3-22KB4	-466333

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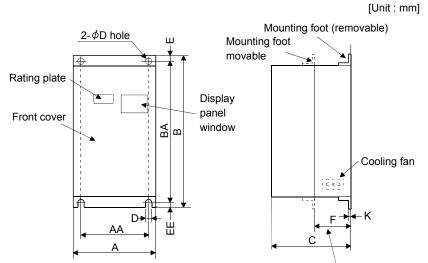
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(2) Connection example



- Note 1. When not using the phase detection terminals, fit the jumpers across RX-R, SX-S and TX-T. If the jumpers remain removed, the FR-RC-(H) will not operate.
 - 2. When using servo amplifiers of 5kW and 7kW, always remove the lead of built-in regenerative resistor connected to P terminal and C terminal.
 - 3. When setting not to output Trouble (ALM) with parameter change, configure power supply circuit for turning magnetic contactor off after detecting an occurrence of alarm on the controller side.
 - 4. Between P_1 and P_2 (P_1 and P for 11kW to 22kW) is connected by default.
 - 5. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class in 400V class servo amplifiers.
 - 6. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.
 - 7. For selection of power factor improving AC reactors, refer to "Power Regeneration Converter FR-RC Instruction Manual (IB(NA)66330)".

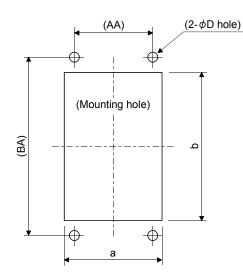


(3) Outside dimensions of the power regeneration converters

Heat generation area outside mounting dimension

Power regeneration converter	A	AA	В	BA	С	D	E	EE	К	F	Approx. mass [kg(lb)]
FR-RC-15K	270	200	450		斗技月 195		[] 10 (5) 24 대 (14	8	3.2	87	19 (41.888)
FR-RC-H15K			只用	只 %	eis i		令組下				01
FR-RC-30K	340	270	600	582	0957-4	466933	<mark>ς</mark> 10	8	3.2	90	31 (68.343)
FR-RC-H30K			1- <u> -1</u>		007	10000	~				(00.343)
FR-RC-55K	490	410	700 ^{En}	nail: 670	servi 250	ce@re	pairtw	.com	3.2	125	55
FR-RC-H55K	480	410	700	670	200	٢Z	- 15	15	3.2	135	(121.3)
			LII	ne Id:	@ZZZ	Z					

(4) Mounting hole machining dimensions When the power regeneration converter is fitted to a totally enclosed type box, mount the heat generating area of the converter outside the box to provide heat generation measures. At this time, the mounting hole having the following dimensions is machined in the box.



					[Unit : mm]
Power					
regeneration	а	b	D	AA	BA
converter					
FR-RC-15K	260	412	10	200	432
FR-RC-H15K					
FR-RC-30K	330	562	10	270	582
FR-RC-H30K					
FR-RC-55K	470	640	10	410	670
FR-RC-H55K	470	642	12	410	670

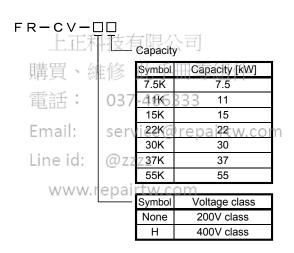
11.5 Power regeneration common converter

POINT					
 Use the FF 	R-CV for the servo amplifier of 200V class and the FR-CV-H for that				
of 400V cla	ISS.				
 For details 	of the power regeneration common converter FR-CV-(H), refer to				
the FR-CV	the FR-CV-(H) Installation Guide (IB(NA)0600075).				
 Do not sup 	ply power to the main circuit power supply terminals (L ₁ , L ₂ , L ₃) of				
the servo a	mplifier. Doing so will fail the servo amplifier and FR-CV-(H).				
Connect th	$\sim DC$ never events between the $DC(1/1)$ and even emplifier				

- Connect the DC power supply between the FR-CV-(H) and servo amplifier with correct polarity. Connection with incorrect polarity will fail the FR-CV-(H) and servo amplifier.
- Two or more FR-CV-(H)'s cannot be installed to improve regeneration capability. Two or more FR-CV-(H)'s cannot be connected to the same DC power supply line.

When using the power regeneration common converter, set parameter No.PA02 to "

(1) Model



(2) Selection

The power regenerative common converter FR-CV can be used for the servo amplifier of 200V class with 750 to 22kW and that of 400V class with 11k to 22kW. The following shows the restrictions on using the FR-CV-(H).

- (a) Up to six servo amplifiers can be connected to one FR-CV-(H).
- (b) FR-CV-(H) capacity [W] Total of rated capacities [W] of servo amplifiers connected to FR-CV-(H) 2
- (c) The total of used servo motor rated currents should be equal to or less than the applicable current [A] of the FR-CV-(H).
- (d) Among the servo amplifiers connected to the FR-CV-(H), the servo amplifier of the maximum capacity should be equal to or less than the maximum connectable capacity [W].

The following table lists the restrictions.

ltore	FR-CV-						
Item	7.5K	11K	15K	22K	30K	37K	55K
Maximum number of connected servo amplifiers				6			_
Total of connectable servo amplifier capacities [kW]	3.75	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	27.5
Total of connectable servo motor rated currents [A]	33	46	61	90	115	145	215
Maximum servo amplifier capacity [kW]	3.5	5	7	11	15	15	22

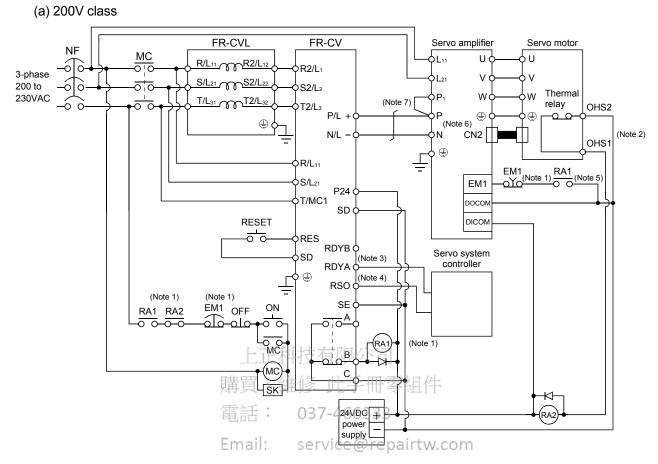
litere	FR-CV-H□				
Item	22K	30K	37K	55K	
Maximum number of connected servo amplifiers		(6		
Total of connectable servo amplifier capacities [kW]	11	15	18.5	27.5	
Total of connectable servo motor rated currents [A]	90	115	145	215	
Maximum servo amplifier capacity [kW]	11	15	15	22	

When using the FR-CV-(H), always install the dedicated stand-alone reactor (FR-CVL-(H)).

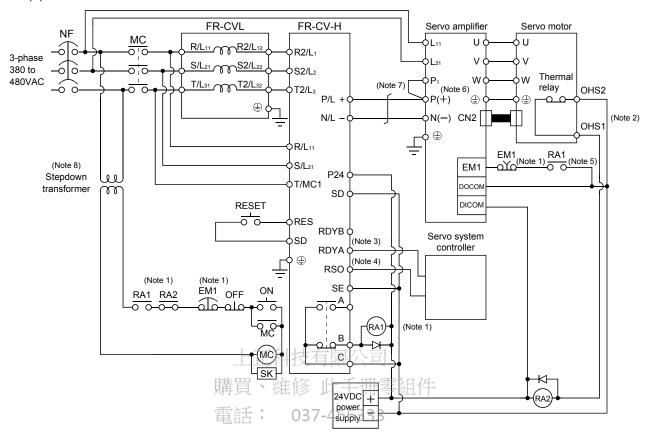
Power regeneration common converter	Dedicated stand-alone reactor
FR-CV-7.5K(-AT)	FR-CVL-7.5K
FR-CV-11 K(-AT)	FR-CVL-11 K
FR-CV-15K(-AT)	FR-CVL-15K
FR-CV-22K(-AT)	FR-CVL-22K文月限公司
FR-CV-30K(-AT)	ER-CVL-30K
FR-CV-37K ^{大行}	FR-CVL-37K
FR-CV-55K	EE-CVL-55K)37-466333
FR-CV-H22K(-AT)	FR-CVL-H22K
FR-CV-H30K(-AT)	тғансул-нзакетуісе@repairtw.com
FR-CV-H37K	FR-CVL-H37K
FR-CV-H55K	FR-CVL-H55K ZZZZ

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(3) Connection diagram



- Note 1. Configure a sequence that will shut off main circuit power at an emergency stop or at FR-CV or servo amplifier alarm occurrence.
 - 2. For the servo motor with thermal relay, configure a sequence that will shut off main circuit power when the thermal relay operates.
 - 3. For the servo amplifier, configure a sequence that will switch the servo on after the FR-CV is ready.
 - 4. For the FR-CV, the RSO signal turns off when it is put in a ready-to-operate status where the reset signal is input. Configure a sequence that will make the servo inoperative when the RSO signal is on.
 - 5. Configure a sequence that will make a stop with the emergency stop input of the servo system controller if an alarm occurs in the FR-CV. When the servo system controller does not have an emergency stop input, use the forced stop input of the servo amplifier to make a stop as shown in the diagram.
 - 6. When using the servo amplifier of 7kW or less, make sure to disconnect the wiring of built-in regenerative resistor (3.5kW or less: P and D, 5k/7kW: P and C).
 - 7. When using the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW, make sure to connect P1 and P. (Factory-wired.)



(b) 400V class

- Note 1. Configure a sequence that will shut off main circuit power at an emergency stop or at FR-CV-H or servo amplifier alarm occurrence.
 - 2. For the servo motor with thermal relay, configure a sequence that will shut off main circuit power when the thermal relay operates.
 - 3. For the servo amplifier, configure a sequence that will switch the servo on after the FR-CV-H is ready.
 - 4. For the FR-CV-H, the RSO signal turns off when it is put in a ready-to-operate status where the reset signal is input. Configure a sequence that will make the servo inoperative when the RSO signal is on.
 - 5. Configure a sequence that will make a stop with the emergency stop input of the servo system controller if an alarm occurs in the FR-CV-H. When the servo system controller does not have an emergency stop input, use the forced stop input of the servo amplifier to make a stop as shown in the diagram.
 - 6. When using the servo amplifier of 7kW or less, make sure to disconnect the wiring of built-in regenerative resistor (2kW or less: P+ and D, 3.5k to 7kW: P+ and C).
 - 7. When using the servo amplifier of 11k to 22kW, make sure to connect P_1 and P(+). (Factory-wired.)
 - 8. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class servo amplifiers.

(4) Selection example of wires used for wiring

POINT

- Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire type: 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire)

Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air

(a) Wire sizes

1) Across P-P(+), N-N(-)

The following table indicates the connection wire sizes of the DC power supply (P, N terminals) between the FR-CV and servo amplifier.

Total of servo amplifier capacities [kW]	Wires[mm ²]
1 or less	2
2	3.5
5	5.5
7	8
11	14
15	22
22	50

The following table indicates the connection wire sizes of the DC power supply (P(+), N(-) terminals) between the FR-CV-H and serve amplifier. 本目件

Total of servo amplifier capa	acities [kW]	037_Wires[mm²B	
1 or less		2	
2	Email:	service 🕫 repairtw.c	om
5		5.5	
7	Line id	: @zzzz 8	
11		8	
15	WW	w.repairtw <u>.2</u> 0m	
22		22	

2) Grounding

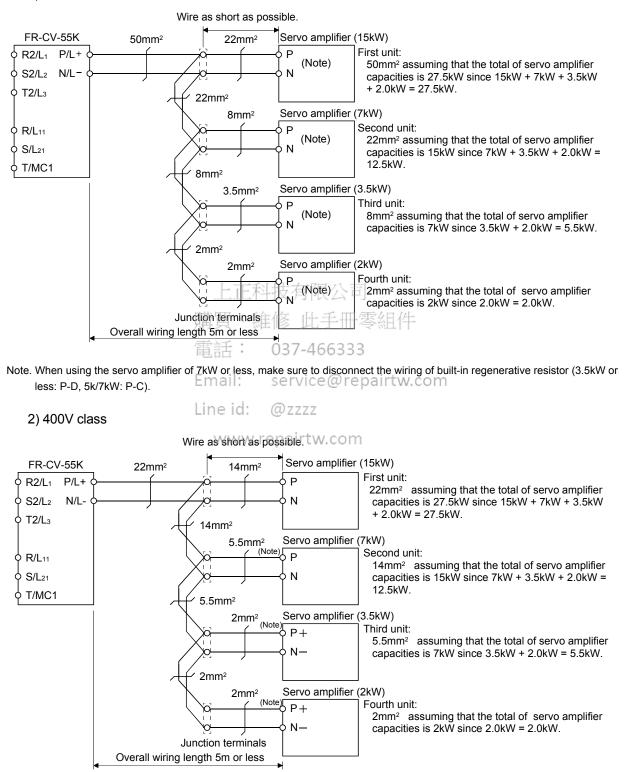
For grounding, use the wire of the size equal to or greater than that indicated in the following table, and make it as short as possible.

Power regeneration common converter	Grounding wire size [mm ²]
FR-CV-7.5K to FR-CV-15K	14
FR-CV-22K • FR-CV-30K	22
FR-CV-37K • FR-CV-55K	38
FR-CV-H22K * FR-CV-H30K	8
FR-CV-H37K • FR-CV-H55K	22

(b) Example of selecting the wire sizes

When connecting multiple servo amplifiers, always use junction terminals for wiring the servo amplifier terminals P, N. Also, connect the servo amplifiers in the order of larger to smaller capacities.

1) 200V class



Note. These servo amplifiers are development forecasted.

(5) Other precautions

- (a) Always use the FR-CVL-(H) as the power factor improving reactor. Do not use the FR-BAL or FR-BEL.
- (b) The inputs/outputs (main circuits) of the FR-CV-(H) and servo amplifiers include high-frequency components and may provide electromagnetic wave interference to communication equipment (such as AM radios) used near them. In this case, interference can be reduced by installing the radio noise filter (FR-BIF-(H)) or line noise filter (FR-BSF01, FR-BLF).
- (c) The overall wiring length for connection of the DC power supply between the FR-CV-(H) and servo amplifiers should be 5m or less, and the wiring must be twisted.

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(6) Specifications

	Power regeneration of	common converter FR-CV-□	7.5K	11K	15K	22K	30K	37K	55K		
Item											
Total of connectable servo amplifier capacities [kW]			3.75	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	27.5		
Maximum serve	o amplifier capacity	[kW]	3.5	5	7	11	15	15	22		
	Total of connectable rated currents	servo motor [A]	33	46	61	90	115	145	215		
Output Regenerative braking torque	Regenerative	Short-time rating	Total capacity of applicable servo motors, 300% torque, 60s (N				lote 1)				
	braking torque Continuous rating		100% torque								
	Rated input AC volta	ge/frequency	Three-phase 200 to 220V 50Hz, 200 to 230V 60Hz								
Dowor oupply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation		Three-phase 170 to 242V 50Hz, 170 to 253V 60Hz								
Power supply	Permissible frequency fluctuation		±5%								
	Power supply capacity (Note 2) [kVA]		17	20	28	41	52	66	100		
Protective struc	cture (JEM 1030), cool	ing system	Open type (IP00), forced cooling								
	Ambient temperature	e	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing)								
Environment	Ambient humidity	Ambient humidity			90%RH or less (non-condensing)						
	Ambience	Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)									
Altitude, vibrati	on			1000m	or less abo	ve sea leve	l, 5.9m/s² 2	or less			
No-fuse breake	er or leakage current b	reaker <u>F</u> TE	30AF 30A	50AF 50A	100AF 75A	100AF 100A	225AF 125A	225AF 125A	225AF 175A		
Magnetic conta	actor	睡田. /	S-N20	- S-N35	S-N50	S-N65	S-N95	S-N95	S-N125		

Power regeneration common converter FR-CV-H□			037-46 22К service	6333 30K @repair	з7к tw.com	55K
Total of connectable servo amplifier capacities [kW]			@11	15	18.5	27.5
Maximum servo amplifier capacity [kW]			11	15	15	22
	Total of connectable rated currents	servo motor _{// (A}	rep ₄₃ irtw	.cop	71	110
Output		Short-time	Total capa	acity of applica	ble servo mote	ors, 300%
Output	Regenerative	rating		torque, 60	s (Note 1)	
	braking torque Continuous rating		100% torque			
Rated input AC voltage/frequency		Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50Hz/60Hz				
Device events	Permissible AC volta	Three-phase 323 to 528V, 50Hz/60Hz				
Power supply	Permissible frequence	±5%				
	Power supply capacity [kVA]		41	52	66	100
Protective structu	ure (JEM 1030), coolin	ig system	O	pen type (IP00), forced cooli	ng
	Ambient temperature	•	-	10°C to +50°C	(non-freezing)
Environment	Ambient humidity	90%RH or less (non-condensing)				
Environment	Ambience		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)			
Altitude, vibration	า		1000m or	less above se	a level, 5.9m/s	² 2 or less
No funo brookor	or lookago ourront bro	akor	60AF	100AF	100AF	225AF
no-luse breaker	or leakage current bre	anei	60A	175A	175A	125A
Magnetic contact	tor		S-N25	S-N35	S-N35	S-N65

Note 1. This is the time when the protective function of the FR-CV-(H) is activated. The protective function of the servo amplifier is activated in the time indicated in section 10.1.

2. When connecting the capacity of connectable servo amplifier, specify the value of servo amplifier.

11.6 External dynamic brake

POINT	
- Configure ι	up a sequence which switches off the contact of the brake unit after
(or as soon failure.	n as) it has turned off the servo on signal at a power failure or
 For the bra section 10. 	king time taken when the dynamic brake is operated, refer to 3.

- The brake unit is rated for a short duration. Do not use it for high duty.
- When using the 400V class dynamic brake, the power supply voltage is restricted to 1-phase 380VAC to 463VAC (50Hz/60Hz).

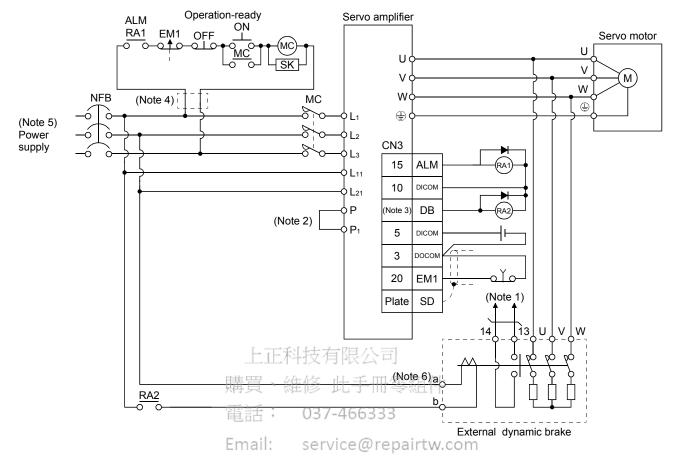
(1) Selection of dynamic brake

The dynamic brake is designed to bring the servo motor to a sudden stop when a power failure occurs or the protective circuit is activated, and is built in the 7kW or less servo amplifier. Since it is not built in the 11kW or more servo amplifier, purchase it separately if required. Assign the dynamic brake interlock (DB) to any of CN3-9, CN3-13, and CN3-15 pins in parameter No.PD07 to PD09.

Servo amplifier	Dynamic brake
MR-J3-11KB	
MR-J3-15KB	-DBU=15K1X7月PRZ2~PJ
MR-J3-22KB	購買BU-22K 修止手冊零組件
MR-J3-11KB4	DBU-11K-4
MR-J3-15KB4	電話: 037-466333 DBU-22K-4
MR-J3-22KB4	
	Email: service@repairtw.com

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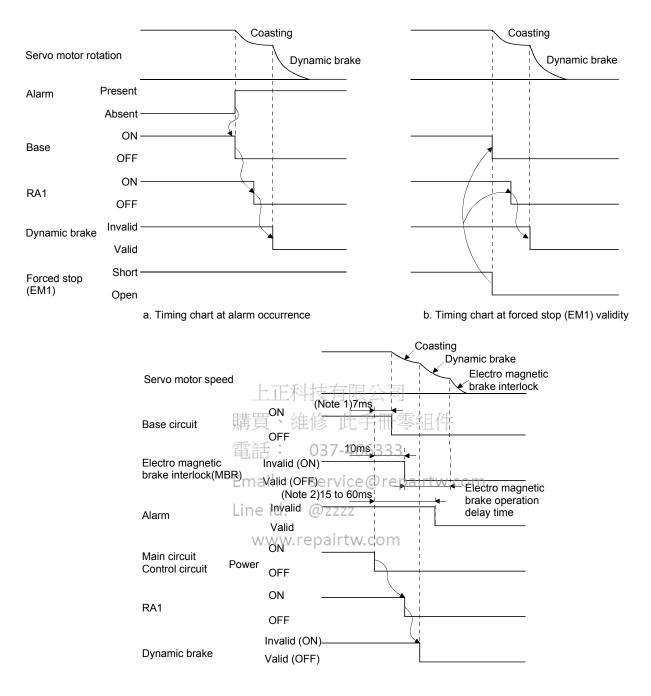
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(2) Connection example

- Note 1. Terminals 13, 14 are normally open contact outputs. If the dynamic brake is seized, terminals 13, 14 will open. Therefore, configure up an external sequence to prevent servo-on.
 - 2. For the servo amplifiers from 11k to 22kW, be sure to connect P1 and P. (Factory-wired) When using the power factor DC reactor, refer to section 11.13.
 - 3. Assign the dynamic brake interlock (DB) in the parameters No.PD07 to PD09.
 - 4. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class in 400V class servo amplifiers.
 - 5. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.
 - 6. The power supply voltage of the inside magnet contactor for 400V class dynamic brake DBU-11K-4 and DBU-22K-4 is restricted as follows. When using these dynamic brakes, use them within the range of the power supply.

Dynamic brake	Power supply voltage				
DBU-11K-4					
DBU-22K-4	1-phase 380 to 463VAC 50Hz/60Hz				



Note 1. When powering OFF, the RA1 of external dynamic brake circuit will be turned OFF, and the base circuit is turned OFF earlier than usual before an output shortage occurs.

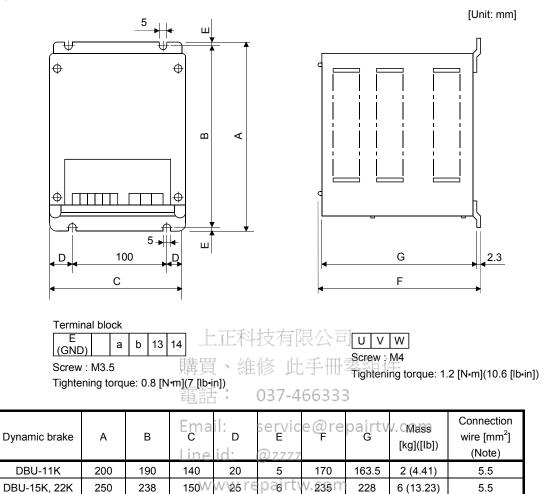
(Only when assigning the DB as the output signal in the parameter No.PD07, PD08 or PD09)

2. Variable according to the operation status.

c. Timing chart when both of the main and control circuit power are OFF

(3) Outline dimension drawing

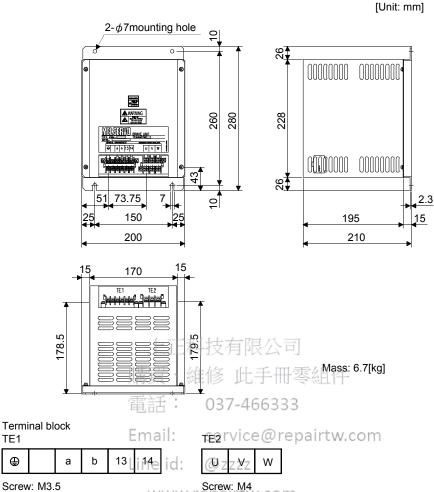
(a) DBU-11K • DBU-15K • DBU-22K



Note. Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire type: 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air

(b) DBU-11K-4 • DBU-22K-4



Tightening torque: 0.8[N m](7[lb in]) Tightening torque: 1.2[N m](10.6[lb in])

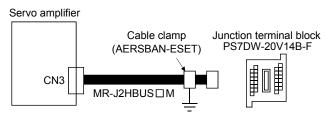
Dumanuia kaska	Wire [mm ²] (Note)				
Dynamic brake	a•b	U · V · W			
DBU-11K	2	5.5			
DBU-15K, 22K	2	5.5			

Note. Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire type: 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air

- 11.7 Junction terminal block PS7DW-20V14B-F (recommended)
- (1) How to use the junction terminal block

Always use the junction terminal block (PS7W-20V14B-F(YOSHIDA ELECTRIC INDUSTRY)) with the option cable (MR-J2HBUSDM) as a set. A connection example is shown below.



Ground the option cable on the junction terminal block side with the cable clamp fitting (AERSBAN-ESET). For the use of the cable clamp fitting, refer to section 11.14, (2)(c).

(2) Connection of MR-J2HBUSDM cable and junction terminal block

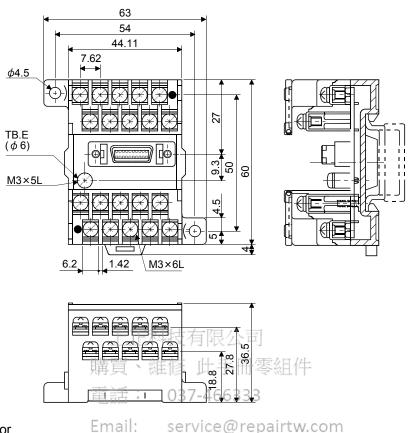
Servo an	nplifier		J	unction terminal bl PS7W-20V14B-F		
	CN3	(Note)MR-J2HBUS□M	CN	Termina	al block]
LG	1	1 7 1	1		1	LG
DI1	2	2 上下科技有名	1/2言		2	DI1
DOC	3	3 3	3		3	DOC
MO1	4	購買、維修 此	F-4-	零組件——	4	MO1
DICO	5	5 5	5	2 Larate 1 1	5	DICO
LA	6	6 1111 - 037 -466	6363		6	LA
LB	7	7 7 7	7		7	LB
LZ	8	& m ail: ser vi∎e	@ 8e	pairtw.com	8	LZ
INP	9	9 4 9 9	9		9	INP
DICO	10	1bin eid: @z zzno	10		10	DICO
LG	11		11		11	LG
DI2	12	12 WWW.repartizv	.com		12	DI2
MBR	13	13 13 13	13		13	MBR
MO2	14		14		14	MO2
AMR	15		15		15	AMR
LAR	16	16 16 16	16		16	LAR
LBR	17		17		17	LBR
LZR	18	18 18 18	18		18	LZR
DI3	19	19 19 19	19		19	DI3
EM1	20	20 20 20	20		20	EM1
SD	Shell	Shell	Shell	l		4
					Е	SD
						1
L		Connector: 10120-6000E				L

Connector: 10120-6000EL (3M) Shell kit: 10320-3210-000 (3M)

Note. Symbol indicating cable length is put in \Box .

- 05: 0.5m
- 1: 1m
- 5: 5m

(3) Outline drawings of junction terminal block



11.8 MR Configurator

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The MR Configurator (MRZJW3-SETUP221E) uses the communication function of the servo amplifier to perform parameter setting changes, graph display, test operation, etc. on a personal computer. www.repairtw.com

(1) Specifications

Item		Description							
	The following table shows MR Configurator software version for each servo amplifier.								
			Comp	oatible servo a	mplifier (Drive	e unit)			
Compatibility with a	Version	100V	class · 200V	class		400V class			
servo amplifier		7kW or less	11k to 22kW	30k to 37kW	7kW or less	11k to 22kW	30k to 55kW		
·	B1	0	0		/	0			
	C0 or later	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Monitor	Display, high speed monitor, trend graph								
WOTILOT	Minimum reso	olution change	s with the pro	ocessing spee	d of the pers	onal compute	r.		
Alarm	Display, histo	ry, amplifier d	ata						
Diagnostic	Digital I/O, no motor rotation, total power-on time, amplifier version info, motor information,								
Diagnostic	tuning data, a	tuning data, absolute encoder data, Axis name setting.							
Parameters	Parameter list	, turning, cha	nge list, detai	led informatio	n				
Test operation	Jog operation	, positioning c	peration, Do	forced output	, program ope	eration.			
Advanced function	Machine anal	Machine analyzer, gain search, machine simulation.							
File operation	Data read, sa	Data read, save, delete, print							
Others	Automatic der	no, help displ	ay						

(2) System configuration

(a) Components

To use this software, the following components are required in addition to the servo amplifier and servo motor.

Equipme	nt	(Note 1) Description				
	OS	IBM PC/AT compatible where the English version of Windows [®] 98, Windows [®] Me, Windows [®] 2000 Professional, Windows [®] XP Professional, Windows [®] XP Home Edition, Windows Vista [®] Home Basic, Windows Vista [®] Home Premium, Windows Vista [®] Business, Windows Vista [®] Ultimate, Windows Vista [®] Enterprise operates				
(Note 2, 3) Personal computer	Processor	Pentium [®] 133MHz or more (Windows [®] 98, Windows [®] 2000 Professional) Pentium [®] 150MHz or more (Windows [®] Me) Pentium [®] 300MHz or more (Windows [®] XP Professional, Windows [®] XP Home Edition) 32-bit (x86) processor of 1GHz or higher (Windows Vista [®] Home Basic, Windows Vista [®] Home Premium, Windows Vista [®] Business, Windows Vista [®] Ultimate, Windows Vista [®] Enterprise)				
	Memory Hard Disk	24MB or more (Windows [®] 98) 32MB or more (Windows [®] Me, Windows [®] 2000 Professional) 128MB or more (Windows [®] XP Professional, Windows [®] XP Home Edition) 512MB or more (Windows Vista [®] Home Basic) 1GB or more (Windows Vista [®] Home Premium, Windows Vista [®] Business, Windows Vista [®] Ultimate, Windows Vista [®] Enterprise) 130MB or more of free space				
Browser		Internet Explorer 4.0 or more				
Display		One whose resolution is 800×600 or more and that can provide a high color (16 bit) display. Connectable with the above personal computer.				
Keyboar	d	Connectable with the above personal computer.				
Mouse		Connectable with the above personal computer.				
Printer		Connectable with the above personal computer.				
USB cab	е	MR-J3USBCBL3M @ZZZZ				

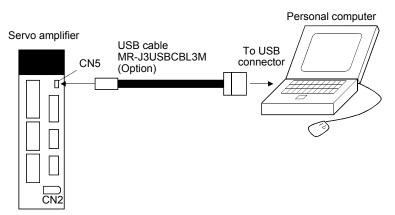
Note 1. Windows and Windows Vista is the registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries. Pentium is the registered trademarks of Intel Corporation V. COM

2. On some personal computers, MR Configurator may not run properly.

3. 64-bit Windows XP and 64-bit Windows Vista are not supported.

(b) Connection with servo amplifier

1) For use of USB



11.9 Battery MR-J3BAT

POINT

 The revision (Edition 44) of the Dangerous Goods Rule of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) went into effect on January 1, 2003 and was enforced immediately. In this rule, "provisions of the lithium and lithium ion batteries" were revised to tighten the restrictions on the air transportation of batteries. However, since this battery is non-dangerous goods (non-Class 9), air transportation of 24 or less batteries is outside the range of the restrictions. Air transportation of more than 24 batteries requires packing compliant with the Packing Standard 903. When a self-certificate is necessary for battery safety tests, contact our branch or representative. For more information, consult our branch or representative. (As of Jun, 2008).

(1) Purpose of use for MR-J3BAT

This battery is used to construct an absolute position detection system. Refer to section 12.3 for the fitting method, etc.

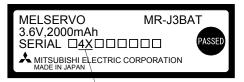


(2) Year and month when MR-J3BAT is manufactured

The year and month when MR-J3BAT is manufactured are written down in Serial No. on the rating plate of the battery back face.

The year and month of manufacture are indicated by the last one digit of the year and 1 to 9, X(10), Y(11), Z(12).

For October 2004, the Serial No. is like, "SERIAL 4X 4X 4.



The year and month of manufacture

11.10 Heat sink outside mounting attachment (MR-J3ACN)

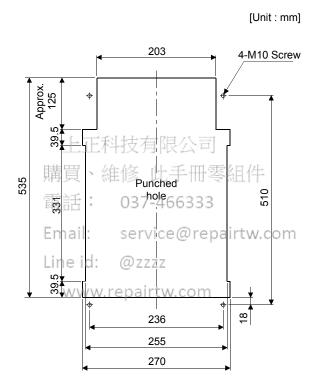
Use the heat sink outside mounting attachment to mount the heat generation area of the servo amplifier in the outside of the control box to dissipate servo amplifier-generated heat to the outside of the box and reduce the amount of heat generated in the box, thereby allowing a compact control box to be designed.

In the control box, machine a hole having the panel cut dimensions, fit the heat sink outside mounting attachment to the servo amplifier with the fitting screws (4 screws supplied), and install the servo amplifier to the control box.

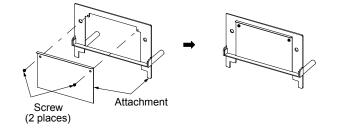
The environment outside the control box when using the heat sink outside mounting attachment should be within the range of the servo amplifier operating environment conditions.

The heat sink outside mounting attachment of MR-J3ACN can be used for MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4).

(1) Panel cut dimensions



(2) How to assemble the attachment for a heat sink outside mounting attachment

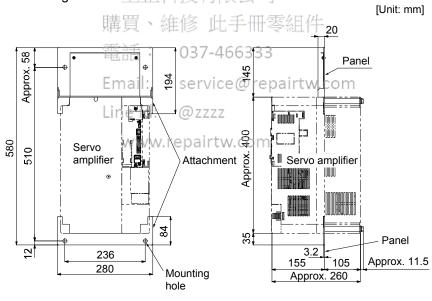


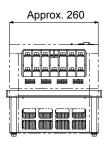
(3) Fitting method

a. Assembling the heat sink outside mounting attachment

b. Installation to the control box

(4) Outline dimension drawing





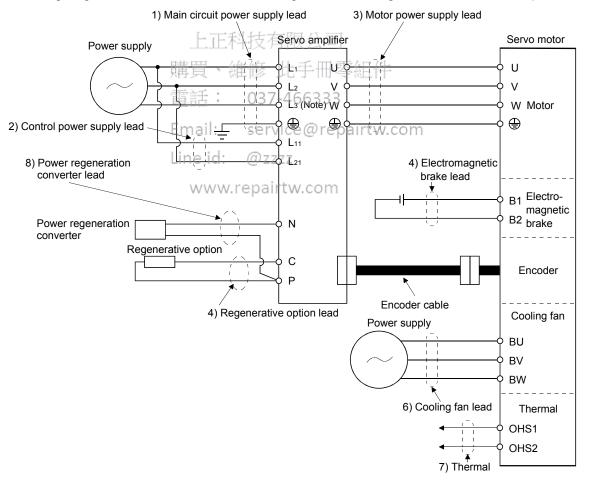
11.11 Selection example of wires

POINT	
 Refer to se 	ction 11.1.5 for SSCNETIII cable.
power line 600V grade	ated in this section are separated wires. When using a cable for (U, V, and W) between the servo amplifier and servo motor, use a e EP rubber insulated chloroprene sheath cab-tire cable (2PNCT). on of cables, refer to appendix 6.
wires rated	with the UL/C-UL (CSA) Standard, use UL-recognized copper at 60°C (140°F) or more for wiring. To comply with other use a wire that is complied with each standard
 Selection c 	ondition of wire size is as follows.

Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air Wire length: 30m or less

(1) Wires for power supply wiring

The following diagram shows the wires used for wiring. Use the wires given in this section or equivalent.



Note. There is no $L_{\rm 3}$ for 1-phase 100 to 120VAC power supply.

(a) When using the 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Selection example of wire size when using IV wires is indicated below.

	Wires [mm ²] (Note 1, 4)									
Servo amplifier	1) L₁ • L₂ • L₃ • ⊕	2) L11 ▪ L21	3) U • V • W • ⊕	4) P • C	5) B1 • B2	6) BU • BV • BW	7) OHS1 • OHS2			
MR-J3-10B(1)						Ν	\backslash			
MR-J3-20B(1)							\backslash			
MR-J3-40B(1)			1.25(AWG16)							
MR-J3-60B	2(AWG14)	1.05(0)00(16)		2(4)4(014)						
MR-J3-70B		1.25(AWG16)		2(AWG14)			\setminus			
MR-J3-100B			2(AWG14)				\backslash			
MR-J3-200B			2(AVIG14)							
MR-J3-350B	3.5(AWG12)		3.5(AWG12)							
MR-J3-500B (Note 2)	5.5(AWG10): a	1.25(AWG16):	5.5(AWG10): a	2(AWG14): g						
MR-J3-700B (Note 2)	8(AWG8): b	h	8(AWG8): b	3.5(AWG12): a		2(AWG14) (Note 3)	1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)			
MR-J3-11KB (Note 2)	14(AWG6): c		22(AWG4): d							
MR-J3-15KB (Note 2)	22(AWG4): d	1.25(AWG16):- g	30(AWG2): e	5.5(AWG10): j	1.25(AWG16)	2(AWG14)	1.25(AWG16)			
MR-J3-22KB (Note 2)	50(AWG1/0): f	購買	60(AWG2/0): f	5.5(AWG10): k	[件					
MR-J3-60B4		电话		66333			\backslash			
MR-J3-100B4	2(AWG14)	1.25(AWG16)	1.25(AWG16)	2(AWG14) e@repair	NU AAMA					
MR-J3-200B4		EIIIdi	2(AWG14)	e@repair	LW.COM					
MR-J3-350B4	2(AWG14): g	Line	2(AWG14); g 7	Z						
MR-J3-500B4 (Note 2)	5.5(AWG10): a	1.25(AWG16);	vw.repairt 5.5(AWG10): a	\2(AW/G14): g						
MR-J3-700B4 (Note 2)	5.5(AWG10). a		5.5(AWG10). a			2(AWG14) (Note 3)	1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)			
MR-J3-11KB4 (Note 2)	8(AWG8): I		8(AWG8): I	3.5(AWG12): j						
MR-J3-15KB4 (Note 2)	14(AWG6): c	1.25(AWG16): g	22(AWG4): d	5.5(AWG10): j		2(AWG14)	1.25(AWG16)			
MR-J3-22KB4 (Note 2)	14(AWG6): m		22(AWG4): n	5.5(AWG10): k						

Note 1. Alphabets in the table indicate crimping tools. For crimping terminals and applicable tools, refer to (1) (c) in this section.

2. When connecting to the terminal block, be sure to use the screws which are provided with the terminal block.

3. For the servo motor with a cooling fan.

4. Wires are selected based on the highest rated current among combining servo motors.

Use wires 8) of the following sizes with the power regeneration converter (FR-RC-(H)).

Model	Wires[mm ²]
FR-RC-15K	14(AWG6)
FR-RC-30K	14(AWG6)
FR-RC-55K	22(AWG4)
FR-RC-H15K	14(AWG6)
FR-RC-H30K	14(AWG6)
FR-RC-H55K	14(AWG6)

(b) When using the 600V Grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (HIV wire) Selection example of wire size when using HIV wires is indicated below. For the wire (8)) for power regeneration converter (FR-RC-(H)), use the IV wire indicated in (1) (a) in this section.

			Wi	res [mm ²] (Note 1	1, 4)		
Servo amplifier	1) L₁ • L₂ • L₃ • ⊕	2) L11 ▪ L21	3) U • V • W • ⊕	4) P ▪ C	5) B1 • B2	6) BU • BV • BW	7) OHS1 • OHS2
MR-J3-10B(1)						Ν	\setminus
MR-J3-20B(1)							\backslash
MR-J3-40B(1)			1.25(AWG16)				\backslash
MR-J3-60B	2(AWG14)	1.05(A)A(C16)		2(0)0(014)			\setminus
MR-J3-70B		1.25(AWG16)		2(AWG14)			\setminus
MR-J3-100B			1.25(AWG16)				\setminus
MR-J3-200B			2(AWG14)				\setminus
MR-J3-350B	3.5(AWG12)		3.5(AWG12)				\setminus
MR-J3-500B (Note 2)	5.5(AWG10): a	1.25(AWG16):	5.5(AWG10): a	2(AWG14): g			\backslash
MR-J3-700B (Note 2)	8(AWG8): b	h	8(AWG8): b	2(AWG14): g		1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)	1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)
MR-J3-11KB (Note 2)	14(AWG6): c		14(AWG6): c	限公司。	4.05(4)4(0.4.0)		
MR-J3-15KB (Note 2)	22(AWG4): d	1.25(AWG16); g	22(AWG4): d	3.5(AWG12): j :手冊零組	1.25(AWG16) [1.25(AWG16)	1.25(AWG16)
MR-J3-22KB (Note 2)	38(AWG1): p	電話	38(AWG1): p−∠	5.5(AWG10): k			
MR-J3-60B4		Emai	1.25(AWG16)	e@renair	tw com		\backslash
MR-J3-100B4	2(AWG14)	Emai 1.25(AWG16)	GI.25(AWG16)	e@repair 2(AWG14)	LW.COM		\mathbf{n}
MR-J3-200B4		Line i	2(AWG14)ZZZ	7			\backslash
MR-J3-350B4	2(AWG14): g		2(AWG14): g				\backslash
MR-J3-500B4 (Note 2)		1.25(AWG16):	3.5(AWG12): a	W.COM 2(AWG14): g			
MR-J3-700B4 (Note 2)	3.5(AWG12): a	h	5.5(AWG10): a			1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)	1.25(AWG16) (Note 3)
MR-J3-11KB4 (Note 2)	5.5(AWG10): j		8(AWG8): I	2(AWG14): q			
MR-J3-15KB4 (Note 2)	8(AWG8): I	1.25(AWG16): g	14(AWG6): c	3.5(AWG12): j		1.25(AWG16)	1.25(AWG16)
MR-J3-22KB4 (Note 2)	14(AWG6): m		14(AWG6): m	3.5(AWG12): k			

Table 11.2 Wire size selection example 2 (HIV wire)

Note 1. Alphabets in the table indicate crimping tools. For crimping terminals and applicable tools, refer to (1) (c) in this section.

2. When connecting to the terminal block, be sure to use the screws which are provided with the terminal block.

3. For the servo motor with a cooling fan.

4. Wires are selected based on the highest rated current among combining servo motors.

(c) Selection example of crimping terminals

Selection example of crimping terminals for the servo amplifier terminal box when using the wires mentioned in (1) (a) and (b) in this section is indicated below.

(Note 2)			Applicable tool				
Symbol	Crimping terminal	Body	Head	Dice	Manufacturer		
а	FVD5.5-4	YNT-1210S					
(Note 1)b	8-4NS	YHT-8S					
с	FVD14-6	YF-1 • E-4	YNE-38	DH-112 • DH122			
d	FVD22-6	YF-1•E-4	TNE-38	DH-113 · DH123	1		
(Note 1)e	29.6	YPT-60-21		TD 112 TD 124			
(Note 1)e	38-6	YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-112 • TD-124			
(Niete 1)5		YPT-60-21		TD-113 • TD-125			
(Note 1)f	R60-8	YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-113 • TD-125	Japan Solderless Terminal		
g	FVD2-4	YNT-1614			Terrinida		
h	FVD2-M3	111-1014					
j	FVD5.5-6	YNT-1210S					
k	FVD5.5-8	111-12103					
I	FVD8-6			DH-111 • DH121			
m	FVD14-8	YE-1-7E-4	YNE-38	DH-112 • DH122			
n	FVD22-8	又有限公司		DH-113 • DH123			
(Note 1)p	₩38=8 、維化	YPT-60-21 YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-112 • TD-124			
q	FVD2-6	3NT-46145333					

Note 1. Coat the part of crimping with the insulation tube.

2. Some crimping terminals may not be mounted depending on the size. Make sure to use the recommended ones or equivalent ones.

Line id: @zzzz

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(2) Wires for cables

When fabricating a cable, use the wire models given in the following table or equivalent.

		eristics of one core							
Туре	Model	Length [m]	Core size [mm ²]	Number of Cores	Structure [Wires/mm]	Conductor resistance [Ω/mm]	Insulation coating OD d [mm] (Note 1)	(Note 3) Finishing OD [mm]	Wire model
	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A1-L	2 to 10	AWG22	6	7/0.26	53	1.2	7.1±0.3	(Note 3) VSVP 7/0.26 (AWG#22 or
	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A2-L	2 10 10	AWOZZ	(3 pairs)	110.20	or less	1.2	1.1±0.5	equivalent)-3P Ban-gi-shi-16823
	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A1-H	2 to 10	AWG22	6	70/0.08	56	1.2	7.1±0.3	(Note 3) ETFE • SVP 70/0.08 (AWG#22 or
	MR-J3ENCBL 🗆 M-A2-H	2 10 10	AWG22	(3 pairs)	70/0.08	or less	1.2	7.I±0.3	equivalent)-3P Ban-gi-shi-16824
	MR-J3JCBL03M-A1-L	0.3	AWG26	8	30/0.08	233	1.0	7.1±0.3	(Note 5) T/2464-1061/Ⅱ A-SB 4P ×
	MR-J3JCBL03M-A2-L	0.5	AWG20	(4 pairs)	30/0.08	or less	1.2	7.I±0.3	26AWG
		2 to 10	0.3mm ²	4 (2 pairs)	12/0.18	65.7 or less	1.3	7.3	(Note 3) 20276 composite 4-pair shielded
Encoder	MR-EKCBL 🗆 M-L	21010	0.08mm ²	4 (2 pairs)	7/0.127	234 or less	0.67	7.0	cable (A-TYPE)
cable		20 • 30	0.3mm ²	12 (6 pairs)	12/0.18	63.6 or less	1.2	8.2	UL20276 AWG#23 6pair(BLACK)
	MR-EKCBL 🗆 M-H	20	0.2mm ²	12 (6 pairs)	40/0.08	105 or less	0.88	7.2	(Note 3) A14B2343 6P
		30 to 50	0.2mm ²	14 (7 pairs)	40/0.08	105 or less	0.88	8.0	(Note 3) J14B0238(0.2*7P)
	MR-J3ENSCBL 🗆 M-L	2 to 10	AWG22	6 (3 pairs)	7/0.26	53 or less	目住	7.1±0.3	(Note 3) VSVP 7/0.26 (Equivalent to AWG#22)-3P Ban-gi-shi-16823
		20 • 30	AWG23	12 ³ (6 pairs)	7-4663	63.3 or less	1.2	8.2±0.3	(Note 3) 20276 VSVCAWG#23 × 6P Ban-gi-shi-15038
		2 to 10	AWG22	6 ^{SEI} (3 pairs)	VICE@ 70/0.08	or less	rtw.co 1.2	m 7.1±0.3	(Note 3) ETEF SVP 70/0.08 (Equivalent to AWG#22)-3P Ban-gi-shi-16824
	MR-J3ENSCBL 🗆 M-H	20 to 50	AWG24	12 (6 pairs)	40/0.08	105 or less	0.88	7.2	(Note 3) ETFE ▪ SVP 40/0.08mm×6P Ban-gi-shi-15266
	MR-PWS1CBL I M-A1-L	2 to 10		nopu	11 6 9 9 1 6 1	om			
	MR-PWS1CBL M-A2-L	2 to 10	a						
Motor power supply cable	MR-PWS1CBL I M-A1-H MR-PWS1CBL M-A2-H	2 to 10	(Note 6) AWG19	4	50/0.08	25.40 or less	1.8	5.7±0.3	(Note 4) UL Style 2103 AWG19 4 cores
supply cable	MR-PWS1CBL I M-A2-H	2 to 10 0.3	AWG19			01 1655			OL SUJE 2103 AVVG 19 4 COIES
	MR-PWS2CBL03M-A2-L	0.3							
	MR-BKS1CBL I M-A1-L	2 to 10							
	MR-BKS1CBL I M-A2-L	2 to 10							
Motor brake	MR-BKS1CBL IM-A1-H	2 to 10	(Note 6)	2	100/0.08	38.14	1.3	4.0±0.3	(Note 4)
cable	MR-BKS1CBL I M-A2-H	2 to 10	AWG20	-	100/0.00	or less	1.0	4.0±0.3	UL Style 2103 AWG20 2 cores
	MR-BKS2CBL03M-A1-L MR-BKS2CBL03M-A2-L	0.3							
	IVIR-DR320BLU3IVI-AZ-L	0.3	1	1			1		

Table 11.3 Wires for option cables

Note 1. d is as shown below.



Conductor Insulation sheath

2. Purchased from Toa Electric Industry

- 3. Standard OD. Max. OD is about 10% greater.
- 4. Kurabe
- 5. Taiyo Electric Wire and Cable

6. These wire sizes assume that the UL-compliant wires are used at the wiring length of 10m.

11.12 No-fuse breakers, fuses, magnetic contactors

Always use one no-fuse breaker and one magnetic contactor with one servo amplifier. When using a fuse instead of the no-fuse breaker, use the one having the specifications given in this section.

	No-fuse	breaker				
Servo amplifier	Not using power factor improving reactor	Using power factor improving reactor	(Note) Class	Current [A]	Voltage AC [V]	Magnetic contactor
MR-J3-10B (1)	30A frame 5A	30A frame 5A		10		
MR-J3-20B	30A frame 5A	30A frame 5A		10		
MR-J3-20B1	30A frame 10A	30A frame 10A		15		
MR-J3-40B	30A frame 10A	30A frame 5A		15		S-N10
MR-J3-60B MR-J3-70B MR-J3-100B MR-J3-40B1	30A frame 15A	30A frame 10A		20	250	3-1410
MR-J3-200B	30A frame 20A	30A frame 15A		40		S-N18
MR-J3-350B	30A frame 30A	30A frame 30A		70		S-N20
MR-J3-500B	50A frame 50A	50A frame 40A		125		S-N35
MR-J3-700B	100A frame 75A	50A frame 50A	т	150		S-N50
MR-J3-11KB	100A frame 100A	100A frame 75A	Т	200		S-N65
MR-J3-15KB	225A frame 125A	100A frame 100A		250		S-N95
MR-J3-22KB	225A frame 175A	225A frame 150A		350		S-N125
MR-J3-60B4	30A frame 5A	30A frame 5A	计零組件	10		
MR-J3-100B4	30A frame_10A	30A frame 10A	33	15		S-N10
MR-J3-200B4	30A frame 15A	30A frame 15A	22	25		5-IN TU
MR-J3-350B4	30A frame 20A	30A frame 20A	epairtw.c	om ³⁵		
MR-J3-500B4	30A frame 30A	30A frame 30A	- point twice	50	600	S-N18
MR-J3-700B4	50A frame 40AC :	50A frame 30A		65		S-N20
MR-J3-11KB4	60A frame 60A	50A frame 50A		100		S-N25
MR-J3-15KB4	100A frame 75A	60A frame 60A	m	150		S-N35
MR-J3-22KB4	225A frame 125A	100A frame 100A		175		S-N65

Note. When not using the servo amplifier as a UL/C-UL Standard compliant product, K5 class fuse can be used.

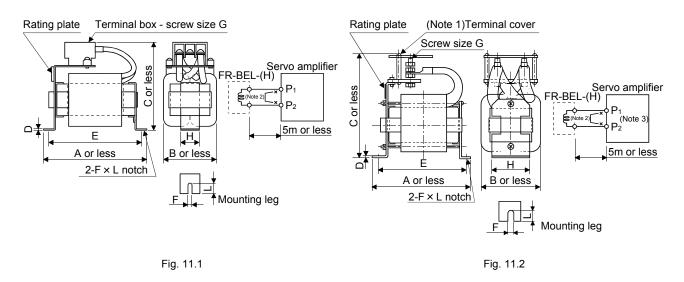
11.13 Power factor improving DC reactor

POINT	
• For the 100	V power supply type (MR-J3-□B1), the power factor improving DC
reactor can	not be used.

The power factor improving DC reactor increases the form factor of the servo amplifier's input current to improve the power factor. It can decrease the power supply capacity. As compared to the power factor improving AC reactor (FR-BAL), it can decrease the loss. The input power factor is improved to about 95%. It is also effective to reduce the input side harmonics.

When connecting the power factor improving DC reactor to the servo amplifier, always disconnect P_1 and P_2 (For 11kW or more, disconnect P_1 and P). If it remains connected, the effect of the power factor improving DC reactor is not produced.

When used, the power factor improving DC reactor generates heat. To release heat, therefore, leave a 10cm or more clearance at each of the top and bottom, and a 5cm or more clearance on each side.



Note 1. Since the terminal cover is supplied, attach it after connecting a wire.

- 2. When using DC reactor, disconnect P1 and P2.
- 3. When over 11kW, "P2" becomes "P", respectively.

	Power factor	Outline		Dimensions [mm]									Mounting Mass			
Servo amplifier improving DC reactor	drawing	А	B	C €1+			F	L	G	н	Mounting screw size	[kg(lb)]	Wire [mm ²] (Note)			
MR-J3-10B • 20B	FR-BEL-0.4K		110	50	94	1.6	95	6	12	M3.5	25	M5	0.5(1.10)			
MR-J3-40B	FR-BEL-0.75K		120	53	102	z 1.6 [.	105	6-1-	-412/	/ M4	25	M5	0.7(1.54)			
MR-J3-60B • 70B	FR-BEL-1.5K		130	65	110	1.6	115	6	12	M4	30	M5	1.1(2.43)	2(AWG14)		
MR-J3-100B	FR-BEL-2.2K	Fug. 11.1	130	65	110	2 176	115	<u>ე</u> 6ე	12	M4	30	M5	1.2(2.65)			
MR-J3-200B	FR-BEL-3.7K		150	75	102	2.0	135	6	12	M4	40	M5	1.7(3.75)			
MR-J3-350B	FR-BEL-7.5K		150	75	126	2.0	135	6	12	M5_	40	M5	2.3(5.07)	3.5(AWG12)		
MR-J3-500B	FR-BEL-11K		H 70	93	132	2.3	155	rep.	14	M5	50	M5	3.1(6.83)	5.5(AWG10)		
MR-J3-700B	FR-BEL-15K	Eig 11.2	Fig. 11.2	Fig. 11.2	170 6	93 :	170	2.3	7 155	6	14	M8	56	M5	3.8(8.38)	8(AWG8)
MR-J3-11KB	TR-BEE-15K				LINAG	e per.	"Yeu	2021	100	0	14	IVIO	50	1010	0.0(0.00)	22(AWG4)
MR-J3-15KB	FR-BEL-22K	1 lg. 11.2	185	119	182	2.6	165	7	15	M8	70	M6	5.4(11.91)	30(AWG2)		
MR-J3-22KB	FR-BEL-30K		185 ^V	119	201	2.6	165	717	15	M8	70	M6	6.7(14.77)	60(AWG2/0)		
MR-J3-60B4	FR-BEL-H1.5K		130	63	89	1.6	115	6	12	M3.5	32	M5	0.9(1.98)			
MR-J3-100B4	FR-BEL-H2.2K		130	63	101	1.6	115	6	12	M3.5	32	M5	1.1(2.43)	2(AWG14)		
MR-J3-200B4	FR-BEL-H3.7K	Fig. 11.1	150	75	102	2	135	6	12	M4	40	M5	1.7(3.75)	2(AVG14)		
MR-J3-350B4	FR-BEL-H7.5K		150	75	124	2	135	6	12	M4	40	M5	2.3(5.07)			
MR-J3-500B4	FR-BEL-H11K		170	93	132	2.3	155	6	14	M5	50	M5	3.1(6.83)	5.5(AWG10)		
MR-J3-700B4	FR-BEL-H15K		170	93	160	2.3	155	6	14	M6	56	M5	3.7(8.16)	8(AWG8)		
MR-J3-11KB4	IN-DEL-HIOK	Eig. 11.2	170	90	100	2.3	100	0	14	IVIO	50	UID	3.7(0.10)	S(AVG8)		
MR-J3-15KB4	FR-BEL-H22K	Fig. 11.2	185	119	171	2.6	165	7	15	M6	70	M6	5.0(11.02)	22(4)4(C4)		
MR-J3-22KB4	FR-BEL-H30K		185	119	189	2.6	165	7	15	M6	70	M6	6.7(14.77)	22(AWG4)		

Note. Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire type: 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air 11.14 Power factor improving AC reactors

The power factor improving AC reactors improve the phase factor by increasing the form factor of servo amplifier's input current.

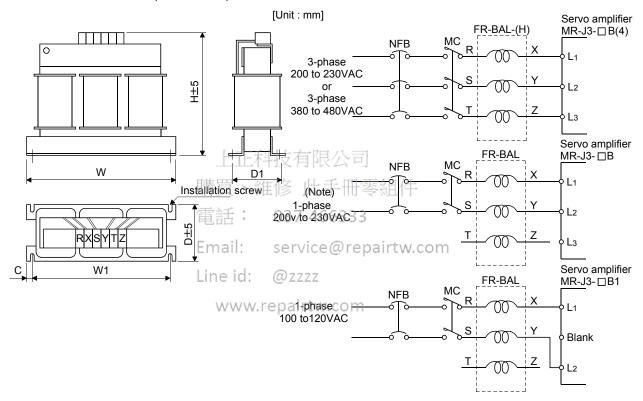
It can reduce the power capacity.

The input power factor is improved to be about 90%. For use with a 1-phase power supply, it may be slightly lower than 90%.

In addition, it reduces the higher harmonic of input side.

When using power factor improving reactors for two servo amplifiers or more, be sure to connect a power factor improving reactor to each servo amplifier.

If using only one power factor improving reactor, enough improvement effect of phase factor cannot be obtained unless all servo amplifiers are operated.



Note. For the 1-phase 200V to 230V power supply, Connect the power supply to L_1 , L_2 and leave L_3 open.

Servo amplifier	Model			Dimensio	Mounting	Terminal	Mass			
Servo ampliller	Wodel	W	W1	Н	D	D1	С	screw size	screw size	[kg (lb)]
MR-J3-10B 20B 10B1	FR-BAL-0.4K	135	120	115	59	45 ⁰ -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	2.0 (4.41)
MR-J3-40B • 20B1	FR-BAL-0.75K	135	120	115	69	57 ⁰ -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	2.8 (6.17)
MR-J3-60B • 70B • 40B1	FR-BAL-1.5K	160	145	140	71	55 ⁰ -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	3.7 (8.16)
MR-J3-100B	FR-BAL-2.2K	160	145	140	91	75 ⁰ -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	5.6 (12.35)
MR-J3-200B	FR-BAL-3.7K	220	200	192	90	70 ⁰ -2.5	10	M5	M4	8.5 (18.74)
MR-J3-350B	FR-BAL-7.5K	220	200	194	120	100 ⁰ -2.5	10	M5	M5	14.5 (31.97)
MR-J3-500B	FR-BAL-11K	280	255	220	135	100 ⁰ -2.5	12.5	M6	M6	19 (41.89)
MR-J3-700B	FR-BAL-15K	205	070	075	400	110 ⁰ -2.5	10.5	MC	MC	07 (50 52)
MR-J3-11KB	TR-DAL-15K	295	270	275	133	110 -2.5	12.5	M6	M6	27 (59.53)
MR-J3-15KB	FR-BAL-22K	290	240	301	199	170±5	25	M8	M8	35 (77.16)
MR-J3-22KB	FR-BAL-30K	290	240	301	219	190±5	25	M8	M8	43 (94.80)
MR-J3-60B4	FR-BAL-H1.5K	160	145	140	87	70 ⁰ -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	5.3 (11.68)
MR-J3-100B4	FR-BAL-H2.2K	160	145	140	91	75 -2.5	7.5	M4	M3.5	5.9 (13.01)
MR-J3-200B4	FR-BAL-H3.7K	220	200	190	90	70 ⁰ -2.5	10	M5	M3.5	8.5 (18.74)
MR-J3-350B4	FR-BAL-H7.5K	220	200	192	120	100±5	10	M5	M4	14 (30.87)
MR-J3-500B4	FR-BAL-H11K	280	255	226	130	100±5	12.5	M6	M5	18.5 (40.79)
MR-J3-700B4						44015				
MR-J3-11KB4	FR-BAL-H15K	295	270	244	130	110±5	12.5	M6	M5	27 (59.53)
MR-J3-15KB4	FR-BAL-H22K	000	0.40	000	100	170±5	05			Approx.35
		290	240	269	199	170-0	25	M8	M8	(Approx.77.16)
MR-J3-22KB4	FR-BAL-H30K	200	- ant			190±5	25	MO	MO	Approx.43
	THE BALE HOUR	290	240	子290月	尺219 日	IJ.00±0	25	M8	M8	(Approx.94.80)

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11.15 Relays (recommended)

電話: 037-466333 The following relays should be used with the interfaces. Empile

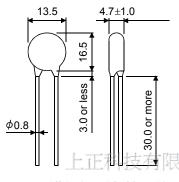
Email: s	ervice@repairtw.com					
Interface	Selection example					
Relay used for digital input command signals (interface DI-1)	To prevent defective contacts , use a relay for small signal					
	(twin contacts). (Ex.) Omron : type G2A , MY					
Relay used for digital output signals (interface DO-1)	Small relay with 12VDC or 24VDC of rated current 40mA or					
	less					
	(Ex.) Omron : type MY					

11.16 Surge absorbers (recommended)

A surge absorber is required for the electromagnetic brake. Use the following surge absorber or equivalent. When using the surge absorber, perform insulation beforehand to prevent short-circuit.

	1	Maximum rating	g		Maxi		Static capacity	Varistor voltage		
Permissibl volta		Surge immunity	Energy immunity	Rated power	-	oltage	(reference value)	rating (range) V1mA		
AC[Vma]	DC[V]	[A]	[J]	[W]	[A]	[V]	[pF]	[V]		
140	180	(Note) 500/time	5	0.4	25	360	300	220 (198 to 242)		

Note. 1 time = 8 \times 20 μs



[Unit: mm]

(Example) ERZV10D221 (Matsushita Electric Industry) TNR-10V221K (Nippon chemi-con) Outline drawing [mm] (ERZ-C10DK221)

11.17 Noise reduction techniques 購買、維修 此手冊零組件

Noises are classified into external noises which enter the servo amplifier to cause it to malfunction and those radiated by the servo amplifier to cause peripheral devices to malfunction. Since the servo amplifier is an electronic device which handles small signals, the following general noise reduction techniques are required. Also, the servo amplifier can be a source of noise as its outputs are chopped by high carrier frequencies. If peripheral devices malfunction due to noises produced by the servo amplifier, noise suppression measures must be taken. The measures will vary slightly with the routes of noise transmission.

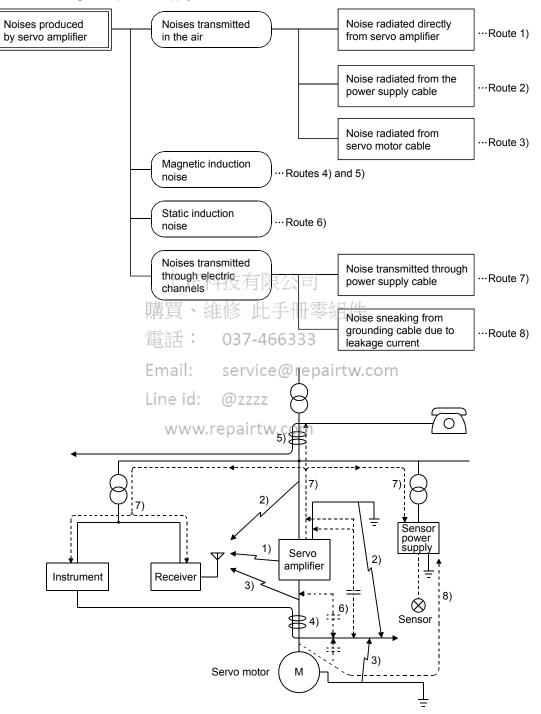
(1) Noise reduction techniques

- (a) General reduction techniques
 - Avoid laying power lines (input and output cables) and signal cables side by side or do not bundle them together. Separate power lines from signal cables.
 - Use shielded, twisted pair cables for connection with the encoder and for control signal transmission, and connect the shield to the SD terminal.
 - Ground the servo amplifier, servo motor, etc. together at one point (refer to section 3.12).
- (b) Reduction techniques for external noises that cause the servo amplifier to malfunction

If there are noise sources (such as a magnetic contactor, an electromagnetic brake, and many relays which make a large amount of noise) near the servo amplifier and the servo amplifier may malfunction, the following countermeasures are required.

- Provide surge absorbers on the noise sources to suppress noises.
- Attach data line filters to the signal cables.
- Ground the shields of the encoder connecting cable and the control signal cables with cable clamp fittings.
- Although a surge absorber is built into the servo amplifier, to protect the servo amplifier and other equipment against large exogenous noise and lightning surge, attaching a varistor to the power input section of the equipment is recommended.

(c) Techniques for noises radiated by the servo amplifier that cause peripheral devices to malfunction Noises produced by the servo amplifier are classified into those radiated from the cables connected to the servo amplifier and its main circuits (input and output circuits), those induced electromagnetically or statically by the signal cables of the peripheral devices located near the main circuit cables, and those transmitted through the power supply cables.



Noise transmission route	Suppression techniques
	When measuring instruments, receivers, sensors, etc. which handle weak signals and may malfunction
	due to noise and/or their signal cables are contained in a control box together with the servo amplifier or
	run near the servo amplifier, such devices may malfunction due to noises transmitted through the air. The
	following techniques are required.
	1. Provide maximum clearance between easily affected devices and the servo amplifier.
1) 2) 3)	Provide maximum clearance between easily affected signal cables and the I/O cables of the servo amplifier.
	Avoid laying the power lines (Input cables of the servo amplifier) and signal cables side by side or bundling them together.
	4. Insert a line noise filter to the I/O cables or a radio noise filter on the input line.
	5. Use shielded wires for signal and power cables or put cables in separate metal conduits.
	When the power lines and the signal cables are laid side by side or bundled together, magnetic
	induction noise and static induction noise will be transmitted through the signal cables and malfunction
	may occur. The following techniques are required.
	1. Provide maximum clearance between easily affected devices and the servo amplifier.
4) 5) 6)	 Provide maximum clearance between easily affected signal cables and the I/O cables of the servo amplifier.
	3. Avoid laying the power lines (I/O cables of the servo amplifier) and signal cables side by side or
	bundling them together.
	4. Use shielded wires for signal and power cables or put the cables in separate metal conduits.
	When the power supply of peripheral devices is connected to the power supply of the servo amplifier
	system, noises produced by the servo amplifier may be transmitted back through the power supply
7)	cable and the devices may malfunction. The following techniques are required.
	1. Insert the radio noise filter (FR-BIF-(H)) on the power cables (Input cables) of the servo amplifier.
	2. Insert the line noise filter (FR-BSF01 · FR-BLF) on the power cables of the servo amplifier.
	When the cables of peripheral devices are connected to the servo amplifier to make a closed loop
8)	circuit, leakage current may flow to malfunction the peripheral devices. If so, malfunction may be prevented by disconnecting the grounding cable of the peripheral device.

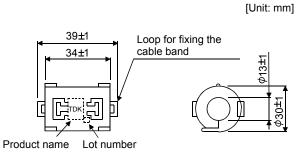
(2) Noise reduction products

Line id: @zzzz

(a) Data line filter (Recommended) www.repairtw.com

Noise can be prevented by installing a data line filter onto the encoder cable, etc. For example, the ZCAT3035-1330 of TDK and the ESD-SR-25 of NEC TOKIN make are available as data line filters. As a reference example, the impedance specifications of the ZCAT3035-1330 (TDK) are indicated below. This impedances are reference values and not guaranteed values.

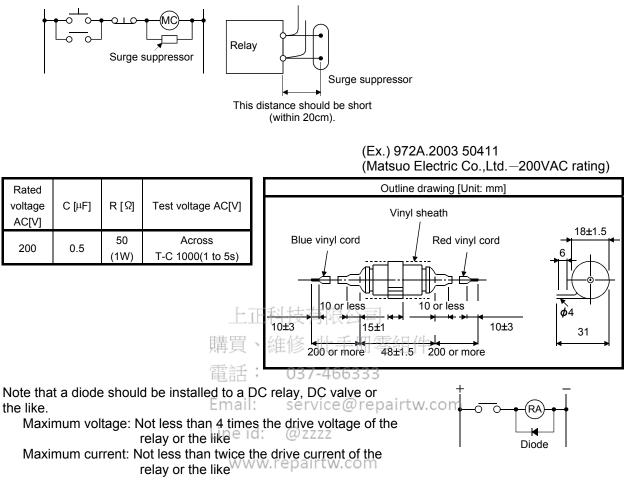
Impedance[Ω]								
10 to 100MHz	100 to 500MHz							
80	150							



Outline drawing (ZCAT3035-1330)

(b) Surge suppressor

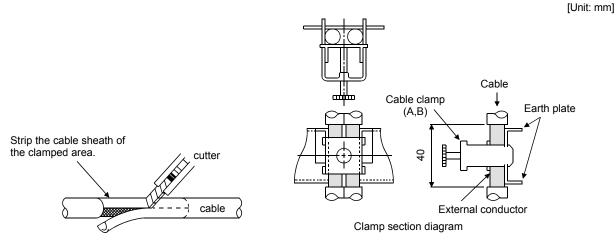
The recommended surge suppressor for installation to an AC relay, AC valve or the like near the servo amplifier is shown below. Use this product or equivalent.



(c) Cable clamp fitting AERSBAN - SET

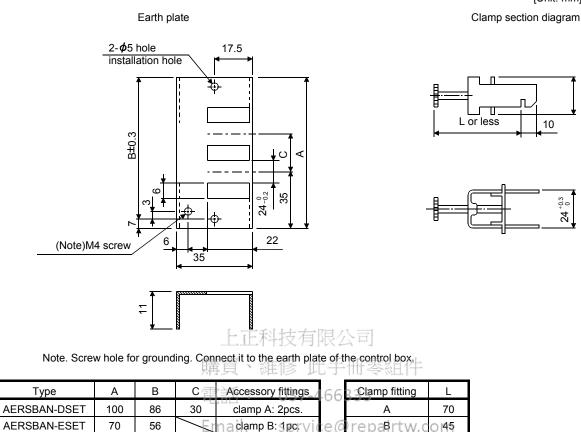
Generally, the earth of the shielded cable may only be connected to the connector's SD terminal. However, the effect can be increased by directly connecting the cable to an earth plate as shown below. Install the earth plate near the servo amplifier for the encoder cable. Peel part of the cable sheath to expose the external conductor, and press that part against the earth plate with the cable clamp. If the cable is thin, clamp several cables in a bunch.

The clamp comes as a set with the earth plate.



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Outline drawing



[Unit: mm]

10

24^{+0.3}

30

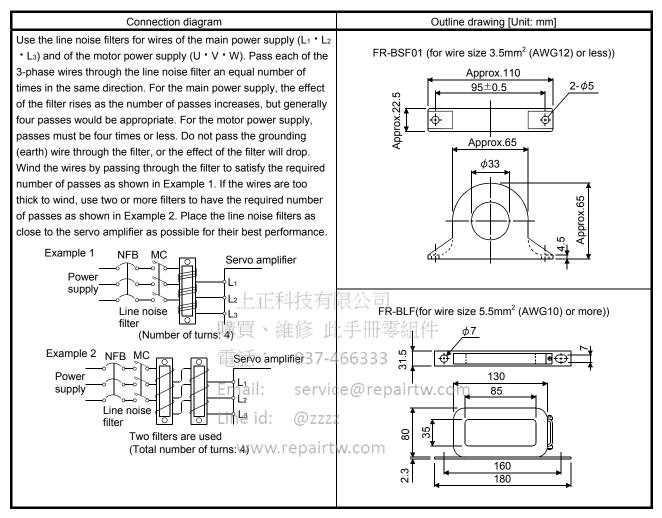
AERSBAN-DSET 100 86	30	clamp A: 2pcs.		A	70
AERSBAN-ESET 70 56	\neq	naclamp B: gpcrvi	ce@)repa i rtw.c	0 45

Line id: @zzzz

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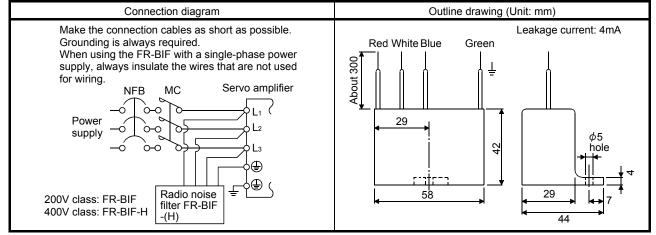
(d) Line noise filter (FR-BSF01, FR-BLF)

This filter is effective in suppressing noises radiated from the power supply side and output side of the servo amplifier and also in suppressing high-frequency leakage current (zero-phase current) especially within 0.5MHz to 5MHz band.



(e) Radio noise filter (FR-BIF-(H))

This filter is effective in suppressing noises radiated from the power supply side of the servo amplifier especially in 10MHz and lower radio frequency bands. The FR-BIF (-H) is designed for the input only.

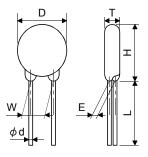


(f) Varistors for input power supply (Recommended)

Varistors are effective to prevent exogenous noise and lightning surge from entering the servo amplifier. When using a varistor, connect it between each phase of the input power supply of the equipment. For varistors, the TND20V-431K, TND20V-471K and TND20V-102K, manufactured by NIPPON CHEMI-CON, are recommended. For detailed specification and usage of the varistors, refer to the manufacturer catalog.

				Maximum ratir	Ig			Static			
Power supply voltage	Varistor	Permissible circuit voltage		Surge current immunity	Energy immunity	Rated pulse power	Maximum limit voltage		capacity (reference value)	Varistor voltage rating (range) V1mA	
		AC[Vrms]	DC[V]	8/20µs[A]	2ms[J]	[W]	[A]	[V]	[pF]	[V]	
100V class	TND20V-431K	275	350	10000/1 time	195			710	1300	430(387 to 473)	
200V class	TND20V-471K	300	385	7000/2 time	215	1.0	100	775	1200	470(423 to 517)	
400V class	TND20V-102K	625	825	7500/1 time 6500/2 time	400	1.0	100	1650	500	1000(900 to 1100)	

[Unit: mm]



Model	D	Н	Т	E	(Note)L	Ød	W
Wodel	Max.	Max.	Max.	±1.0	min.	±0.05	±1.0
TND20V-431K	7=bair =	E 04 F	6.4	3.3			
TND20V-471K	21.5	24.5	6.6	3.5	20	0.8	10.0
TND20V-102K	22.5	525.5 /	9.5	6.4			

Note. For special purpose items for lead length (L), contact the manufacturer.

Email: service@repairtw.com

Line id: @zzzz

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11.18 Leakage current breaker

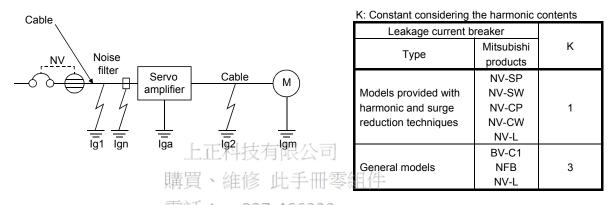
(1) Selection method

High-frequency chopper currents controlled by pulse width modulation flow in the AC servo circuits. Leakage currents containing harmonic contents are larger than those of the motor which is run with a commercial power supply.

Select a leakage current breaker according to the following formula, and ground the servo amplifier, servo motor, etc. securely.

Make the input and output cables as short as possible, and also make the grounding cable as long as possible (about 30cm) to minimize leakage currents.

Rated sensitivity current \geq 10 · {lg1+lgn+lga+K · (lg2+lgm)} [mA] (11.1)



- Ig1: Leakage current on the electric channel from the leakage current breaker to the input terminals of the servo amplifier (Found from Fig. 11.3.) service@repairtw.com
- Ig2: Leakage current on the electric channel from the output terminals of the servo amplifier to the servo motor (Found from Fig. 11.3.)
- Ign: Leakage current when a filter is connected to the input side (4.4mA per one FR-BIF(-H))
- Iga: Leakage current of the servo amplifier (Found from Table 11.5.)
- Igm: Leakage current of the servo motor (Found from Table 11.4.)

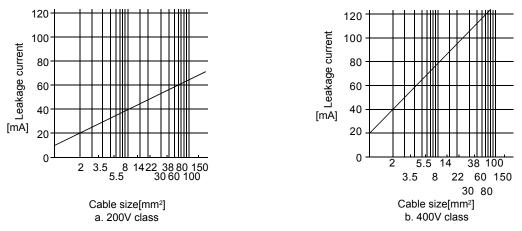


Fig. 11.3 Leakage current example (lg1, lg2) for CV cable run in metal conduit

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

Servo motor power [kW]	Leakage current [mA]
0.05 to 1	0.1
2	0.2
3.5	0.3
5	0.5
7	0.7
11	1.0
15	1.3
22	2.3

Table 11.4 Servo motor's leakage current example (Igm)

Table 11.5 Servo amplifier's leakage current example (Iga)

Servo amplifier capacity [kW]	Leakage current [mA]
0.1 to 0.6	0.1
0.75 to 3.5 (Note)	0.15
5•7	2
11 • 15	5.5
22	7

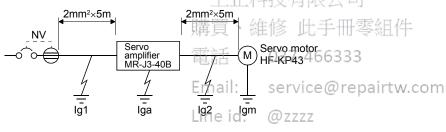
Note. For the 3.5kW of 400V class, leakage current is 2mA, which is the same as for 5kW and 7kW.

Table 11.6 Leakage circuit breaker	selection example
------------------------------------	-------------------

Servo amplifier	Rated sensitivity current of leakage circuit breaker [mA]
MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-350B MR-J3-10B1 to MR-J3-40B1	15
MR-J3-60B4 to MR-J3-350B4	15
MR-J3-500B(4)	30
MR-J3-700B(4)	50
MR-J3-11KB(4) to MR-J3-22KB(4)	100

(2) Selection example

Indicated below is an example of selecting a leakage current breaker under the following conditions.



Use a leakage current breaker generally available.rtw.com Find the terms of Equation (11.1) from the diagram.

$$Ig1 = 20 \cdot \frac{5}{1000} = 0.1 \text{ [mA]}$$

$$Ig2 = 20 \cdot \frac{5}{1000} = 0.1 \ [mA]$$

Ign = 0 (not used)

lga = 0.1 [mA]

Igm = 0.1 [mA]

Insert these values in Equation (11.1).

$$lg \ge 10 \cdot \{0.1 + 0 + 0.1 + 1 \cdot (0.1 + 0.1)\}$$

According to the result of calculation, use a leakage current breaker having the rated sensitivity current (Ig) of 4.0[mA] or more. A leakage current breaker having Ig of 15[mA] is used with the NV-SP/SW/CP/CW/HW series.

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11.19 EMC filter (recommended)

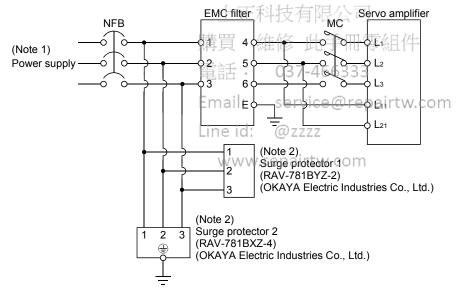
For compliance with the EMC directive of the EN Standard, it is recommended to use the following filter. Some EMC filters are large in leakage current.

(1) Combination with the servo amplifier

Corre emplifier	Recommended filt			
Servo amplifier	Model	Leakage current [mA]	Mass [kg]([lb])	
MR-J3-10B to MR-J3-100B			3 (6.61)	
MR-J3-10B1 to MR-J3-40B1	(Note) HF3010A-UN	5		
MR-J3-250B • MR-J3-350B	(Note) HF3030A-UN		5.5 (12.13)	
MR-J3-500B • MR-J3-700B	(Note) HF3040A-UN	1.5	6.0 (13.23)	
MR-J3-11KB to MR-J3-22KB	(Note) HF3100A-UN	6.5	15 (33.07)	
MR-J3-60B4 • MR-J3-100B4	TF3005C-TX		0(40.00)	
MR-J3-200B4 to MR-J3-700B4	TF3020C-TX		6(13.23)	
MR-J3-11KB4	TF3030C-TX	5.5	7.5(16.54)	
MR-J3-15KB4	TF3040C-TX		40 5(07 50)	
MR-J3-22KB4	TF3060C-TX		12.5(27.56)	

Note. A surge protector is separately required to use any of these EMC filters.

(2) Connection example



Note 1. For 1-phase 200V to 230VAC power supply, connect the power supply to L1,L2 and leave L3 open.

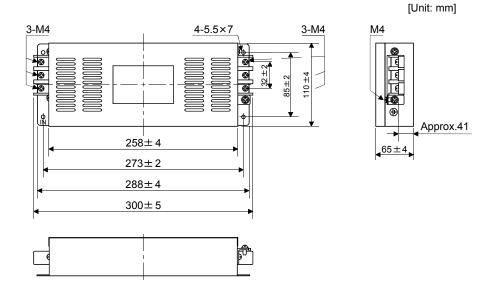
There is no L_3 for 1-phase 100 to 120VAC power supply. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

2. The example is when a surge protector is connected.

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

(3) Outline drawing

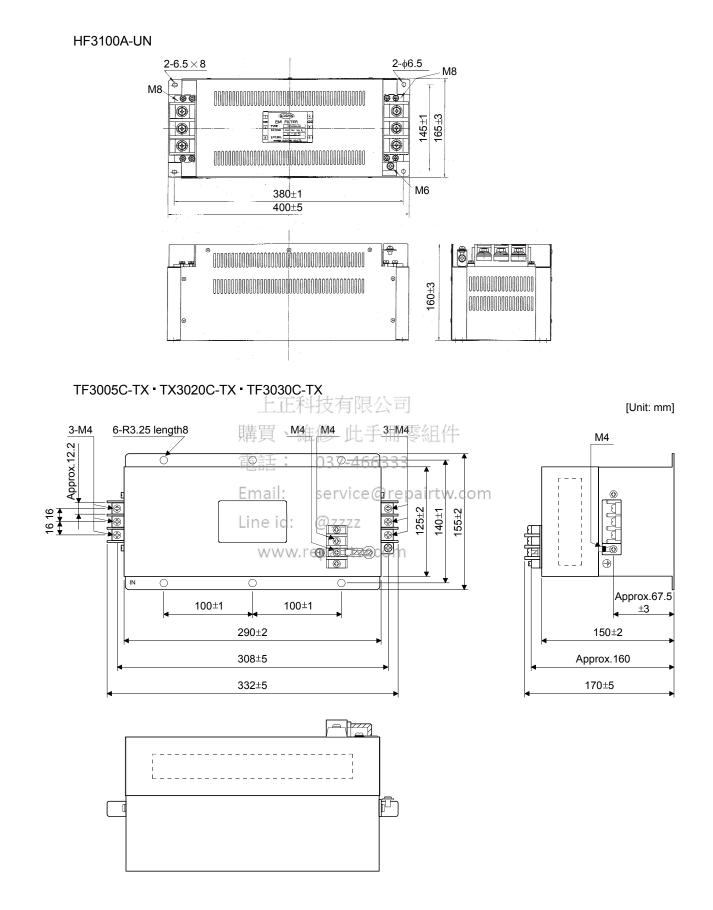
- (a) EMC filter
 - HF3010A-UN



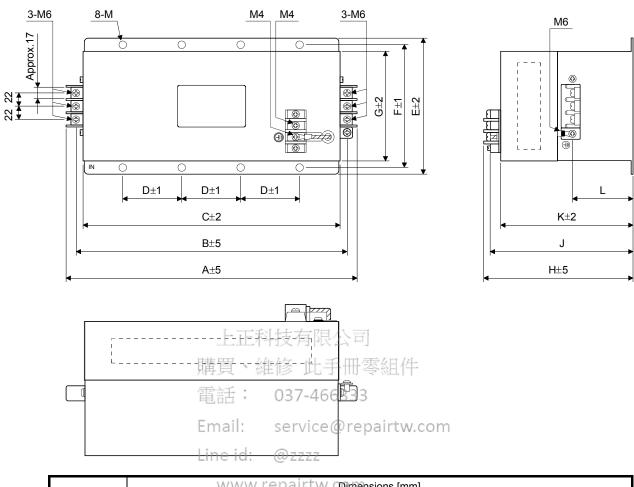
HF3030A-UN • HF-3040A-UN 上正科技有 6-K . Φ Ø \oplus 466 833 0<u>3</u>7-3-L . **#**8 ail: repai D±20 çe ∄ F=2. тн С id: M 9 Æ **₩** pairt www re W om 0 0 0 J±2 C±1 C±1 B±2 $H_{\pm}2$ A±5

Madal		Dimensions [mm]										
Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	К	L	М
HF3030A-UN	260	210	85	155	140	125	44	140	70	R3.25,	M5	M4
HF3040A-UN	260	210	85	155	140	125	44	140	70	length 8	M5	M4

11. OPTIONS AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT



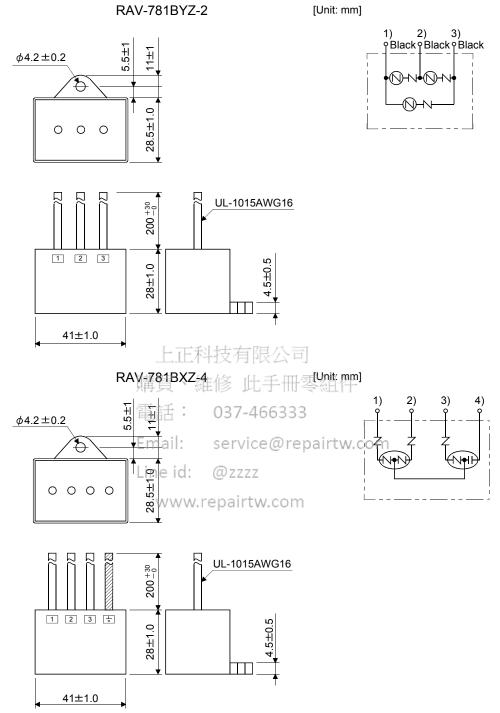
TF3040C-TX • TF3060C-TX



[Unit: mm]

Model		WWW.repairtW.commensions [mm]										
Model	А	В	С	D	ш	F	G	Н	J	К	L	М
TF3040C-TX	400	440	000	100	475	100	445	000	A	100	A	R3.25
TF3060C-TX	438	412	390	100	175	160	145	200	Approx.190	180	Approx.91.5	length 8 (M6)

(b) Surge protector



MEMO

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12. ABSOLUTE POSITION DETECTION SYSTEM

 If an absolute position erase alarm (25) or absolute position counter warning (E3) CAUTION has occurred, always perform home position setting again. Not doing so can cause runaway. Not doing so may cause unexpected operation.

POINT

• If the encoder cable is disconnected, absolute position data will be lost in the following servo motor series. HF-MP, HF-KP, HC-SP, HC-RP, HC-UP, HC-LP, and HA-LP. After disconnecting the encoder cable, always execute home position setting and then positioning operation.

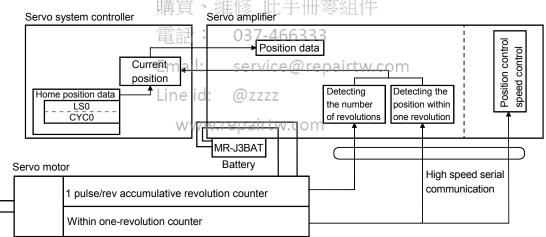
12.1 Features

For normal operation, as shown below, the encoder consists of a detector designed to detect a position within one revolution and a cumulative revolution counter designed to detect the number of revolutions.

The absolute position detection system always detects the absolute position of the machine and keeps it battery-backed, independently of whether the servo system controller power is on or off.

Therefore, once home position return is made at the time of machine installation, home position return is not needed when power is switched on thereafter. 科技有限人

If a power failure or a fault occurs, restoration is easy.



12.2 Specifications

POINT · Replace the battery with only the control circuit power ON. Removal of the battery with the control circuit power OFF will erase the absolute position data.

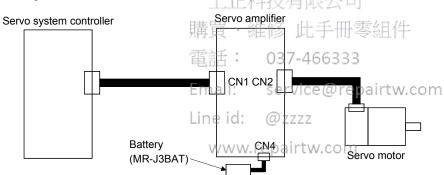
(1) Specification list

Item	Description
System	Electronic battery backup system
Battery	1 piece of lithium battery (primary battery, nominal + 3.6V) Type: MR-J3BAT
Maximum revolution range	Home position \pm 32767 rev.
(Note 1) Maximum speed at power failure	3000r/min
(Note 2) Battery backup time	Approx. 10,000 hours (battery life with power off)
Battery storage period	5 years from date of manufacture

Note 1. Maximum speed available when the shaft is rotated by external force at the time of power failure or the like.

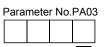
2. Time to hold data by a battery with power off. It is recommended to replace the battery in three years independently of whether power is kept on or off.

(2) Configuration



(3) Parameter setting

Set "



Absolute position detection system selection 0: Used in incremental system

1: Used in absolute position detection system

12.3 Battery installation procedure

	 Before installing a battery, turn off the main circuit power while keeping the control circuit power on. Wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or for drive unit 30kW or more) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P(+) and N(-) (L+ and L- for drive unit 30kW or more) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not.
--	---

POINT

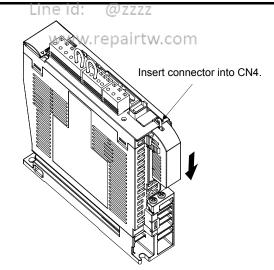
The internal circuits of the servo amplifier may be damaged by static electricity. Always take the following precautions.

- Ground human body and work bench.
- Do not touch the conductive areas, such as connector pins and electrical parts, directly by hand.
- Before starting battery changing procedure, make sure that the main circuit power is switched OFF with the control circuit power ON. When battery is changed with the control power OFF, the absolute position data is lost.

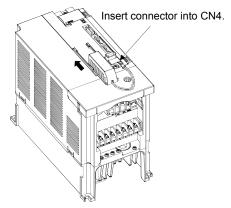
(1) For MR-J3-350B or less • MR-J3-200B4 or less 5 有限公司

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POINT
 For the serve amplifier with a battery holder on the bottom, it is not possible to wire for the earth with the battery installed. Insert the battery after executing the earth wiring of the serve amplifier.



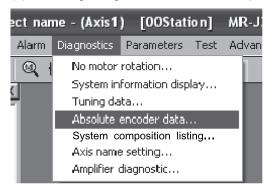
(2) For MR-J3-500B or more • MR-J3-350B4 or more



上正科技有限公司 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 電話: 037-466333 Email: service@repairtw.com Line id: @zzzz www.repairtw.com 12.4 Confirmation of absolute position detection data

You can confirm the absolute position data with MR Configurator. Choose "Diagnostics" and "Absolute Encoder Data" to open the absolute position data display screen.

(1) Choosing "Diagnostics" in the menu opens the sub-menu as shown below:



(2) By choosing "Absolute Encoder Data" in the sub-menu, the absolute encoder data display window appears.

🔊 Absolute encod	er data							
Absolute position	data	The interface data transferred between servo system controller and servo amplifier are displayed.						
Value of each mot	or edge pulse	command pulse value 此手冊零組件						
	2621422	0372621422 333						
Encoder data	<current posit<="" td=""><td>Email: service@repairtw.com ^{(Position at power loss>} Line id: @zzzz</td></current>	Email: service@repairtw.com ^{(Position at power loss>} Line id: @zzzz						
	Absolute enco	der data(pulse)						
	CYC(Comm	and pulse value) CYCO(Command pulse value) 0						
	Number of mo	tor rotations(rev) Number of motor rotations						
	ABS	-8251 ABS0 0						

(3) Press the "Close" button to close the absolute encoder data display window.

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13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

This chapter explains the MELSERVO-J3-B series AC servo featuring a large capacity of 200V (30k to 37kW)/400V (30k to 55kW).

Explanation made in this chapter is exclusively for the MR-J3-CR(4) converter units and the MR-J3-DU(4) drive units. Explanations on the following items are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. For such explanations, refer to the section indicated in the table.

Item	Reference
Startup	Chapter 4
General gain adjustment	Chapter 6
Special adjustment functions	Chapter 7
Absolute position detection system	Chapter 12

13.1. Functions and menus

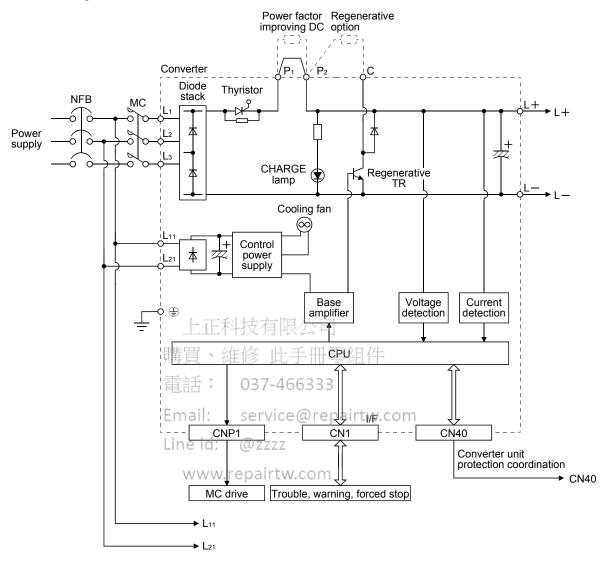
 Explanations on the following item are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to the section below for details.

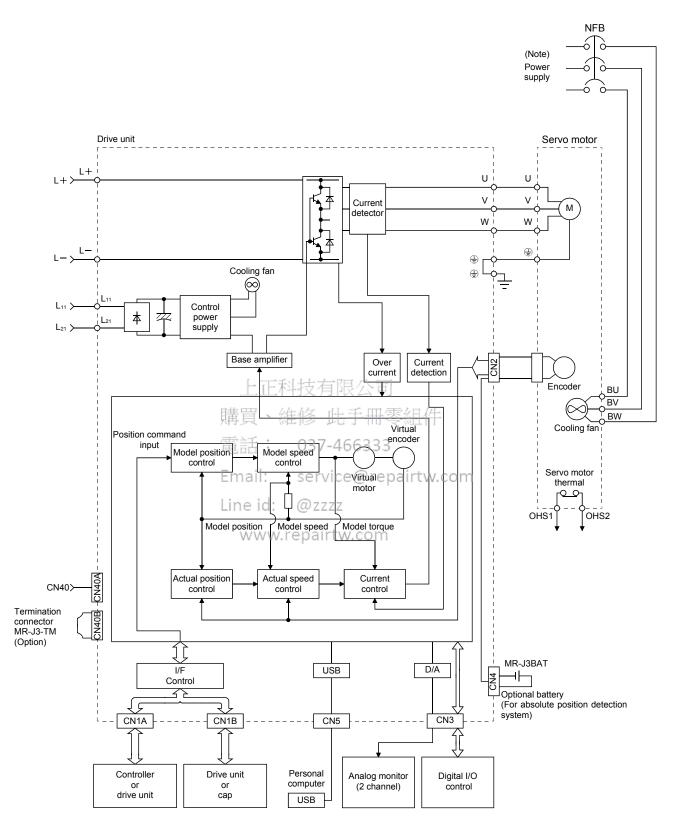
Function list section 1.4

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13.1.1 Function block diagram

The function block diagram of this servo is shown below.





Note. Refer to section 13.3.6 for the power supply specification of the servo motor cooling fan.

13.1.2 Packing list

Unpack the product and check the rating plate to see if the converter unit, drive unit and servo motor are as you ordered.

(1) Converter unit

POINT
 Regenerative resistor and power factor improving DC reactors are option.
 Purchase them separately if required. (Section 13.9.2, 13.9.6)

Model	Converter unit [units]	Eyebolt [pcs.]	Magnetic contactor wiring connector [pcs.] (Note)	Digital I/O connector [pcs.]	To use the AC servo safely [manuals]
MR-J3-CR55K	4	2	4	1	4
MR-J3-CR55K4	1	2	1	1	1

Note. Magnetic contactor control connector is mounted to CNP1 of the converter unit before shipping.

(2) Drive unit

Model	Drive unit. 科技[units] 艮公	Connection	Eyebolt [pcs.]	To use the AC servo safely [manuals]
MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB	維修 此手#	世零組件	0	1
MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4	007 4000	2	2	I
	037-4003	33		

(3) Servo motor

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	CITIOTI	00111000	I O P O III C V I O O II
Model	Line id:	Servo motor [units]	To use the AC servo safely [manuals]
HA-LP30K1 • HA-LF	P37K1	epanew.ce	
HA-LP30K1M • HA-LF	P37K1M		
HA-LP30K2 • HA-LF	P37K2	1	1
HA-LP25K14 to HA-LI	⊃37K14	I	I
HA-LP30K1M4 to HA-LI	⊃50K1M4		
HA-LP30K24 to HA-LI	P55K24		

13.1.3 Standard specifications

(1) Converter unit

Item	1	М	odel	MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-CR55K4	
		Voltage/frequency		3-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz	3-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz	
	n circuit power	Permissible voltage fluctuation		3-phase 170 to 253VAC	3-phase 323 to 528VAC	
sup	ріу	Permissible frequer fluctuation	юу	Withir	1 ±5%	
		Voltage/frequency		1-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz	1-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz	
Cor	ntrol power	Permissible voltage fluctuation		1-phase 170 to 253VAC	1-phase 323 to 528VAC	
sup	ply	Permissible frequer fluctuation	юу	Withir	1 ±5%	
		Power consumption	1	45	W	
Inte	rface power	Voltage		24VDC	C±10%	
sup	ply	Power supply capac	city	(Note)	130mA	
Rated output				55kW		
Regenerative power (Using regenerative option)		One MR-RB139: 1300W Three MR-RB137: 3900W	One MR-RB136-4: 1300W Three MR-RB138-4: 3900W			
Protective function				Regenerative overvoltage shutoff, overload shutoff (electronic thermal protector) Regenerative alarm protection, undervoltage, instantaneous power failure protection		
Stru	icture		睛	晋、维修 III 手 III Force-cooling, open (IP00)		
	Ambient	In operation	°C] °F]	0 to +55 (nc (話: 037-4663332 to +131 (r	6	
L.	temperature	In storage	°C] °F] <mark>⊏</mark> I	-20 to +65 (i mail: service@re-pation=149 (i	non-freezing)	
Environment	Ambient	In operation		ne id: @zzzz 90%RH or less (r		
iron	humidity	In storage				
Ambient		WWW.repairtw.conIndoors (no direct sunlight) Free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt				
Altitude		Max. 1000m above sea level				
Vibration		5.9 [m/s ²] or less				
Vibration		19.4 [ft/s ²] or less				
Mac			[kg]	2	5	
Mass [lb]		55.1				

Note. 130mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.

(2) Drive unit

(a) 200V class

Item	n	Model		Model MR-J3-DU30KB MR-J3-DU37KE			
	Voltage/frequency		1-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz				
Cor	ntrol power	Permissible volta		1-phase 170			
sup	ply	Permissible freq fluctuation	uency	Withir	n ±5%		
		Power consump	tion	45	W		
Mai	n circuit power	supply		The main circuit power of the drive u	unit is supplied by the converter unit.		
Inte	rface power	Voltage		24VD0	C±10%		
sup	ply	Power supply ca	pacity	(Note)	150mA		
Cor	ntrol system	•		Sine-wave PWM control	l, current control system		
Dyn	amic brake			Externa	I option		
Protective function		Overcurrent shut-off, overload shutoff (electronic thermal protector) Servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, undervoltage Instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection Excessive error protection					
Stru	ucture			Force-cooling, open (IP00)			
		In energian	[°C]	0 to +55 (no	on-freezing)		
	Ambient	In operation	[°F]	上下科技有限公司2 to +131 (r	non-freezing)		
	temperature	In storage	[°C]	—20 to +65 (non-freezing)		
Ħ		In storage	[°F]师	買、維修 此手冊	non-freezing)		
mer	Ambient	In operation	5	信舌: 037-466 90% RH or less (Ⅰ	non condensing)		
ron	humidity	In storage	EĘ	に古山 · 037-4663938H 01 less (non-condensing)		
Environment	Ambient		Er	nail: service@repair(no d Free from corrosive gas, flamm	irect sunlight) able gas, oil mist, dust and dirt		
	Altitude		Li	neid: @zzzz Max. 1000m a	bove sea level		
Vibration		5.9 [m/s ²	²] or less				
		www.repairtw.com 19.4 [ft/s ²] or less					
Mar	20		[kg]	2	6		
Mass [lb]							

Note. 150mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.

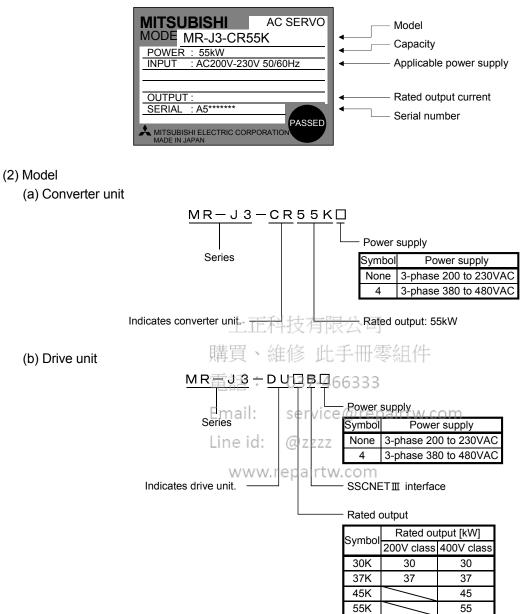
(b) 400V class

			Model	MR-J3-DU30KB4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	MR-J3-DU45KB4	MR-J3-DU55KB4		
Iten	Item								
		Voltage/frequent	-		1-phase 380 to 4	80VAC, 50/60Hz			
_		Permissible volta	age		1-phase 323 to 528VAC				
	ntrol power	fluctuation			•				
sup	ply	Permissible freq	uency		Withir	ו ±5%			
		fluctuation							
		Power consump	tion		45				
	n circuit power			The main circ	uit power of the drive u		converter unit.		
	rface power	Voltage			24VD0				
sup		Power supply ca	pacity		(Note)				
	ntrol system			S	ine-wave PWM contro	· · · · ·	m		
Dyn	amic brake			External option					
		Overcurrent shut-off, overload shutoff (electronic thermal protector)							
Pro	Protective function			Servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, undervoltage					
				Instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection					
<u>.</u>				Excessive error protection					
Stru	icture	1		Force-cooling, open(IP00)					
				0 to +55 (non-freezing)					
	Ambient			32 to +131 (non-freezing)					
	temperature	In storage	[°C]	上正科技有	上正科技有限公司 ²⁰ to +65 (non-freezing)				
sut			[°F]		-4 to +149 (non-freezing)			
Environment	Ambient	In operation	只且	「貝) 維修 此于 # 2511年 90%RH or less (non-condensing)					
viro	humidity	In storage	1	ੇ <u>1</u> 1037-2	166333				
Ambient		Liii · 037-46655 Indoors (no direct sunlight)							
		Free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt							
	Vibration	Li		ne id: @zzzz 5.9 [m/s ²] or less 19.4 [ft/s ²] or less					
	1		[kg]	www.repairt	8v.com	-	6		
Mas	ss		[lb]	39		57	-		

Note. 150mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.

13.1.4 Model definition

(1) Rating plate



13.1.5 Combinations of converter units, drive unit and servo motors

The following tables indicate the combinations of the converter units, drive unit and servo motors.

(1) 200V class

		Servo motor				
Converter unit	Drive unit	HA-LP				
		1000r/min	1500r/min	2000r/min		
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU30KB	30K1	30K1M	30K2		
	MR-J3-DU37KB	37K1	37K1M	37K2		

(2) 400V class

		Servo motor				
Converter unit	Drive unit	HA-LP				
		1000r/min	1500r/min	2000r/min		
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	25K14	201/41/4	30K24		
		30K14	30K1M4			
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	37K14	37K1M4	37K24		
	MR-J3-DU45KB4		45K1M4	45K24		
	MR-J3-DU55KB4		50K1M4	55K24		

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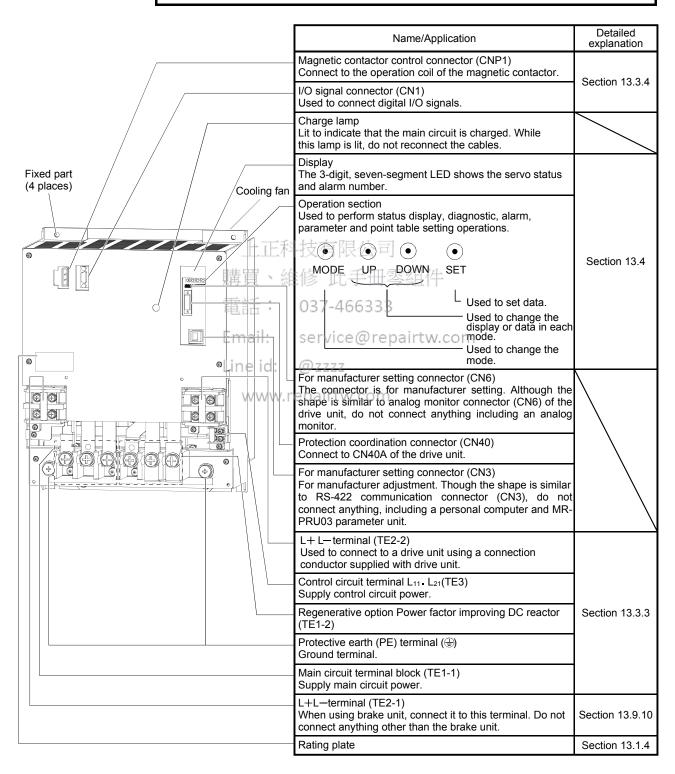
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13.1.6 Parts identification

(1) Converter unit (MR-J3-CR55K(4))

POINT

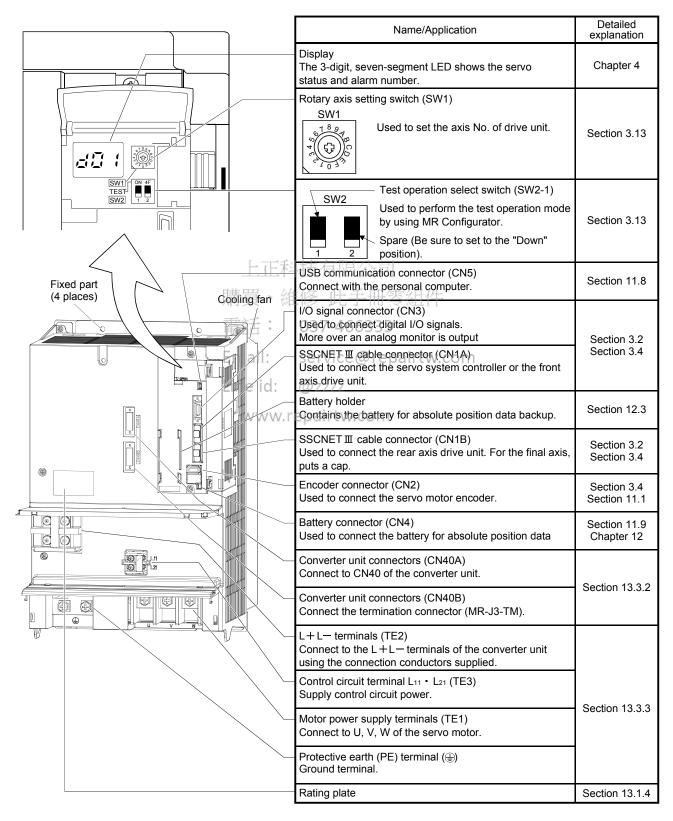
• The servo amplifier is shown without the front cover. For removal of the front cover, refer to section 13.1.7.



(2) Drive unit (MR-J3-DU30KB4 • MR-J3-DU37KB4)

POINT

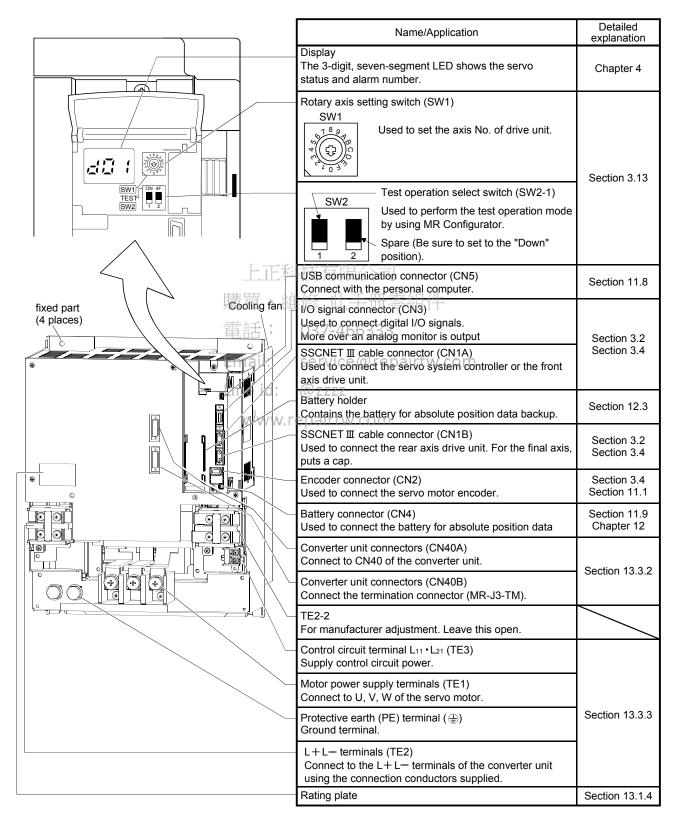
• The servo amplifier is shown with the front cover opened. For removal of the front cover, refer to section 13.1.7.



(3) Drive unit (MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB • MR-J3-DU45KB4 • MR-J3-DU55KB4)

POINT

• This servo amplifier is shown without the front cover. For removal of the front cover, refer to section 13.1.7.

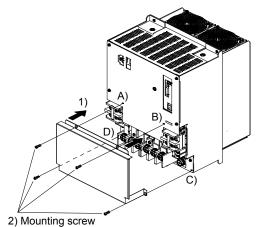


13.1.7 Removal and reinstallation of the terminal block cover

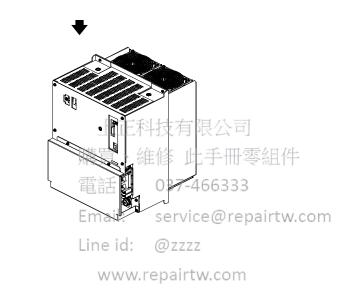
	 Before removing or installing the front cover, turn off the power and wait for 20 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between L+ and L— is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the servo amplifier whether the charge lamp is off or not.
--	--

- (1) MR-J3-CR55K(4), MR-J3-DU30KB, MR-J3-DU37KB, MR-J3-DU45KB4 or MR-J3-DU55KB4 Here, the method for removing and reinstalling the terminal block cover using the figure of converter unit as an example. For a drive unit, the shape of the main unit is different. However, the removal and reinstallation of the terminal block can be performed in the same procedure.
 - (a) How to remove the terminal block cover

Remove the installation screws (A), B), C), D)) on the four corners of the terminal block cover. (b) How to reinstall the terminal block cover



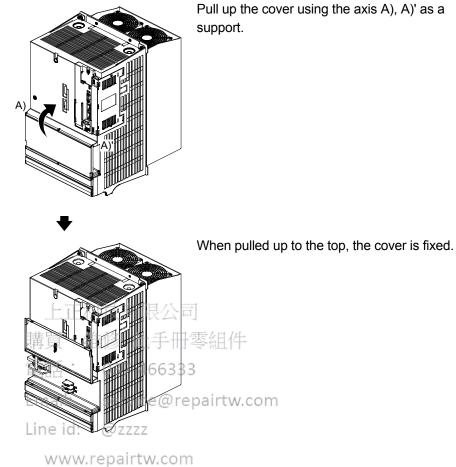
- 1) Put the terminal block cover on and match the screw holes of the cover fit with those of the main unit.
- 2) Install the installing screws into the screw holes (A), B), C), D)).



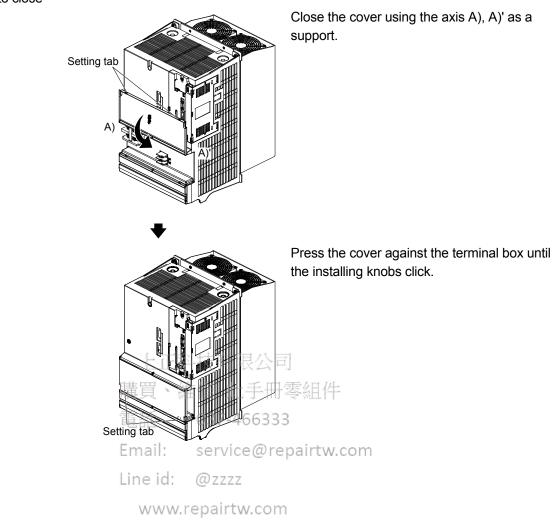
(2) MR-J3-DU30KB4 or MR-J3-DU37KB4

(a) Upper terminal block cover

1) How to open



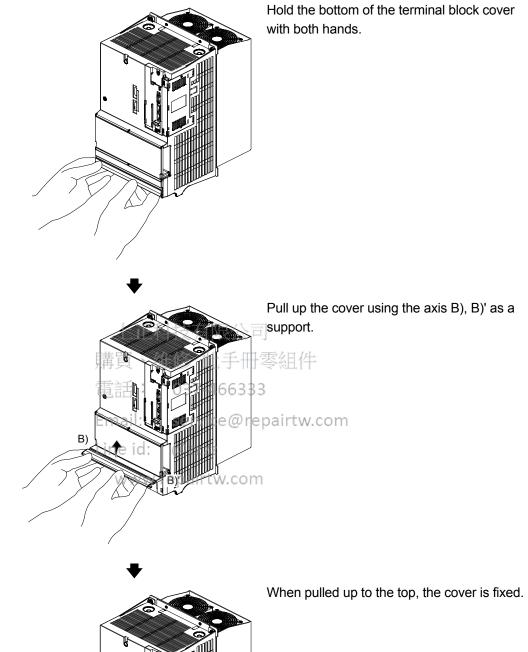
Pull up the cover using the axis A), A)' as a



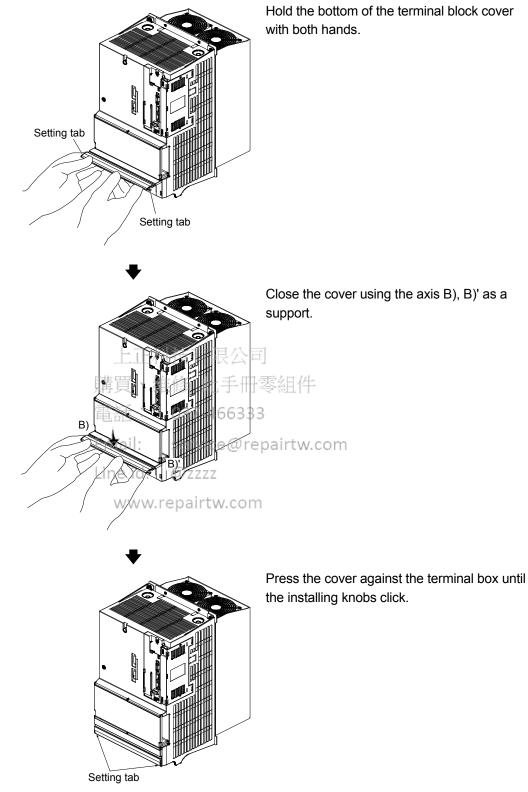
2) How to close

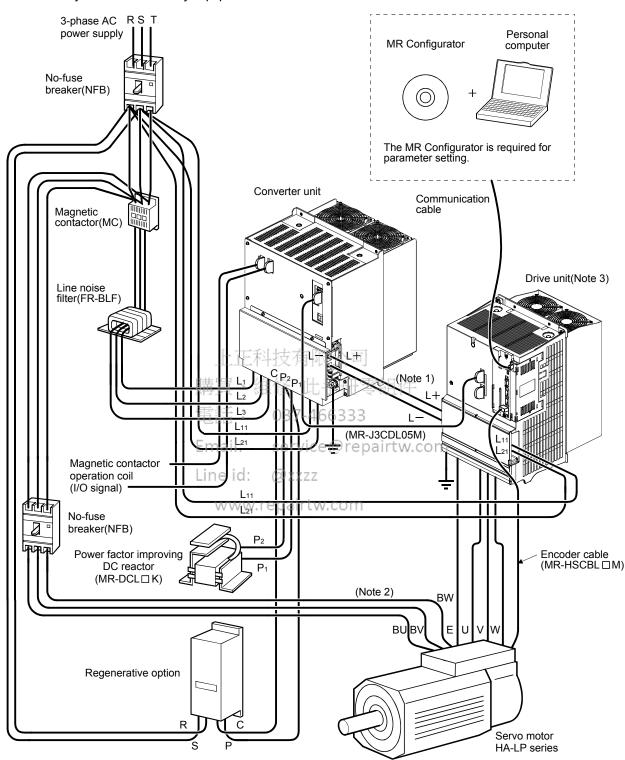
(b) Lower terminal block cover

1) How to open



2) How to close





13.1.8 Servo system with auxiliary equipment

- Note 1. The L+ and L- connection conductors used to connect a converter unit to a drive unit are standard accessories. The converter unit is attached to the drive unit actually. (Refer to section 13.2.1.)
 - 2. The power supply of the servo motor cooling fan differs depending on the capacity of a servo motor. Refer to section 13.3.6.
 - 3. For MR-J3-DU30KB4 or MR-J3-DU37KB4.

13.2 Installation

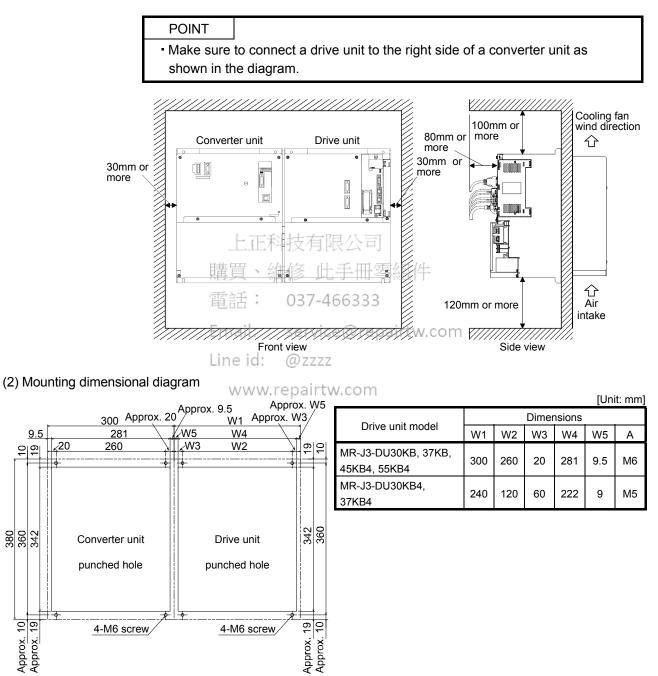
 Stacking in excess of the limited number of products is not allowed.
 Install the equipment to incombustibles. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will led to a fire.
 Install the equipment in a load-bearing place in accordance with this Instruction Manual.
 Do not get on or put heavy load on the equipment to prevent injury.
 Use the equipment within the specified environmental condition range. (For the environmental conditions, refer to section 13.1.3.)
 Provide an adequate protection to prevent screws, metallic detritus and other conductive matter or oil and other combustible matter from entering the converter unit drive unit.
 Do not block the intake/exhaust ports of the converter unit drive unit. Otherwise, a fault may occur.
 Do not subject the converter unit drive unit to drop impact or shock loads as they are precision equipment.
 Do not install or operate a faulty converter unit drive unit.
 When the product has been stored for an extended period of time, consult
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 When treating the converter unit • drive unit, be careful about the edged parts such as the converter unit • drive unit.
Email: service@repairtw.com
 POINT Explanations on the following item are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to the section below for details.
 Keep out foreign materials Refer to section 2.2.

- Cable stress Refer to section 2.3.
- SSCNETIII cable laying Refer to section 2.4.
- Parts Having Service Lives Refer to section 2.6.

13.2.1 Installation direction and clearances

	 Install the equipment in the specified direction. Not doing so can cause a failure.
	 Leave the specified clearances between the converter unit/drive unit and the
	control box inside walls or other equipment. Not doing so can cause a failure.

(1) Installation



(3) Others

When using heat generating equipment such as the regenerative option, install them with full consideration of heat generation so that the converter unit and drive unit is not affected.

Install the converter unit and drive unit on a perpendicular wall in the correct vertical direction.

13.2.2 Inspection

 Before starting maintenance and/or inspection, turn off the power and wait for 20 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between L+ and L- is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the converter unit whether the charge lamp is off or not.
 Any person who is involved in inspection should be fully competent to do the work. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock. For repair and parts replacement, contact your safes representative.
POINT
• Do not test the converter unit • drive unit with a megger (measure insulation

 Do not test the converter unit
 drive unit with a megger (measure insulation resistance), or it may become faulty.

It is recommended to make the following checks periodically.

- 1) Check for loose terminal block screws. Retighten any loose screws.
- 2) Check the servo motor bearings, brake section, etc. for unusual noise.
- Check the cables and the like for scratches and cracks. Perform periodic inspection according to operating conditions.
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- 4) Check the servo motor shaft and coupling for misalignment.

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13.3 Signals and wiring

 Any person who is involved in wiring should be fully competent to do the work.
 Before wiring, turn off the power and wait for 20 minutes or more until the charge
lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between $L+$ and $L-$ is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition,
always confirm from the front of the converter unit whether the charge lamp is off
or not.
• Ground the converter unit • drive unit and the servo motor securely.
 Do not attempt to wire the converter unit drive unit and servo motor until they
have been installed. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
 The cables should not be damaged, stressed excessively, loaded heavily, or
pinched. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
Wire the equipment correctly and securely. Otherwise, the servo motor may approximate uncorrected to resulting in injunt
operate unexpectedly, resulting in injury.
Connect cables to correct terminals to prevent a burst, fault, etc.
• Ensure that polarity (+, -) is correct. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
The surge absorbing diode installed to the DC relay designed for control output absorbing the appointed direction. Otherwise, the signal is not output due to
should be fitted in the specified direction. Otherwise, the signal is not output due to a fault, disabling the forced stop (EM1) and other protective circuits.
家主・ 027 /66222
Converter unit drive unit 24VDG 2
Email: DOCOM 0/122400 repairtw.comcom 0/1400
output of RA output of RA signal
 Use a noise filter, etc. to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interference,
which may be given to electronic equipment used near the converter unit • drive
unit.
 Do not install a power capacitor, surge suppressor or radio noise filter (FR-BIF-(H) option) with the power line of the servo motor.
 When using the regenerative resistor, switch power off with the alarm signal. Otherwise, a transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor,
causing a fire.
Do not modify the equipment.
• During power-on, do not open or close the motor power line. Otherwise, a
malfunction or faulty may occur.

POINT

- Explanations on the following item are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to the section below for details.
 - I/O signal connection example Refer to section 3.2.
 - Signal (device) explanations Refer to section 3.5.
 - Interfaces Refer to section 3.7.
 - Treatment of cable shield external conductor Refer to section 3.8.
 - SSCNETIII cable connection Refer to section 3.9.
 - Grounding Refer to section 3.12.
 - Control axis selection Refer to section 3.13.
- The pins with the same signal name are connected in the drive unit.

13.3.1 Magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1)

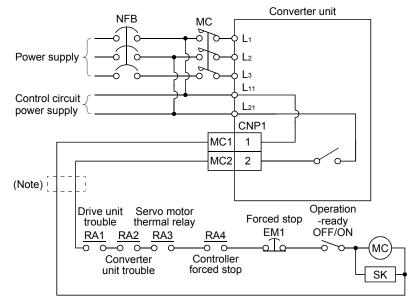
• Always connect the magnetic contactor wiring connector to the converter unit. If the connector is not connected, an electric shock may occur since CNP1-1 and L11 are always conducting.

By enabling the control function of the magnetic contactor (parameter No.PA02=□□□1 (initial value)), main circuit power supply can be shut off automatically when an alarm occurs on the converter unit or the drive unit.



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(1) Enabling control function of magnetic contactor (parameter No.PA02=□□□1 (initial value)) Connecting the magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) to the operating coil of the magnetic contactor enables to control the magnetic contactor.



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When the converter unit receives a start command from the drive unit while the magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) is connected to the magnetic contactor (refer to section 13.3.2 (1)), CNP1-2 and L₂₁ conduct in the converter unit. Then the control circuit power is supplied to turn ON the magnetic contactor and the main circuit power is supplied to the converter unit.

Either when an alarm occurs on the converter unit or the drive unit while the control function of the magnetic contactor is enabled, or when the forced stop (EM1) of the converter unit or the drive unit is turned OFF, the switch between CNP1-2 and L21 in the converter unit is disconnected and the main circuit power supply is automatically shut off.

To automatically shut off the main circuit power supply by alarm, enable the control function of the magnetic contactor.

(2) Disabling control function of magnetic contactor (parameter No.PA02=□□□0)

When not connecting the magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) to the operating coil of the magnetic contactor, configure the circuit to shut off the main circuit power supply when detecting an alarm since the main circuit power supply is not automatically shut off even when an alarm occurs on the converter unit or the drive unit.

13.3.2 Input power supply circuit

	 Insulate the connections of the power supply terminals. Not doing so can cause an electric shock. 		
✓! VARNING	 Magnetic contactor wiring connector on the converter unit CNP1. 		
	Unattached state may cause an electric shock.		
	 Always, connect the magnetic contactor (MC) between the main circuit power supply and L₁, L₂, and L₃ of the converter unit, and configure to shut off the power supply on the side of the converter unit power supply. If the magnetic contactor (MC) is not connected, a large current keeps flowing and may cause a fire when the converter unit or the drive unit malfunctions. 		
	 Use the trouble signal to switch power off. Otherwise, a regenerative transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing a fire. 		
	 Connect the power supply phases (U, V, W) of the servo amplifier and servo motor correctly. Not doing so can cause the servo motor to run abnormally. 		
	 Do not connect a 3-phase 200V power supply or a 3-phase 400V power supply directly to the servo motor. Doing so can cause a failure. 		
	上正利拉右阻公司		
	 POINT Magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) of the converter unit can be made valid or invalid with parameter No.PA02 of the converter unit. Refer to section 13.3.1 and 13.3.6 for details of CNP1 and section 13.5 for the parameter settings. Service@repairtw.com 		

• When using the external dynamic brake, refer to section 11.6 and 13.9.3.

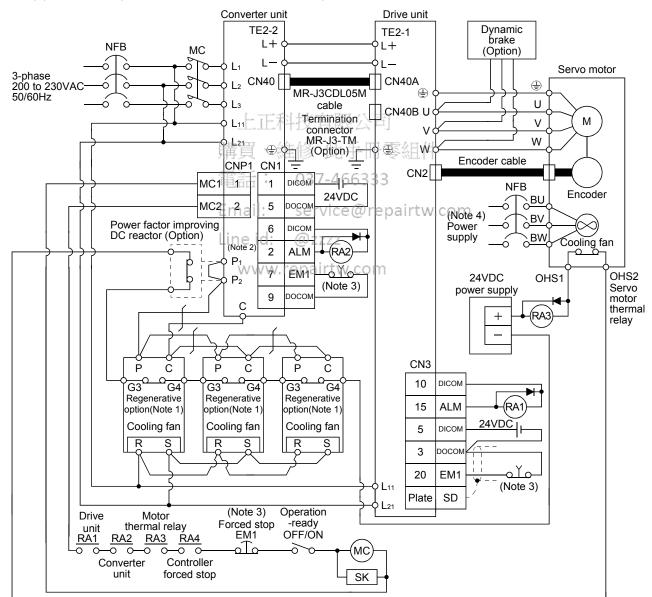
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(1) When magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) is made valid (factory-set)

POINT

- The converter unit controls the main circuit magnetic contactor.
- Refer to section 13.3.7 (1) for the power circuit timing chart, section 13.3.7 (2) for the alarm occurrence timing chart, section 13.3.7 (3) for the forced stop (EM1) timing chart.
- Always connect a protection coordination cable (MR-J3CDL05M) and a termination connector (MR-J3-TM). When they are not connected properly, the servo-on may not be turned ON.
- For the control power supplies of the converter unit and the drive unit, always turn ON or OFF at the same time.

(a) 200V class (MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB)



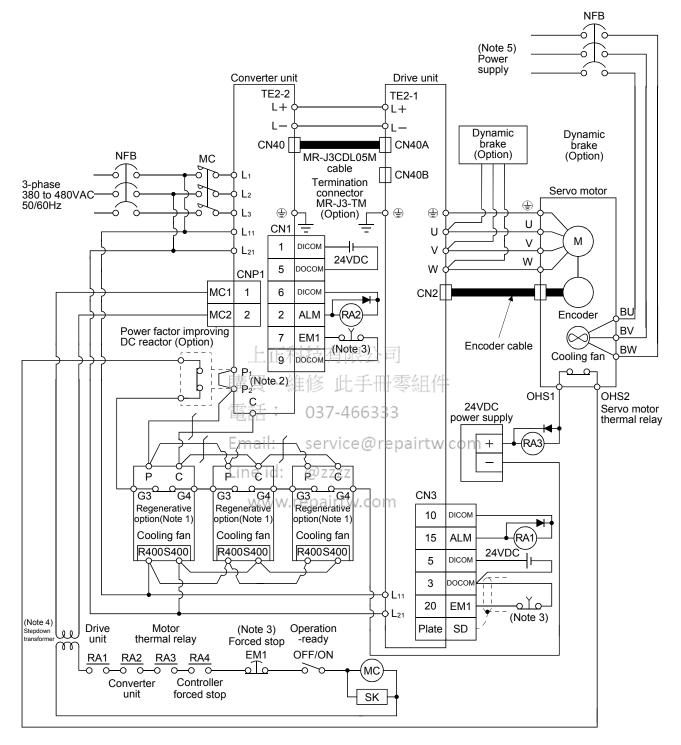
Note 1. For the MR-RB137. For the MR-RB137, three units are used as one set (permissible wattage: 3900W).

2. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, disconnect the short bar across P1-P2.

3. Make up a sequence that turns off the drive unit forced stop (EM1) and the converter unit forced stop (EM1) at the same time.

4. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to section 13.3.8.

(b) 400V class (MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4)



Note 1. For the MR-RB138-4. For the MR-RB138-4, three units are used as one set (permissible wattage: 3900W).

2. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, disconnect the short bar across P1-P2.

3. Make up a sequence that turns off the drive unit forced stop (EM1) and the converter unit forced stop (EM1) at the same time.

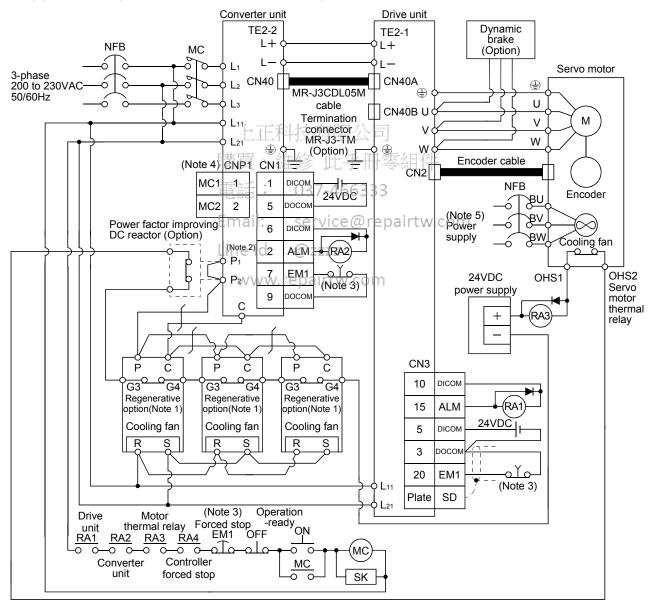
- 4. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class.
- 5. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to section 13.3.8.

(2) When magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1) is made invalid

POINT

- The converter unit controls the main circuit magnetic contactor.
- When making CNP1 invalid, set "0000" in parameter No.PA02. (Refer to section 13.5.)
- Always connect a protection coordination cable (MR-J3CDL05M) and a termination connector (MR-J3-TM). When they are not connected properly, the servo-on may not be turned ON.
- For the control power supplies of the converter unit and the drive unit, always turn ON or OFF at the same time.

(a) 200V class (MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB)



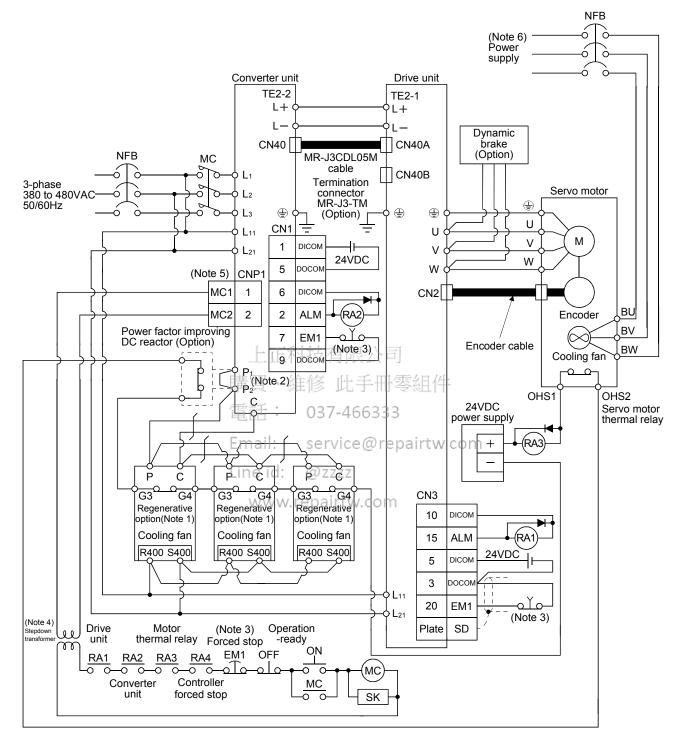
Note 1. For the MR-RB137. For the MR-RB137, three units are used as one set (permissible wattage: 3900W).

2. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, disconnect the short bar across P1-P2.

- 3. Make up a sequence that turns off the drive unit forced stop (EM1) and the converter unit forced stop (EM1) at the same time.
- 4. Attach connector for magnetic contactor control (CNP1) on the converter unit. Unattached state may cause an electric shock.

5. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to section 13.3.8.

(b) 400V class (MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4)



Note 1. For the MR-RB138-4. For the MR-RB138-4, three units are used as one set (permissible wattage: 3900W).

2. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, disconnect the short bar across P1-P2.

3. Make up a sequence that turns off the drive unit forced stop (EM1) and the converter unit forced stop (EM1) at the same time.

4. Stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200V class.

5. Attach connector for magnetic contactor wiring on the converter unit. Unattached state may cause an electric shock.

6. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to section 13.3.8.

13.3.3 Terminal

Refer to section 13.7 for the terminal block arrangement and signal layout.

(1) Converter unit

Connection target	Abbreviation	(Note)	Description		
(Application)	Abbreviation	Terminal block	MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-CR55K4	
Main circuit power supply	L1 • L2 • L3	TE1-1	Connect 3-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz to L1, L2, L3.	Connect 3-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz to L1, L2, L3.	
Control circuit power supply	L11 • L21 TE3		Connect 1-phase 200 to 230VAC, 50/60Hz.	Connect 1-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz.	
Power factor improving DC reactor	P1 • P2	TE1-2	When using the power factor improving DC reactor, connect it after removing the connection plate across P ₁ -P ₂ .		
Regenerative brake	P2 • C	TE1-2	Connect to the P2 and C terminals	of the regenerative option.	
DC link	L+•L-	TE2-2	Connect to the L+, L- terminals of the drive unit. Use the connection bar, which is supplied with the drive unit, connect.		
Grounding	÷	PE	Connect this terminal to the protective earth (PE) terminals of the servo motor and control box for grounding.		

Note. The permissible tension applied to any of the terminal blocks TE1-1, TE1-2, TE2-2 is 350[N].

(2) Drive unit

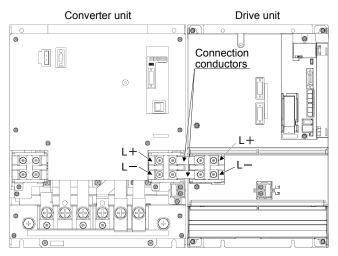
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Connection torget	日井	買 (Note)修	山子王田 卖妇 化 Description		
Connection target (Application)	Abbreviation	Terminal block	MR-J3-DU30KB -	MR-J3-DU30KB4 to	
(Application)			-4663MR3J3-DU37KB	MR-J3-DU55KB4	
Control airquit nowar aunaly		TES	Connect 1-phase 200 to	Connect 1-phase 380 to	
Control circuit power supply	L11 • L21Em	nail: ^{TE3} ser	/230VAC,150/60Hz.tw.com	480VAC, 50/60Hz.	
	L+.L⊥in	e id _{re2-1} @z;	Connect to the L+ and L- terminals of the converter unit.		
L+L- power supply input			Use the connection bar, which is supplied with the drive unit, to		
		المصحب سيسيس	connect.		
Servo motor power	U·V·W	TE1A	Connect to the servo motor power terminals (U, V, W).		
Crounding	Ð	DE	Connect this terminal to the protective earth (PE) terminals of the		
Grounding		PE	servo motor and control box for grounding.		

Note. The permissible tension applied to any of the terminal blocks TE1, TE2-1 is 350[N].

13.3.4 How to use the connection bars

Make sure to use the supplied connection conductors and connect the L+ and L- of the drive unit to those of the converter unit as shown below. Never use connection conductors other than the ones supplied with the drive unit. Both units are shown without the front covers.



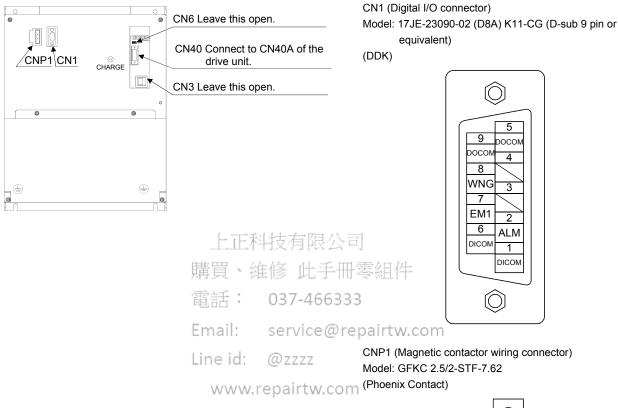
上正科技有限公司 購買、維修 此手冊零組件 電話: 037-466333 Email: service@repairtw.com Line id: @zzzz www.repairtw.com

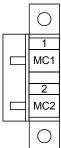
13.3.5 Connectors and signal arrangements

POINT

 The pin configurations of the connectors are as viewed from the cable connector wiring section.

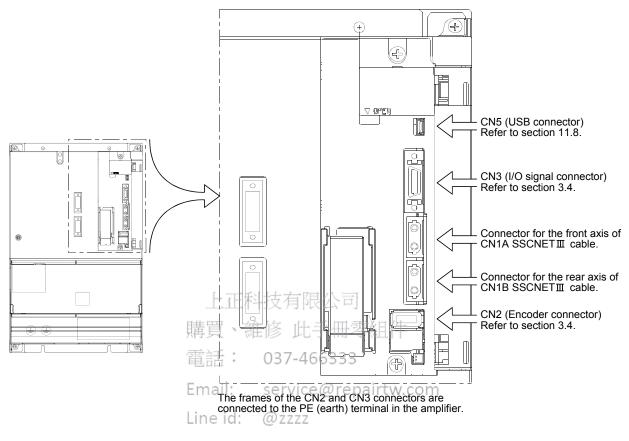
(1) Converter unit





(2) Drive unit

The drive unit front view shown is that of the MR-J3-DU30KB4, MR-J3-DU37KB4 or less. Refer to section 13.7 Outline Drawings for the appearances and connector layouts of the MR-J3-DU30KB, MR-J3-DU37KB, MR-J3-DU45KB4, MR-J3-DU55KB4.



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13.3.6 Converter unit signal (device) explanations

POINT	
 Explanation 	ns on the drive unit signals are the same as those for servo
amplifiers v	vith 22kW or less. Refer to section 3.5.

(1) Signals

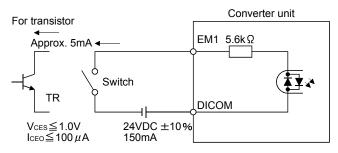
For the I/O interfaces (symbols in I/O column in the table), refer to (b) of this section.

Signal name	Pin code	Pin No.	Function/Application	
Digital I/F power supply input	DICOM	CN1-1 CN1-6	Used to input 24VDC (24VDC±10% 150mA) for I/O interface. The power supply capacity changes depending on the number of I/O interface points to be used. For the source interface, connect \bigcirc of 24VDC external power supply.	
Forced stop	EM1	CN1-7	Turn EM1 off to bring the motor to a forced stop state, in which the magnetic connector is turned off and the servo-off signal is output to the drive unit. Turn EM1 on in the forced stop state to reset that state.	
Trouble	ALM	CN1-2	ALM turns off when power is switched off or the protective circuit is activated. Without alarm occurring, ALM turns on within about 1.5s after power-on.	DO
Warning	WNG	CN1-8	When warning has occurred, WNG turns on.	DO
Digital I/F common	DOCOM	CN1-5 CN1-9	Common terminal for the ALM and WNG output signals of the converter unit. Separated from LG. Pins are connected internally. For the source interface, connect ⊕ of 24VDC external power supply.	
Magnetic contactor drive output	MC1	CNP1-1	Connect to the operation coil of the magnetic contactor. Always supplies the control circuit power since it is conducted with L ₁₁ in the converter unit.	
			Email: service@r•Magnetic contactor wiring connector on the converter unit. Connected state may cause an www.repairtw.conelectric shock.	
	MC2	CNP1-2 (Note)	Connect to the operation coil of the magnetic contactor. When the converter unit receives a start command from the drive unit, it is conducted with L ₂₁ inside, the control circuit power is supplied, and then the magnetic contactor is turned ON. Change parameter No.PA02 setting to "□□0" when controlling without magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1). (Refer to section 13.3.1.)	

(2) I/O interfaces

(a) Digital input interface (DI)

Give a signal with a relay or open collector transistor. Refer to section 3.7.3 for the source input.



(b) Digital output interface (DO)

A lamp, relay or photocoupler can be driven. Install a diode for an inductive load, or install an inrush current suppressing resistor for a lamp load. (Permissible current: 40mA or less, inrush current: 100mA or less) A maximum of 2.6V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier. Refer to section 3.7.3 for the source output.

> If polarity of diode is reversed, converter unit will fail.

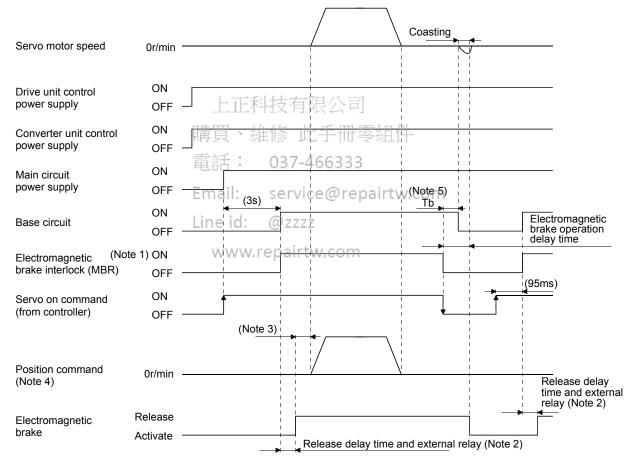
Note. If the voltage drop (maximum of 2.6V) interferes with the relay operation, apply high voltage (up to 26.4V) from external source.

13.3.7 Timing chart

(1) Power circuit timing chart

Power-on procedure

- (a) Always wire the power supply as shown in above section 13.3.2 using the magnetic contactor with the main circuit power supply (3-phase: L1, L2, L3). Configure up an external sequence to switch off the magnetic contactor as soon as an alarm occurs.
- (b) Switch on the control circuit power supply L₁₁, L₂₁ simultaneously with the main circuit power supply or before switching on the main circuit power supply. If the main circuit power supply is not on, the display shows the corresponding warning. However, by switching on the main circuit power supply, the warning disappears and the drive unit will operate properly.
 - 1) When control function of magnetic contactor is enabled and the status remains at ready on The main circuit power is not shut off with servo off.

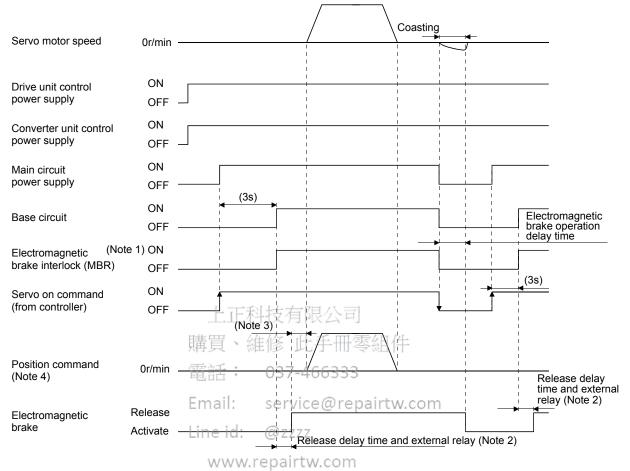


Note 1. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated.

OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated

- Electromagnetic brake is released after delaying for the release time of electromagnetic brake and operation time of external circuit relay. For the release delay time of electromagnetic brake, refer to the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2).
- 3. Make the controller execute the position command after the electromagnetic brake is released.
- 4. In position control mode
- 5. "Tb" refers to a delay time when the electromagnetic brake interlock (MBR) is turned off until when the base circuit is shut off at servo-off. Set Tb using parameter No.PC02.

2) When control function of magnetic contactor is enabled and the status returns to ready off The magnetic contactor of the converter unit is turned off with servo off, and the main circuit magnetic contactor is shut off.



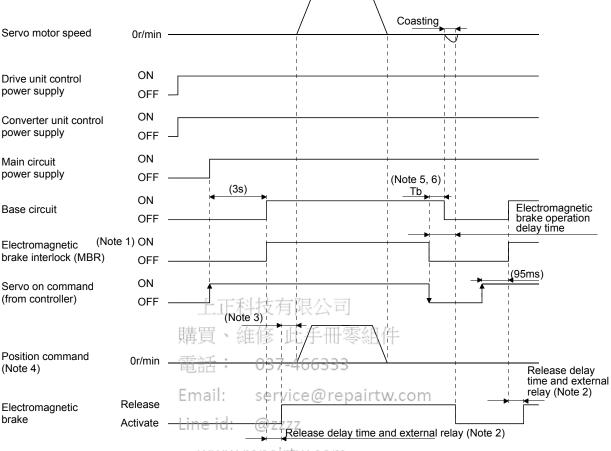
Note 1. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated.

OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated

- Electromagnetic brake is released after delaying for the release time of electromagnetic brake and operation time of external circuit relay. For the release delay time of electromagnetic brake, refer to the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2).
- 3. Make the controller execute the position command after the electromagnetic brake is released.
- 4. In position control mode

3) When controlling magnetic contactor by external sequence

When an alarm occurs, turn OFF the magnetic contactor by the external sequence and shut off the main circuit power supply.



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Note 1. ON: Electromagnetic brake is not activated. OFF: Electromagnetic brake is activated

- 2. Electromagnetic brake is released after delaying for the release time of electromagnetic brake and operation time of external circuit relay. For the release delay time of electromagnetic brake, refer to the Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol.2).
- 3. Make the controller execute the position command after the electromagnetic brake is released.
- 4. In position control mode
- 5. "Tb" refers to a delay time when the electromagnetic brake interlock (MBR) is turned off until when the base circuit is shut off at servo-off. Set Tb using parameter No.PC02.
- 6. When turning OFF servo amplifiers, the base circuit remains ready on state. When the status is ready off, the base circuit and the servo-on command turns OFF at the same time. (Tb=0)

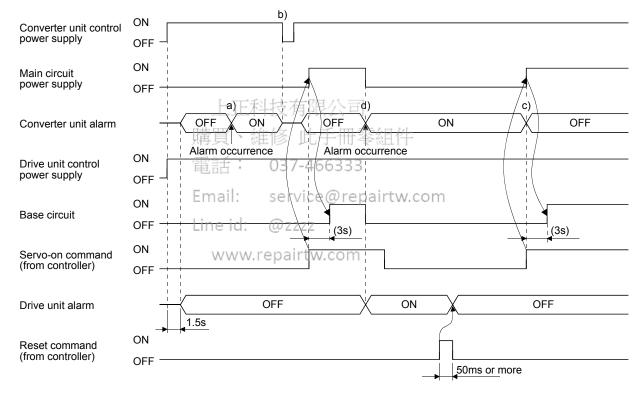
(2) Alarm occurrence timing chart

 When an alarm has occurred, remove its cause, make sure that the operation signal is not being input, ensure safety, and reset the alarm before restarting operation.
 As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo off status and interrupt the main circuit power.

(a) When control function of magnetic contactor is enabled

1) Converter unit

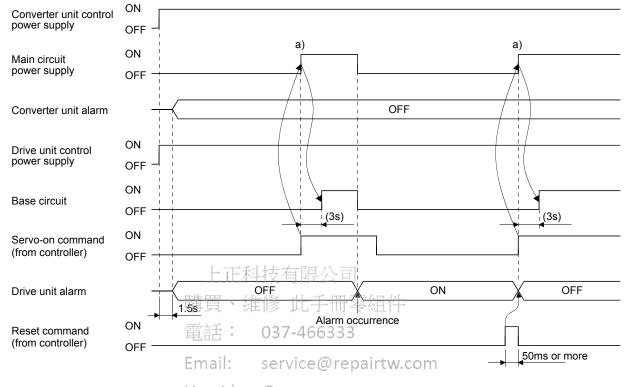
When an alarm occurs in the converter unit, the magnetic contactor is turned off and the main circuit magnetic contactor is shut off. The drive unit in operation stops. To deactivate the alarm, turn the control circuit power off, then on or request the operation from the driver unit. However, the alarm cannot be deactivated unless its cause is removed.



- a) in Figure Even if an alarm occurs in the converter when the drive unit is at servo off, the drive unit does not detect the alarm.
- b) c) in Figure To deactivate the alarm of the converter unit, turn the power of the converter unit off, and then on (b)) or make the drive unit servo on (c)). (Refer to section 13.6.1.)
- d) in Figure If an alarm occurs in the converter when the drive unit is at servo on, the alarm also occurs in the drive unit and the drive unit becomes servo off.

2) Drive unit

When an alarm occurs on the drive unit, the base circuit is shut off and the servo motor coasts. When using a dynamic brake (option), the dynamic brake is activated to stop the servo motor. To deactivate the alarm, power the control circuit off, then on, turn the reset (RES) on or CPU reset command. However, the alarm cannot be deactivated unless its cause is removed.

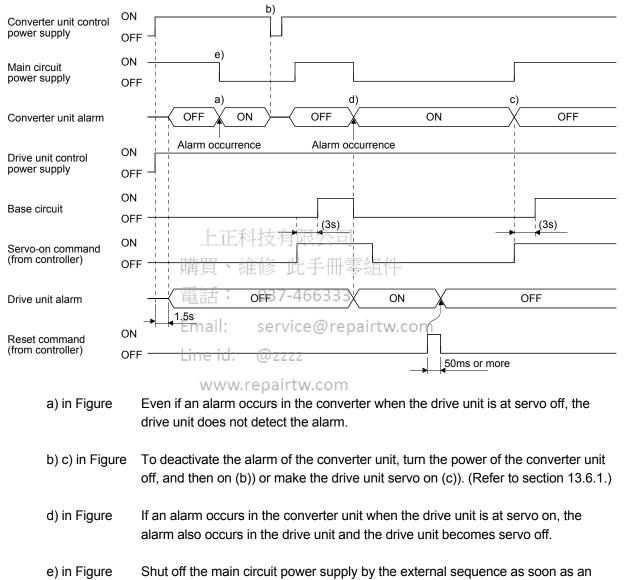


a) in Figure

After completing to start the drive unit, the main circuit power is supplied while the drive unit and the converter unit have no alarms.

- (b) When controlling magnetic contactor by external sequence
 - 1) Converter unit

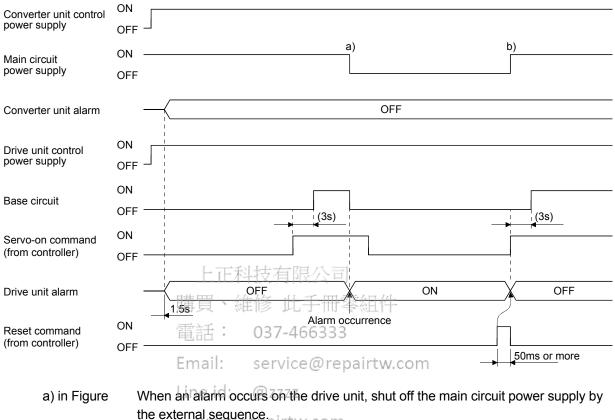
When an alarm occurs on the converter unit, the servo-on turns OFF; however, the main circuit power supply is not shut off. Therefore, shut off the main circuit power supply by the external sequence. After cancelling the alarm on the converter unit (when an alarm is also occurring on the drive unit after cancelling the alarm on the drive unit as well), turning ON the reset command enables to operate again.



alarm occurs.

2) Drive unit

When an alarm occurs in the drive unit, the drive unit turns into the servo off but the main circuit power supply is not shut off. Therefore, shut off the main circuit power supply using the external sequence. Operation can be resumed by turning the reset (RES) ON after the alarm is deactivated in the drive unit.



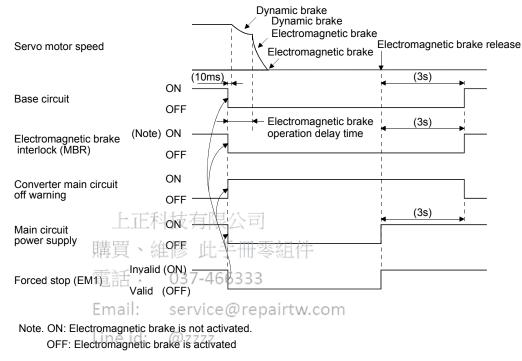
b) in Figure

Turn ON the main circuit power supply while an alarm of the drive unit is cancelled.

(3) Forced stop (EM1) ON/OFF timing chart

- (a) When control function of magnetic controller is enabled
 - 1) Converter unit

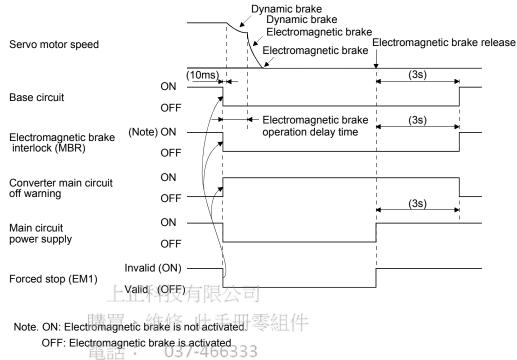
When the forced stop (EM1) is made valid in the converter unit, the magnetic contactor is turned off and the main circuit power supply is shut off. The drive unit in operation stops, and Main circuit off warning (E9) appears. When the forced stop (EM1) is deactivated in the converter unit, the magnetic contactor is turned on, the main circuit power is supplied, and then the drive unit automatically resumes the operation.



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2) When CNP1 is invalid

When the forced stop (EM1) is input in the converter unit, the drive unit in operation stops and Main circuit off warning (E9) appears. When the forced stop (EM1) is deactivated in the converter unit, the drive unit automatically resumes the operation.

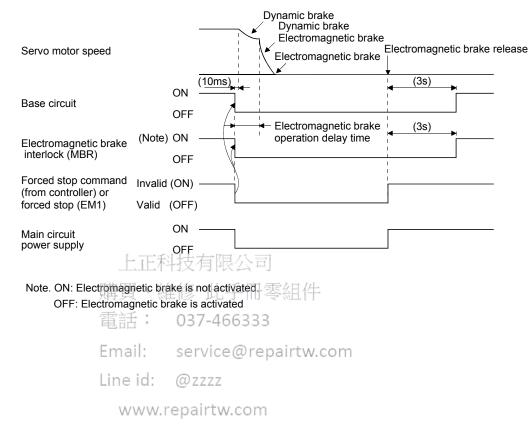


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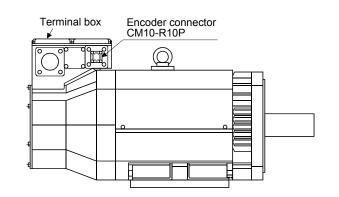
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(b) Forced stop in the drive unit

When the forced stop (EM1) is made valid in the drive unit, the drive unit in operation stops, Main circuit off warning (E9) appears, and then the drive unit is forcedly stopped. Configure to activate the forced stop (EM1) of the drive unit as the forced stop (EM1) of the converter unit is activated, and to activate the forced stop (EM1) of the converter unit as the forced stop (EM1) of the drive unit is activated. Shut off the power supply by the external sequence as soon as the forced stop (EM1) is activated.



13.3.8 Servo motor side details



Encoder connector signal arrangement CM10-R10P

(7)

(5)

(4)

(3) (6)

2

(1)

ВU

U

V

W

ΒV

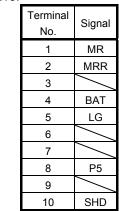
BW

OHS1OHS2

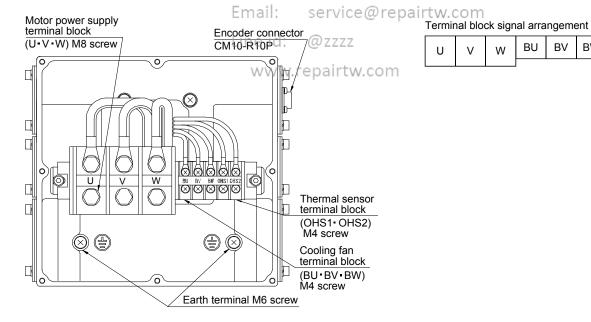
(10)

9

(8)



	HA-LP30K1M4 HA-LP30K24 HA-LP37K24	HA-LP30K1 HA-LP37K1 HA-LP30K1M HA-LP37K1M HA-LP30K2	HA-LP37K2 HA-LP25K14 HA-LP30K14 HA-LP37K14 HA-LP37K1M4	HA-LP45K1M4 HA-LP50K1M4 HA-LP45K24 HA-LP55K24
Motor power		비즈미국		
supply terminal	購M資、維修	此手冊零	為且(牛M10	
block screw size				
Earth screw size	M6 : 037	7-466333	M6	



Signal name	Abbreviation	Description				
Servo motor power supply	U·V·W	Connect to the motor power terminals (U, V, W) of the drive unit. During power-on, do not open or close the motor power line. Otherwise, a malfunction or faulty may occur.				
	BU•BV•BW	Supply power which satisf	Voltage	owing specifications. Voltage/ frequency	Power consumption [W]	Rated current [A]
Cooling fan		HA-LP30K1M, 30K2, 37K2 HA-LP30K1, 37K1, 37K1M	200V class	3-phase 200 to 230VAC 50Hz/60Hz	65(50Hz) 85(60Hz) 120(50Hz) 175(60Hz)	0.20(50Hz) 0.22(60Hz) 0.65(50Hz) 0.80(60Hz)
		HA-LP30K1M4, 30K24, 37K24 HA-LP30K14, 37K14, 37K1M4, 45K1M4, 50K1M4, 45K24, 55K24	400∨ class	3-phase 380 to 460VAC 50Hz 3-phase 380 to 480VAC 60Hz	65(50Hz) 85(60Hz) 110(50Hz) 150(60Hz)	0.12(50Hz) 0.14(60Hz) 0.20(50Hz) 0.22(60Hz)
Motor thermal relay	OHS1 • OHS2	OHS1-OHS2 are opened when heat is generated to an abnormal temperature. Maximum rating: 125V AC/DC, 3A or 250V AC/DC, 2A Minimum rating: 6V AC/DC, 0.15A				
Earth terminal	÷	For grounding, connect to the earth of the control box via the earth terminal of the drive unit.				

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- Email: service@repairtw.com
- Line id: @zzzz

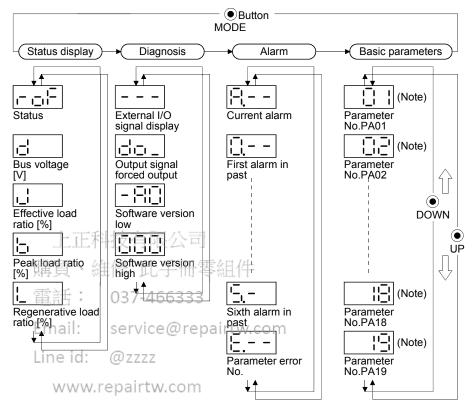
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13.4 Display section and operation section of the converter unit

13.4.1 Display flowchart

Use the display (3-dight, 7-segment LED) on the front panel of the converter unit for status display, parameter setting, etc. Set the parameters before operation, diagnose an alarm, confirm external sequences, and/or confirm the operation status.

Press the MODE, UP or DOWN button once to move the next screen.



Note. When parameter is selected, parameter group and parameter No. are displayed alternately. Refer to section 13.4.5 for details.

13.4.2 Status display mode

The servo status during operation is shown on the 3-digit, 7-segment LED display. Press the "UP" or "DOWN" button to change display data as desired.

When the required data is selected, the corresponding symbol is displayed. Press the "SET" button to display that data.

The converter unit display section can show four items of data such as the effective load factor.

(1) Display examples

The following table shows the display examples.

Item	Status	Display
	Ready off	
Status	Ready on	
Bus voltage	300[V] 上正科技有限	
Effective load ratio	購買7[%]維修此 電話: 037-46	手冊零組件
Peak load ratio		@repairtw.dom
Regenerative load ratio	w991%1.repairtv	v.com

(2) Status display list

The following table lists the converter unit statuses that may be displayed.

Status o	display	Symbol	Unit	Description	
Statua	Ready off			The ready off is displayed during initialization or alarm occurrence, in the forced stop status, or when the bus voltage is not established.	
Status	Ready on			The ready on is displayed when the servo was switched on after completion of initialization and the servo amplifier is ready to operate.	ron
Bus volta	age	d	V The converter unit voltage is displayed.		0 to 999
Effective ratio	load	J	%	 Continuous effective load torque is displayed. (Note) % The effective value in the past 15 seconds is displayed relative to the rated current of 100%. 	
		%	The peak output is displayed. (Note) The peak value in the past 15 seconds is displayed relative to the rated torque of 100%.	0 to 400	
Regenerative load ratio L % The percentage of regenerative power to the permissible regene is displayed.		The percentage of regenerative power to the permissible regenerative value is displayed.	0 to 300		

Note. Output = converter unit bus voltage $\,\times\,$ output current

13.4.3 Diagnostic mode

(1) Diagnostic list

Name	Display	Unit
Sequence		Not ready. • Initializing. • An alarm occurred. • External forced stop status. • Bus voltage is not established.
		Ready Indicates that the servo was switched on after completion of initialization and the drive unit is ready to operate.
External I/O signal display		Indicates the ON/OFF status of external I/O signal. Lit : ON Extinguished: OFF For details, refer to (2) of this section.
Output signal forced output		Allows external I/O signal to be switched on/off forcibly. For details, refer to (3) of this section.
Software version low	一旦武利故有邓	Indicates the version of the software.
Software version high	文章 1416 此 王王 1987-4	手冊零組件 Indicates the system number of the software. 66333

Email: service@repairtw.com

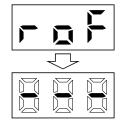
The ON/OFF states of the digital I/O signals connected to the converter unit can be confirmed.

(a) Operation

(2) External I/O signal display

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Call the display screen shown after power-on. Using the "MODE" button, show the diagnostic screen.

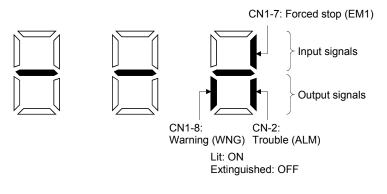


Press MODE once.

······ External I/O signal display screen

(b) Display definition

The 7-segment LED segments and CN1 connector pins correspond as shown below.

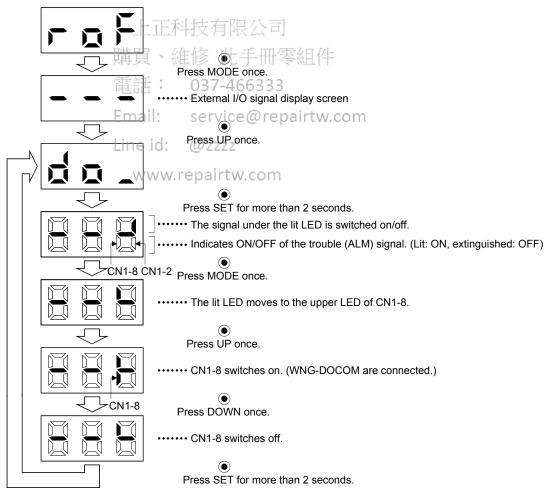


The LED segment corresponding to the pin is lit to indicate ON, and is extinguished to indicate OFF.

(3) Output signal forced output

You can force the output signal to be switched on/off, independently of the converter status. This function is used for wiring check of output signal.

When turning CN1-8 on and off



Call the display screen shown after power-on.

13.4.4 Alarm mode

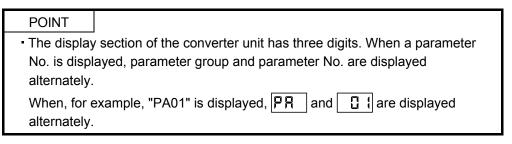
The current alarm, parameter error and point table error are displayed.

The lower 2 digits on the display indicate the alarm number that has occurred or the parameter number in error. Display example are shown below.

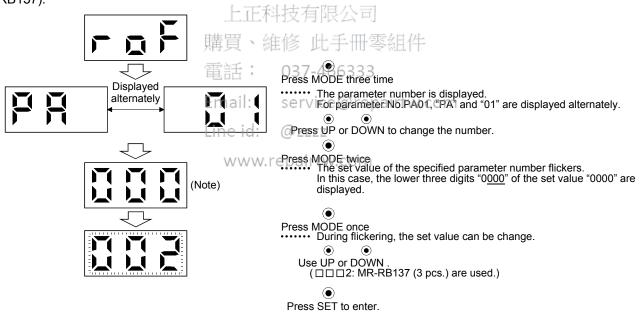
Display	Description
	Indicates on occurrence of an alarm.
	Indicates that overvoltage (A.33) occurred. Flickers at alarm occurrence.
	Indicates that the last alarm is overload (A.50).
	Indicates that the second alarm in the past is overvoltage (A.33).
ここの話す	Indicates that the third alarm in the past is undervoltage (A.10).
第頁 新聞 II 1 1 067-4	Indicates that the fourth alarm in the past is undervoltage 6(A.10).3
Email: Faivio Line id @izzzz	e@repairtw.com Indicates that the fifth alarm in the past is undervoltage (A.10).
	N.COM Indicates that the sixth alarm in the past is overload (A.50).
	Indicates no occurrence of parameter error (A.37).
Displayed alternately	Indicates that the data of parameter No.PA01 is faulty.

Functions at occurrence of an alarm

- (1) Any mode screen displays the current alarm.
- (2) The other screen is visible during occurrence of an alarm. At this time, the decimal point in the third digit flickers.
- (3) To clear any alarm, switch power off, then on or press the "SET" button on the current alarm screen. Note that this should be done after removing the case of the alarm.
- 13.4.5 Parameter mode



The following example gives the operation procedure after power-on for use of the regenerative options (MR-RB137).



Note. If the "MODE" button is pressed when the lower three digits of the four digits "0000" are displayed, the fourth digit "0000" is displayed as . However, do not change the setting of the fourth digit. Press the "MODE" button again to reset the display to the lower three digits .

To shift to the next parameter, press the "UP"/"DOWN" button.

When changing the parameter No.PA01 setting, change its set value, then switch power off once and switch it on again to make the new value valid.

13.5. Parameters for converter unit

 Never adjust or change the parameter values extremely as it will make operation instable.

POINT

- Refer to chapter 5 for parameters for drive unit.
- Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.
 - * : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.
- Never change parameters for manufacturer setting.

13.5.1 Parameter list

No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit
PA01	*REG	Regenerative option	0000h	
PA02	*MCC	Magnetic contactor drive output selection	0001h	
PA03	Ν	For manufacturer setting	0001h	\land
PA04			0	\backslash
PA05		上正科技有限公司	100	\setminus
PA06			0	\setminus
PA07		購買、維修 此手冊零組件	100	\setminus
PA08	*DMD	Status display selection	0000h	
PA09	*BPS		0000h	/
PA10	\searrow	For manufacturer setting Email: service@repairtw.com	0	\searrow
PA11			0000h	
PA12	*DIF	Input filter setting Line id: @zzzz	0002h	
PA13	Ν	For manufacturer setting	0000h	\land
PA14	$ \rangle$	www.repairtw.com	0000h	\setminus
PA15			0000h	
PA16			0000h	
PA17			0000h	
PA18			0000h	$\langle \rangle$
PA19			0000h	\setminus

13.5.2 List of details

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PA01	*REG	Regenerative option Used to select the regenerative option. O O Select the regenerative option. 00: No used 01: MR-RB139 02: MR-RB137(3 pcs.) Only for MR-J3-CR55K 11: MR-RB136-4 12: MR-RB138-4(3 pcs.) Only for MR-J3-CR55K4 "01" and "02" are the set values for the MR-J3-CR55K only, and "11" and "12" are those for the MR-J3-CR55K4 only. Wrong setting will result in parameter alarm (A.37).	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PA02	*MCC	Magnetic contactor drive output selection Used to select the output of the magnetic contactor drive power supply. Used to select the output of the magnetic contactor drive power supply. Used to select the output of the magnetic contactor drive power supply. 0: No used 1: Used # 頁 《 维修 此手冊零組件	0001h		Refer to Name and function column.
PA03 PA04 PA05 PA06 PA07		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means. Line id: @zzzz	0001h 0 100 0 100		
PA08	*DMD	Status display selection WWW.repairtw.com Used to select the status display shown at power-on. Image: Comparison of Converter unit display section at power-on. 0 0 0 Image: Status display of converter unit display section at power-on. Image: Status display of Converter unit display section at power-on. 0: Status 1: Bus voltage 2: Effective load ratio 3: Peak load ratio 4: Regenerative load ratio	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PA09	*BPS	Alarm history clear Used to clear the alarm history. Alarm history clear 0: Invalid 1: Valid When alarm history clear is made valid, the alarm history is cleared at next power-on. After the alarm history is cleared, the setting is automatically made invalid (reset to 0).	0000h		Refer to Name and function column.
PA10 PA11		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0 0000h	$\left \right\rangle$	

No.	Symbol	Name and function	Initial value	Unit	Setting range
PA12	*DIF	Input filter setting Select the input filter. Input signal filter Input signal filter If external input signal causes chattering due to noise, etc., input filter is used to suppress it. 0: None 1: 1.777[ms] 2: 3.555[ms] 3: 5.333[ms]	0002h		Refer to Name and function column.
PA13 PA14 PA15 PA16 PA17 PA18 PA19		For manufacturer setting Do not change this value by any means.	0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h		

13.6 Troubleshooting

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13.6.1 Converter unit

(1) Alarms and warning list

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When a fault occurs during operation, the corresponding alarm or warning is displayed. If any alarm or warning has occurred, refer to (2) or (3) of this section and take the appropriate action.

Switch power off, then on to deactivate the alarm. The alarms marked "O" in the alarm deactivation column of the table can be deactivated by pressing the "RES" key of the converter unit side parameter unit or switching on the reset signal (RES).

\setminus			Alarm deactivation		
\setminus	Display	Name	Power	Error	
			OFF→ON	reset	
	A.10	Undervoltage	0	0	
	A.12	Memory error1 (RAM)	0		
	A.15	Memory error2 (EEP-ROM)	0		
	A.17	Board error	0		
	A.19	Memory error3 (Flash-ROM)	0		
	A.30	Regenerative error	(Note)〇	(Note) 🔿	
	A.33 Over voltage		0	0	
۶	A.37	Parameter error	0		
Alarm	A.38	MC drive circuit error	0		
◄	A.39	Open phase	0		
	A 0 A	Inrush current suppressor circuit			
	A.3A	error	0		
	A.45	Main circuit device overheat	(Note) 🔾	(Note) 🔿	
	A.47	Cooling fan error	0		
	A.50	Over load 1	(Note) 🔾	(Note) 🔿	
	A.51	Over load 2	(Note) 🔾	(Note) 🔿	
	888	Watchdog	0		

$\overline{\ }$	Display	Name
	A.91	Overheat warning
	A.E0	Excessive regenerative load
bu	A.EU	warning
Warning	A.E1	Over load warning
X	A.E6	Converter forced stop warning
	A.E8	Cooling fan speed reduction
	A.Eo	warning

Note. Deactivate the alarm about 30 minutes of cooling time after removing the cause of occurrence.

(2) Remedies for alarms

POINT • When any of the following alarms has occurred, always remove its cause and allow about 30 minutes for cooling before resuming operation. If operation is resumed by switching control circuit power off, then on to reset the alarm, the converter unit and regenerative option may become faulty. • Regenerative error (A.30) • Over load 1 (A.50) • Over load 2 (A.51) • Main circuit device overheat (A.45) • The alarm can be deactivated by switching the power off, then on or by the	• When any alarm has occurred, eliminate its cause, ensure safety, then reset the alarm, and restart operation. Otherwise, injury may occur.		
error reset command from the host controller. Refer to (1) in this section for details.	 POINT When any of the following alarms has occurred, always remove its cause and allow about 30 minutes for cooling before resuming operation. If operation is resumed by switching control circuit power off, then on to reset the alarm, the converter unit and regenerative option may become faulty. Regenerative error (A.30) Over load 1 (A.50) Over load 2 (A.51) Main circuit device overheat (A.45) The alarm can be deactivated by switching the power off, then on or by the error reset command from the host controller. Refer to (1) in this section for 		

When an alarm occurs, the trouble (ALM) signal switches off and the display section shows the alarm number. Remove the cause of the alarm in accordance with this section.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
A.10	Undervoltage	Power supply voltage th dropped. Email: Line id:	 Instantaneous control power failure occurred for more than 60ms. Shortage of power supply capacity caused the power supply voltage to drop at start, etc. 	Review the power supply.
		www.	 3: Failure of the part in the converter unit. Checking method Alarm (A.10) occurs if power is switched on after connectors disconnected. 	Change the Converter unit.
A.12	Memory error 1 (RAM)	RAM memory fault	Failure of the part in the converter unit. Checking method Alarm (A.12) occurs if power is switched on after connectors disconnected.	Change the converter unit.
A.15	Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM)	EEP-ROM fault	 Failure of the part in the converter unit. Checking method Alarm (A.15) occurs if power is switched on after connectors disconnected. The number of write times to EEP- 	Change the converter unit.
			ROM exceeded 100,000.	
A.17	Board error	CPU/parts fault	Failure of the part in the converter unit.	Change the converter unit.
A.19	Memory error 3 (Flash-ROM)	ROM memory fault	Checking method — Alarm (A.17/A.19) occurs if power is switched on after connectors disconnected.	

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
A.30	Regenerative	Permissible regenerative	1. Wrong setting of parameter No.PA01	Set correctly.
	error	power of regenerative	2. Regenerative option is not	Connect correctly.
		option is exceeded.	connected.	
			3. High-duty operation or continuous	1. Reduce the frequency of
			regenerative operation caused the	positioning.
			permissible regenerative power of	2. Use the regenerative option of
			the regenerative option to be	larger capacity.
			exceeded.	3. Reduce the load.
			Checking method	
			Call the status display and check the regenerative load ratio.	
			4. Power supply voltage is abnormal.	Review power supply
			MR-J3-CR55K: 260VAC or more	
			MR-J3-CR55K4: 520VAC or more	
			5. Regenerative option faulty.	Change converter unit or
				regenerative option.
			6. Ground fault occurred in servo motor	Correct the wiring.
			power (U, V, W).	
		Regenerative transistor fault	7. Regenerative transistor faulty.	Change the converter unit.
			Checking method	
		F	1) The regenerative option has	
			2) The alarm occurs even after	
		睡買。4	removal of the built-in regenerative resistor or	
		,將貝、《		
		雷託:	regenerative option.	
A.33	Over voltage	Converter bus voltage	1. Regenerative option is not used.	Use the regenerative option.
		exceeded to following voltage.	2. Though the regenerative option is used, the parameter No.PA01 setting	Set correctly.
		MR-J3-CR55K: 400VDCC:	(is) "⊑→⊡ 00 (not used)".	
		MR-J3-CR55K4: 800VDC	3. Lead of regenerative option is open	1. Change lead.
		WWW.	Ce prodisconnected.	2. Connect correctly.
			4. Regenerative transistor faulty.	Change the converter unit.
			5. Wire breakage of regenerative	Change the regenerative option.
			option.	
			6. Capacity of regenerative option is	Add regenerative option or
			insufficient.	increase capacity.
			7. Power supply voltage high.	Review the power supply.
			8. Ground fault occurred in servo motor	Correct the wiring.
			power (U, V, W).	
A.37	Parameter	Parameter setting is wrong.	1. Converter unit fault caused the	Change the converter unit.
	error		parameter setting to be rewritten.	
			2. Regenerative option not used with	Set parameter No.PA01 correctly.
			converter unit was selected in	
			parameter No.PA02.	
			3. The number of write times to	Change the converter unit.
			EEP-ROM exceeded 100,000 due to	
			parameter write, etc.	

13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
A.38	MC drive circuit error	Magnetic contactor drive circuit error	1. Wrong connection of the magnetic contactor.	Review the wiring.
		(When the magnetic contactor is turned on: the main circuit power supply is	 Parameters specifying whether to use/not use the magnetic contactor do not match the configuration. 	Set parameter No.PA02 correctly.
		not turned on within two	3. Magnetic contactor failed.	Change the magnetic contactor.
		seconds after the servo-on of the drive unit. When the magnetic contactor is opened: the main circuit power supply is turned on although the magnetic contactor is opened.)	4. Magnetic contactor drive circuit faulty. Checking method Check the output of magnetic contactor control connector (CNP1). Power supply voltage is applied to this connector. Take care to avoid an electric shock at connecting.	Change the converter unit.
			5. Mismatch of an external sequence.	Review the power-on sequence. (Refer to section 3.3.2.)
A.39	Open phase	Power supply error	1. Any of L_1 , L_2 and L_3 is disconnected. Or, open.	Review the wiring.
			 Failure of the part in the converter unit. 	Change the converter unit.
A.3A	Inrush current suppressor	Inrush current suppressor circuit error	1. Power-on/off was repeated with high	Review operation pattern.
	circuit error	購買、約	 Inrush current suppressor resistance overheated. Inrush current suppressor circuit 	Change the converter unit.
		電話:	Gaulty: 466333	
A.45	Main circuit device overheat	Main circuit device overheat. Email:	1. The power supply was turned on and off continuously by overloaded status.	Review operation pattern.
		Line id: www.	2. Ambient temperature of converter	Review environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to 55°C.
			3. Converter unit faulty.	Change the converter unit.
A.47	Cooling fan alarm	The cooling fan of the converter unit stopped, or its	1. Cooling fan life expiration. (Refer to section 2.6.)	Change the cooling fan of the converter unit.
		speed decreased to or below the alarm level.	2. Foreign matter caught in the cooling fan stopped rotation.	Remove the foreign matter.
			3. The power supply of the cooling fan failed.	Change the converter unit.
A.50	Overload 1	Load exceeded overload protection characteristic of converter unit.	Converter unit is used in excess of its continuous output current.	 Reduce load. Review operation pattern.
A.51	Overload 2	Load exceeded overload protection characteristic of converter unit.	Converter unit is used in excess of its output current for a short time.	Review operation pattern of a drive unit.
(Note) 888	Watchdog	CPU/parts fault	Failure of the part in the converter unit. Checking method	Change the converter unit.
			Alarm (888) occurs if power is switched on after connectors disconnected.	

Note. At power-on, "888" appears instantaneously, but it is not an error.

(3) Remedies for warnings

Continuing operation in an alarm occurrence status may result in an alarm or disable proper operation. Eliminate the cause of the warning according to this section. The warning displayed will disappear when the cause of its occurrence is resolved.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
A.91	Overheat	The temperature of the fin	1. Operated in the overloaded status.	Review operation pattern.
	warning	exceeded the warning level.	2. Ambient temperature of converter	Review environment so that
			unit is over 55°C.	ambient temperature is 0 to 55°C.
			3. Used beyond the specifications of	Use within the range of
			close mounting.	specifications.
			4. Converter unit faulty.	Change the converter unit.
A.E0	Excessive	There is a possibility that	Regenerative power increased to 85%	1. Reduce frequency of
	regenerative	regenerative power may	or more of permissible regenerative	positioning.
	load warning	exceed permissible	power of regenerative option.	2. Change regenerative option for
		regenerative power of	Checking method	the one with larger capacity.
		regenerative option.	Call the status display and check the regenerative load ratio.	3. Reduce load.
A.E1	Overload	There is a possibility that	Load increased to 85% or more of	Refer to A.50, A.51.
	warning	overload alarm 1 or 2 may	overload alarm 1 or 2 occurrence level.	
	_	occur.	Cause, checking method	
		t	Refer to A.50, 51.	
A.E6	Converter	EM1 is off.	External forced stop was made valid.	Ensure safety and deactivate
	forced stop	膳買 、約	EM1 was turned off.奏组件	forced stop.
	warning	州,只 《	电修 此于叫令俎什	
A.E8	Cooling fan	The speed of the converter	1. Cooling far life expiration. (Refer to	Change the cooling fan of the
	speed	unit cooling fan decreased	section 2.6.)	converter unit.
	reduction	to or below the warning	2. The power supply of the cooling fan	Change the converter unit.
	warning	level.	failed.	

(4) Clearing the alarm history

Line id: @zzzz

You can clear the alarm numbers stored in the alarm history of the alarm mode. To ensure that you can control the alarms that will occur after regular operation, make this setting before starting regular operation to clear the alarm history.

After setting "0001" in parameter No.PA09, switch power off once. Switching it on again clears the alarm history. At this time, the parameter No.PA09 setting returns to "0000".

13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

13.6.2 Drive unit

POINT

- Explanation made in this section is exclusively for the driver unit.
 Other troubleshooting is the same as that for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to chapter 8.
- As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo off status and interrupt the main circuit power.

(1) Alarms and warning list

When a fault occurs during operation, the corresponding alarm or warning is displayed. If any alarm or warning has occurred, refer to (2) or (3) of this section and take the appropriate action. When an alarm occurs, the ALM turns OFF.

After its cause has been removed, the alarm can be deactivated in any of the methods marked in the alarm deactivation column. The alarm is automatically canceled after removing the cause of occurrence.

				Alarm deactivatior	ı	
	Display	Name	Power OFF → ON	Error reset	CPU reset	A 1-2
Alarms	1B	Converter alarm	0 正彩	技有限公	0	Alarms

	Display	Name
	9C	Converter
A	90	warning
Alarms	F9	Main circuit off
	E9	warning

(2) Remedies for alarms

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• When any alarm has occurred, eliminate its cause, ensure safety, then reset the alarm, and restart operation. Otherwise, injury may occur.

- As soon as an alarm occurs, mark servo-off and power off the main circuit and control circuit.

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POINT

• The alarm can be deactivated by switching power off, then on or by the error reset command CPU reset from the servo system controller. For details, refer to (1) of this section.

When an alarm occurs, the trouble (ALM) switches off and the dynamic brake is operated to stop the servo motor. At this time, the display indicates the alarm No.

The servo motor comes to a stop. Remove the cause of the alarm in accordance with this section. MR Configurator may be used to refer to the cause.

Display	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
1B	Converter alarm	An alarm occurred in the converter unit during servo on.	 An alarm occurred in the converter unit during servo on. 	Check the alarm of the converter unit, and take the action following the remedies for alarms of the converter unit. (Refer to section 13.6.1 (2).)
			 The protection coordination cable or terminal connector is not correctly connected. 	Connect correctly.

(3) Remedies for warnings

Continuing operation in an alarm occurrence status may result in an alarm or disable proper operation. Eliminate the cause of the warning according to this section. The warning displayed will disappear when the cause of its occurrence is resolved.

Indication	Name	Definition	Cause	Action
9C	Converter warning	A warning occurred in the converter unit during the servo-on command.		Check the warning of the converter unit, and take the action following the remedies for warnings of the converter unit. (Refer to section 13.6.1 (3).)
E9	Main circuit off warning	The forced stop of the converter unit is made valid during the servo-on command.	 The forced stop of the converter unit is made valid. The protection coordination cable or terminal connector is not correctly connected. 	Deactivate the forced stop of the converter unit. Connect correctly.

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電話: 037-466333

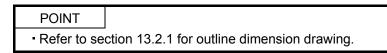
Email: service@repairtw.com

Line id: @zzzz

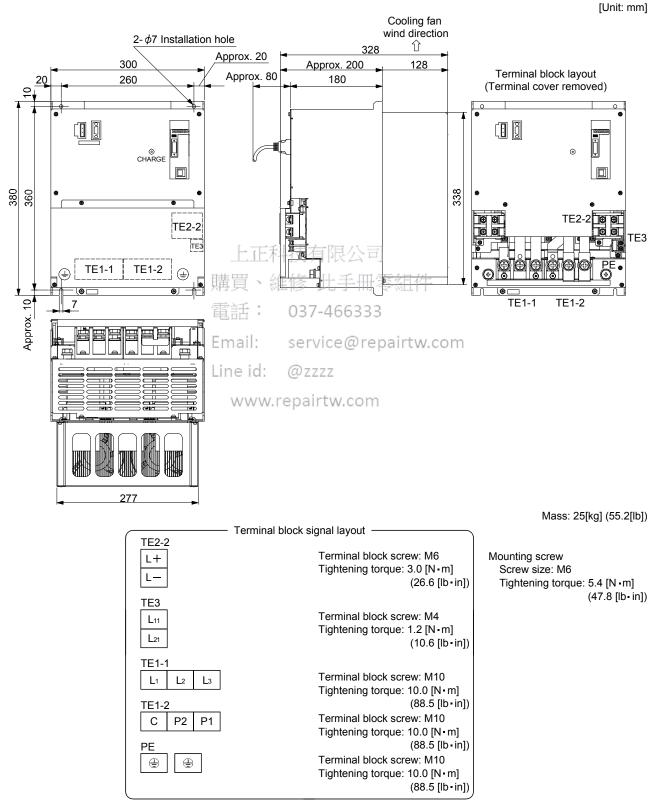
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13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

13.7 Outline drawings



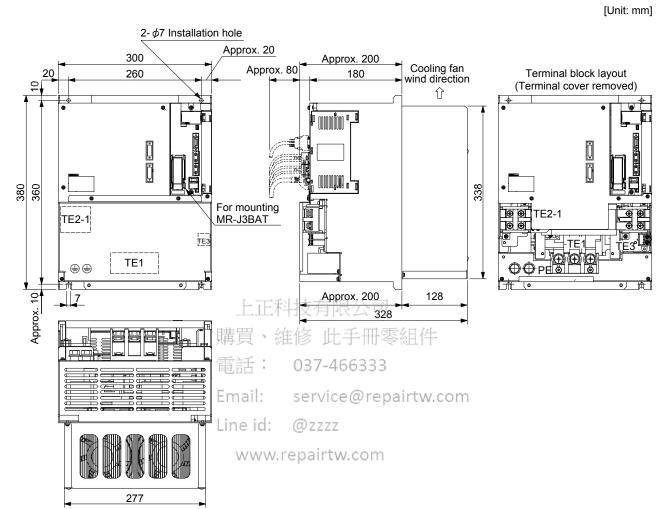
13.7.1 Converter unit (MR-J3-CR55K(4))



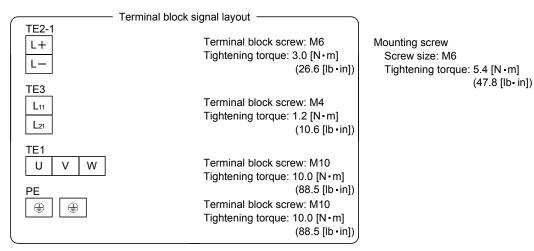
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13.7.2 Drive unit

(1) MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB MR-J3-DU45KB4 • MR-J3-DU55KB4

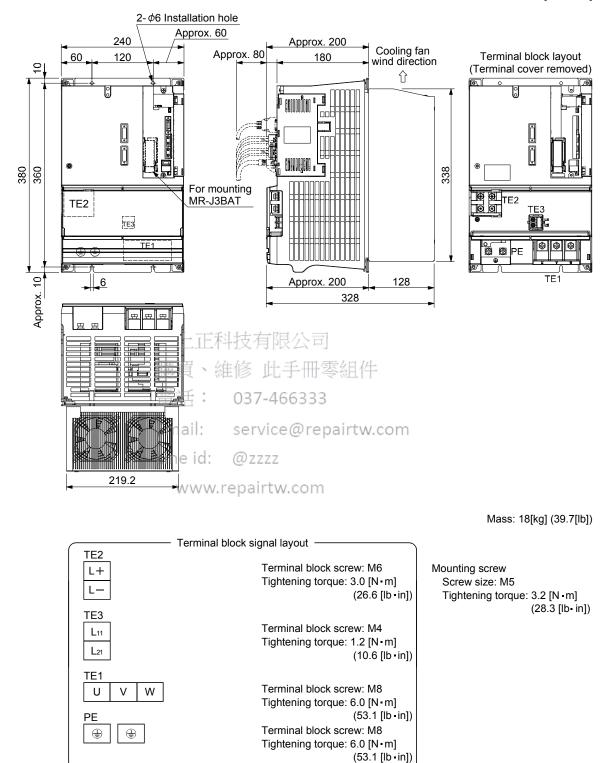


Mass: 26[kg] (57.3[lb])



(2) MR-J3-DU30KB4 • MR-J3-DU37KB4

[Unit: mm]



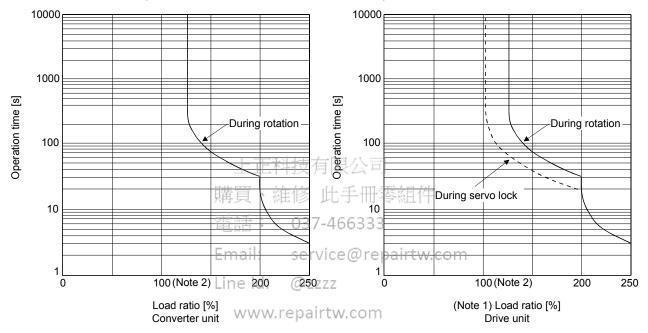
13.8 Characteristics

13.8.1 Overload protection characteristics

An electronic thermal relay is built in the converter unit and drive unit to protect the servo motor, converter unit and drive unit from overloads.

Overload 1 alarm (50) occurs if overload operation performed is above the electronic thermal relay protection curve shown below. Overload 2 alarm (51) occurs if the maximum current flew continuously for several seconds due to machine collision, etc. Use the equipment on the left-hand side area of the continuous or broken line in the graph.

It is recommended to use the machine which generates unbalanced torque, e.g. a vertical lift application, so that the unbalanced torque is not more than 70% of the rated torque.



- Note 1. If operation that generates torque more than 100% of the rating is performed with an abnormally high frequency in a servo motor stop status (servo lock status) or in a 30r/min or less low-speed operation status, the drive unit may fail even when the electronic thermal relay protection is not activated.
 - 2. Load ratio 100% indicates the rated output of each converter unit and drive unit. Refer to section 13.1.4 for rated output.

Fig. 13.1 Overload protection characteristics

13.8.2 Power supply equipment capacity and generated loss

POINT	
 The calcula 	tion method of heat dissipation area for enclosed control panel is
the same a	s that for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to section 10.2
(2).	

Table 13.1 indicates the generated loss and power supply capacity under rated load per combination of the converter unit and drive unit. When the servo motors is run at less than the maximum speed, the power supply equipment capacity is lower than the value in the table but the heat generated does not change.

Since the servo motor requires 2 to 2.5 times greater instantaneous power for acceleration, use the power supply which ensures that the voltage lies within the permissible voltage fluctuation at the main circuit power supply terminals (L_1 , L_2 , L_3) of the converter unit. The power supply equipment capacity changes with the power supply impedance.

The actually generated heat falls within the ranges at rated torque and at zero torque according to the frequencies of use during operation. When designing an enclosed control box, use the values in the table, considering the worst operating conditions. The generated heat in Table 13.1 does not include heat produced during regeneration.

			Power	supply	(Note	e)	
	Drive unit	購買 Servo.motor 電話 Email	、 公在 / capaci l	y [kVA] 口。(天文)	Drive unit-gener	ated heart[W]	Area required
Converter unit			Power factor improving DC2 reactor is not used	Power factor improving DC reactor is used	At rated torque	At zero torque	for heat dissipation [m ²]
	MR-J3-DU30KB	HA-LP30K1 HA-LP30K1M HA-LP30K2	d: 48 ⁰ zzz		1550(1100+450)		31.0
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	HA-LP37K1	rw.reparro	w.com			
		HA-LP37K1M	59	49	1830(1280+550)		36.6
		HA-LP37K2 HA-LP25K14	40	35	1080(850+230)		21.6
	MR-J3-	HA-LP23K14 HA-LP30K14	40		1080(850+250)	-	21.0
	DU30KB4	HA-LP30K1M4 HA-LP30K24	48	40	1290(1010+280)	60(30+30)	25.8
	MD 12	HA-LP37K14					
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3- DU37KB4	HA-LP37K1M4 HA-LP37K24	59	49	1542(1200+342)		30.8
	MR-J3-	HA-LP45K1M4	71	59	1810(1370+440)		36.2
	DU45KB4	HA-LP45K24	/ 1	59	1010(1370+440)		30.2
	MR-J3-	HA-LP50K1M4	80	67	2120(1650+470)		42.4
	DU55KB4	HA-LP55K24	87	72	2150(1650+500)		43.0

Table 13.1 Power supply capacity and generated heat per servo amplifier at rated output

Note. The heat generated by the drive unit is indicated in the left term within the parentheses, and the heat generated by the converter unit in the right term.

13.8.3 Dynamic brake characteristics

(1) Dynamic brake operation

(a) Calculation of coasting distance

Fig. 13.2 shows the pattern in which the servo motor comes to a stop when the dynamic brake is operated. Use Equation 13.1 to calculate an approximate coasting distance to a stop. The dynamic brake time constant τ varies with the servo motor and machine operation speeds. (Refer to (b). Please contact us for the servo motor not indicated.)

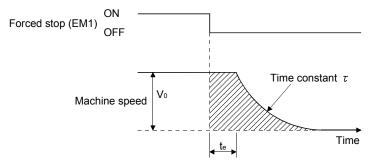
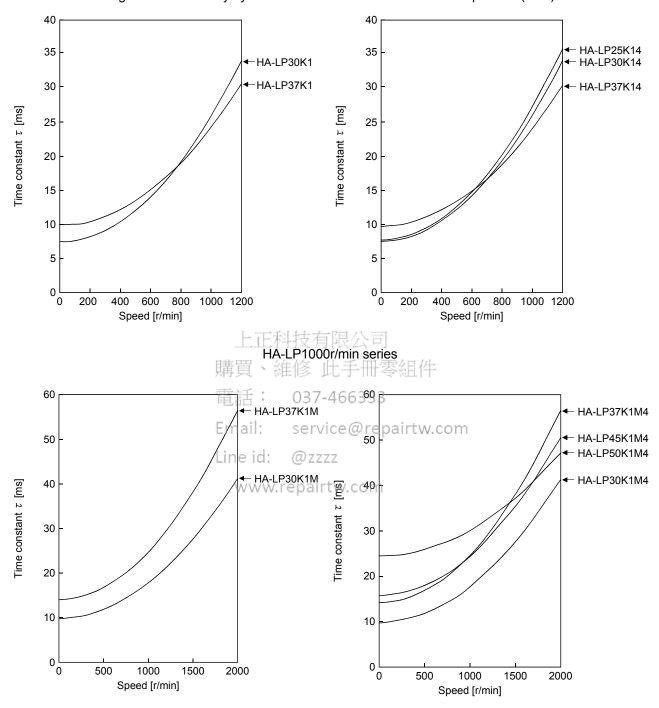


Fig 13.2 Dynamic Brake Operation Diagram

Lmax	$=\frac{V_{0}}{60}\cdot\left\{t_{e}+\tau\left(1+\frac{J_{L}}{J_{M}}\right)\right\}$ 上正科技有限公司
	購買、維修 此手冊零組件 (13.1)
L _{max}	: Maximum coasting distance電話: 037-466333
V ₀	: Machine rapid feed rate
vu	[mm/min][in/min] Line id: @zzzz
J_M	: Servo motor inertial moment [kg • cm²][oz • in²]
J_L	: Load inertia moment converted into equivalent value on servo motor shaft [kg • cm²][oz • in²]
τ	: Brake time constant [s]
te	: Delay time of control section
	For 7kW or less servo, there is internal relay delay time of about 30ms. For 11k to 22kW servo, there is delay time of about 100ms caused by a delay of the external relay and a delay of the magnetic

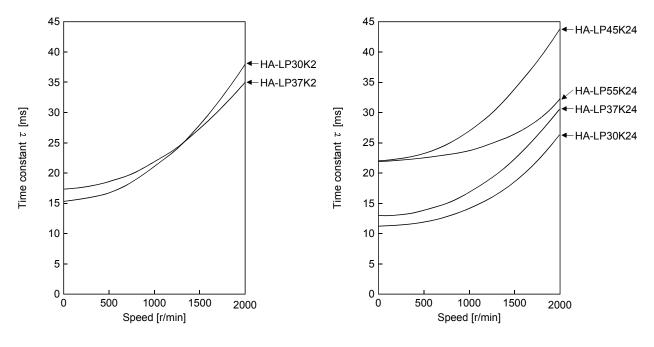
contactor built in the external dynamic brake.



(b) Dynamic brake time constant

The following shows necessary dynamic brake time constant τ for the equations (13.1).

HA-LP1500r/min series



HA-LP2000r/min series

(2) The dynamic brake at the load inertia moment

Use the dynamic brake under the load inertia moment ratio indicated in the following table. If the load inertia moment is higher than this value, the external dynamic brake may burn. If there is a possibility that the load inertia moment may exceed the value, contact Mitsubishi.

The values of the load inertia moment ratio in the table are the values at the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor.

L.	ine id: (@zzzz	7
	www.repairt	Load inertia moment ratio
	MR-J3-DU30KB(4)	
	MR-J3-DU37KB(4)	10
	MR-J3-DU45KB4	10
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	

13.8.4 Inrush currents at power-on of main circuit and control circuit

The following table indicates the inrush currents (reference data) that will flow when the maximum permissible voltage (200V class: 253VAC, 400V class: 528VAC) is applied at the power supply capacity of 2500kVA and the wiring length of 1m.

Converter writ	Drive verit	Inrush currents (A₀-p)			
Converter unit	Drive unit	Main circuit power supply (L_1, L_2, L_3)	Control circuit power supply (L_{11}, L_{21})		
	MR-J3-DU30KB	163A	18A		
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	(Attenuated to approx. 20A in 180ms)	(Attenuated to approx. 0A in 100ms)		
	MR-J3-DU30KB4				
	MR-J3-DU37KB4	339A	19A		
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU45KB4	(Attenuated to approx. 20A in 70ms)	(Attenuated to approx. 0A in 60ms)		
	MR-J3-DU55KB4				

Since large inrush currents flow in the power supplies, always use no-fuse breakers and magnetic contactors. (Refer to section 13.9.5.)

When circuit protectors are used, it is recommended to use the inertia delay type that will not be tripped by an inrush current.

13.9 Options

	 Before connecting any option or peripheral equipment, turn off the power and wait for 20 minutes or more until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between L+ and L- is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, always confirm from the front of the converter unit whether the charge lamp is off or not. 		
	Harld Alternative		
	 Use the specified auxiliary equipment and options. Unspecified ones may lead to a fault or fire. www.repairtw.com 		
	POINT		
	 Explanations on the following item are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to the section below for details. 		
	Cable/connector sets Refer to section 11.1.		
	 Junction terminal block Refer to section 11.7. 		
	 MR Configurator Refer to section 11.8. 		
	 Battery Refer to section 11.9. 		
	 Relays Refer to section 11.15. 		
	 Surge absorbers Refer to section 11.16. 		
	 Radio noise filter (FR-BIF(-H)) Refer to section 11.17 (2) (e). 		
13.0.1 Cables and con			

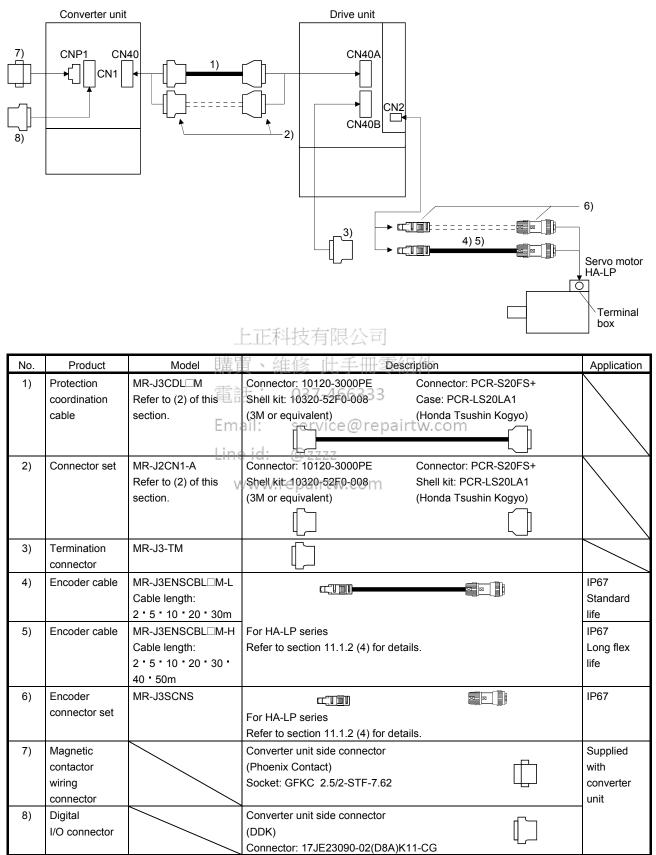
13.9.1 Cables and connectors

POINT

 Other connectors are the same as those for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to section 11.1.

(1) Makeup of cables and like

The following shows the cable makeup for connection with the servo motor and other model.



13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

(2) MR-J3CDL05M(0.5m) Protection coordination cable

- Connect protection coordination cables correctly if they are fabricated. Otherwise, the system may perform unexpected operation.

When fabricating a protection coordination cable, use the recommended wires given in section 13.9.4, and fabricate a protection coordination cable as shown in the wiring diagram in this section.

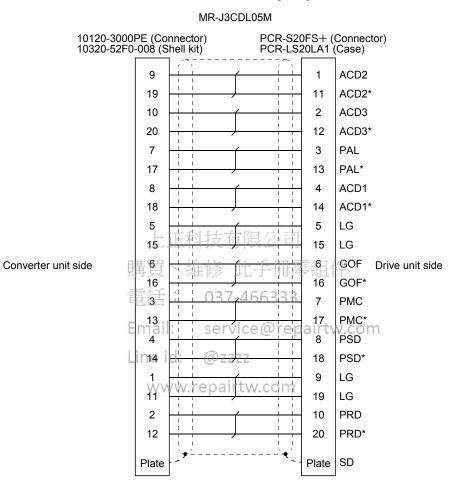


Table	13.2	Recommended	wire
-------	------	-------------	------

				Characteristics of one core			(Note 2)	<u>'</u>)	
Model	Length [m(ft)]	Core size [mm²]	Number of cores	Structure [Wires/mm]	Conductor resistance [Ω/mm]	Insulation coating OD d[mm] (Note 1)	Finishing OD [mm]	Wire model	
MR-J3CDL05M	0.5 to 5 (1.64 to 16.4)	0.08	20 (10 pairs)	7/0.127	222	0.38	61	UL20276 AWG#28 10pair (CREAM)	

Note 1. d is as shown below.



Conductor Insulation sheath

2. Standard OD. Max. OD is about 10% greater.

13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

13.9.2 Regenerative option

 The specified combinations of regenerative options, converter unit and drive unit
may only be used. Otherwise, a fire may occur.

POINT

POINT

 The calculation method of regenerative energy is the same as that for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to section 11.2 (2).

(1) Combination and regenerative power

The regenerative power values in the table are the regenerative power of the resistor and are not the rated power.

			Regenerativ	e Power [W]		
Converter unit	Drive unit	MR-RB139 (1.3 Ω)	(Note 1) Three MR-RB137 (1.3Ω) in parallel	MR-RB136-4 (5Ω)	(Note 2) Three MR-RB138-4 (5Ω) in parallel	
	MR-J3-DU30KB	1200	2000			
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	1300	3900			
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	\searrow				
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	私场有限公		1300	0000	
	MR-J3-DU45KB4	TIXAPKA			3900	
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	維修 此手				

Note. 1. The composite resistor value of three options is 1.3Ω . The resistor value of one option is 4Ω . 2. The composite resistor value of three options is 5Ω . The resistor value of one option is 15Ω .

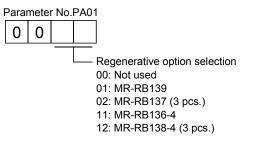
. The composite resistor value of three options is 5 Ω . The resistor value of one option is 15 Ω .

(2) Parameter setting

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 Always set parameter No.PA02 of the drive unit to "□□00"(Not used) since the regenerative option cannot be connected to the drive unit.

When using the regenerative option, set the parameter of the converter unit. Match parameter No.PA01 to the regenerative option used.



(3) Regenerative loss of drive unit and servo motor

Drive unit	Inverse efficiency [%]	C charge [J]		
MR-J3-DU30KB				
MR-J3-DU37KB		450		
MR-J3-DU30KB4	90			
MR-J3-DU37KB4				
MR-J3-DU45KB4				
MR-J3-DU55KB4				

(4) Connection of the regenerative option

Always supply 1-phase 200V and 400V respectively to the cooling fan. The cooling fan specifications are as follows.

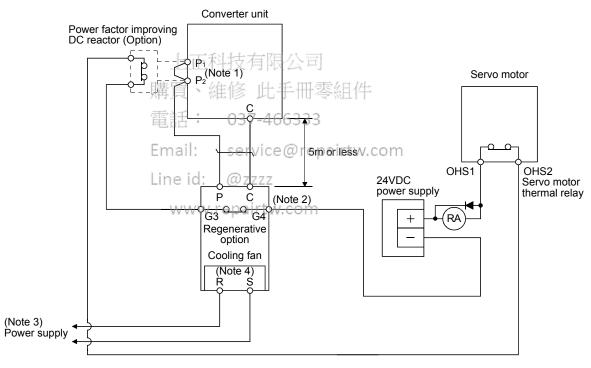
Item	200V class	400V class				
Model	MR-RB137 • MR-RB139	MR-RB136-4 • MR-RB138-4				
Voltage - Frequency	1-phase 198 to 242VAC, 50/60Hz	1-phase 380 to 480VAC, 50/60Hz				
Power consumption [W]	20 (50Hz)/18 (60Hz)	20 (50Hz)/18 (60Hz)				

Table 13.3 Cooling fan

The regenerative option generates heat of +100°C higher than the ambient temperature. Fully consider heat dissipation, installation position, used wires, etc. to place the option. For wiring, use flame-resistant wires or make the wires flame-resistant and keep them away from the regenerative option. The G3 and G4 terminals act as a thermal sensor. G3-G4 are opened when the regenerative option overheats abnormally.

Always twist the wires for connection with the converter unit and connect the wires within the overall distance of 5m.

(a) MR-RB139 • MR-RB136-4



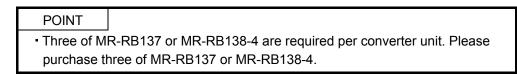
Note 1. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, remove the short bar across P1-P2.

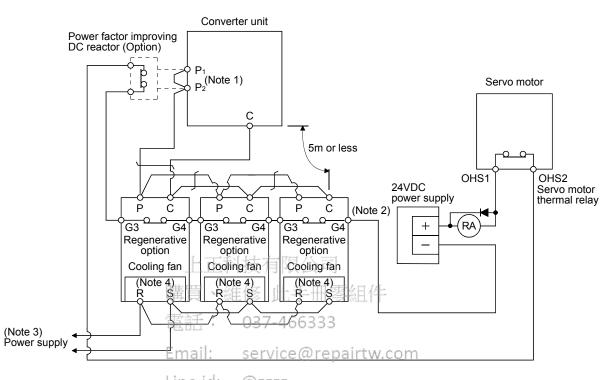
2. G3-G4 contact specifications Maximum voltage: 120V AC/DC Maximum current: 0.5V/4.8VDC

Maximum capacity: 2.4VA

- 3. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to Table 13.3.
- 4. For MR-RB136-4, "R" is "R400" and "S" is "S400".

(b) MR-RB137 • MR-RB138-4





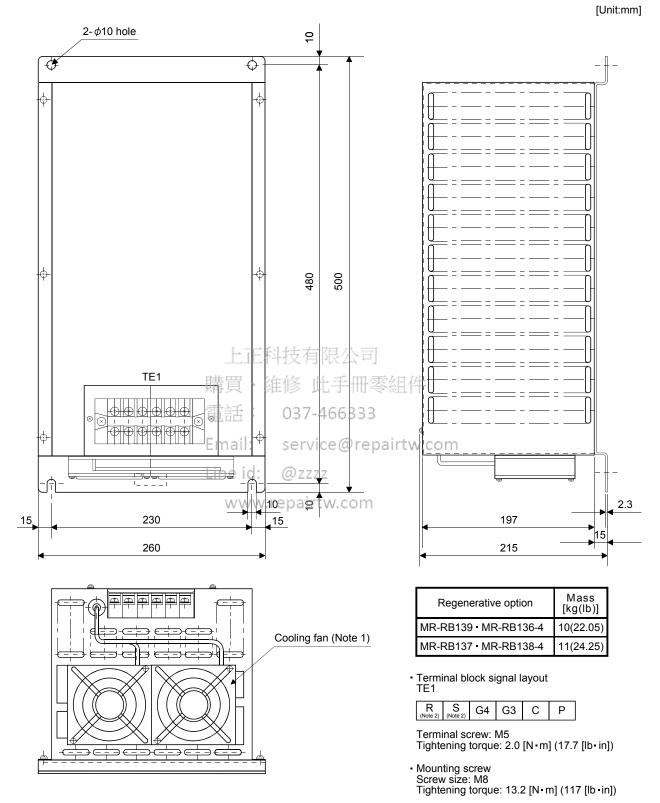
Note 1. When using the Power factor improving DC reactor, remove the short bar across P1-P2.

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2. G3-G4 contact specifications Maximum voltage: 120V AC/DC Maximum current: 0.5V/4.8VDC Maximum capacity: 2.4VA

- 3. For specifications of cooling fan power supply, refer to Table 13.3.
- 4. For MR-RB138-4, "R" is "R400" and "S" is "S400".

(5) Outline dimension drawings



Note 1. One cooling fan for MR-RB136-4, MR-RB138-4. 2. For MR-RB138-4, "R" is "R400" and "S" is "S400".

13.9.3 External dynamic brake

POINT	
-	up a sequence which switches off the contact of the brake unit after as) it has turned off the servo on (signal) at a power failure or
 For the bra section 13. 	king time taken when the dynamic brake is operated, refer to 8.3.
The brake	unit is rated for a short duration. Do not use it for high duty.

- The specifications of the input power supply for external dynamic brake are the same as those of the converter unit control circuit power supply.
- Operation timing is the same as that for servo amplifiers with 22kW or less.
 Refer to section 11.6.

(1) Selection of dynamic brake

The dynamic brake is designed to bring the servo motor to a sudden stop when a power failure occurs or the protective circuit is activated. When using the external dynamic brake, assign the dynamic brake interlock (DB) to any of CN3-9, CN3-13, and CN3-15 pins in parameter No.PD07 to PD09.

Converter unit	了一个Drive unit	Dynamic brake
庸 <u>M</u> R-J3-CR55K 」	MR-J3-DU30KB MR-J3-DU37KB	DBU-37K
률并· 027	MR-J3-DU30KB4	
■11日 · 057- MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	DBU-55K-4
Email: servi	MR-J3-DU45KB4	DBU-55K-4
ennam oorvi	MR-J3-DU55KB4	
Line id: @zzz	Z	

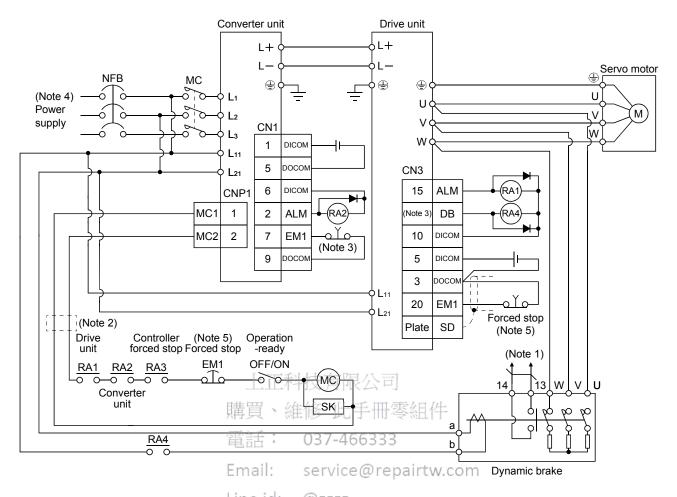
(2) Connection example

Use the following wires to connect the dynamic brake

Dynamic	Wire[mm ²] (Note)		
brake	a∎b	U·V·W	
DBU-37K	0	14	
DBU-55K-4	2	14	

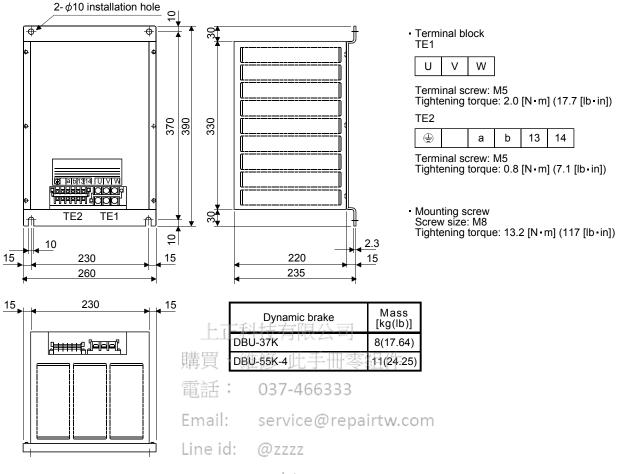
Note. Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire type: 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Construction condition: One wire is constructed in the air



- Note 1 Terminals 13, 14 are N/O contact outputs. When the dynamic brake has stuck, terminals 13, 14 are opened. Therefore, configure up the circuit to prevent servo-on in the external sequence.
 - up the circuit to prevent servo-on in the external sequence.
 2. For converter unit and servo amplifier 400 V class, stepdown transformer is required for coil voltage of magnetic contactor more than 200 V class.
 - 3. Assign the dynamic brake interlock (DB) in parameter No.PD07 to PD09.
 - 4. Refer to section 13.1.3 for the power supply specifications.
 - 5. Make up a sequence that turns off the drive unit forced stop (EM1) and the converter unit forced stop (EM1) at the same time.

(3) Outline dimension drawing



[Unit:mm]

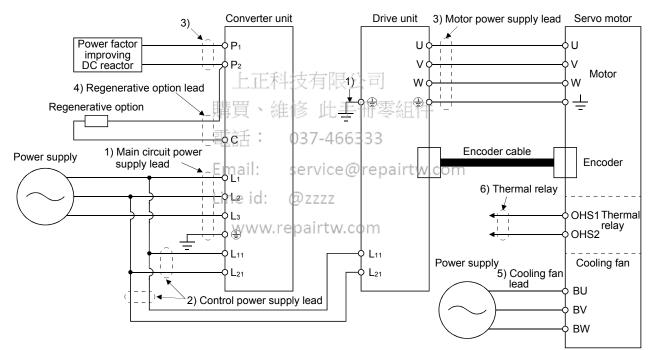
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13.9.4 Selection example of wires

POINT	
 Wires indic 	ated in this section are separated wires. When using a cable for
power line	(U, V, and W) between the servo amplifier and servo motor, use a
600V grad	e EP rubber insulated chloroprene sheath cab-tire cable (2PNCT).
For selecti	on of cables, refer to appendix 6.
	with the UL/C-UL (CSA) Standard, use UL-recognized copper I at 60°C (140°F) or more for wiring. To comply with other
	use a wire that is complied with each standard
- Selection of	condition of wire size is as follows.
Constru	ction condition: One wire is constructed in the air

Wire length: 30m or less

The following diagram shows the wires used for wiring. Use the wires given in this paragraph or equivalent.



(1) When using the 600V Polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (IV wire) Selection example of wire size when using IV wires is indicated below.

	(Nata 2)	Wires[mm ²] (Note 1, 3)					
Converter unit	(Note 2) Drive unit	1)	2)	3) U • V • W	4)	5)	6)
	Drive unit	L ₁ · L ₂ · L ₃ · 🕀	L ₁₁ • L ₂₁	P ₁ • P ₂ • 🕀	P ₂ [•] C	BU BV BW	OHS1 • OHS2
	MR-J3-DU30KB	50(AWG1/0): d		60(AWG2/0): d		2(4)4(C14)	
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	60(AWG2/0): d		(Note 4)	5.5(AWG10): a	2(AWG14)	4.05(4)4(0.40)
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	22(AWG4): b		30(AWG2): c			
	MR-J3-DU37KB4	30(AWG2): c	2(AWG14)	38(AWG2): c			1.25(AWG16)
	MR-J3-DU45KB4	38(AWG2): c		50(AWG1/0): d		1.25(AWG16)	
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	50(AWG1/0): d		60(AWG2/0): d			

Note 1. Alphabets in the table indicate crimping tools. For crimping terminals and applicable tools, refer to (3) in this section.

2. When connecting to the terminal block, be sure to use the screws which are provided with the terminal block.

3. For the servo motor with a cooling fan.

4. Wires are selected based on the highest rated current among combining servo motors.

(2) When using the 600V Grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (HIV wire) Selection example of wire size when using HIV wires is indicated below.

Table 13.5 Wire size selection example 2 (HIV)	wire)
--	-------

	(Nata 2)	購買、	維修此手	Wires[mm ²]	(Note 1, 3)		
Converter unit	(Note 2) Drive unit	$L_1 \stackrel{1)}{=} 1_2 \stackrel{1)}{=} 0$	2) 03.7-46	3) U V W P1 P2 ⊕	4) P ₂ • C	5) BU ' BV ' BW	6) OHS1 [•] OHS2
	MR-J3-DU30KB	38(AWG2): c		60(A)WG2/0)· d	u com	2(4)4(014)	
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	60(AWG2/0): d	Service	60(AWG2/0): d	v.com	2(AWG14)	
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	22(AWG4): b	QUARTZZZ	22(AWG4): e			4.05(4)4(0.40)
	MR-J3-DU37KB4	22(AWG4): b	2(AWG14)	22(AWG4): e	5.5(AWG10): a		1.25(AWG16)
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU45KB4	38(AWG2). c	.repairtw.	38(AWG2): c		1.25(AWG16)	
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	38(AWG2): c		38(AWG2): c			

Note 1. Alphabets in the table indicate crimping tools. For crimping terminals and applicable tools, refer to (3) in this section.

2. When connecting to the terminal block, be sure to use the screws which are provided with the terminal block.

3. For the servo motor with a cooling fan.

(3) Selection example of crimping terminals

The table below shows a selection example of crimping terminals for the servo amplifier terminal block when using the wires mentioned in (1) and (2) in this section.

		Servo amplifier side crimping terminals									
Symbol	(Note 2)		Applicable tool		Manufacturar						
	Crimping terminal	Body	Head	Dice	Manufacturer						
а	FVD5.5-10	YNT-1210S									
b	FVD22-10	YF-1 • E-4	YNE-38	DH-123 · DH113							
(Note 1)	R38-8	YPT-60-21									
с	R38-10	YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-124 • TD112	Japan Solderless Terminal						
(Note 1)	DC0 40	YPT-60-21			reminal						
d	R60-10	YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-125 • TD113							
е	FVD22-8	YF-1 • E-4	YNE-38	DH-123 • DH-113							

Note 1. Coat the part of crimping with the insulation tube.

2. Make sure to use recommended crimping terminals or equivalent since some crimping terminals cannot be installed depending on the size.

13.9.5 No-fuse breakers, fuses, magnetic contactors.

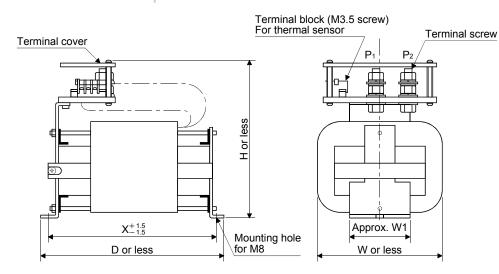
Always use one no-fuse breakers and one magnetic contactor with one drive unit.

		No-fuse	breaker		Fuse		
Converter unit	Drive unit	Power factor	Power factor		Current	Voltage	Magnetic
	Drive and	improving DC	improving DC	Class		AC [V]	contactor
		reactor is not used	reactor is used		[A]	AC [V]	
	MR-J3-DU30KB	400A frame 250A	225A frame 225A		450	250	S-N150
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU37KB	400A frame 300A	400A frame 300A		500	250	S-N180
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	225A frame 150A	225A frame 125A	т	225		S-N95
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU37KB4	225A frame 175A	225A frame 150A	I	250	600	S-N125
WIK-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU45KB4	225A frame 225A	225A frame 175A		350	600	S-N150
	MR-J3-DU55KB4	400A frame 250A	225A frame 225A		400		S-N180

13.9.6 Power factor improving DC reactor

The input power factor is improved to about 95%.

Converter unit	Drive unit	Power factor improving DC reactor	W	D	Н	W1	х	Terminal screw	Mass [kg (lb)]
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU30KB MR-J3-DU37KB	MR-DCL30K MR-DCL37K	公司	255	215	80	232	M12	9.5 (20.94)
	MR-J3-DU30KB4	買 MR-DCL30K41手	·冊零	205	5 16	75	175		6.5 (14.33)
	MR-J3-DU37KB4	話 MR-DCL37K-4	333 135	225	200		197		7 (15.43)
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU45KB4	nail: service@ MR-DCL45K-4	prepa	240	com	80	212	M8	7.5 (16.54)
	LIN MR-J3-DU55KB4	eld: @zzzz MR-DCL55K-4		260	215		232		9.5 (20.94)



[Unit: mm]

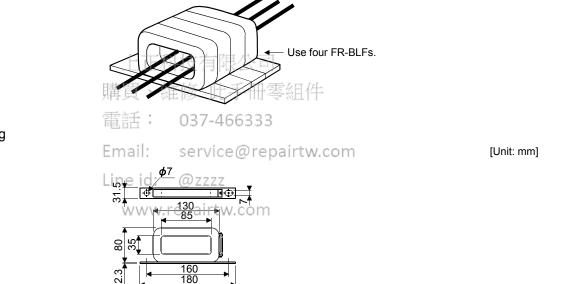
13.9.7 Line noise filter (FR-BLF)

POINT	
 This section 	n explains how to use the line noise filter unique to servo amplifiers
with a large	e capacity. Other noise reduction products are the same as those
for servo a	mplifiers with 22kW or less. Refer to section 11.17.

This filter is effective in suppressing noises radiated from the power supply side and output side of the converter unit, drive unit and also in suppressing high-frequency leakage current (zero-phase current) especially within 0.5MHz to 5MHz band. The filters are used with the converter power supply wires $(L_1 \cdot L_2 \cdot L_3)$ and drive unit power wires $(U \cdot V \cdot W)$.

(1) Usage

Pass the 3-phase wires through four line noise filters. When using the line noise filters with the power wires, passing the power wires together with the ground wire will reduce the filter effect. Run the ground wire separately from the power wires.



(2) Outline drawing

13 - 85

13.9.8 Leakage current breaker

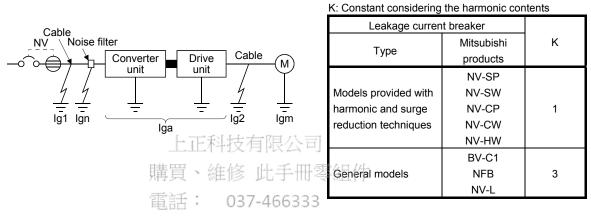
(1) Selection method

High-frequency chopper currents controlled by pulse width modulation flow in the AC servo circuits. Leakage currents containing harmonic contents are larger than those of the motor which is run with a commercial power supply.

Select a leakage current breaker according to the following formula, and ground the drive unit, servo motor, etc. securely.

Make the input and output cables as short as possible, and also make the grounding cable as long as possible (about 30cm) to minimize leakage currents.

Rated sensitivity current $\geq 10 \cdot \{lg1 + lgn + lga + K \cdot (lg2 + lgm)\} + [mA] \cdots (13.2)$



- Ig1: Leakage current on the electric channel from the leakage current breaker to the input terminals of the drive unit (Found from Fig. 13.3.)
- Ig2: Leakage current on the electric channel from the output terminals of the servo amplifier to the servo motor (Found from Fig. 13.3.)
- Ign: Leakage current when a filter is connected to the input side (4.4mA per one FR-BIF or FR-BIF-H)
- Iga: Leakage current of the drive unit (Found from Table 13.7.)
- Igm: Leakage current of the servo motor (Found from Table 13.6.)

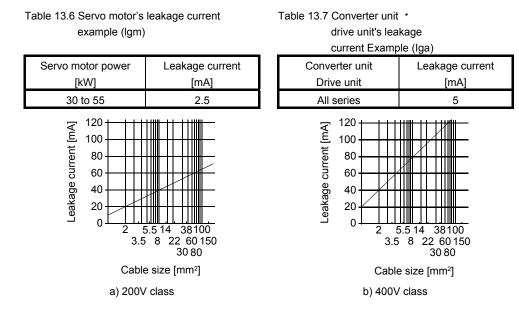
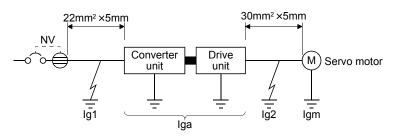


Fig.13.3 Leakage current example (Ig1, Ig2) for CV cable run in metal conduit

(2) Selection example

Indicated below is an example of selecting a leakage current breaker under the following conditions.



Use a leakage current breaker designed for suppressing harmonics/surges. Find the terms of Equation (13.2) from the diagram.

$$\begin{split} &|g1 = 95 \times \frac{5}{1000} = 0.475 \, [mA] \\ &|g2 = 105 \times \frac{5}{1000} = 0.525 \, [mA] \\ &|gn = 0 (not used) \\ &|ga = 5 \, [mA] \\ &|gm = 2.5 \, [mA] \\ &|gm = 2.5 \, [mA] \\ &|Isert these values in Equation (13.2). \\ &|Email: service@repairtw.com \\ &|g \ge 10 \cdot \{0.475 + 0 + 5 + 1 \cdot (0.525 + 2.5)\}_{d}: @zzzz \\ &\ge 85 \, [mA] \\ &|WWW.repairtw.com \\ \end{split}$$

According to the result of calculation, use a leakage current breaker having the rated sensitivity current (Ig) of 85[mA] or more. A leakage current breaker having Ig of 200[mA] is used with the NV-SP/SW/CP/CW/HW series.

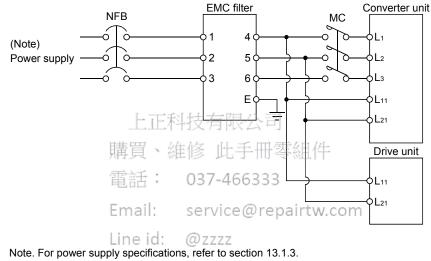
13.9.9 EMC filter (recommended)

For compliance with the EMC directive of the EN Standard, it is recommended to use the following filter. Some EMC filters are large in leakage current.

(1) Converter unit • Drive unit

O secondaria de la constitu	Drive with	Recomme (Soshin	nded filter Electric)	Mana final
Converter unit	verter unit Drive unit		Leakage current [mA]	Mass [kg]
MR-J3-CR55K	MR-J3-DU30KB • MR-J3-DU37KB	HF3200A-UN	9	18
MR-J3-CR55K4	MR-J3-DU30KB4 to MR-J3-DU55KB4	TF3150C-TX	5.5	31

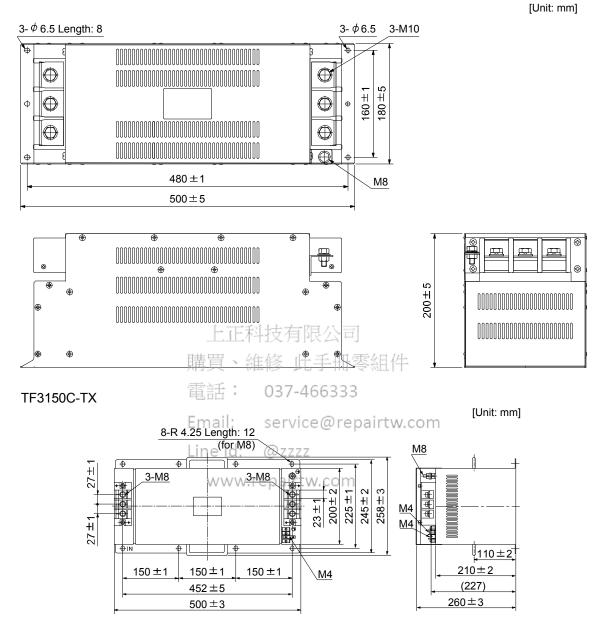
(2) Connection example



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(3) Outline drawing

HF3200A-UN



13.9.10 FR-BU2-(H) Brake Unit

POINT Use a 200V class brake unit and a resistor unit with a 2 unit, and a 400V class brake unit and a resistor unit wi converter unit. Combination of different voltage class upper sector of the sect	th a 400V class						
 Install a brake unit and a resistor unit on a flat surface unit is installed horizontally or diagonally, the heat diss diminishes. 							
 Temperature of the resistor unit case rises to higher th and flammable materials away from the case. 	an 100°C. Keep cables						
	• Ambient temperature condition of the brake unit is between -10° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C. Note that the condition is different from the ambient temperature condition of the converter unit (between 0° C to $+55^{\circ}$ C).						
 Configure the circuit to shut down the power-supply wi the brake unit and the resistor unit under abnormal cor 	•						
 Use the brake unit with a combination indicated in (1) of 	of this section.						
	 For executing a continuous regenerative operation, use FR-RC-(H) power regeneration converter or FR-CV-(H) power regeneration common converter. 						
• When using the brake unit, set the parameters as shown below.							
Setting value							
Parameter No.PA01 of the MR-J3-CR55K(4) converter unit	Parameter No.PA01 of the MR-J3-CR55K(4) converter unit						
Parameter No PA02 of the drive and repairtw.com							

					-Li	ne-i	d:	@zz	22											_	
nect the b	orake	unit to	o the	bus	of th	ne/co	nverte	erpunit	r(<u>t</u> v).	and	n	of T	E2-	1) fo	r use	. As	com	pare	ed to	the N	/IR-
							• •														

Connect the brake unit to the bus of the converter unit (L/+ and L- of TE2-1) for use. As compared to the MR-RB regenerative brake option, the brake unit can return larger power. Use the brake unit when the regenerative brake option cannot provide sufficient regenerative brake capability.

When using the brake unit, always refer to the FR-BU2-(H) Brake Unit Instruction Manual.

(1) Selection

Use a combination of converter unit, brake unit and resistor unit listed below.

	Brake unit	Resistor unit	Number of connected units	Permissible continuous power [kW]	Total resistance [Ω]	Applicable converter unit
200V	FR-BU2-55K	FR-BR-55K	2 (parallel)	7.82	1	MR-J3-CR55K
class		MT-BR5-55K	2 (parallel)	11.0	1	MR-J3-CR55K
400V	FR-BU2-H55K	FR-BR-H55K	2 (parallel)	7.82	4	MR-J3-CR55K4
class	FR-BU2-H75K	MT-BR5-H75K	2 (parallel)	15.0	3.25	MR-J3-CR55K4

(2) Brake unit parameter setting

Normally, changing parameters of the FR-BU2-(H) is not necessary. Whether a parameter can be changed or not is listed below.

	Parameter	Change	
No.	Name	possible/ impossible	Remarks
0	Brake mode switchover	Impossible	Do not change the parameter.
1	Monitor display data selection	Possible	Refer to FR-BU2-(H) Brake Unit Instruction Manual.
2	Input terminal function selection 1	Impossible	Do not change the parameter
3	Input terminal function selection 2		
77	Parameter write selection		
78	Cumulative energization time carrying-over times		
CLr	Parameter clear		
ECL	Alarm history clear		
C1	For manufacturer setting		

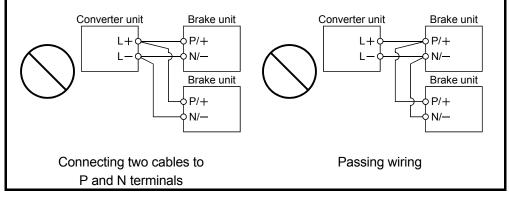
(3) Connection example

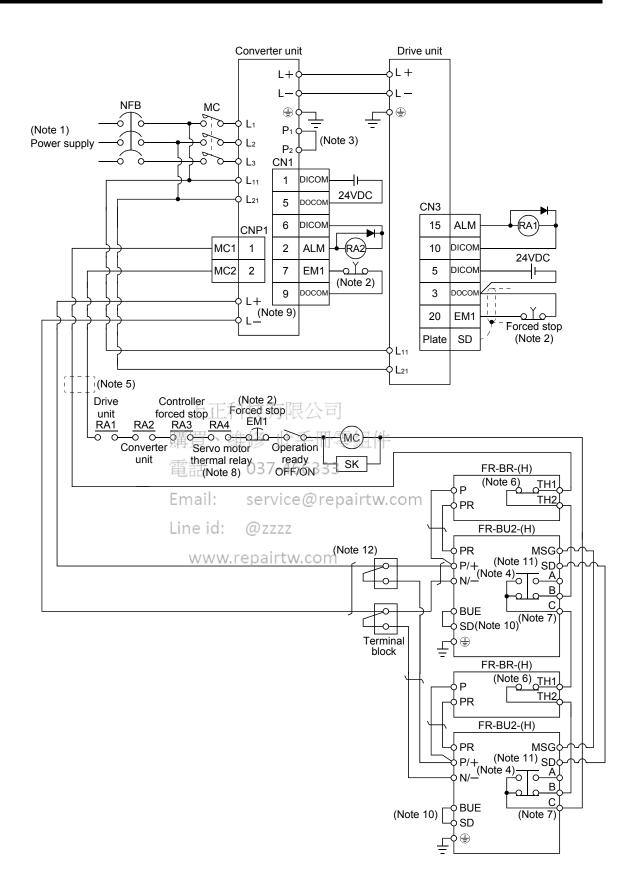
POINT
 Connecting PR terminal of the brake unit to L+ terminal of the converter unit results in a brake unit malfunction. Always connect the PR terminal of the brake unit to the PR terminal of the resistor unit.

(a) Combination with FR-BR-(H) resistor unit service@repairtw.com

POINT LINE IG. @2222

- To use brake units with a parallel connection, use two sets of FR-BU2-(H) brake unit. Combination with other brake unit results in alarm occurrence or malfunction.
- Always connect the master and slave terminals (MSG and SD) of the two brake units.
- Do not connect as shown below.



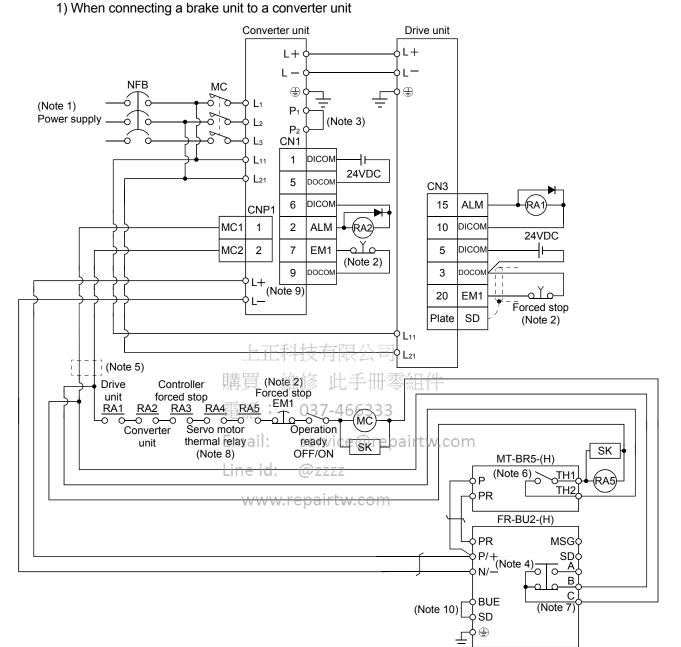


13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 13.1.3.

- 2. Configure the circuit to turn OFF the forced stop (EM1) of the drive unit and the converter unit at the same time.
- 3. Always connect P1 and P2 terminals (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 13.9.6.
- 4. Connect P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in the converter unit and brake unit malfunction.
- 5. For the converter unit and the drive unit of 400V class, a stepdown transformer is required.
- 6. Contact rating: 1b contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
- Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting.
- 7. Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.
- 8. Connect the thermal relay censor of the servo motor.
- 9. Do not connect more than one cable to each L+ and L- terminals of TE2-1 of the converter unit.
- 10. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).
- 11. Connect MSG and SD terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in the converter unit and brake unit malfunction.
- 12. For connecting L+ and L-- terminals of TE2-1 of the converter unit to the terminal block, use the cable indicated in (3) (d) of this section.

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(b) Combination with MT-BR5-(H) resistor unit

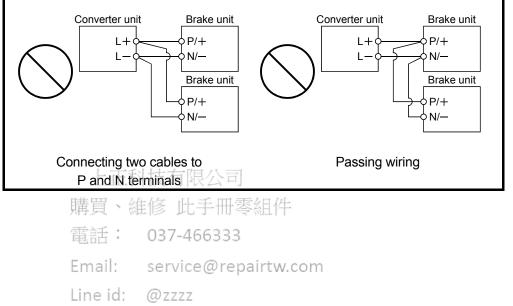
Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 13.1.3.

- 2. Configure the circuit to turn OFF the forced stop (EM1) of the drive unit and the converter unit at the same time.
- 3. Always connect P_1 and P_2 terminals (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 13.9.6.
- 4. Connect P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in the converter unit and brake unit malfunction.
- 5. For the converter unit and the drive unit of 400V class, a stepdown transformer is required.
- 6. Contact rating: 1a contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
- Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting.
- 7. Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.
- 8. Connect the thermal relay censor of the servo motor.
- 9. Do not connect more than one cable to each L+ and L- terminals of TE2-1 of the converter unit.
- 10. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).

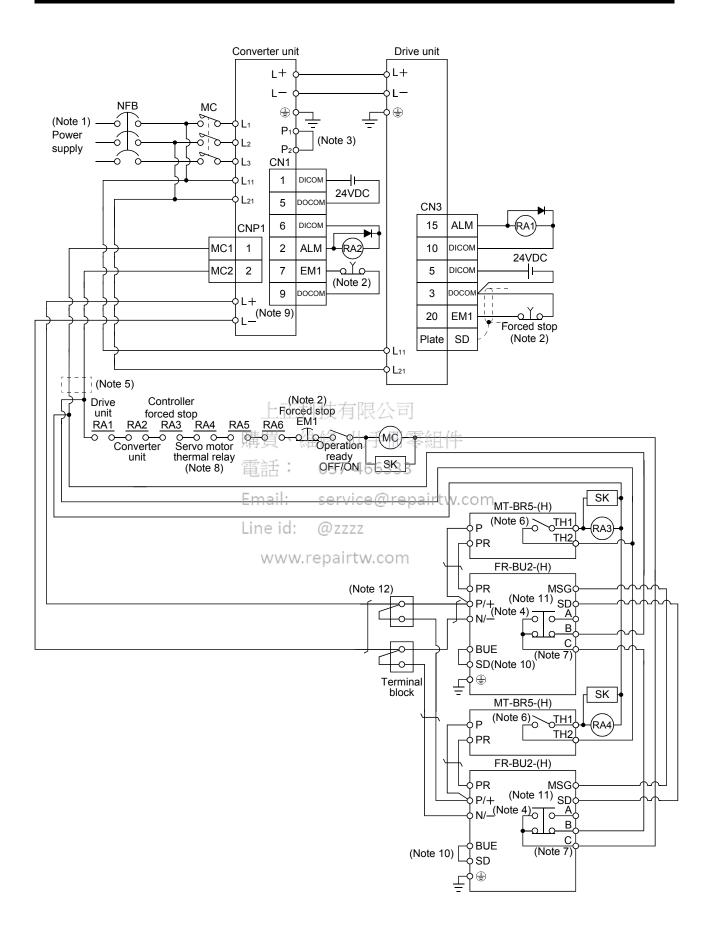
2) When connecting two brake units to a converter unit



- To use brake units with a parallel connection, use two sets of FR-BU2-(H) brake unit. Combination with other brake unit results in alarm occurrence or malfunction.
- Always connect the master and slave terminals (MSG and SD) of the two brake units.
- Do not connect the converter unit and brake units as below. Connect the cables with a terminal block to distribute as indicated in this section.



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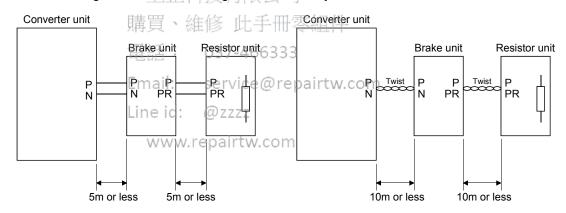


13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

Note 1. For power supply specifications, refer to section 13.1.3.

- 2. Configure the circuit to turn OFF the forced stop (EM1) of the drive unit and the converter unit at the same time.
- 3. Always connect P1 and P2 terminals (Factory-wired). When using the power factor improving DC reactor, refer to section 13.9.6.
- 4. Connect P/+ and N/- terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in the converter unit and brake unit malfunction.
- 5. For the converter unit and the drive unit of 400V class, a stepdown transformer is required.
- 6. Contact rating: 1a contact, 110VAC_5A/220VAC_3A
- Normal condition: TH1-TH2 is conducting. Abnormal condition: TH1-TH2 is not conducting.
- Contact rating: 230VAC_0.3A/30VDC_0.3A
 Normal condition: B-C is conducting/A-C is not conducting. Abnormal condition: B-C is not conducting/A-C is conducting.
- 8. Connect the thermal relay censor of the servo motor.
- 9. Do not connect more than one cable to each L+ and L- terminals of TE2-1 of the converter unit.
- 10. Always connect BUE and SD terminals (Factory-wired).
- 11. Connect MSG and SD terminals of the brake unit to a correct destination. Wrong connection results in the converter unit and brake unit malfunction.
- 12. For connecting L+ and L-- terminals of TE2-1 of the converter unit to the terminal block, use the cable indicated in (3) (d) of this section.
- (c) Precautions for wiring

The cables between the converter unit and the brake unit, and between the resistor unit and the brake unit should be as short as possible. Always twist the cable longer than 5m (twist five times or more per one meter). Even when the cable is twisted, the cable should be less than 10m. Using cables longer than 5m without twisting or twisted cables longer than 10m, may result in the brake unit malfunction.



(d) Cables

1) Cables for the brake unit

For the brake unit, HIV cable (600V grade heat-resistant PVC insulated wire) is recommended.

a) Main circuit terminal

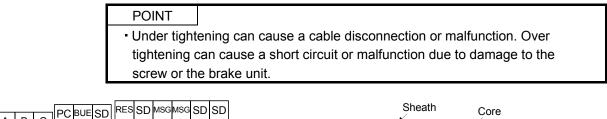
_			
L	N/—	P/+	PR

Terminal	block
----------	-------

	Brake unit		Main Crimping circuit terminal Ti			Wire size		
ET I					Tightening	N/—, P/+, PR, 🕀		
			terminal screw size	N/−, P/+, PR, ⊕	torque [N · m]	HIV wire [mm ²]	AWG	
	200V class	FR-BU2-55K	M6	14-6	4.4	14	6	
	400V	FR-BU2-H55K	M5	5.5-5	2.5	5.5	10	
	class	FR-BU2-H75K	M6	14-6	4.4	14	6	

13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

b) Control circuit terminal





Terminal block

Wire the stripped cable after twisting to prevent the cable from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it. Screw size: M3 Tightening torque: 0.5N • m to 0.6N • m Wire size: 0.3mm² to 0.75 mm² Screw driver: Small flat-blade screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm/Tip width 2.5mm)

2) Cables for connecting the servo amplifier and a distribution terminal block when connecting two sets of the brake unit 上正科技有限公司

E	購買	、維修 此手	—————————————————————————————————————	size
in the second	副話	Brake unit 037-466	HIV wire 333[mm²]	AWG
E	200V class	FR-BU255Kice@	prep 3 8irtw.	com²
1	400V	FR-BU2-H55K	14	6
Let .	class	FR-BU2-H75K	38	2

13. SERVO AMPLIFIERS WITH A LARGE CAPACITY (30k TO 55kW)

- (e) Crimping terminals for L+ and L- terminals of TE2-1 of servo amplifier
 - 1) Recommended crimping terminals

POINT

• Always use recommended crimping terminals or equivalent since some crimping terminals cannot be installed depending on the size.

	Converter unit	Brake unit	Number of connected units	Crimping terminal (Manufacturer)	(Note 1) Applicable tool
200V class	MR-J3-CR55K	FR-BU2-55K	2	38-S6(Japan Solderless Terminal) (Note 2) R38-6S (NICHIFU) (Note 2)	а
400V	MR-J3-CR55K4	FR-BU2-H55K	2	FVD14-6(Japan Solderless Terminal)	b
class		FR-BU2-H75K	2	38-S6(Japan Solderless Terminal) (Note 2) R38-6S (NICHIFU) (Note 2)	а

Note 1. Symbols in the applicable tool field indicate the following applicable tools.

	Servo an	nplifier side crimp	ing terminals	
Crimping		Crimping termina	al	Manufacturer
terminal	Body	Head	Dice	Manufacturer
購-56 、維伯	YPT-60-21 YF-1 • E-4	YET-60-1	TD-124 • TD-112	Japan Solderless Terminal
R38-6S	NOP6066333 NOM60			NICHIFU
Email: s FDV14-6	ervice@re YF-1 · E-4	YNE-38	DH-112 • DH-122	Japan Solderless Terminal
	-terminal 十 翡-56 、维伯 第38-65 Email: s	Crimping terminal Body 38-S6 YPT-60-21 YF-1 · E-4 R38-6S NOM60 Mail: Service@re	Crimping terminal Body Head 38-S6 YF-1 - E-4 YET-60-1 R38-6S NOM60 Email: Service@repairtw.com	terminal Body Head Dice 38-56 PT-60-21 TD-124 • TD-112 YF-1 • E-4 YET-60-1 TD-124 • TD-112 R38-6S NOM60 Email: Service@repairtw.com

2. Coat the crimping part with an insulation tube pairtw.com

Æ

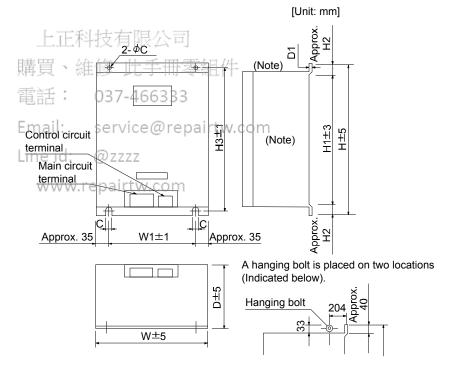
(4) Outline dimension drawings

(a) FR-BU2- (H) brake unit

FR-BU2-55K FR-BU2-H55K, H75K

 $2-\phi$ 5hole (Screw size: M4) Π (Pr) 🐻 118 128 Rating plate 000000000 5 5 5 <u>158</u> 170 6 18.5 52 72

(b) FR-BR- (H) resistor unit

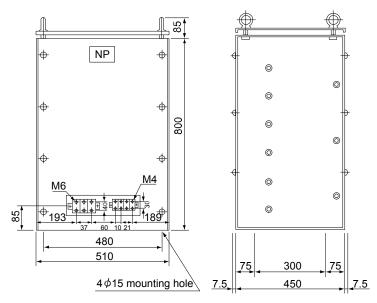


Note. Ventilation ports are provided on both sides and the top. The bottom is open.

I	Resistor unit	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	H3	D	D1	С	Approximate mass [kg]
200V class	FR-BR-55K	480	410	700	620	40	670	450	3.2	12	70
400V class	FR-BR-H55K	480	410	700	620	20	670	450	3.2	12	70

[Unit: mm]

142.5



[Unit: mm] Resistance Approximate Resistor unit mass [kg] value 200V MT-BR5-55K **2.0**Ω 50 class 400V MT-BR5-H75K 6.5Ω 70 class

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App. 1 Parameter list

POINT

• Parameter whose symbol is preceded by * is made valid with the following conditions.

- * : Set the parameter value, switch power off once after setting, and then switch it on again, or perform the controller reset.
- **: Set the parameter value, switch power off once, and then switch it on again.

App. 1.1 Servo amplifier (drive unit)

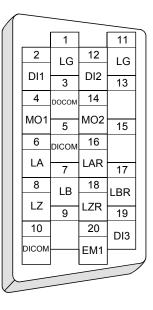
Basic setting parameters (PA □ □) No. Symbol Name PA01 For manufacturer setting No. Symbol Name PA02 **REG Regenerative option PB01 FILT Adaptive tuning mode (Adaptive to the setting) PA03 *ABS Absolute position detection system PB02 VRFT Vibration suppression control filte (advanced vibration suppression) PA04 *AOP1 Function selection A-1 PB03 For manufacturer setting PA05 For manufacturer setting PB04 FFC Feed forward gain PA07 PA08 ATU Auto tuning mode PB06 GD2 For manufacturer setting PA09 RSP Auto tuning response PB07 PG1 Model loop gain PA10 INP In-position range PB08 PG22 Pcstiton loop gain PA13 For manufacturer setting PB09 VG2 Speed loop gain PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB11 VDC Speed differential compensation PA16 For manufacturer setting Line Id: @2 PB14 NH2	filter II) er tuning mode control) f load inertia oment filter 1
PA01For manufacturer settingPA02**REGRegenerative optionPA03*ABSAbsolute position detection systemPA04*AOP1Function selection A-1PA05 to PA07For manufacturer settingPA08ATUPA09RSPAuto tuning modeFor manufacturer settingPA10INPIn-position rangeFor manufacturer settingPA11 to PA13For manufacturer settingPA14*POLRotation direction selectionPA16 to PA18PA18For manufacturer setting Line id:PA18WWWW reg	er tuning mode control) f load inertia oment filter 1
PA02**REGRegenerative optionPA03*ABSAbsolute position detection systemPA04*AOP1Function selection A-1PA05For manufacturer settingtoFor manufacturer settingPA07PB08PA08ATUPA09RSPPA10INPIn-position rangePA11For manufacturer settingtoPB08PA11For manufacturer settingPA13PA14*POLPA15*ENRPA16For manufacturer setting Line id:PA18WWW/reePA18	er tuning mode control) f load inertia oment filter 1
PA03*ABSAbsolute position detection systemPA04*AOP1Function selection A-1PA05For manufacturer settingPA05For manufacturer settingPA07PB08PA08ATUPA09RSPPA10INPIn-position rangePB06PA11For manufacturer settingroPA13PA14*POLPA15*ENRPA16For manufacturer setting Line id:PA18For manufacturer setting Line id:PA18WWW/regPA18WWW/reg	f load inertia oment filter 1
PA05 to PA07For manufacturer settingPB04FFCFeed forward gain For manufacturer settingPA07 PA08ATUAuto tuning mode PA09For manufacturer setting Ratio of moment to servo motor inertia mo PB06PA09 PA10INPIn-position rangeFor manufacturer settingPA11 to PA13For manufacturer settingPB07PG1PA14 PA13For manufacturer settingPB09VG2Speed loop gainPA14 PA15 *ENREncoder output pulsesPB11 VDCVDCSpeed differential compensation PB13PA16 to PA18For manufacturer setting Line id:PB15NH1 PB16Machine resonance suppression PB16PA18WWW/reprPB16 NHQ2NHQ2Notch form selection 2	oment
to PA07PB05For manufacturer setting moment to servo motor inertia moment moment to servo motor inertia moment PB06PA09RSPAuto tuning responsePB07PG1Model loop gainPA10INPIn-position rangePB08PG2Position loop gainPA11For manufacturer setting to PA13For manufacturer settingPB09VG2Speed loop gainPA14*POLRotation direction selection manufacturer settingPB10VICSpeed differential compensationPA14*POLRotation direction selection manufacturer settingPB13NH1Machine resonance suppressionPA16 to PA18For manufacturer setting Line id:PB16NHQ2Notch form selection 2	oment
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PA08 ATU Auto tuning mode moment to servo motor inertia mode PA09 RSP Auto tuning response PB07 PG1 Model loop gain PA10 INP In-position range PB03 PG2 Position loop gain PA11 For manufacturer setting PB03 VG2 Speed loop gain PA13 PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB10 VIC Speed differential compensation PA15 *ENR Encoder output pulses For manufacturer setting PB13 NH1 Machine resonance suppression PA18 WWW reper PB16 NHQ2 Notch form selection 2	oment
PA08 A10 Auto tuning mode Moment to serve motor inertia mode PA09 RSP Auto tuning response PB07 PG1 Model loop gain PA10 INP In-position range PB08 PG2 Position loop gain PA11 For manufacturer setting PB09 VG2 Speed loop gain PA13 PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB10 VIC Speed differential compensation PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB11 VDC Speed differential compensation PA16 For manufacturer setting Line Id: PB13 NH1 Machine resonance suppression PA18 WWW report PB16 NHQ2 Notch form selection 2	filter 1
PA10 INP In-position range PR04 PB08 PG2 Position loop gain PA11 For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting PB09 VG2 Speed loop gain PA13 PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB11 VDC Speed differential compensation PA14 *POL Rotation direction selection PB12 For manufacturer setting PA16 For manufacturer setting Line id: PB14 NH01 Notch form selection 1 PA18 WWW regative PB16 NH02 Notch form selection 2	
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PA16 to PA18 For manufacturer setting Line id: 2 PB14 NHQ1 Notch form selection 1 PB15 NH2 Machine resonance suppression PB16 NHQ2 Notch form selection 2	
to PA18 PB15 NH2 Machine resonance suppression WWW.rega PB16 NHQ2 Notch form selection 2	
to PA18 PB15 NH2 Machine resonance suppression WWW.rega PB16 NHQ2 Notch form selection 2	
	filter 2
PA19 *BLK Parameter write inhibit PB17 Automatic setting parameter	
PB18 LPF Low-pass filter	
PB19 VRF1 Vibration suppression control vibr	ration frequency
setting	
PB20 VRF2 Vibration suppression control res	sonance frequency
DD24 Setting	
PB21 For manufacturer setting PB22	
PB23 VFBF Low-pass filter selection PB24 *MVS Slight vibration suppression contr	ral coloction
PB25 For manufacturer setting	
PB26 *CDP Gain changing selection	
PB27 CDL Gain changing condition	
PB28 CDT Gain changing time constant	
Gain changing ratio of load inertia	a moment to servo
PB29 GD2B motor inertia moment	
PB30 PG2B Gain changing position loop gain	
PB31 VG2B Gain changing speed loop gain	
PB32 VICB Gain changing speed integral cor	mpensation
Gain changing vibration suppress	
PB33 VRF1B vibration frequency setting	
PB34 VRF2B Gain changing vibration suppress	sion control
PB34 VRF2B resonance frequency setting	
PB35 For manufacturer setting	
to	
PB45	

	Ext	ension setting parameters (PC □ □)			I/O setting parameters (PD □ □)
No.	Symbol	Name	No.	Symbol	Name
PC01	*ERZ	Error excessive alarm level	PD01	\setminus	For manufacturer setting
PC02	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence output	to		
PC03	*ENRS	Encoder output pulses selection	PD06		
PC04	**COP1	Function selection C-1	PD07	*DO1	Output signal device selection 1 (CN3-13)
PC05	**COP2	Function selection C-2	PD08	*DO2	Output signal device selection 2 (CN3-9)
PC06	*COP3	Function selection C-3	PD09	*DO3	Output signal device selection 3 (CN3-15)
PC07	ZSP	Zero speed	PD10	\land	For manufacturer setting
PC08		For manufacturer setting	to		
PC09	MOD1	Analog monitor 1 output	PD13		
PC10	MOD2	Analog monitor 2 output	PD14	*DOP3	Function selection D-3
PC11	MO1	Analog monitor 1 offset	PD15	\backslash	For manufacturer setting
PC12	MO2	Analog monitor 2 offset	to		
PC13	MOSDL	Analog monitor feedback position output	PD32		
		standard data Low			
PC14	MOSDH	Analog monitor feedback position output			
		standard data High			
PC15	\backslash	For manufacturer setting			
to					
PC16		E march all F F F F			
PC17	**COP4	Function selection C-4 上正科技者	限公	Π	
PC18	$\left \right\rangle$	For manufacturer setting 購買、維修	中主日	1.(汞)4日	14-
to		, 相見、 御郎	ll-j-11	11令社	
PC20	+556		46633	33	
PC21	*BPS	Alarm history clear			
PC22	$ \setminus $	For manufacturer setting Email: serv	ice@r	epairt	tw.com
to PC32		Line id: @zz	77		

App. 1.2 Converter unit

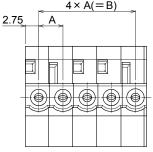
No.	Symbol	Name
PA01	*REG	Regenerative selection
PA02	*MCC	Magnetic contactor drive output selection
PA03		For manufacturer setting
to	\backslash	
PA07		
PA08	*DMD	Status display selection
PA09	*BPS	Alarm history clear
PA10		For manufacturer setting
PA11		
PA12	*DIF	Input filter setting
PA13		For manufacture setting
to		
PA19		

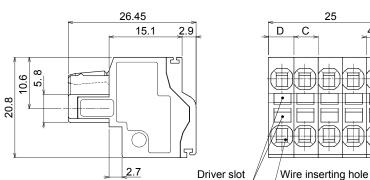
App. 2 Signal layout recording paper



App. 3 Twin type connector : Outline drawing for 721-2105/026-000 (WAGO)







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App. 4 Change of connector sets to the RoHS compatible products

The following connector sets have been changed to RoHS compliant since June 2014. RoHS compliant and non-RoHS compliant connector sets may be mixed based on availability. Only the components of the connector set that have changed are listed below.

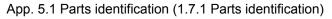
Model	Current Product	RoHS Compatible Product
MR-J3SCNS	Amplifier connector (3M or equivalent of 3M)	Amplifier connector (3M or equivalent of 3M)
MR-ECNM	36210-0100JL (Receptacle) (Note)	36210-0100PL (Receptacle)
MR-PWCNS4	Power supply connector (DDK)	Power supply connector (DDK)
	CE05-6A18-10SD-B-BSS (Connector and Back shell)	CE05-6A18-10SD-D-BSS (Connector and Back shell)
	CE3057-10A-1 (D265) (Cable clump)	CE3057-10A-1-D (Cable clump)
MR-PWCNS5	Power supply connector (DDK)	Power supply connector (DDK)
	CE05-6A22-22SD-B-BSS (Connector and Back shell)	CE05-6A22-22SD-D-BSS (Connector and Back shell)
	CE3057-12A-1 (D265) (Cable clump)	CE3057-12A-1-D (Cable clump)
MR-PWCNS3	Power supply connector (DDK)	Power supply connector (DDK)
	CE05-6A32-17SD-B-BSS (Connector and Back shell)	CE05-6A32-17SD-D-BSS (Connector and Back shell)
	CE3057-20A-1 (D265) (Cable clump)	CE3057-20A-1-D (Cable clump)
MR-PWCNS1	Power supply connector (DDK)	Power supply connector (DDK)
	CE05-6A22-23SD-B-BSS (Connector and Back shell)	CE05-6A22-23SD-D-BSS (Connector and Back shell)
	CE3057-12A-2 (D265) (Cable clump)	CE3057-12A-2-D (Cable clump)
MR-PWCNS2	Power supply connector (DDK)	Power supply connector (DDK)
	CE05-6A24-10SD-B-BSS (Connector and Back shell)	CE05-6A24-10SD-D-BSS (Connector and Back shell)
	CE3057-16A-2 (D265) (Cable clump)	CE3057-16A-2-D (Cable clump)
MR-BKCN	Electromagnetic brake connector	Electromagnetic brake connector
	MS3106A10SL-4S(D190) (Plug, DDK) 7_166222	D/MS3106A10SL-4S(D190) (Plug, DDK)
MR-CCN1	Amplifier connector (3M or equivalent of 3M)	Amplifier connector (3M or equivalent of 3M)
	10120-3000VE (connector) service@rer	10120-3000PE (connector)

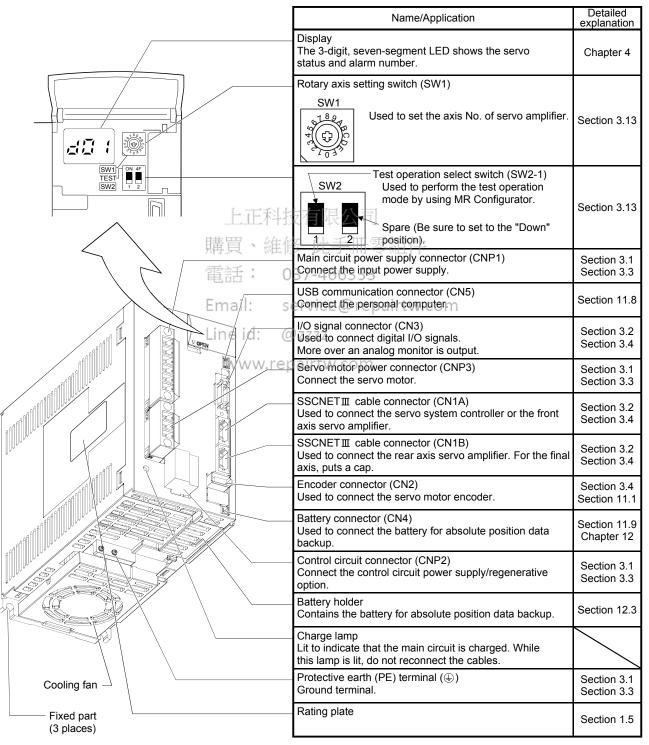
Note. RoHS compatible 36210-0100FD may be packed with current connector sets.

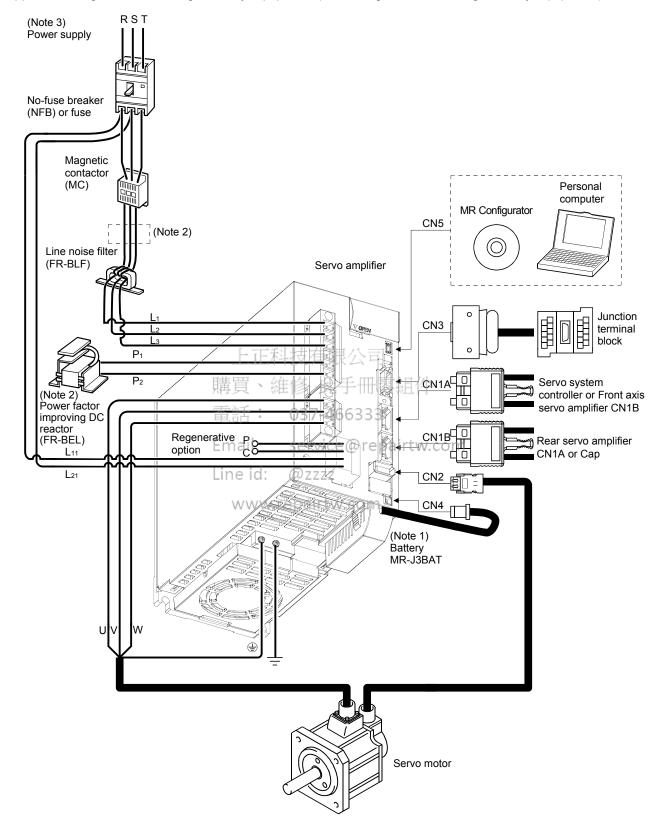
Line id: @zzzz

App. 5 MR-J3-200B-RT servo amplifier

Connectors (CNP1, CNP2, and CNP3) and appearance of MR-J3-200B servo amplifier have been changed from January 2008 production. Model name of the existing servo amplifier is changed to MR-J3-200B-RT. The difference between new MR-J3-200B servo amplifier and existing MR-J3-200B-RT servo amplifier is described in this appendix. Sections within parentheses in the following sections indicate corresponding sections of the instruction manual.







App. 5.2 Configuration including auxiliary equipment (1.8 Configuration including auxiliary equipment)

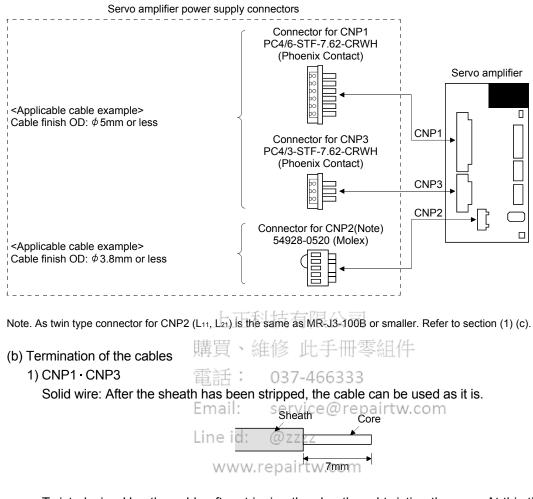
Note 1. The battery (option) is used for the absolute position detection system in the position control mode.

2. The AC reactor can also be used. In this case, the DC reactor cannot be used. When not using DC reactor, short P1-P2.

3. Refer to section 1.3 for the power supply specification.

App. 5.3 CNP1, CNP2, CNP3 wiring method (3.3.3 CNP1, CNP2, CNP3 wiring method)

(a) Servo amplifier power supply connectors



Twisted wire: Use the cable after stripping the sheath and twisting the core. At this time, take care to avoid a short caused by the loose wires of the core and the adjacent pole. Do not solder the core as it may cause a contact fault. Alternatively, a bar terminal may be used to put the wires together.

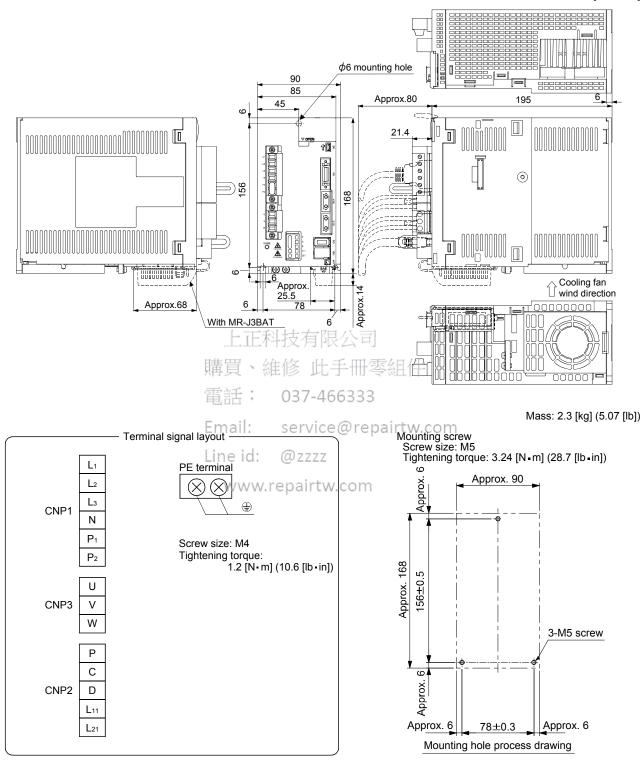
Cable	e size	Bar terminal type			Manufactures
[mm ²]	AWG	For 1 cable	For 2 cables	Crimping tool	Manufacturer
1.25/1.5	16	AI1.5-8BK	AI-TWIN2×1.5-8BK		
2.0/2.5	14	AI2.5-8BU	AI-TWIN2×2.5-10BU	CRIMPFOX-ZA3	Phoenix Contact
3.5	12	Al4-10Y			

2) CNP2

CNP2 is the same as MR-J3-100B or smaller capacities. Refer to section 3.3.3 (1) (b).

App. 5.4 OUTLINE DRAWINGS (Chapter 9 OUTLINE DRAWINGS)

[Unit: mm]



App. 6 Selection example of servo motor power cable

POINT

- Selection condition of wire size is as follows.

Wire length: 30m or less

 Depending on the cable selected, there may be cases that the cable does not fit into the Mitsubishi optional or recommended cable clamp. Select a cable clamp according to the cable diameter.

Selection example when using the 600V grade EP rubber insulated chloroprene sheath cab-tire cable (2PNCT) for servo motor power (U, V, and W) is indicated below.

Servo motor	Wire size [mm ²]		Servo motor	Wire size [mm ²]		Servo motor	Wire size [mm ²]
HF-SP52	1.25		HC-LP152	2		HA-LP30K2	60
HF-SP102	1.25		HC-LP202	3.5		HA-LP37K2	60
HF-SP152	2		HC-LP302	5.5		HA-LP6014	5.5
HF-SP202	2		HC-UP72	1.25		HA-LP8014	5.5
HF-SP352	3.5		HC-UP152	2		HA-LP12K14	8
HF-SP502	5.5		HC-UP202	3.5		HA-LP15K14	14
HF-SP702	8		HC-UP352	5.5		HA-LP20K14	14
HF-SP51	1.25 –	<u> </u>	HC-UP502	公旦 5.5		HA-LP25K14	22
HF-SP81	1.25 日共日	ΠΠ	HA-LP601	一, (元, (元, (元)))		HA-LP30K14	22
HF-SP121	2 ^{外円 身}	T/	HA-LP801	14		HA-LP37K14	22
HF-SP201	2	£	HA-LP12K7-466	5333 14		HA-LP701M4	5.5
HF-SP301	3.5		HA-LP15K1	22		HA-LP11K1M4	8
HF-SP421	5.5 Emi	ail	HA-LP20K1/ICE	@repairtw.co	bn	HA-LP15K1M4	14
HF-SP524	1.25		HA-LP25K1	38		HA-LP22K1M4	14
HF-SP1024	1.25 LING	5	HA-LP30K1	38		HA-LP30K1M4	22
HF-SP1524	2	/\\	HA-LE37K1	60 Gom		HA-LP37K1M4	22
HF-SP2024	2	/ \1	HA-LP701M	8		HA-LP45K1M4	38
HF-SP3524	2		HA-LP11K1M	14		HA-LP50K1M4	38
HF-SP5024	3.5		HA-LP15K1M	22		HA-LP11K24	8
HF-SP7024	5.5		HA-LP22K1M	38		HA-LP15K24	14
HC-RP103	2		HA-LP30K1M	60		HA-LP22K24	14
HC-RP153	2		HA-LP37K1M	60		HA-LP30K24	22
HC-RP203 (Note)	3.5		HA-LP502	5.5		HA-LP37K24	22
HC-RP353 (Note)	5.5		HA-LP702	8		HA-LP45K24	38
HC-RP503 (Note)	5.5		HA-LP11K2	14		HA-LP55K24	38
HC-LP52	1.25		HA-LP15K2	22			
HC-LP102	1.25		HA-LP22K2	22			

Note. Use a composite cable and others when combining with wiring of the electromagnetic brake power in the same cable.

REVISIONS

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Data	*Manual Number	Revision			
May. 2005	SH(NA)030051-A	First edition			
Jan. 2006	SH(NA)030051-B	Addition of servo ar	nplifier MR-J3-11KB(4), 15KB(4) and 22KB(4)		
	. ,		otor HC-RP, HC-UP, HC-LP and HA-LP4 series		
		Section 1.5 (2)	: Addition of regeneration brake resistor-less specification		
		Section 1.7.2	: Addition of removal and reinstallation of front cover for		
			11KB(4) or more		
		Section 2.1	: (1) Addition of 7kW or less		
			(2) Addition of 11kW or more		
		Section 3.7.1	: Error correction of differential line driver output as 35mA		
		Section 3.8 (2)	: Addition of "For CN2 connector"		
		Section 3.11.2 (4)	: Addition of time from invalid to valid of electromagnetic brake		
			interlock		
		Section 5.1.3	: Addition of sentence when using with 11KB or more for parameter No.PA02 00 • Addition of FA		
		Section 5.3.1	: PC13 PC14 description change		
		Section 5.3.2	: PC13 PC14 description change		
		Section 5.3.3 (2)	Addition of Note3		
			: Partial figure change of analog monitor block		
		Section 5.4.2	: Partial sentence addition of parameter No.PD07		
		Section 8.2	: Addition of "IGBT" to Cause 2. of alarm No. 32 indicated as 7 Display in the remedies list for alarms		
		Section 8.3	: Addition of POINT : Partial figure addition		
		Section 11.2 (3) 🕡	Z-Addition of sentence when using with 11KB or more for		
		0	parameter No.PA02 00 • Addition of FA		
		Section/11.2/(5)(d)	a:i Addition m		
		Section 11.5	: Addition		
		Section 11.6	: Addition		
		Section 11.7	: Error correction		
		Section 11.10	: Addition		
		Section 11.11	: Addition of cooling fan • thermal		
			Addition of Table 11.2, Note. 2		
		Section 11.19	: Addition of EMC filter HF3100A-UN		
Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C		nplifier MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4		
			nplifier MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4		
			otor HF-SP524 / 1024 / 1524 / 2024 / 3524		
			its MR-J3-DU30KB(4), 37KB(4), 45KB4 and 55KB4		
			er unit MR-J3-CR55K(4)		
		Deletion of setup so			
		Compliance with Ro			
		-	 To prevent electric shock: Addition of Note for 30kW or more Additional instructions (2): Correction of the connection 		
			diagram		
		Conformance with I	JL/C-UL standard (4): Addition of the capacitor discharge time		
			for 30kW or more		
		Conformance with I	JL/C-UL standard (5): Addition of the fuse for 30kW or more		
		About the manuals	: Addition of description about MR-J3-DU		
		Section 1.2	: Power supply description change		

Print Data	*Manual Number		Revision
Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C	Section 1.2(1)	: Unification of Note 3 to Note 2, addition of new Note 3
		Section 1.3	: Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 1.3(2)	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 1.5(2)	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 1.6	: Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
			Addition of combination: MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 and
			servo motor
		Section 1.7	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 as (2) and (4)
		Section 1.7.1(1) (3)	: Change of description for "servo motor power supply
			connector" to "servo motor power connector"
		Section 1.7.2	: Change CAUTION to WARNING
		Section 1.8	: Power supply description change
		Section 1.8(1) (a)	: Unification of Note 4 to Note 3, addition of explanation to Note 2
		Section 1.8(2) to (7)	: Addition of explanation to Note 2
		Section 2.1(b)	: Change of description to "Mounting closely is available
			for a combination of servo amplifiers of 200V, 3.5kW or
			less"
		Chapter 3	: Addition of CAUTION
		Section 3.1E科技有	Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 3.1(4)	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 3.1(6)	: Addition of Note 7
			Change of description for Note 7
		Section 3.1(8)	: Change of description for Note 7, addition of Note 9
		Section 3.3.1 Servic	Addition of sentence to UVW Description
		Line id: @zzzz	Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 notation to L1, L2, L3,
		Section 2.2.2(1)-(b)	L11 and L21
		Section 3.3.3(1)(b)art	
		Section 3.3.3(2) (b)	: Table content change : Addition of POINT
		Section 3.3.3(3)	Addition of cable handling procedures for MR-J3-200B4
			and 350B4
		Section 3.3.3(4)	: Addition and change of description
		Section 3.3.3(5)	: Change of description
		Section 3.4	: Change of CN2 connection diagram to RoHS compliant parts
		Section 3.5(2)	: Addition of sentence to the dynamic brake interlock description
			Change of the zero speed diagram
		Section 3.5(2) (d)	: Change of description for Function/Application of Digital I/F common from "DOG • EMG" to "EM1"
		Section 3.7.2(3) (b)	: Addition of supplementary explanation to the output pulse
		Section 3.10	: Addition of CAUTION
		Section 3.10.1	: Change of description for "motor power supply" to "servo motor power"
		Section 3.10.2(2)	: Addition of POINT for contactor connection, Change of Note1, Change of "servo alarm" switch to "trouble
			(ALM)" in (a) Wiring diagrams

Print Data	*Manual Number		Revision
Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C	Section 3.10.2(3)	: Change of Note1 and 3 in (a) 1) and 2), Addition and change of (b) Terminal box inside diagrams, Addition and change of corresponding motor models in the cooling fan power supply list
		Section 3.10.2(3) (b)	: Change of servo motor diagram
		Section 3.11.3(1)	: Change of Note1
		Section 3.12	: Deletion of power specification notation, addition of
			Note
		Section 4.3(2)	: Correction of indication "Ab." To "Ab .", Change of description for "AC"
		Chapter 5	: Change of Basic setting parameters description
		Section 5.1.3	: Addition of setting available options
			Addition of parameter setting due to addition of regenerative option
		Section 5.1.8	: Deletion of POINT "This parameter cannot be used in
			the speed control mode"
		Section 5.2.1	: Change of parameter No.PB17 from "for manufacturer
			setting" to "Automatic setting parameter"
		Section_5.3_1科技有	Change of parameter No.PC06 from "for manufacturer setting" to "function selection C-3"
		Section 5.3.2 维修 J	: Addition of Note for parameter No.PC01, Change of
			4 parameter No.PC06 from "for manufacturer setting" to
		電話: 037-	"function selection C-3", Addition of Note4 for parameter
		Email: servi	CENO.PC09) Change of setting description for parameter
		Line id: Section 5.3.3(2)	No.PC10 Z : Addition of Note4
			WAddition of parameter No.PB07
		Section 6.4(2)	: Change of description for Adjustment procedure Step5
		Section 8.2	: Addition of Note to the Definition for alarm (32),
			Correction of the Cause4 for alarm (52)
		Section 9.1	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 9.1(1) to (7)	: Addition of mounting hole dimension diagram
		Section 9.2(3)	: Description method change
		Section 10.1	: Change of graph from servo motor standards to servo amplifier standards
			Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 10.2	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 and corresponding servo motor
		Section 10.2(1)	: Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 10.3	: Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
			Paragraphing of section 10.3.1 and section 10.3.2 Addition of dynamic brake time constant for servo motor
			HF-SP524 / 1024 / 1524 / 2024 / 3524 Addition of section 10.3.2: Permissible inertia load
			moment for MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 10.5	: Addition of MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
			Addition of inrush current for MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4

Print Data	*Manual Number		Revision
Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C	Section 11.1.1	: Change of Application description for No.34 from "outside panel long distance cable" to "long distance cable"
			Change of connector model Addition of 2) Connector for 2kW and 3.5kW (400V)
		Section 11.1.2(1)	: Deletion of 0.3m from table
		Section 11.1.2(1) (a)	: Change of CN2 connection diagram to RoHS compliant parts
		Section 11.1.2(1) (a) (c)	: Addition and change of connector description
		Section 11.1.2(2)	: Deletion of 0.3m from table
		Section 11.1.2(2) (a)	: Addition and change of connector description Change of CN2 connection diagram to RoHS compliant parts
		Section 11.1.2(3) (a) (c)	Addition and change of connector description
		Section 11.1.2(4) (a)	: Change of CN2 connection diagram to RoHS compliant parts
		Section 11.1.2(5) (a)	: Addition of connector set
		Section 11.1.4	: Deletion of 20 to 30m from table
		Section 11.2 上正科技有[: Addition of regenerative brake options for MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.2(1) 購買、維修 山	: Addition of regenerative option capable for MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4
		Section 11,2(2) (b)37-4	Addition of inverse efficiency and capacitor charging for MR-J3-350B4
		Sectional 1:2(3) service	Addition of parameter setting due to addition of
		Line id: @zzzz	regenerative option
		Line id: @zzzz Section 11.2(4)	: Addition of regenerative option MR-RB5G-4
			WAddition of regenerative option MR-RB3M-4, MR- RB3G-4
		Section 11.2(5) (c)	: Addition of regenerative option MR-RB5G-4
		Section 11.2(5) (f)	: Addition of regenerative option MR-RB1H-4
		Section 11.3	: Addition of brake unit for MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.3(3) (b) Section 11.4	: Change of description : Addition of power regeneration converter for MR-J3- 500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.4(2)	: Deletion of notation for power supply specification, change of description in Note 5, addition of Note 6
		Section 11.4(3) (b)	: Addition of Note 6 to disconnect the wiring of regenerative brake register in servo amplifier of 7kW or less
		Section 11.5(3) (b)	: Addition of Note 8
		Section 11.5(4) (b) 2)	: Revision of cable diameter for 400V, deletion of Note
		Section 11.5(6)	: For item: Altitude, vibration, deletion of description "compliant with JIS"
		Section 11.6(1)	: Addition of Note 5
		Section 11.6(2)	: Change of CN3 description Deletion of Note 1
		Section 11.8(1)	: Addition of MR Configurator compatible version
		Section 11.11	: Addition of recommended wires for MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4

Print Data	*Manual Number		Revision
Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C	Section 11.11(1)	: Addition of cable diameter for MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4,
			addition of Note 3: Cable 5) to 7) of MR-J3-700B(4)
		Section 11.12	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 compliant products
			Addition of no-fuse breakers, fuses and magnetic
			contactors for MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.13	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 compliant products,
			unification of (1) and (2)
			Addition of power factor improving DC reactors for MR-
			J3-500B4 and 700B4 Change of (2) Note2 Addition of Note3
		Section 11.14	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 compliant products
			Addition of power factor improving AC reactors for MR-
			J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.18	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 as earth leakage
			circuit breaker selection example
		Section 11.19	: Addition of EMC filter for MR-J3-500B4 and 700B4
		Section 11.19(1)	: Addition of MR-J3-60B4 to 350B4 compliant products, deletion of Note from TX series
		Section 11.19(3)	: Addition of TF3005C-TX
		Section 12.3(1)	: Addition of description for 30kW or more in
		上止科技有	"WARNING", Addition of POINT
		Chapter 13 Artics	: New addition of the details for 30kW or more
		州中央 (平) 14	Change of notation "magnet contactor" to "magnetic
			4.6contactor"
		Section 13.1.6(1)	: Change of description "I/O signal connector" to "Digital
		Email: servi	Cello connector addition of rating plate
		Line id: 000777	Change in description of CN3 and CN6
		Section 13.1.6(2) (3)	^Z : Change of rating plate designated position
		Section WWW.repairt	WEnlargement of diagram for removing and reinstalling terminal block cover
		Section 13.3	: Addition of POINT: reference "Signal (device)
			explanations, section 3.5"
		Section 13.3.1(1) (a)	: Revision of magnetic contactor sequence, addition of Note 3
		Section 13.3.1(1) (b)	: Revision of magnetic contactor sequence, addition of Note 3 and 4
		Section 13.3.1(2) (a)	: Revision of magnetic contactor sequence, addition of
			Note 3 and 4, addition of magnetic contactor control (CNP1)
		13.3.1(2) (b)	: Revision of magnetic contactor sequence, addition of
			Note 3 to 5, addition of magnetic contactor control (CNP1)
		13.3.2(1), (2)	: Change of description in Note for "servo motor output"
			and "servo motor power supply" to "servo motor power"
		Section 13.3.4(2)	: Correction of reference for CN2 and CN3
		Section 13.3.6	: Raise of section 13.3.5 (3) to section 13.3.6
		Section 13.3.7	: Raise from section 13.3.6, Change of description in chart: "servo motor power" to "servo motor power
			supply"
		Section 13.4.3(2) (b)	: Change of display
		Section 13.4.3(3)	: Deletion

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Jul. 2007	SH(NA)030051-C	Section 13.5.2	: Deletion of parameter No.PA08 name and initial value
		Section 13.6.1(3)	: Deletion of "built-in regenerative register" from
			excessive regenerative load warning (A.E0) definition and cause
		Section 13.8.1	: Division of Load ratio graph for MR-J3-□B(4) and MR-
			J3-CR55K(4)
		Section 13.9.1	: Addition of notation "supplied with converter unit" for 7) and 8)
		Section 13.9.2(5)	: Addition of Note
		Section 13.9.3(2)	: Revision of connection diagram, change of Note 2, addition of Note 5
		Section 13.9.3(3)	: Addition of mass table
		Section 13.9.4	: Deletion of notation for UL/C-UL from body paragraph
		Section 13.9.5	: Deletion of Note
		Section 13.9.7	: Change of body paragraph
		Section 13.9.8(1) (2)	: Change of Iga display range in the diagram
		Appendix 1	: Change of parameter No.PB17 from "for manufacturer
			setting" to "Automatic setting parameter"
			Change of parameter No.PC06 from "for manufacturer
			setting" to "function selection C-3"
		Appendix 5上不计文 月下	C Update of the "combination of servo amplifier and
		購買、維修 出	servo motor"/table
Jun. 2008	SH(NA)030051-D	(2)Wiring	: Change of description for "the servo motor will operate
		電話: 037-4	6 mproperly" to "the servo motor will not operate
		Email: servic	properly" for the item of connection between the servo
			UL standard (3): Change of description
		10010 (0)7777	UL standard (5): Deletion of list of combination with fuse
			wiring: Addition of the selected standard temperature
		Section 1.2 (1) to (3)	Change of switch numbers
		Section 1.3 (1)	: Change of description for the mass "2.3" to "2.1" of MR-J3-200B, Change of pound notation for mass to
		$C_{\text{option}} (1, \mathbb{F}_{2}(2))$	three significant digits
		Section 1.5 (2)	: Change of appearance of MR-J3-200B to the same as MR-J3-200B4
		Section 1.6	: Addition of models with reduction gear to body paragraph
		Section 1.7.1 (3) (4)	: Switch between (3) and (4), Change of the description for MR-J3-200B to the same as MR-J3-200B4, Addition of Note 4 to (3).
		Section 1.8 (3) (4)	: Switch between (3) and (4), Change of the description for MR-J3-200B to the same as MR-J3-200B4, Addition of Note 4 to (3). Deletion of Note 3 from (4)
			Addition of description for FR-BEL to (3)
		Section 2.1 (1) (b)	: Change of description for "Mounting closely is available for a combination of servo amplifiers of
			3.5kW or less in 200V or 100V class." to "Mounting closely is available for a combination of servo amplifiers of 3.5kW or less in 200V or 400W or less in
			100V class."
		Section 2.3 (2)	: Change of description
		Section 3.1 (5) to (8)	: Addition of NFB for the fan power cables of the servo
			motor's cooling fan

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Jun. 2008	SH(NA)030051-D	Section 3.2	: Change of Note 15
		Section 3.3.3 (1) (a)	: Change of CNP2 connector model from "54927-0520" to "54928-0520"
		Section 3.3.3 (2) (3)	: Switch between (2) and (3), Change of the description for MR-J3-200B to the same as MR-J3-200B4
		Section 3.7.2 (2)	: Addition of description for the condition "Maximum current: 50mA or less" to body paragraph
		Section 3.10.2 (3) (a) 1) to 2)	: Addition of NFB for fan power cable of servo motor's cooling fan, Change of description for Note 1
		Section 3.10.2 (3) (b)	: Change of servo motor's terminal diagram
		Section 3.11.2	: Change of timing chart
		Section 4.1.2 (1) (c) 2) to 3)	: Change of description for "D terminal" to "C terminal"
		Section 5.2.1	: Change of PB06 and PB29 unit for "times" to "Multiplier(×1)"
		Section 7.4	: Change of description
		Section 7.6.3	: Change of PB06 and PB29 unit for "times" to "Multiplier(×1)"
		Section 7.6.4 (1) (a)	: Change of PB06 and PB29 unit for "times" to "Multiplier(×1)"
		Section 7.6.4 (2) (a)	Change of PB06 and PB29 unit for "times" to Multiplier(×1)"
		Section 10.1 (5) (6)	Switch between (5) and (6), Change of the description for MR-J3-200B to the same as MR-J3-200B4,
		電話: 037-46	Addition of POINT to (5)
		Section 10.3.1 (2) Email: service	: Addition of dynamic brake characteristics of HA-SP, HA-LP,HC-RP,HC-UP, and HC-LP
		Section 11.1	: Addition of POINT for protective structure
		Section 141.1 @zzzz www.repairtw	: Deletion of 2kW from Application, upper stand of 2) in , Table, Change of description for "2kW or less in 400V
		www.iepairtw	class" to "2kW in 200V and 400V class", Change of
			corresponding model from "HF-SP121.201" to "HF- SP121 to 301" for 29) in Table, Change of
			corresponding model for 30) in Table, Deletion of IP65
			from Application, Change of corresponding model for 38) and 40) in Table, Deletion of IP67 from
			Application, Deletion of IP67 from Application for 39) in Table
		Section 11.1.2 (2) (b)	: Correction of Note position for connecting diagrams such as MR-EKCBL30M-H
		Section 11.1.2 (3) (a)	: Addition of description "Crimping tool: 91529-1" in the list of Junction Connector
		Section 11.1.2 (4)	: Change of corresponding model of "HF-SP" to "HF- SP • HA-LP • HC-RP • HC-UP • HC-LP"
		Section 11.1.2 (5)	: Addition of corresponding model of "HA-LP • HC- RP • HC-UP • HC-LP"
		Section 11.1.2 (5) (a)	: Change of junction connector of "36110-3000PL" to "36110-3000FD", Battery connector from "DF3- EP2428PCFA" to "DF3-EP2428PCA"
		Section 11.1.3 (2)	: Addition of Note
		Section 11.1.4 (2)	: Addition of Note
		Section 11.2 (1)	: Change of built-in regenerative register value of MR- J3-60B4 • 100B4 from "15" to "20", Addition of Note 1

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Jun. 2008	SH(NA)030051-D	Section 11.2 (4)	: Change of description
	. ,	Section 11.2 (5) (a)	: Change of tightening torque size from "3.2" to "3.24"
		Section 11.3.3 (4) (a)	: Change of description
		Section 11.3.4 (2)	: Correction of C dimension
		Section 11.5 (4) (a) 1)	: Addition of POINT for selection condition of wire sizes,
			Deletion of "The used wires are based on the 600V vinyl wires." from the sentence
		Section 11.5 (4) (b) 1)	: Change of wiring length of servo amplifier (3.5kW) in
			connection diagram from "5.5mm ² " to "3.5mm ² "
		Section 11.5 (4) (b) 2)	: Change of wiring length between the servo amplifier (2kW) and the one (15kW) in connecting diagram
		Section 11.6 (3) (a)	: Addition of Note to Table
		Section 11.6 (3) (b)	: Addition of Note to Table
		Section 11.8 (2) (a)	: Table content change, Change of ${\mathbb R}$ position for
			Windows Vista, Deletion of RS-422/232C conversion cable
		Section 11.11	: Change of description for "Recommended wires" to
			"Wires selection example", Addition of three POINTs
		Section 11.11 (1)	: Deletion of body paragraph, Change of description for
			IV wires selection example, Addition of HIV wires
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	selection example, Change of crimping terminal
		上正科技有险	selection example
		Section 11.12 作修 此	Change of Table
		Section 11.13	: Addition of table for dynamic brake wire size
		Section 11.17 (2) (b) / -4	Deletion of AC electromagnetic brake from body
		Chapteril2 service	paragraph
		Section 13.1.5	: Partial deletion of body paragraph
		Section 13.3 @ZZZZ	: Change of description for Note
		Section 13.3.7 (1) (b)	: Change of timing chart
		Section 13.3.7 (3) (a) 1) to 3)	
		Section 13.7.1	: Change of pound notation for mass to three significant
		0	digits
		Section 13.7.2	: Change of pound notation for mass to three significant digits
		Section 13.8.3	: Change of description form, Change of dynamic brake of HA-LP2000r/min series characteristics, Change of
			body paragraph
		Section 13.9.1 (2)	: Change of Note
		Section 13.9.3 (2)	: Addition of Note to Table
		Section 13.9.4	: Change of description for "Recommended wires" to
		Section $1204(4)$	"Wires selection examples", Addition of three POINTs
		Section 13.9.4 (1)	: Deletion of body paragraph, Change of description for
			IV wires selection example, Addition of HIV wires selection example, Change of crimping terminal
			selection example
		Section 13.9.5	: Deletion of Note
		Section 13.9.9 (2)	: Deletion of surge protectors from wiring diagram
		Section 13.9.10 (4) (b)	: Correction of C dimension
		Appendix 4	: Change of body paragraph
		Appendix 5	: New addition for explanation of servo amplifier MR-J3-
			200B-RT

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Jun. 2008	SH(NA)030051-D	Appendix 6	: New addition of servo motor power cables selection example
Dec. 2011	SH(NA)030051-E	Section 1.5(2) Section 2.4(2)(3) Section 13.1.4(2)(b)	The description is changed. The description is changed. The description is changed.
Aug. 2013	SH(NA)030051-F	Section 11.4 Section 11.4(2) Section 13.9.10	POINT is added. Note is added. POINT is added.
Jun. 2014	SH(NA)030051-G	Section 11.2 (4) (c)	CAUTION is added.
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Warranty

1. Warranty period and coverage

We will repair any failure or defect hereinafter referred to as "failure" in our FA equipment hereinafter referred to as the "Product" arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

[Term]

The term of warranty for Product is twelve (12) months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or eighteen (18) months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first ("Warranty Period"). Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

[Limitations]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule.
- It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged. However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
 - (i) a failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
 - (ii) a failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
 - a failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
 - (iv) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
 - (v) any replacement of consumable parts (battery, fan, smoothing capacitor, etc.)
 - (vi) a failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
 - (vii) a failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
 - (viii) any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for

Email: service@repairtw.com

2. Term of warranty after the stop of production

(1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued. The announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.

(2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.

3. Service in overseas countries

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product. However, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

4. Exclusion of responsibility for compensation against loss of opportunity, secondary loss, etc.

Whether under or after the term of warranty, we assume no responsibility for any damages arisen from causes for which we are not responsible, any losses of opportunity and/or profit incurred by you due to a failure of the Product, any damages, secondary damages or compensation for accidents arisen under a specific circumstance that are foreseen or unforeseen by our company, any damages to products other than the Product, and also compensation for any replacement work, readjustment, start-up test run of local machines and the Product and any other operations conducted by you.

5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

- 6. Application and use of the Product
- (1) For the use of our General-Purpose AC Servo, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in General-Purpose AC Servo, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to General-Purpose AC Servo when any failure or malfunction occurs.
- (2) Our General-Purpose AC Servo is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries. Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used

In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used. We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

MODEL	MR-J3-B INSTRUCTIONMANUAL
MODEL CODE	1CW202

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